# On the Monte Carlo simulation of anisotropic Newtonian gravitation

### S. Halayka\*

Monday 11<sup>th</sup> August, 2025 13:49

#### Abstract

This paper contains a short introduction to anisotropic Newtonian gravitation. The main focus is on some C++ code.

## 1 Introduction

$$\alpha = \frac{\beta(R+\epsilon) - \beta(R)}{\epsilon}.\tag{1}$$

$$g = \frac{-\alpha}{r^2}. (2)$$

$$a_N = \sqrt{\frac{nGc\hbar \log 2}{4k\pi R^4}},\tag{3}$$

$$v_N = \sqrt{a_N R}. (4)$$

$$v_{\text{flat}} = x v_N \tag{5}$$

where x = 2 for example.

$$a_{\text{flat}} = \frac{v_{\text{flat}}^2}{R} = \frac{gRc\hbar \log 2}{k2\pi M}.$$
 (6)

$$g_N = \frac{a_N k 2\pi M}{Rc\hbar \log 2}. (7)$$

$$a_{\rm flat} \propto g.$$
 (8)

$$a_{\text{ratio}} = \frac{a_{\text{flat}}}{a_N}.$$
 (9)

$$g_{\rm ratio} = \frac{g}{q_N}. (10)$$

D is where  $g_{\text{ratio}} \geq a_{\text{ratio}}$ .

<sup>\*</sup>sjhalayka@gmail.com



Figure 1: Where D=3, as viewed from the side. The field lines are isotropic, spherical.



Figure 2: Where D = 2.1, as viewed from the side. The field lines are increasingly anisotropic.

Figure 3: Where D=2.001, as viewed from the side. The field lines are anisotropic, disk-like.

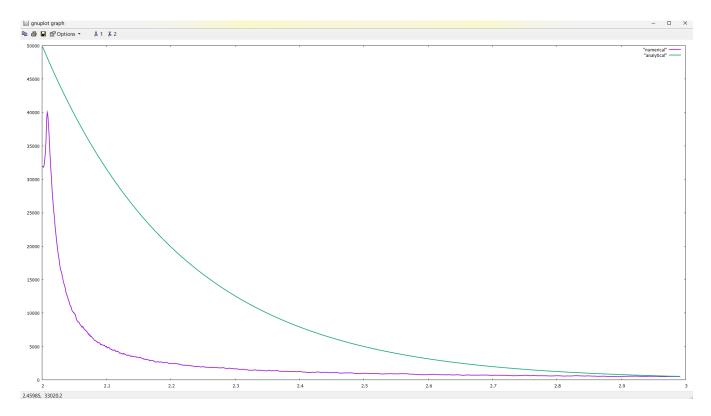


Figure 4:  $R = 100, r = 1, n = 10^8, \epsilon = 1.$ 

## References

- [1] Misner et al. Gravitation. (1970)
- [2] 't Hooft. Dimensional reduction in quantum gravity. (1993)
- [3] Susskind. The World as a Hologram. (1994)