## Readiness Assurance Test

Choose the most appropriate response for each question.

- 11) Which of the following sets describes where the polynomial  $f(x) = x^3(x-1)^2(x+1)$  is **negative**?

  - (a)  $(-1,0) \cup (1,\infty)$  (b)  $(-\infty,-1) \cup (0,1)$  (c) (-1,0)
- (d) (0,1)

- 12) Compute  $\int \frac{4}{4-x} dx$ .
- (a)  $\ln|4-x|+C$  (b)  $-\ln|4-x|+C$  (c)  $-4\ln|4-x|+C$  (d)  $4\ln|4-x|+C$

- 13) Compute  $\int e^{2x+1} dx$

- (a)  $\frac{1}{2}e^{2x+1} + C$  (b)  $2e^{2x+1} + C$  (c)  $e^{2x+1} + C$  (d)  $(2x+1)e^{2x+1} + C$

- 14) Compute  $\int xe^{x^2+1} dx$ .
- (a)  $e^{x^2+1} + C$  (b)  $xe^{x^2+1} + C$  (c)  $\frac{1}{2}e^{x^2+1} + C$  (d)  $2e^{x^2+1} + C$

- 15) Compute  $\int x^2 e^x dx$ .
  - (a)  $(x^2 2x + 2)e^x + C$  (b)  $x^2e^x + C$  (c)  $2xe^x + C$  (d)  $(x^2 2)e^x + C$

16) Compute  $\int \frac{4}{4-x^2} dx$ .

(a) 
$$\ln|4-x^2|+C$$

(b) 
$$\ln|x^2 - 4| + C$$

(c) 
$$\ln \left| \frac{2+x}{2-x} \right| + C$$

(a) 
$$\ln|4-x^2| + C$$
 (b)  $\ln|x^2-4| + C$  (c)  $\ln\left|\frac{2+x}{2-x}\right| + C$  (d)  $\ln\left|\frac{x-2}{x+2}\right| + C$ 

17) Compute  $\int x \sin(x) dx$ .

(a) 
$$-x\cos(x) + C$$

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 (b)  $\sin(x) - x\cos(x) + C$  (c)  $\frac{1}{2}x^2\cos(x) + C$  (d)  $\frac{1}{2}x^2 - \cos(x) + C$ 

(c) 
$$\frac{1}{2}x^2\cos(x) + C$$

(d) 
$$\frac{1}{2}x^2 - \cos(x) + C$$

18) Exactly one of the four vector fields below is conservative. Identify which one is conservative.

(a) 
$$\langle 2xy, y^2 \rangle$$

(b) 
$$\langle y^2, 2xy \rangle$$

(c) 
$$\langle x^2, 2xy \rangle$$

(a) 
$$\langle 2xy, y^2 \rangle$$
 (b)  $\langle y^2, 2xy \rangle$  (c)  $\langle x^2, 2xy \rangle$  (d)  $\langle 2xy, 2xy \rangle$ 

19) Which of the following is a potential function for the vector field  $\langle 2xy + 2, x^2 - 3y^2 \rangle$ .

(a) 
$$xy^2 + 2y + \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 3xy^2$$
 (b)  $x^2y - y^3 + 2x + 3$  (c)  $x^2y + 2x + 3$  (d)  $x^2y - y^3$ 

(b) 
$$x^2y - y^3 + 2x + 3$$

(c) 
$$x^2y + 2x + 3$$

(d) 
$$x^2y - y^3$$

20) Find the general solution to y' - y = 3 - x.

(a) 
$$y = ke^{-x} + x - 1$$

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$$y = ke^{-x} + x - 1$$
 (b)  $y = ke^{-x} + 2x - 3$  (c)  $y = ke^{x} + x - 2$  (d)  $y = ke^{x} + 3 - x$ 

(c) 
$$y = ke^x + x - 2$$

(d) 
$$y = ke^x + 3 - x$$