

Canada

Statistics Canada

**2006 Census of Population [Canada] Public Use
Microdata File (PUMF): Individuals File (version 2)**

Study Documentation

June 21, 2022

Metadata Production

Metadata Producer(s)	Social Science Data Centre (SSDC) , Queen's University
Production Date	June 27, 2010
Version	SP XML Version 2.0
Identification	pumf-95M0028-E-2006-individuals

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**2006 Census of Population [Canada] Public Use Microdata File (PUMF):
Individuals File (version 2) (2006 Census PUMF: Individuals File)**
Fichier des particuliers, (fichiers de microdonnées à grande diffusion) du Recensement de 2006

Overview	
Type	Census of Population
Identification	pumf-95M0028-E-2006-individuals
Version	<p>Production Date: 2010-05-27 Version May 27, 2010</p> <p><u>Notes</u> Revised data file and SAS file were received from Statistics Canada to address problems with the following two variables: Variable MFS
 A discrepancy involving labelling in the PUMF dataset and codebook has been detected. The 'no postsecondary qualifications' category of the MFS – 'Major Field of study' (based on the MFS Classification – Historical) variable is reported as having the value 11 in the codebook, while the 'no postsecondary qualifications' category is represented by the value 12 in the dataset. Variable ATTSCH
 A discrepancy in the SAS program source code has been reported. The SAS program source code contains the mnemonic 'SCHATT' to describe 'attendance at school,' the proper mnemonic for 'attendance at school' is 'ATTSCH.' Both of these issues have been corrected in Version 2</p>
Series	<p>The Census Public Use Microdata Files (PUMF) contain samples of anonymous responses to the Census questionnaire. The files have been carefully scrutinized to ensure the complete confidentiality of the individual responses. PUMFs enable the development of statistical information about Canadians, the families and households to which they belong, and the dwellings in which they live. Microdata files are unique among census products in that they give users access to non-aggregated data. Each file contains anonymous individual responses on a large number of variables. The PUMF user can group and manipulate these variables to suit his/her own data and research requirements. Tabulations not included in other census products can be created, or relationships between variables can be analysed using different statistical tests. PUMFs provide quick access to a comprehensive social and economic database about Canada and its people. However, to ensure the anonymity of the respondents, geographic identifiers have been restricted to the provinces/territories and large metropolitan areas.</p>
<p>Abstract The 2006 Census public use microdata file (PUMF) on individuals contains 844,476 records, representing 2.7% of the Canadian population. These records were drawn from a sample of one-fifth of the Canadian population (sample data from questionnaire 2B). The 2006 PUMF includes 123 variables. Of these, 102 variables, or 83%, come from the individual universe and 21 variables, or 17%, are drawn from the family, household and dwelling universes. The file does not include people living in institutions. Since the 1971 Census, Statistics Canada has traditionally produced three public use microdata files: the Individual File, the Family File and the Household and Dwelling File. To meet users' needs and allow international comparison of PUMFs, Statistics Canada has decided to produce two files for the 2006 Census: The Individual File and the Hierarchical File. The latter file will contain combined data from the family, household and dwelling universes.</p>	
Kind of Data	Census data
Unit of Analysis	Individual

Scope & Coverage

Scope

Reduced level of detail

- this product contains only information on the largest census metropolitan areas and the provinces. Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and Nunavut are grouped under the term 'Northern Canada.'
- the data have been aggregated in such a way as to preserve confidentiality while, at the same time, providing as much detail as possible in order to maintain the analytical value of the file. For example, the data on occupation do not indicate 'physician', but rather the more general category 'occupations in medicine and health.' This category also includes other medical occupations, such as 'nurse.'

Data not available
 For a few records, the codes for certain variables were changed to indicate Not available, so as to guarantee data confidentiality. Users must make sure to exclude them from their calculations.

Lower and upper income limits
 The PUMF contains lower and upper income limits. Thus, the data on total income and sources of income are adjusted proportionally.

New Features

The content of the 2006 PUMF is largely the same as that of the 2001 PUMF. However, various changes should be noted, resulting from new questions in the 2006 Census and more generally from improvement of the content of the file. Note that the 2006 PUMF does not contain, as in 2001, variables with two levels of content: more detailed content for Quebec, Ontario and the West and less detailed content for the Atlantic provinces and the territories. Because the duplication of variables did not entail an increase in content, duplicate variables were eliminated from the 2006 PUMF and replaced by a single variable with content for all of Canada.

