

Let  $F_{\mu, \sigma^2}^{[a, b]}$

$$b = \begin{pmatrix} c \\ 1 \\ c \end{pmatrix}$$

~~Pluto~~

$$y \sim N(\mu, \Sigma)$$

$$z = (I - \alpha^T) y$$

**P**

$$av(z, y) = y^T (I_n - \Sigma_y (\eta^T \Sigma_y)^{-1} \eta^T) \Sigma_y y$$

$$= (I_n - \Sigma_y (\eta^T \Sigma_y)^{-1} \eta^T) y \eta^T y \eta^T$$

$$\begin{aligned} z^T \\ y - c_1 y_1 &= z_1 \\ y - c_2 y_2 &= z_2 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \cancel{\Sigma_y y \eta^T y \eta^T}$$

$$\begin{aligned} z_1 + c_1 y_1 &= z_2 + c_2 y_2 \\ &= z_3 + c_3 y_3 + \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$(I - \Sigma_y (\eta^T \Sigma_y)^{-1} \eta^T) \Sigma_y \eta^T$$

$$\Rightarrow y_1 = \frac{z_2 + c_2 y_2 - z_1}{c_1}$$

$$\text{so } \eta^T y \perp z!$$

$$\Sigma_y \eta^T - \Sigma_y = 0$$

all ym  
have to be

$$z \quad y_2 - c_1 y_1 = z_2$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad b = \begin{pmatrix} c \\ c \\ \vdots \\ c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = y(y_1)$$

$$y_1 - c_1 y_1 = z_{11}$$

$$\Rightarrow y_1 = \frac{z_{11}}{1 - c_1}!$$

so here AZ is Z up  
to assign large  
matrix element.

so Z determine  $\underline{y}$

$$z = \begin{pmatrix} y - c_1 y_1 \\ y - c_2 y_2 \\ \vdots \\ y - c_n y_n \end{pmatrix}$$