Splines and over-fitting

2023 - 11 - 14

R Markdown

Cell growth rate (per day) in diatom of genus Thalassiosira taken from Montagnes and Franklin 2001.

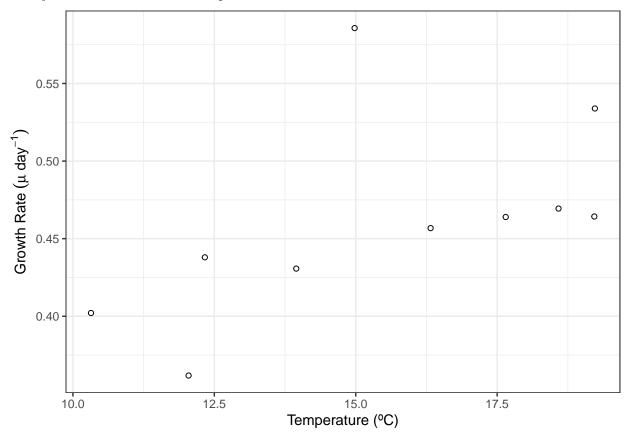
```
f_temp <- function(sst){rlnorm(1,meanlog=log(0.014*sst + 0.25),sdlog = 0.1)}
set.seed(2003)

x_temp <- runif(30,min=10,max=20)
y_growth_rate <- vapply(x_temp,f_temp,FUN.VALUE = 0)

df_growth <- data.frame(temp=x_temp,growth_rate=y_growth_rate)</pre>
```

Including Plots

Let's just consider the first 10 data points and assume that's our initial data set.



Fit a linear regression.

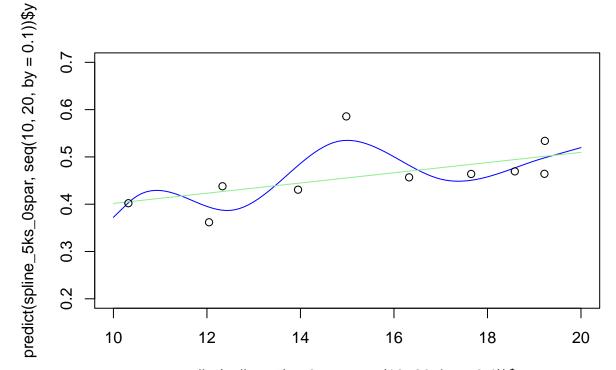
Fit a spline.

```
?smooth.spline
```

There's a lot of ways R let's you control how this procedure works; to be honest I'm not clear on how all these operate. The original notions of splines worked on "knots", though.

```
spline_5ks_0spar <- smooth.spline(x_temp[1:10],y_growth_rate[1:10],all.knots = seq(0,1,by=.25),spar=0.0
spline_5ks_1spar <- smooth.spline(x_temp[1:10],y_growth_rate[1:10],all.knots = seq(0,1,by=.25),spar=1.0

plot(predict(spline_5ks_0spar,seq(10,20,by=0.1)),type="l",col="blue",,ylim=c(0.2,.7)) +
    lines(predict(spline_5ks_1spar,seq(10,20,by=0.1)),col="lightgreen") +
    points(x_temp[1:10],y_growth_rate[1:10])</pre>
```



predict(spline_5ks_0spar, seq(10, 20, by = 0.1))\$x

```
## integer(0)
```

```
spline_10ks_0spar <- smooth.spline(x_temp[1:10],y_growth_rate[1:10],all.knots = seq(0,1,by=.1),spar=0)
spline_10ks_1spar <- smooth.spline(x_temp[1:10],y_growth_rate[1:10],all.knots = seq(0,1,by=.1),spar=1)

plot(predict(spline_10ks_0spar,seq(10,20,by=0.1)),type="l",col="blue",ylim=c(0.2,.7)) +
    lines(predict(spline_10ks_1spar,seq(10,20,by=0.1)),col="lightgreen") +
    points(x_temp[1:10],y_growth_rate[1:10])</pre>
```

```
predict(spline_10ks_0spar, seq(10, 20, by = 0.1))$y
      0.7
      9.0
      0.5
      0.4
      0.3
      0.2
             10
                            12
                                           14
                                                           16
                                                                          18
                                                                                         20
                       predict(spline_10ks_0spar, seq(10, 20, by = 0.1))$x
## integer(0)
spline_auto <- smooth.spline(x_temp[1:10],y_growth_rate[1:10])</pre>
print(spline_auto)
## Call:
## smooth.spline(x = x_temp[1:10], y = y_growth_rate[1:10])
##
## Smoothing Parameter spar= 1.245035 lambda= 813.5593 (30 iterations)
## Equivalent Degrees of Freedom (Df): 1.99979
## Penalized Criterion (RSS): 0.02475346
## GCV: 0.003867525
plot(predict(spline_auto,seq(10,20,by=0.1)),type="l",col="lightgreen")
abline(a=0.25,b=0.014)
```