- Changes in the content of the 2006 Census questionnaire
 New variables were inserted to reflect the content of the 2006 Census questionnaire
- Income
 For some respondents, Statistics Canada has income data obtained directly from Canada Revenue Agency. As a result, the 2006 PUMF now includes the variables 'after-tax income' and 'income tax paid.'
- Schooling
 The 2B questionnaire for the 2006 Census contains two new questions on the location of study and the major field of study based on the Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) Canada 2000. The 2006 PUMF includes these new variables, which indicate, firstly, the province or territory (in Canada) or the country (outside Canada) where the highest certificate, diploma or degree was obtained and secondly, the major field of study.
- Religion
 The question on religion was not asked in the 2006 Census.
- Improvement of the content of the file
 Change in the content of certain variables
- Geography
 In 2006, four new census metropolitan area groupings were added: 'Brantford - Guelph - Barrie,' 'Kingston - Peterborough,' 'Kelowna - Abbotsford' and 'Moncton - Saint John.'
- Ethnic origin
 The variable 'ethnic origins (EthDer),' derived from single responses and some multiple responses, includes six categories more than the 2001 variable ETHNI. The multiple response categories remain the same, but six single response categories were added for ethnic origins that showed a sizable increase in 2006.
- Non-official languages
 The 2006 variable 'knowledge of non-official languages - derived - single responses and multiple responses' replaces the 15 'Knowledge of...' variables used in 2001. The 2006 version identifies 25 different single response categories and one multiple response category for non-official languages.
- Other new variables in the 2006 PUMF

- Labour market activities. This variable (WrkAct) indicates the number of weeks in which persons worked for pay or in self-employment, in 2005 (see details in the section labour market activities).
- Journey to work. This section includes a new variable, province of work (PWPR). It represents the geographic location of the place of work of persons aged 15 and over, excluding institutional residents, who worked since January 1, 2005 (see detailed definition in the section journey to work).
- Visible minority. The variable VisMinH (visible minority population, historical) is inserted in the 2006 PUMF.
- Estimation. In addition to the weighting variable (WEIGHT), the 2006 PUMF has eight weighting factors for replicates, for purposes of estimating sampling variability (WT1-WT8).

Keywords	Aboriginal, Age, Birthplace, Citizenship, Commuting, Dwelling, Education, Employment, Ethnic origin, Family, First Nation, Full time work, Government income, Household, Immigration, Income, Investment, Labour force, Language, Marital status, Mobility, Mother tongue, Part time work, Pension, Self-employment, Shelter, Unpaid work, Visible minority, Wages
Topics	Education, Labour, Ethnic diversity and immigration, Population and demography, Income, pensions, spending and wealth, Families, household and housing, Languages, Society and community

<u>Time Period(s)</u>	2006
<u>Countries</u>	Canada
<u>Geographic Coverage</u> Canada, Provinces, Territories, CMA	
<u>Universe</u> <p>Included: all Canadian citizens and landed immigrants who have a usual place of residence in Canada or who are abroad, either on a military base or on a diplomatic mission. The file also includes data on non-permanent residents of Canada, that is, persons who hold a student authorization or an employment authorization or a minister's permit, or who are refugee claimants, and members of their family living with them.</p> <p>Excluded: institutional residents, residents of incompletely enumerated Indian reserves or Indian settlements, and foreign residents (foreign diplomats, members of the armed forces of another country stationed in Canada and residents of another country temporarily visiting Canada).</p>	

Producers & Sponsors	
Primary Investigator(s)	Statistics Canada
Other Producer(s)	Statistics Canada

Sampling
<u>Sampling Procedure</u> <p>The microdata sample for individuals is selected using a three-phase sampling plan. The first sampling phase consists of the sample of one-fifth of the population (20% sample data). This is a cluster sample. It consists of all households who completed the long questionnaire in the census. This sample was divided into two parts representative of Canada in order to create two sampling frames used to select the microdata samples. The first frame was used to select microdata from the individuals file. The second frame was used to select microdata from the hierarchical file. The third phase consisted in selecting records from the individuals file. The final sample represents 2.7% of the target universe.</p>
<u>Weighting</u> <p>WEIGHT = weighting of individuals</p> <p>The microdata file contains a record for each selected unit in the sample. Each record contains a certain number of characteristics or variables described in Chapter 2. Therefore, each of these units represents, on average, many other units that are not part of the sample. To represent all these other units in the estimation process, the file contains a variable called 'WEIGHT' (weighting factor for individuals), which corresponds to the number of units (including the selected unit) represented by each record in the file. WEIGHT still has the same value: 36.99457415.</p> <p>The weighting factor therefore indicates the number of times a record must be repeated to obtain population estimates. For example, to estimate the number of persons who speak Chinese at home in Canada in the target universe, it is necessary to total the weighting factors of all records belonging to this category in the file.</p>

Data Collection	
Data Collection Dates	start 2006-05-16 end 2006-05-16
Time Period(s)	start 2006-05-16 end 2006-05-16
Data Collection Mode	Paper questionnaire and online questionnaire (www.census2006.ca)

Data Processing & Appraisal

Other Processing

Users must refrain from publishing unweighted tables and from conducting analyses based on unweighted data from the microdata file. They must also make sure to exclude from their calculations all values that are unavailable or not applicable.

Estimates of Sampling Error

The 'coefficient of variation' is a measure frequently used to determine the degree of sampling variability. This is simply the relationship of the standard error of an estimate to the value of that estimate or, in other words, the standard error expressed as a percentage of the targeted estimate.

