

A 2nd note on anisotropic quantum gravity

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Abstract

In a previous paper, we introduced a model that accounts for both dark matter and dark energy. In this paper we will attempt to refute objections to the model.

1 On cold dark matter from a graviton condensate

One objection to the model introduced in [1] is that dark matter must be cold. In other words: the dark matter must have a speed much less than the speed of light.

We assume that a lone graviton propagates at the speed of light. That is, without any *relaying*, the graviton travels at the speed of light.

Once the gravitational degrees of freedom are aligned, that there will be graviton-graviton interaction – gravitons relaying other gravitons. This relaying only slows the graviton down, making it cold. As the spatial dimension of the gravitationally bound system drops from 3 down to 2, then down to 1, the slower the gravitons. In other words: in this model, gravitons undergo Shapiro delay – a graviton in the presence of other gravitons travels with a speed less than the speed of light.

This model is experimentally verifiable. There will be no gravitational shadow behind a mass, but there will be a lag – the gravitons travel slower than the speed of light while being relayed by a mass.

2 On Loop Quantum Gravity

One objection is that the model is not compatible with Loop Quantum Gravity.

The model shows that there is a tetrahedral substratum underlying the 4 known interactions. The only difference is that this model predicts that these tetrahedra will not be as tiny as the Planck scale, making them all that much easier to experimentally verify.

References

- [1] Halayka. A note on anisotropic quantum gravity.
TechRxiv. Preprint – <https://doi.org/10.36227/techrxiv.20326470.v5>

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