

PA1_template

Loading packages

```
library(ggplot2)
library(scales)
library(Hmisc)

## Loading required package: lattice
## Loading required package: survival
## Loading required package: Formula
##
## Attaching package: 'Hmisc'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   format.pval, round.POSIXt, trunc.POSIXt, units
```

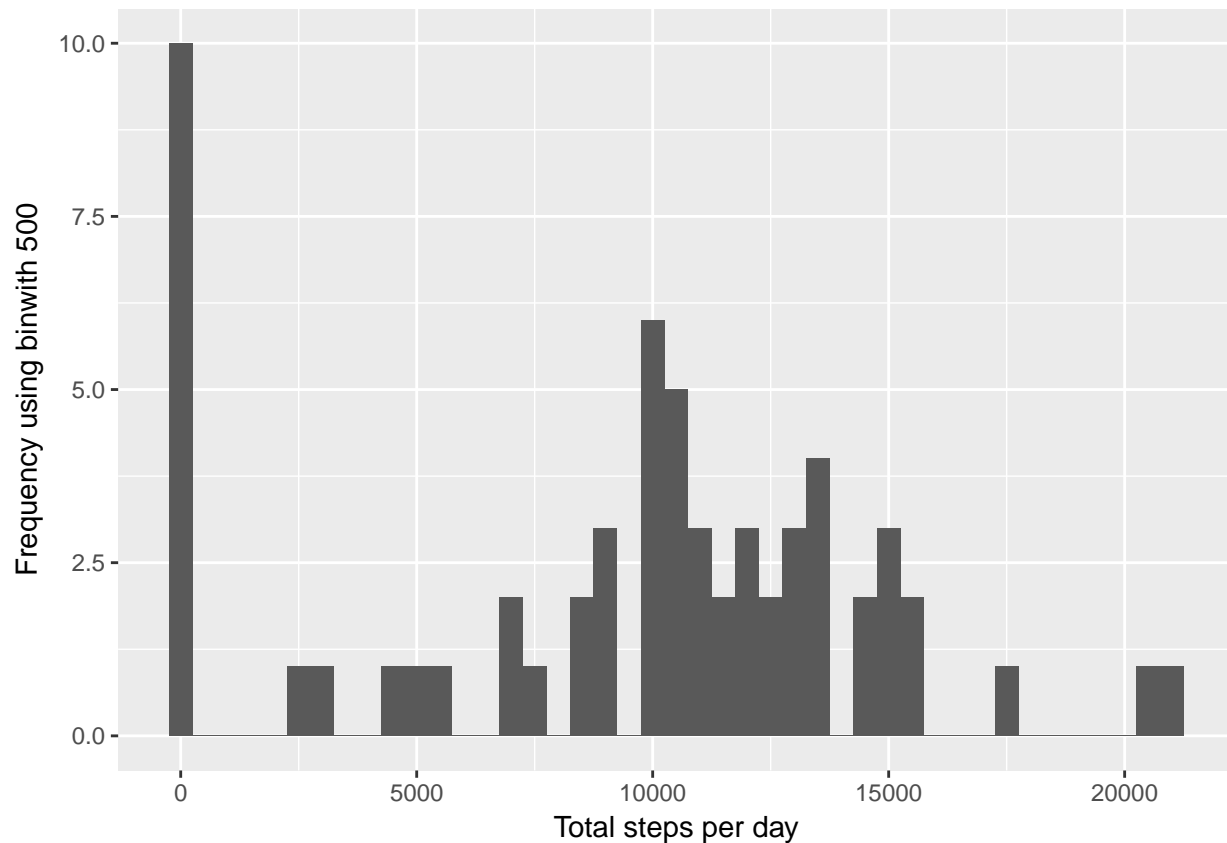
Load data

Mean total number of steps taken per day

```
stepsByDay <- tapply(activityData$steps, activityData$date, sum, na.rm=TRUE)
```

1. Make a histogram of the total number of steps taken each day

```
qplot(stepsByDay, xlab='Total steps per day', ylab='Frequency using binwidth 500', binwidth=500)
```



Calculate and report the mean and median total number of steps taken per day

```
stepsByDayMean <- mean(stepsByDay)
stepsByDayMedian <- median(stepsByDay)
```