The sampling plan must be taken into account in computing the sampling error. The Individuals File does not contain all the necessary information. In order to estimate this sampling error, we propose an approximate method called the 'random groups method.' This method, which is described in detail in Chapter 2 of the book *Introduction to Variance Estimation* (Wolter, K. M., *Introduction to Variance Estimation*, Springer Series in Statistics, Springer-Verlag, New York, 1985.), is easy to apply. One of its features is that it tends to overestimate the sampling error for small estimates. This results in a conservative procedure for testing significant differences.

The principle is as follows: the sample was divided into eight replicates, each representative of the sample. These replicates or portions are defined by their weighting factors, WT1, WT2, ... , WT8, for example, the fourth replicate is the set of records for which WT4 is greater than 0. The values for a given replicate weighting factor is 0 if the record is not part of the replicate for this factor or $8 * \text{WEIGHT}$ (eight times the value of the weighting factor).

After calculating the desired estimate with all records as in Section B.2, the following calculations are required:

- Recalculate the same estimates but this time based only on the different replicates. This yields eight different estimates based on the same concept.
- Calculate the average of the eight estimates. When the estimate is based on a limited number of records, some replicates may be empty. In this case, assign the value 0.
- Calculate the sum of the squared deviations between the estimates for the replicates and the average obtained in (2).
- Divide the number obtained in (3) by 56 and extract the square root of the result. The number resulting from this operation is an estimate of the standard error of the targeted estimate.
- Divide the number obtained in (4) by the targeted estimate. The result is the coefficient of variation.
- One can calculate a confidence interval that would be accurate 19 times out of 20 by removing the standard error twice from the targeted estimation for the lower bound and by adding the standard error twice to the targeted estimation for the upper bound.

Accessibility

Access Authority	Data Liberation Initiative (DLI) (Statistics Canada) , http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/dli-idd-eng.htm
Contact(s)	Data Liberation Initiative (DLI) (Statistics Canada) , http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/dli-idd-eng.htm
Distributor(s)	Data Liberation Initiative

Access Conditions

DLI License

Citation Requirements

The publishing of analysis and results from research using any of the data products is permitted in research communications such as scholarly papers, journals and the like. The authors of these communications are required to cite Statistics Canada as the source of the data, and to indicate that the results or views expressed are those of the author/authorized user and are not those of Statistics Canada. Permission to include extracts of these data in textbooks must be obtained from the Licencing Section of Statistics Canada's Marketing Division. (from Section 9, DLI License Agreement)

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Files Description

Dataset contains 1 file(s)

pumf_95M0028_E_2006_individuals_F1	
# Cases	844476
# Variable(s)	124
<p><u>Version</u> Version May 27, 2010 Statistics Canada Revised data file and SAS file were received from Statistics Canada to address problems with the following two variables: Variable MFS
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<p><u>Processing Checks</u> Missing values were declared Values were added for the following variables:
 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CHDBN • CQPPB • EICBN • EMPIN • GOVTI • GROSRT • GTRFS • HRSWRK • INCTAX • INVST • MRKINC • OASGI • OMP • OTINC • RETIR • SEMPI • TOTINC • TOTINC_AT • VALUE • WAGES • WKSWRK </p>	

Variables Group(s)

Dataset contains 18 group(s)

Group Geography							
#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	CMA	[CMA] Census metropolitan area	continuous	numeric-3.0	844476	0	-
2	PR	[PR] Province	discrete	numeric-2.0	844476	0	-

Group Households							
#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	HHCLASS	[HHCLASS] Private household indicator	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	-
2	HHSIZE	[HHSIZE] Number of persons in household	discrete	numeric-1.0	840026	4450	-
3	HHTYPE	[HHTYPE] Type of household	discrete	numeric-1.0	840026	4450	-
4	NONCFINHH	[NONCFINHH] Presence of persons not in census families in household	discrete	numeric-1.0	840026	4450	-
5	PKIDHH	[PKIDHH] Presence of children in Census family households	discrete	numeric-1.0	840026	4450	-
6	PRIHM	[PRIHM] Primary household maintainer indicator	discrete	numeric-1.0	840026	4450	Who pays the rent or mortgage, taxes, electricity, etc., for this dwelling?

Group Families and family composition							
#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	CFINEF	[CFINEF] Number of census families in economic family	discrete	numeric-1.0	723041	121435	-
2	CFSIZE	[CFSIZE] Number of persons in census family	discrete	numeric-1.0	840026	4450	-
3	CFSTAT	[CFSTAT] Detailed Census family status and household living arrangements	discrete	numeric-2.0	840026	4450	-
4	EFNOTCF	[EFNOTCF] Presence of persons not in census families in economic family	discrete	numeric-1.0	723041	121435	-
5	EFSIZE	[EFSIZE] Number of persons in economic family	discrete	numeric-1.0	840026	4450	-
6	PKID0_1	[PKID0_1] Presence of children aged 0 to 1 in census family	discrete	numeric-1.0	703740	140736	-
7	PKID15_24	[PKID15_24] Presence of children aged 15 to 24 in census family	discrete	numeric-1.0	703740	140736	-
8	PKID2_5	[PKID2_5] Presence of children aged 2 to 5 in census family	discrete	numeric-1.0	703740	140736	-

