Exploitation Manual of « Tel-Aviv Ben Gurion Airport »





Copyright (c) Flash90 2015

Warning: this manual is intended exclusively for use in flight simulation.

While this Exploitation Manual is <u>NOT</u> official, it was created for playing on IVAO but can still be used for other networks.

Under no circumstances should it be used in real aviation.

Upgrades

Editor	Editor Date		Details of the Upgrade		
Néhémie Berdugo	06/08/2023	2307	MANEX creation		

Warning: this manual is intended exclusively for use in flight simulation.

While this Exploitation Manual is <u>NOT</u> official, it was created for playing on IVAO but can still be used for other networks.

Under no circumstances should it be used in real aviation.

Table of Contents

xploitation Manual of « Tel-Aviv Ben Gurion Airport »	1
Upgrades	2
General information	4
Controlling the platform	5
Positions	5
Controlling tools	Erreur! Signet non défini.
Preferential RWY System Arrivals	6
Description of the Aiport	7
Recommended parkings	7
Hotspots	7
Runways Informations	7
Description of the CTR	8
Description of the TMA	9
Departures Procedures	10
Omni Directionals Departures	11
Standard Terminal Arrivals (STAR)	12
Missad Approach Procedures	12

Warning: this manual is intended exclusively for use in flight simulation.

While this Exploitation Manual is <u>NOT</u> official, it was created for playing on IVAO but can still be used for other networks.

General information

Tel Aviv Ben Gurion airport is an IFR-ONLY airport, It is known as one of the largest airports in Israel and is close to the Mediterranean Sea.

ICAO Code	LLBG		
IATA Code	TLV		
Aiport Name	Tel Aviv Ben Gurion		
Terrain's Altitude	135 ft / 41 m		
Geographics	N32°0'34" E34°53'8"		
Coordinates			
Magnetic declination	5° East		
Runways	26/08, 21/03, 23/12		

Warning: this manual is intended exclusively for use in flight simulation.

While this Exploitation Manual is <u>NOT</u> official, it was created for playing on IVAO but can still be used for other networks.

Under no circumstances should it be used in real aviation.

Controlling the platform

Because Israel is an HQ division (on ivao), the airport is too, so the default HQ airspace grade requirements applies

Positions

Position	Indentifier	Frequency	Time (UTC)	FRA	Other Infos.
Ben Gurion Clearance	LLBG_DEL	126.8	00:00 -	AS1	
Delivery			24:00		
Ben Gurion Ground	LLBG_W_GND	118.05	00:00 -	AS1	Controlling West of
West			24:00		RWY 21/03
Ben Gurion Ground East	LLBG_E_GND	129.2	00:00 -	AS1	Controlling East of
			24:00		RWY 21/03
Ben Gurion Tower	LLBG_TWR	134.6	00:00 -	AS1	
			24:00		
Ben Gurion Approach	LLBG_APP	120.5	00:00 -	AS2	
			24:00		
Ben Gurion Approach	LLBG_A_APP	131.1	00:00 -	ADC	
			24:00		
Tel Aviv Control	LLLL_CTR	121.4	00:00 -	ADC	
			24:00		

<u>REMINDER</u>: If an ATC opens a ground position, it must control all unopened lower positions to the extent of its competence and the traffic density.

ATIS Instructions

Your ATIS must be completed in English then in the local country language if possible (hebrew). Please follow the format given:

• Name of your position : Ben-Gurion Ground/ Ben-Gurion Tower/ Ben-Gurion Approach

• METAR Station: LLBG

• Runway(s) in use for take-off: 26, 08, 21, 03, 30, 12

• Runway(s) in use for landing: 26, 08, 21, 03, 30, 12

• TL (Transition Level): FL200

• TA (Transition Altitude): 18000

Warning: this manual is intended exclusively for use in flight simulation.

While this Exploitation Manual is <u>NOT</u> official, it was created for playing on IVAO but can still be used for other networks.

Under no circumstances should it be used in real aviation.

Preferential RWY System Arrivals

RWY 12 is the preferred RWY assigned for landing ACFT, provided the tailwind component does not exceed 10 KT when RWY is dry or 5 KT when RWY is wet.

RWY 21 or RWY 30 will be preferred RWY when high volume of traffic is expected.

DEPARTURES RWY 26 is the preferred RWY assigned for departing ACFT, provided the railwind component does not exceed 5 KT.

RWY 26 may be assigned with tailwind component greater than 5 KT subject to pilot request. Priority will be given to ACFTs utilizing the RWY configuration in use.