Steps by Day (Mean) = 9354

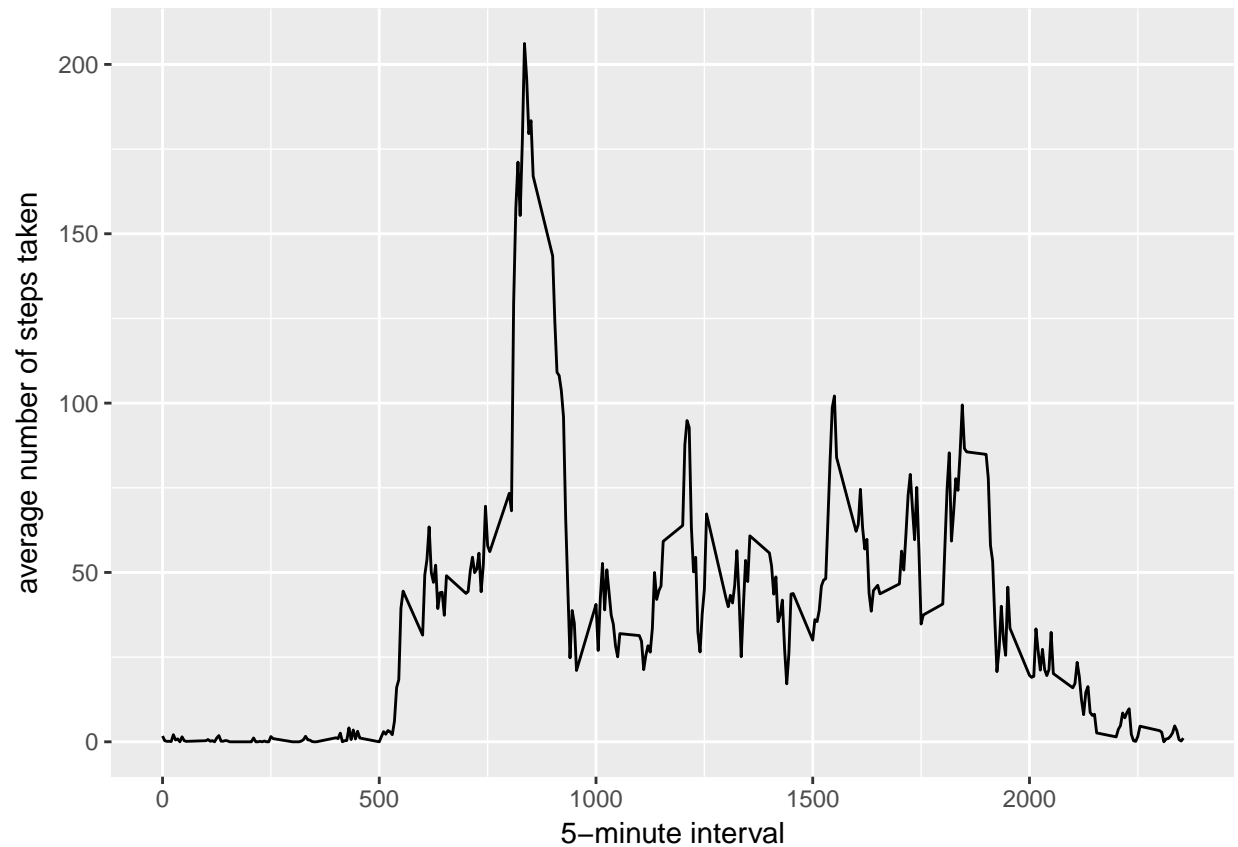
Steps by Day (Median) = 10395L

Average daily activity pattern

```
averageStepsPerTimeBlock <- aggregate(x=list(meanSteps=activityData$steps), by=list(interval=activityDa
```

Make a time series plot

```
ggplot(data=averageStepsPerTimeBlock, aes(x=interval, y=meanSteps)) +
  geom_line() +
  xlab("5-minute interval") +
  ylab("average number of steps taken")
```



5-minute interval, on average across all the days in the dataset, contains the maximum number of steps

```
mostSteps <- which.max(averageStepsPerTimeBlock$meanSteps)
timeMostSteps <- gsub("([0-9]{1,2})([0-9]{2})", "\\1:\\2", averageStepsPerTimeBlock[mostSteps, 'interval'])
```

Time most steps: "8.35"

Imputing Missing values

Calculate and report the total number of missing values in the dataset

```
numMissingValues <- length(which(is.na(activityData$steps)))
```

Number of missing values : 2304 (NA values in activity data)