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
9	PKID25	[PKID25] Presence of children aged 25 and older in census family	discrete	numeric-1.0	703740	140736	-
10	PKID6_14	[PKID6_14] Presence of children aged 6 to 14 in census family	discrete	numeric-1.0	703740	140736	-

Group Demography

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	AGEGRP	[AGEGRP] Age groups	discrete	numeric-2.0	843676	800	Date of Birth
2	MARST	[MARST] Legal marital status	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	Marital status
3	MARSTH	[MARSTH] Historical comparability indicator of marital status	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	-
4	SEX	[SEX] Sex	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	Sex

Group Place of birth, immigration and citizenship

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	AGEIMM	[AGEIMM] Age at immigration	discrete	numeric-2.0	166686	677790	-
2	CITIZEN	[CITIZEN] Citizenship	discrete	numeric-1.0	831768	12708	Of what country is this person a citizen?
3	CITOTH	[CITOTH] Citizenship other than Canadian	discrete	numeric-2.0	58080	786396	Of what country is this person a citizen?
4	GENSTAT	[GENSTAT] Generation status	discrete	numeric-1.0	693272	151204	-
5	IMMSTAT	[IMMSTAT] Immigrant status	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	-
6	POB	[POB] Place of birth of respondent	continuous	numeric-2.0	844071	405	Where was this person born?
7	POBF	[POBF] Place of birth of father	discrete	numeric-1.0	665049	179427	Where was each of this person's parents born? Father
8	POBM	[POBM] Place of birth of mother	discrete	numeric-1.0	665049	179427	Where was each of this person's parents born? Mother
9	YRIMM	[YRIMM] Year of immigration	continuous	numeric-4.0	148654	695822	In what year did this person first become a landed immigrant?

Group Visible minorities

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	VISMIN	[VISMIN] Visible minority population	discrete	numeric-2.0	840512	3964	VISMIN question details
2	VISMINH	[VISMINH] Historical visible minority population	discrete	numeric-2.0	840512	3964	VISMINH question details

Group Aboriginal population

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	ABOID	[ABOID] Aboriginal identity	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	-

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
2	BFNMEMB	[BFNMEMB] Band or First Nation membership	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	Is this person a member of an Indian Band/First Nation?
3	REGIND	[REGIND] Registered or Treaty Indian	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	Is this person a Treaty Indian or a Registered Indian as defined by the Indian Act of Canada?

Group Ethnic origin

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	ETHDER	[ETHDER] Derived single and selected multiple ethnic origins	continuous	numeric-2.0	828608	15868	-

Group Language

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	FOL	[FOL] First official language spoken	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	-
2	HLAEN	[HLAEN] Home language - English component - Part A	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	What language does this person speak most often at home?
3	HLAFR	[HLAFR] Home language - French component - Part A	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	What language does this person speak most often at home?
4	HLANO	[HLANO] Home Language - Non-official language component - Part A	discrete	numeric-2.0	844476	0	What language does this person speak most often at home?
5	HLBEN	[HLBEN] Home language - English component - Part B	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	Does this person speak any other languages on a regular basis at home?
6	HLBFR	[HLBFR] Home language - French component - Part B	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	Does this person speak any other languages on a regular basis at home?
7	HLBNO	[HLBNO] Home language - Non-official language component - Part B	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	Does this person speak any other languages on a regular basis at home?
8	KOL	[KOL] Knowledge of official language	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	Can this person speak English or French well enough to conduct a conversation?
9	LWAEN	[LWAEN] Language of work - English component - Part A	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	In this job, what language did this person use most often?
10	LWAFR	[LWAFR] Language of work - French component - Part A	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	In this job, what language did this person use most often?
11	LWANO	[LWANO] Language of work - Non-official language component - Part A	discrete	numeric-1.0	497408	347068	In this job, what language did this person use most often?
12	LWBEN	[LWBEN] Language of work - English component - Part B	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	Did this person use any other languages on a regular basis in this job?
13	LWBFR	[LWBFR] Language of work - French component - Part B	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	Did this person use any other languages on a regular basis in this job?
14	LWBNO	[LWBNO] Language of work - Non-official language component - Part B	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	Did this person use any other languages on a regular basis in this job?
15	MTNEN	[MTNEN] Mother tongue - English component	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	What is the language that this person first learned at home in childhood and still understands?

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
16	MTNFR	[MTNFR] Mother tongue - French component	discrete	numeric-1.0	844476	0	What is the language that this person first learned at home in childhood and still understands?
17	MTNNO	[MTNNO] Mother tongue - Non-official language component	continuous	numeric-2.0	844476	0	What is the language that this person first learned at home in childhood and still understands?
18	NOL	[NOL] Single and multiple responses to the non-official language question	continuous	numeric-2.0	833958	10518	What language(s), other than English or French, can this person speak well enough to conduct a conversation?

