

So it follows that:

W/O assuming finite # of connected arguments.

This fun is as good as  $\forall \epsilon$  (lower than some  $\epsilon$ ) as  $t_j$  to lie in some connected component.

If  $\sum_{j=1}^M \epsilon_j$

$f \rightarrow f$ .  
expected value of this is just  $\mathbb{E}[Mu(D)]$

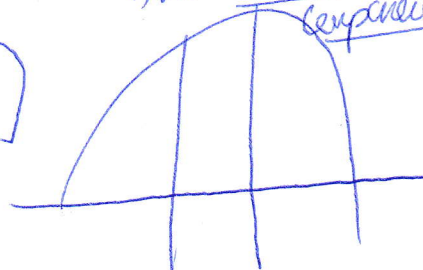
If  $\mathbb{I}[A_{t_j}] \rightarrow \mathbb{I}[A_{t_0}]$

then  $\mathbb{I}[A_{t_j}]$

$\mathbb{E}[\ ]$

for small  $\epsilon$   $t_j$  to lie in the same connected component

$\mathbb{E}[\sum_{j=1}^{Mu(D)} \mathbb{I}]$



$\sum_{j=1}^{Mu(D)} \mathbb{I}[A_{t_j} \text{ holds}]$

$= \sum_{j=1}^{Mu(D)} \mathbb{I}[A_{t_0}] + \sum_{j=1}^{Mu(D)} (\mathbb{I}[A_{t_j}] - \mathbb{I}[A_{t_0}])$

$\sum_{j=1}^{Mu(D)} (\mathbb{I}[A_{t_j}] - \mathbb{I}[A_{t_0}])$

need to show that  $\mathbb{I}[A_{t_j}] - \mathbb{I}[A_{t_0}]$  is small!