```
1 import svs
 2 sys.path.append('../modules')
 4 from modules import rayTracing as rt
 5 import numpy as np
 6 import project_inputs as pi
 7 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 8 from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
 9 from Basilisk.utilities import RigidBodyKinematics as rbk
10 from tabulate import tabulate
11
12 exp = rt.Experiment()
13 rays = pi_edge_ray
14 rays = pi_basical_paraxial_rays
15 exp.set_ray_starts(rays.X)
16 exp.set_ray_start_dir(rays.d)
17
18 inst = pi.cass
19 inst surfaces [-1] = pi grating
20 inst.surfaces.append(pi.cylindrical_detector)
21 # inst.surfaces = inst.surfaces[-2:]
22 exp.add_instrument(inst)
23
24 wavelength_list = np.arange(1200., 2100., 100.)
25 grating = inst.surfaces[-2]
26 detector = inst.surfaces[-1]
27 \text{ data list} = []
28 colors = ['violet', 'indigo', 'blue', 'green', 'yellow', 'orange',
   29
                'black',
violet', 'indigo', 'blue', 'green', 'yellow', 'orange',
   30
31
32 grating_set_order(0)
33 for wavelength in wavelength_list:
34
       grating.set_wavelength(wavelength)
35
       exp.reset()
36
       exp.trace_rays()
37
       data_list.append(detector.extract_image(exp.ray_hist[-1]))
38 fig0 = rt.save_3d_plot(inst.surfaces, exp.ray_hist)
39
40 grating.set order(1)
41 for wavelength in wavelength_list:
42
       grating.set_wavelength(wavelength)
43
       exp.reset()
44
       exp.trace_rays()
45
       data_list.append(detector.extract_image(exp.ray_hist[-1]))
46
47 angstrom_per_mm = 1E7 / 3600. / 1000.
48 \times 1600 = data_list[-5][0, :]
49 \text{ dx}_{1600} = (\text{np.nanmax}(\text{x}1600) - \text{np.nanmin}(\text{x}1600)) * 1000.
50 resolution_1600 = dx_1600 * angstrom_per_mm
51 resolving_power_1600 = 1600. / resolution_1600
52 print('resolving power at 1600 A: %f' % resolving_power_1600)
53 x1200 = data_list[-9][0, :]
54 dx 1200 = (np.nanmax(x1200) - np.nanmin(x1200)) * 1000.
55 resolution 1200 = dx 1200 * angstrom_per_mm
56 resolving_power_1200 = 1200. / resolution_1200
57 print('resolving power at 1200 A: %f' % resolving power 1200)
58 \times 2000 = data_list[-1][0,
```

```
59 dx 2000 = (np.nanmax(x2000) - np.nanmin(x2000)) * 1000.
 60 resolution_2000 = dx_2000 * angstrom_per_mm
 61 resolving_power_2000 = 2000. / resolution_2000
 62 print('resolving power at 2000 A: %f' % resolving_power_2000)
 63 headers = ['Wavelength', 'Resolving Power']
 64 data = np.array([resolving_power_1200, resolving_power_1600,
    resolving_power_2000]).reshape([3, 1])
 65 index = np.array([1200, 1600, 2000]).reshape([3, 1])
66 dat = np.hstack([index, data])
67 table = tabulate(dat, headers, tablefmt='latex')
68 with open('./resolvingTable.txt', 'w') as f:
        f.write(table)
 69
70
        f.close()
 71 fig1 = rt.save_3d_plot(inst.surfaces, exp.ray_hist)
72 plt.savefig('./figures/lab_view.png')
73
74 grating_set_order(2)
75 for wavelength in wavelength_list:
        grating.set_wavelength(wavelength)
 77
        exp.reset()
 78
        exp.trace_rays()
79
        data_list.append(detector.extract_image(exp.ray_hist[-1]))
80
81 scat_fig = plt.figure(figsize=(20, 5))
83 ax2 = scat fig.add subplot('111')
 84 for order in range(3):
        for col, wavelength in zip(colors, data_list):
            # lab = 'order %s, wavelength %s' % (order, wavelength)
86
            ax2.scatter(wavelength[0, :], wavelength[1, :]*100, s=1,
87
   color=col)
 88 ax2.set xlabel('RA [rad]')
 89 ax2.set_ylabel('height (along cylinder axis) [cm]')
 90 ax2.legend([str(int(w)) for w in wavelength_list], markerscale=6,
    title='[A]')
 91 ax2.text(0.575, 2., '0 order', bbox=dict(facecolor='black', alpha=0.
 92 ax2.text(0., 2., 'first order', bbox=dict(facecolor='black', alpha=0.
 93 ax2.text(-0.6, 2., 'second order', bbox=dict(facecolor='black', alpha
   =0.05)
94 plt.savefig('./figures/spectrum.png')
95 plt.show()
96
97
98 # fig = plt.figure()
99 # ax = fig.add_subplot('111', projection='3d')
100 # rt.plot_surfaces(ax, inst.surfaces)
101 # ax.set_xlabel('x')
102 # ax.set_ylabel('y')
103 # ax.set_zlabel('z')
104 # ax.set_aspect('equal')
105 # plt.show()
106
107
108
109
```