Group Education

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	ATTSCH	[ATTSCH] Attendance at school	discrete	numeric-1.0	693306	151170	Has this person attended a school, college, CEGEP or university at any time since September 2005?
2	CIP	[CIP] Major field of study (based on the CIP Canada 2000)	discrete	numeric-2.0	693306	151170	What was the major field of study of the highest degree, certificate or diploma that this person completed?
3	HDGREE	[HDGREE] Highest certificate, diploma or degree	discrete	numeric-2.0	690731	153745	-
4	LOCSTUD	[LOCSTUD] Location of study	discrete	numeric-2.0	351866	492610	In what province, territory or country did this person complete his/her highest degree, certificate or diploma?
5	MFS	[MFS] Major field of study (based on the MFS Classification - Historical)	discrete	numeric-2.0	691668	152808	What was the major field of study of the highest degree, certificate or diploma that this person completed?
6	SSGRAD	[SSGRAD] High school graduation certificate or equivalent	discrete	numeric-2.0	693306	151170	-

Group Mobility

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	MOB1	[MOB1] Mobility status - Place of residence 1 year ago	discrete	numeric-1.0	833694	10782	Where did this person live 1 year ago, that is on May 16, 2005?
2	MOB5	[MOB5] Mobility status - Place of residence 5 years ago	discrete	numeric-1.0	798500	45976	Where did this person live 5 years ago, that is, on May 16, 2001?
3	PR1	[PR1] Province of residence 1 year ago	discrete	numeric-2.0	39305	805171	Where did this person live 1 year ago, that is, on May 16, 2005?
4	PR5	[PR5] Province of residence 5 years ago	discrete	numeric-2.0	119349	725127	Where did this person live 5 years ago, that is, on May 16, 2001?

Group Journey to work

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	DIST	[DIST] Commuting distance to work	discrete	numeric-1.0	402135	442341	At what address did this person usually work most of the time?
2	MODE	[MODE] Mode of transportation to work	discrete	numeric-1.0	456195	388281	How did this person usually get to work?
3	POWST	[POWST] Place of work status	discrete	numeric-1.0	495735	348741	At what address did this person usually work most of the time?

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
4	PWPR	[PWPR] Province of work	discrete	numeric-2.0	439285	405191	At what address did this person usually work most of the time?

Group Labour market activity

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	COW	[COW] Class of worker	discrete	numeric-1.0	495164	349312	-
2	FPTWK	[FPTWK] Full-time or part-time weeks worked in 2005	discrete	numeric-1.0	482350	362126	During most of those weeks, did this person work full time or part time?
3	HRSWRK	[HRSWRK] Hours worked for pay or in self-employment	continuous	numeric-3.0	693306	151170	Last week, how many hours did this person spend working for pay or in self-employment?
4	LFACT	[LFACT] Labour force activity	discrete	numeric-2.0	693306	151170	-
5	LSTWRK	[LSTWRK] When last worked for pay or in self-employment	discrete	numeric-1.0	693306	151170	When did this person last work for pay or in self-employment, even for a few days?
6	NAICS	[NAICS] Industry (based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System [NAICS 2002])	discrete	numeric-2.0	493534	350942	-
7	NOCHRD	[NOCHRD] Occupation (Employment equity designations - based on the National Occupational Classification)	discrete	numeric-2.0	491397	353079	-
8	NOCS	[NOCS] Occupation (based on the 2006 National Occupational Classification for Statistics [NOC-S 2006])	continuous	numeric-2.0	491397	353079	-
9	WKSWRK	[WKSWRK] Weeks worked in 2005	continuous	numeric-2.0	497408	347068	In how many weeks did this person work in 2005?
10	WRKACT	[WRKACT] Work activity in 2005	discrete	numeric-2.0	693306	151170	-

Group Unpaid work

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	UPHWRK	[UPHWRK] Hours spent doing unpaid housework	discrete	numeric-1.0	693306	151170	Last week, how many weeks did this person spend doing the following activities: doing unpaid housework, yard work or home maintenance for members of this household, or others?
2	UPKID	[UPKID] Hours spent looking after children, without pay	discrete	numeric-1.0	693306	151170	Last week, how many weeks did this person spend doing the following activities: looking after one or more of this person's own children, or the children of others, without pay?
3	UPSR	[UPSR] Hours spent providing unpaid care or assistance to seniors	discrete	numeric-1.0	693306	151170	Last week, how many weeks did this person spend doing the following activities: providing unpaid care or assistance to one or more seniors?