- In the "Remarks" box, enter any useful information for pilots, such as :
 - the scheduled end time of your session, standard departures/arrivals or the approach in use, the presence of SVFR conditions or if Flight Information Service is not provided or is provided in degraded

Description of the Aiport

Recommended parkings

Guidance for parking stands of concourses B, C, D, E of terminal 3 and apron H by Advanced Visual Docking Guidance System (AVDGS)

Guidance for other parking stands - by the marshaller on stand

Hotspots

HS1: CAUTION: RWY 30 final approach infringement

Traffic taxiing via TWY K to TWY N or exition Apron N via TWY N infringes final approach RWY 30, when in use

HS2 - HS5: CAUTION: RWY incursion

Do not cross RWY without specific ATC authorization.

Cross active RWY on TWR frequency – expeditious crossing expected.

Do not cross red stop bars

HS5: Crossing RWY 12/30 via TWY R

HS6: When lining up RWY 12: Do not confuse RWY 08 for RWY 12

Runways Informations

All dimensions are in meter.

Runway	QFU	Dimensions	Surface	TORA	TODA	ASDA	LDA
12	116°	3112mx45m	Asphalt	3112m	3262m	3172m	3112m
30	296°	3112mx45m	Asphalt	3112m	3262m	3112m	3032m
08	075°	4062mx45m	Asphalt	3600m	4120m	4000m	3580m
26	255°	4062mx45m	Asphalt	4062m	4212m	4062m	3462m
03	024°	2772mx60m	Asphalt	2772m	2922m	2772m	2772m
21	204°	2772mx60m	Asphalt	2772m	2922m	2772m	2772m

Warning: this manual is intended exclusively for use in flight simulation.

While this Exploitation Manual is <u>NOT</u> official, it was created for playing on IVAO but can still be used for other networks.

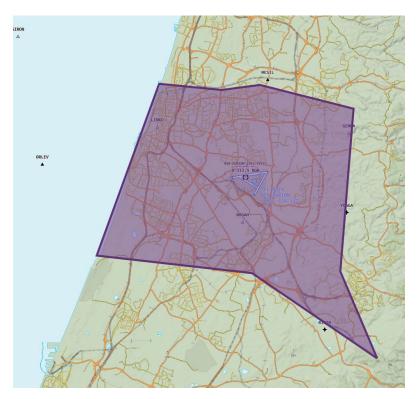
Under no circumstances should it be used in real aviation.

Description of the CTR

The CTR of Ben Gurion extends from ground to 2000ft

Here are the precise points that defines the CTR:

320622N 344626E - 320600N 345051E - 320618N 345332E - 320453N 350008E - 315510N 345912E - 314953N 350147E - 315459N 345257E - 315601N 344201E



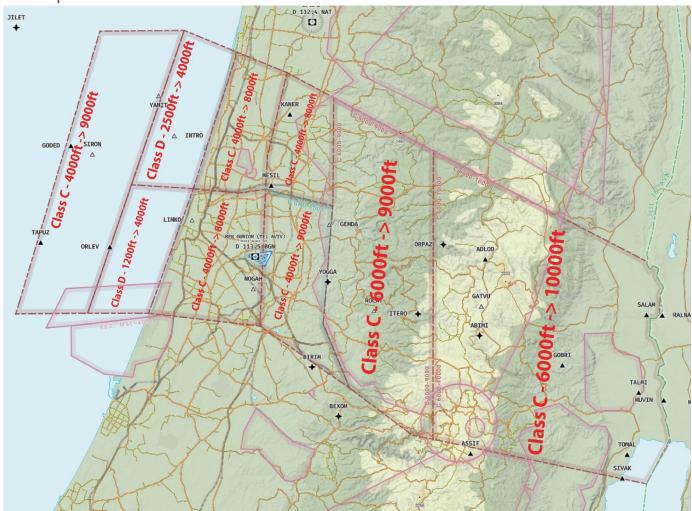
Imported from Navigraph

Warning: this manual is intended exclusively for use in flight simulation.

While this Exploitation Manual is <u>NOT</u> official, it was created for playing on IVAO but can still be used for other networks.

Under no circumstances should it be used in real aviation.

Description of the TMA



Imported from Navigraph

Warning: this manual is intended exclusively for use in flight simulation.

While this Exploitation Manual is <u>NOT</u> official, it was created for playing on IVAO but can still be used for other networks.

Under no circumstances should it be used in real aviation.

Departures Procedures

The standard Instrument Departures (SID) are:

RUNWAY	SID	Initial climb	
KONWAT	SALAM4E	3000ft	
	TOMAL4E	3000ft	
	RIPUD1E	6000ft	
	PIDET1E	6000ft	
26	SUVAS1E	3000ft	
26	DAFNA1E	3000ft	
	MERVA2E	3000ft	
	ORLEV1E	5000ft	
21	SUVAS1G	5000ft	
	DAFNA1B	5000ft	
	MERVA2B	5000ft	
	SUVAS1B	5000ft	
08	IVONA1B	5000ft	
	RAPIV1B	5000ft	
	NAT1B	5000ft	
	SALAM4B	5000ft	
	TOMAL4B	5000ft	
	DAFNA2C	5000ft	
	MERVA3C	5000ft	
	SUVAS2C	5000ft	
12	NAT1D	5000ft	
	PIDET2C	5000ft	
	SALAM5C	5000ft	
	TOMAL5C	5000ft	
	DAFNA1F	3000ft	
	MERVA2F	3000ft	
	SUVAS1F	3000ft	
30	PIDET1F	6000ft	
	RIPUD1F	6000ft	
	SALAM4F	3000ft	
	TOMAL4F	3000ft	
03	NAT1A	5000ft	
	1	555010	

Warning: this manual is intended exclusively for use in flight simulation.

