*Introduction:*

The Republic of Mali is a landlocked, West African country that extends into the Sahara desert in the north with a population of 17.5 million people. By area Mali is the 24th largest country in the world. The official languages in mail are French, along with 13 other national languages.

*Topic 1: Environment and Space activity*

Space exploration has always been a grey area when it comes to laws and expectations. Because no country owns space it had proved to cause issues when the UN is dealing with the environment of outer space. As a whole the human race is expected to not over pollute the universe. When thinking about this statement, you must also consider what ‘destroying” really does mean. Some questions to consider is “what is the difference between space exploration and space pollution?” “Where does the line begin?” and “who enforces it?”. Space exploration is a very new concept to human kind so when exploring it the much consider the environmental factors.

The delegation of Mali believes that outer space should be respected and not become polluted because of all the space activity that occurs. When signing the treaty you state that you will not claim any celestial resource such as the moon or any planets. It also states that if you launch a spacecraft, the state is responsible for the damages in space that may be caused by this object.

A solution to this is to respect that outer space does not belong to any certain country and that if a country launches an object into outer space that they take full responsibility for it and the damages that occur.

*Topic 2: The militarization of space and international law*

As years and generations go by technology advances along with human intelligence. The Gulf war is seen as the first “space war”. Though the Gulf war is being fought on the surface of the earth, the level of reliance the military had on the space assets to enable their strategy, communications, and cooperation’s. The militarization of space is a pressing issue that needs to be tackle. If it does not then space will continue to become a highly concerning and volatile military flashpoint. This means that the counties will attempt at weponizing space for there own threating purposes.

The delegation of Mali believes that weponizing space would result in other countries being threatened. If other countries become threatened they will feel the need to take action and will start to make their own weapons to launch to outer space.

A solution is to make sure everyone one is on an even playing field so that a war doesn't escalate.

*Topic 3: Space Commercialization*

In the past decades space technology and increase aerospace active there is a rapid commercialization of the space industry. With space tourism, this would open p many opportunities for many people and companies. There will me a greater market demand and an understanding will be required. There will also be many new rues and regulations along with space commercialization.

The delegation of Mali believes that if the world is advancing that space tourism for civilians is possible that there need to be more education for people that want to get involved within the business.

A solution to this is to have a program superficially designed for it so that we know that civilians are with knowledgeable people.

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