Group Income

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	CFINC	[CFINC] Census family income groups	continuous	numeric-2.0	705316	139160	-
2	CFINC_AT	[CFINC_AT] Census family after-tax income groups	continuous	numeric-2.0	705316	139160	-
3	CHDBN	[CHDBN] Child benefits	continuous	numeric-7.0	692509	151967	During the year ending December 31, 2005, did this person receive any income from the sources listed below? Child benefits, such as child tax benefits, family allowances (federal, provincial and territorial)
4	CQPPB	[CQPPB] Canada/Quebec Pension Plan benefits	continuous	numeric-7.0	692509	151967	During the year ending December 31, 2005, did this person receive any income from the sources listed below? Benefit from Canada or Quebec Pension Plan
5	EFINC	[EFINC] Economic family income groups	continuous	numeric-2.0	722676	121800	-
6	EFINC_AT	[EFINC_AT] Economic family after-tax income groups	continuous	numeric-2.0	722676	121800	-
7	EICBN	[EICBN] Employment insurance benefits	continuous	numeric-7.0	692509	151967	During the year ending December 31, 2005, did this person receive any income from the sources listed below? Benefits from Employment Insurance (total benefits before tax deductions)
8	EMPIN	[EMPIN] Employment income	continuous	numeric-7.0	692509	151967	-
9	GOVTI	[GOVTI] Other government income	continuous	numeric-7.0	692509	151967	GOVTI question details
10	GTRFS	[GTRFS] Total government transfer payments	continuous	numeric-7.0	692509	151967	-
11	HHINC	[HHINC] Household income groups	continuous	numeric-2.0	839505	4971	-
12	HHINC_AT	[HHINC_AT] Household after-tax income groups	continuous	numeric-2.0	839505	4971	-
13	INCTAX	[INCTAX] Income tax paid	continuous	numeric-7.0	692509	151967	-
14	INVST	[INVST] Investment income	continuous	numeric-7.0	692509	151967	INVST question details
15	LICO	[LICO] Low income before tax status (Person)	discrete	numeric-1.0	838430	6046	-
16	LICO_AT	[LICO_AT] Low income after-tax status (Person)	discrete	numeric-1.0	838430	6046	-
17	MRKINC	[MRKINC] Market income	continuous	numeric-7.0	692509	151967	-
18	MSI	[MSI] Major sources of income for census families	discrete	numeric-1.0	705316	139160	-
19	OASGI	[OASGI] Old Age Security pension and Guaranteed Income Supplement	continuous	numeric-7.0	692509	151967	During the year ending December 31, 2005, did this person receive any income from the sources listed below? Old Age Security Pension, Guaranteed Income Supplement, Allowance and Allowance for the Survivor from federal government only (provincial income supplements should be reported in (h)).
20	OTINC	[OTINC] Other money income	continuous	numeric-7.0	692509	151967	During the year ending December 31, 2005, did this person receive any income from the sources listed below?

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
							Other money income such as alimony, child support, scholarships
21	RETIR	[RETIR] Retirement pensions	continuous	numeric-7.0	692509	151967	During the year ending December 31, 2005, did this person receive any income from the sources listed below? Retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from RRSPs and RRIFs. Do not include withdrawals from a pension plan or RRSP.
22	SEMPI	[SEMPI] Total self-employment income	continuous	numeric-7.0	692509	151967	-
23	TOTINC	[TOTINC] Total income of individual	continuous	numeric-7.0	692721	151755	TOTINC question details
24	TOTINC_AT	[TOTINC_AT] Total after-tax income of individual	continuous	numeric-7.0	692509	151967	-
25	WAGES	[WAGES] Wages and salary income	continuous	numeric-7.0	692509	151967	During the year ending December 31, 2005, did this person receive any income from the sources listed below? Total wages and salaries, including commissions, bonuses, tips, taxable benefits, research grants, royalties, etc., before any deductions

Group Dwellings: Housing and shelter costs

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	CONDO	[CONDO] Tenure - Condominium	discrete	numeric-1.0	612043	232433	Is this dwelling part of a registered condominium?
2	GROSRT	[GROSRT] Gross rent	continuous	numeric-4.0	216735	627741	-
3	OMP	[OMP] Owner's major payments (monthly)	continuous	numeric-4.0	612043	232433	-
4	REPAIR	[REPAIR] Condition of dwelling	discrete	numeric-1.0	840026	4450	Is this dwelling in need of any repairs?
5	ROOM	[ROOM] Number of rooms	discrete	numeric-2.0	840026	4450	How many rooms are there in this dwelling?
6	TENUR	[TENUR] Tenure	discrete	numeric-1.0	836575	7901	Is this dwelling: owned by you or a member of this household (even if it is still being paid for)? rented (even if no cash rent is paid)?
7	VALUE	[VALUE] Value of dwelling	continuous	numeric-7.0	612043	232433	If you were to sell this dwelling now, for how much would you expect to sell it?

Group Weighting

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	WEIGHT	[WEIGHT] Individuals weighting factor	discrete	numeric-12.8	844476	0	-
2	WT1	[WT1] Replicate PUMF weight	discrete	numeric-12.7	844476	0	-
3	WT2	[WT2] Replicate PUMF weight	discrete	numeric-12.7	844476	0	-
4	WT3	[WT3] Replicate PUMF weight	discrete	numeric-12.7	844476	0	-

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
5	WT4	[WT4] Replicate PUMF weight	discrete	numeric-12.7	844476	0	-
6	WT5	[WT5] Replicate PUMF weight	discrete	numeric-12.7	844476	0	-
7	WT6	[WT6] Replicate PUMF weight	discrete	numeric-12.7	844476	0	-
8	WT7	[WT7] Replicate PUMF weight	discrete	numeric-12.7	844476	0	-
9	WT8	[WT8] Replicate PUMF weight	discrete	numeric-12.7	844476	0	-

