## Advanced Algorithm HW10

Seungho Jang

December 2020

### 1 Q1

Since the number of edges in the sparse graph is equivalent to number of vertex, we can conclude that E = V. This means the running time of "all-pair shortest path Dijkstra's algorithm" in terms of edges is  $E^3 * lgE$ .

The running time of all-pair shortest path with Dijkstra's algorithm in dense graph is  $O(V^4)$ . In the dense graph, the number of edges is equivalent to the square of the number of vertex( $E=V^2$ ). Therefore, the running time will be  $O(E^2)$  terms of dense graph.

### 2 Q2

No, they are different. If you were to implement the Dijkstra's algorithm for all-part shortest path in dense graph, the running time will be  $\mathcal{O}(V^4)$  since the Dijkstra's algorithm should run on every single vertex, which will be  $\mathcal{O}(V*V^3)$ . However, the Floyd-Warshall algorithm checks every element in adjacency matrix, compare and update the value depending on the if statement. In other words, the Floyd-Warshall in nature itself will solve all-pair shortest path, which its running time is  $\mathcal{O}(V^3)$ .

## 3 Q3

The assumption of this question is that Mary wants to solve the single-source shortest path problem on a dense graph with **negative weight**. Since the graph has a negative weight, she cannot use the Dijkstra's algorithm, but she can use the slow-version of bellman-ford algorithm. The running time of bellman-ford algorithm on dense graph is  $O(V^3)$  in terms of single-source path algorithm. The running time of Floyd-Warshall algorithm in all-pair shortest path algorithm is  $\theta(V^3)$ . In terms of time of execution they are same, but bellman-ford algorithm only loop through |V|-1, and depending on sorting the all edges might not be the accurate answer because this is greedy algorithm. But, the Floyd-Warshall Algorithm may output better and accurate solution. So I think she should use the Floyd-Warshall Algorithm.

# 4 Q4

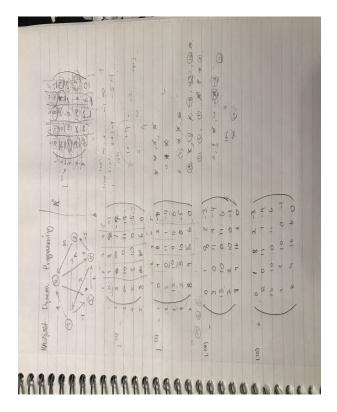


Figure 1: Q4

## 5 Q5

Q5 is submitted in the other file.

# 6 Q6

 $https://colab.research.google.com/drive/10Q7nsb3EHPDsjNYDBNGXJ_nO_0DoOq4x?usp = sharing$