While this Exploitation Manual is <u>NOT</u> official, it was created for playing on IVAO but can still be used for other networks.

Under no circumstances should it be used in real aviation.

REMINDER:

All the standardised departures (SIDs) at Ben Gurion have a name that depends on the runway in use (*E for 26, *B for 08, 1G for 21, *C for 12, *F for 30 and 1A for 03). Consequently, the runway in use and the initial level may be omitted from the departure clearance.

Omni Directionals Departures

Because there is not official omni directional departures is published for Ben Gurion airport, you can create your own one similar to that principle:

Climb to 3000ft at runway heading then direct to the first point

Reminder:

An omnidirectional departure is used when no SID exists for a waypoint, or the pilot requests it.

If no SID exists for a waypoint, you can either give an O.D (Omnidirectional Departure) or a SID that leads near to the first waypoint of an aircraft.

Do not give an O.D for someone that just put an airway as it's first waypoint, it's a mistake of his own, and you should ask him to fix that.

Warning: this manual is intended exclusively for use in flight simulation.

While this Exploitation Manual is <u>NOT</u> official, it was created for playing on IVAO but can still be used for other networks.

Under no circumstances should it be used in real aviation.

Standard Terminal Arrivals (STAR)

Runway	STAR	Type	IAF	Restrictions
	AMMIT1A			BTWN 8000ft and 5000ft & Max 220kt
	SALAM2A	RNAV	TADOV	on the IAF
21	AMMOS1A			BTWN 8000ft and 5000ft + Max 230kt on
	AMMOS1B			the IAF
	EREZ1A	RNAV		MAX 4000ft+ and MAX 250kt at TOPPU
12	AMMIT1B			BTWN 8000ft and 6000ft at GEMDA
	SALAM1B			
12	GODED2			BTWN 9000ft and 5000ft on NINET
26	AMMIT1C	RNAV		
	SALAM2C			MAX 3800ft+ and 210kt on the IAF
26	AMMOS1C		RABIN	
	AMMOS1D	551437		
26	EREZ1A	RNAV	//	MAX 4000ft+ and MAX 250kt at TOPPU
30	AMMIT1E			
	SALAM3E		HADAS	MAX 6000ft+ and MAX 230kt on the IAF
30	AMMOS1E	DNIAN		
	AMMOS1F	RNAV		
30	NINET1		LIMKO	At 5000ft and MAX 220kt on the IAF
08	PURLA1		TAPUZ	MAX 3000ft+ on the IAF

Warning: this manual is intended exclusively for use in flight simulation.

While this Exploitation Manual is <u>NOT</u> official, it was created for playing on IVAO but can still be used for other networks.

Under no circumstances should it be used in real aviation.

Missed Approach Procedures

Runway	Instructions			
21	Initial climb 5000ft. Climb STRAIGHT to DER21			
	Upon reaching 1000ft turn LEFT (MAX 190 KT) to GEMDA 5000ft and			
	hold.			
08	Initial climb 5000ft. Fly to BG810 on course 075°.			
	Turn right to NOGAH at or above 3000ft (MAX 185ft), then on course			
	282° to BG065 at or above 5000ft. Continue on track 296° and expect			
	ATC radar vectors			
12	Initial climb 3000fts. Climb straight ahead, when passsing 1500ft but			
	not before DN.4 BGN, outbound, turn RIGHT (MAX 190KT) heading			
	300° climbing to 3000ft and expect radar vectors			
26	Initial climb 3000ft. Climb on course 255°. At or above 600ft, turn			
	RIGHT on course270° (MAX 220KT) to BG070. At 3000ft (MAX 220kt).			
	Continue on track 270°, contact atc and expect instructions			
30	Initial Climb 3000ft, Climb on course 296° (MAX 185kt), at or above			
	700ft, not before DER30, turn left direct to BG050 (MAX 220kt) at			
	3000ft, continue on track 270°, climb to 5000ft, contact atc and			
	expect instructions.			

Warning: this manual is intended exclusively for use in flight simulation.

While this Exploitation Manual is <u>NOT</u> official, it was created for playing on IVAO but can still be used for other networks.

Under no circumstances should it be used in real aviation.