Group Identifier

#	Name	Label	Type	Format	Valid	Invalid	Question
1	PPSORT	[PPSORT] Unique record identifier	continuous	numeric-6.0	844476	0	-

Variables Description

Dataset contains 124 variable(s)

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ABOID: [ABOID] Aboriginal identity

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-6] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents
Notes	<p>Refers to those persons who reported identifying with at least one Aboriginal group, that is, North American Indian, Métis or Inuit, and/or those who reported being a Treaty Indian or a Registered Indian, as defined by the Indian Act of Canada, and/or those who reported they were members of an Indian band or First Nation.</p> <p>In 1991 and previous censuses, the Aboriginal population was defined using the ethnic origin question (ancestry). The 1996 Census included a question on the individual's perception of his/her Aboriginal identity. The question used in the 2006 and 2001 censuses is the same as the one used in 1996.</p> <p>Caution should be exercised in analyzing trends for Aboriginal peoples based on previous census data. Over time, patterns in Aboriginal self-identification have changed. In recent years, a growing number of people who had not previously identified with an Aboriginal group are now doing so. Changes in Aboriginal participation in the Census over time also result in comparability issues.</p> <p>There are different ways to define the Aboriginal population in Canada. The 2006 Census also provides information on persons who reported at least one Aboriginal ancestry in the ethnic origin question. Depending on the application, data on either identity or ethnic origin/ancestry may be appropriate for defining the Aboriginal population.</p> <p>Users should be aware that the counts for North American Indian single response are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements. The extent of the impact will depend on the geographic area under study. In 2006, a total of 22 Indian reserves and Indian settlements were incompletely enumerated by the census. The populations of these 22 communities are not included in the census counts.</p> <p>Derived variable: Questions 18, 20 and 21</p>

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	North American Indian single response	19046	704598.7	2.3%
2	Métis single response	10591	391809.5	1.3%
3	Inuit single response	1398	51718.4	0.2%
4	Multiple Aboriginal identity responses	198	7324.9	0.0%
5	Aboriginal responses not included elsewhere	696	25748.2	0.1%
6	Non-Aboriginal identity population	812547	30059830.2	96.2%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

AGEGRP: [AGEGRP] Age groups

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-21] [Missing=*/88]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=843676 / 31211434.34] [Invalid=800 / 29595.659]
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents
Literal question	Date of Birth
Interviewer's instructions	If exact date is not known, enter best estimate
Notes	<p>Refers to the age at last birthday (as of the census reference date, May 16, 2006). This variable is derived from date of birth.</p> <p>Derived variable: Question 3</p>

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	0 to 4 years	45815	1694906.4	5.4%
2	5 to 6 years	18869	698050.6	2.2%
3	7 to 9 years	30056	1111908.9	3.6%
4	10 to 11 years	21910	810551.1	2.6%
5	12 to 14 years	34492	1276016.9	4.1%
6	15 to 17 years	35128	1299545.4	4.2%
7	18 to 19 years	22090	817210.1	2.6%
8	20 to 24 years	55920	2068736.6	6.6%
9	25 to 29 years	53356	1973882.5	6.3%
10	30 to 34 years	54559	2018387.0	6.5%

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AGEGRP: [AGEGRP] Age groups

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
11	35 to 39 years	59427	2198476.6	7.0%
12	40 to 44 years	70380	2603678.1	8.3%
13	45 to 49 years	69950	2587770.5	8.3%
14	50 to 54 years	63340	2343236.3	7.5%
15	55 to 59 years	55902	2068070.7	6.6%
16	60 to 64 years	42618	1576634.8	5.1%
17	65 to 69 years	32902	1217195.5	3.9%
18	70 to 74 years	27797	1028338.2	3.3%
19	75 to 79 years	23052	852798.9	2.7%
20	80 to 84 years	15724	581702.7	1.9%
21	85 years and over	10389	384336.6	1.2%
88	Not available	800	29595.7	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

AGEIMM: [AGEIMM] Age at immigration

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-13] [Missing=*/88/99]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=166686 / 6166477.587] [Invalid=677790 / 25074552.413]
Universe	Persons who are, or have been, landed immigrants, excluding institutional residents
Notes	<p>Refers to the age at which the respondent first obtained landed immigrant status. A landed immigrant is a person who has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities.</p> <p>Age at immigration is calculated using the year of immigration, the year of birth, and an estimated month of immigration. Respondents who answered 'Yes' to the landed immigrant status question (Question 11) were asked to answer the year of immigration question (Question 12) by reporting the year in which they first obtained landed immigrant status. People who answered 'No' to Question 11 will not have gone through the immigration process and, thus, do not have a year of immigration or an age at immigration. These people are Canadian citizens by birth or non-permanent residents (people from another country who have a study or work permit, or who were refugee claimants at the time of the census, and family members living here with them). Age at immigration data are available since the 1981 Census. Censuses taken earlier than in 1981 had only periods of immigration, i.e., ranges of years, which made it impossible to calculate the age at immigration.</p> <p>Derived variable: Questions 3 and 12</p>