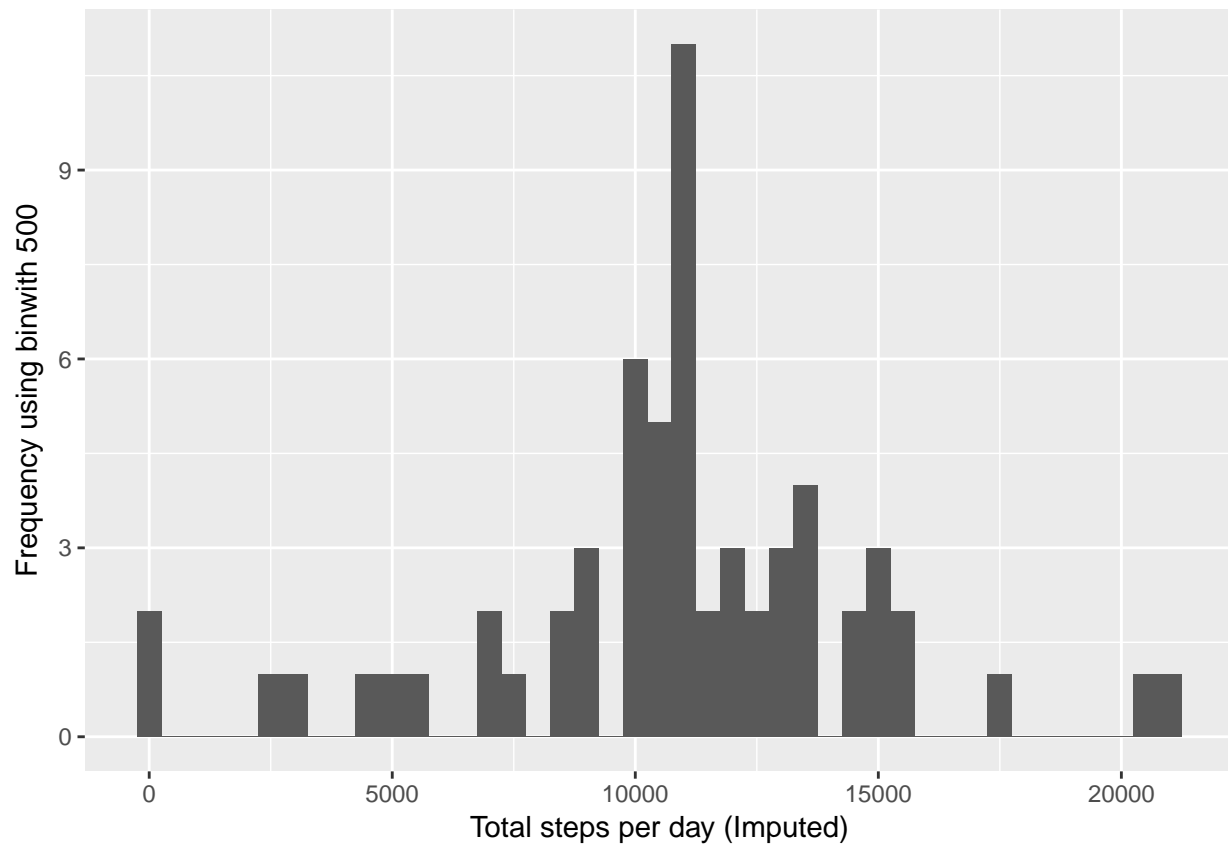
New dataset that is equal to the original dataset but with the missing data filled in

```
activityDataImputed <- activityData
activityDataImputed$steps <- impute(activityData$steps, fun=mean)
```

Most steps : 104L (Impute function)

Make a histogram of the total number of steps taken each day

```
stepsByDayImputed <- tapply(activityDataImputed$steps,
                             activityDataImputed$date, sum)
qplot(stepsByDayImputed, xlab='Total steps per day (Imputed)',
      ylab='Frequency using binwith 500', binwidth=500)
```



Calculate and report the mean and median total number of steps taken per day.

```
stepsByDayMeanImputed <- mean(stepsByDayImputed)
stepsByDayMedianImputed <- median(stepsByDayImputed)
```

Mean imputed : 10766

Median imputed : 10766

Differences in activity patterns between weekdays and weekends

Create a new factor variable in the dataset with two levels - “weekday” and “weekend” indicating whether a given date is a weekday or weekend day

```
activityDataImputed$dateType <- ifelse(as.POSIXlt(activityDataImputed$date)
                                         $wday %in% c(0,6), 'weekend', 'weekday')
```

Panel plot containing a time series plot

```
averagedActivityDataImputed <- aggregate(steps ~ interval + dateType, data=activityDataImputed, mean)
ggplot(averagedActivityDataImputed, aes(interval, steps)) +
  geom_line() +
  facet_grid(dateType ~ .) +
  xlab("5-minute interval") +
  ylab("avarage number of steps")
```