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	0 to 4 years	16193	599053.1	9.7%
2	5 to 9 years	15436	571048.2	9.3%
3	10 to 14 years	14026	518885.9	8.4%
4	15 to 19 years	15748	582590.6	9.4%
5	20 to 24 years	23545	871037.2	14.1%
6	25 to 29 years	25237	933632.1	15.1%
7	30 to 34 years	19691	728460.2	11.8%
8	35 to 39 years	13360	494247.5	8.0%
9	40 to 44 years	8539	315896.7	5.1%
10	45 to 49 years	4997	184861.9	3.0%
11	50 to 54 years	3257	120491.3	2.0%
12	55 to 59 years	2577	95335.0	1.5%
13	60 years and over	4080	150937.9	2.4%
88	Not available	195	7213.9	
99	Not applicable	677595	25067338.5	

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ATTSCH: [ATTSCH] Attendance at school

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-2] [Missing=*/9]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=693306 / 25648560.225] [Invalid=151170 / 5592469.774]
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents
Literal question	Has this person attended a school, college, CEGEP or university at any time since September 2005?
Interviewer's instructions	Mark as many circles as applicable.
Notes	<p>Refers to attendance during the nine -month period between September 2005 and May 16, 2006. An individual's attendance could be either full time or part time (day or evening), even if the individual dropped out after registration. Attendance was counted only for courses which could be used as credits towards a certificate, diploma or degree from a recognized educational institution (elementary or secondary school, the in-class portion of registered apprenticeship programs, trade schools, colleges, CEGEPs and universities). Recognized education institutions also included seminaries, schools of nursing, private business schools, private or public trade schools, institutes of technology, vocational schools, or schools for people who are deaf or blind. Attendance at school was not counted for training received from an employer unless it could be used as credit towards a certificate, diploma or degree from a recognized educational institution.</p> <p>Counts for those aged 15 to 19 attending school in the 2001 Census were lower than expected and not replicated in other sources. In 2006, changes to the questionnaire brought results for those aged 15 to 19 back in to line with censuses prior to 2001. While the results for those aged 20 to 44 are comparable over time, the 2006 Census overestimated school attendance for the population aged 45 years or over. As a result, it is recommended that the data on school attendance be used with caution and it is not recommended to compare data for the ages 45 and over from 2006 with previous censuses. For more information, please see the Education Reference Guide, 2006 Census (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/bsolc/olc-cel/olc-cel?catno=97-560-GWE2006003&lang=eng).</p> <p>Direct variable: Question 32</p>

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Did not attend school	567765	21004224.4	81.9%
2	Attended school	125541	4644335.8	18.1%
9	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

BFNMEMB: [BFNMEMB] Band or First Nation membership

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-2] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents
Literal question	Is this person a member of an Indian Band/First Nation?
Post-question	Yes, member of an Indian Band/First Nation - specify Indian Band/First Nation (for example, Musqueam)
Notes	<p>Refers to those persons who reported being a member of an Indian band or a First Nation of Canada.</p> <p>In 1991, band membership was a subcomponent of Question 16 on Registered Indians. In the first part of this question, respondents were asked about registration status, while the second part of the question dealt with band membership. In 1996, one direct question was developed to collect data on band/First Nation membership.</p> <p>Many Indian bands have elected to call themselves a First Nation and have changed their band name to reflect this. Also, with the 1985 amendment to the Indian Act of Canada (Bill C-31), many Indian bands exercised the right to establish their own membership code, whereby it was not always necessary for a band member to be a Registered Indian according to the Indian Act.</p> <p>The 2006 Census used the same question as in 1996 and 2001</p> <p>Direct variable: Question 20</p>

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Not a member of an Indian band or First Nation	827477	30612159.2	98.0%
2	Member of an Indian band or First Nation	16999	628870.8	2.0%

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CFINC: [CFINC] Census family income groups

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-28] [Missing=*/88/99]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=705316 / 26092865.061] [Invalid=139160 / 5148164.939]

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CFINC: [CFINC] Census family income groups

Universe	Persons in census families in private households
Notes	Census family income for all persons in census families. The total income of a census family is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that family. Derived variable

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Under \$2,000	4784	176982.0	0.7%
2	\$ 2,000 to \$ 4,999	3650	135030.2	0.5%
3	\$ 5,000 to \$ 6,999	3965	146683.5	0.6%
4	\$ 7,000 to \$ 9,999	5448	201546.4	0.8%
5	\$ 10,000 to \$ 11,999	4389	162369.2	0.6%
6	\$ 12,000 to \$ 14,999	9042	334504.9	1.3%
7	\$ 15,000 to \$ 16,999	6532	241648.6	0.9%
8	\$ 17,000 to \$ 19,999	11415	422293.1	1.6%
9	\$ 20,000 to \$ 24,999	25119	929266.7	3.6%
10	\$ 25,000 to \$ 29,999	29638	1096445.2	4.2%
11	\$ 30,000 to \$ 34,999	31217	1154859.6	4.4%
12	\$ 35,000 to \$ 39,999	35009	1295143.0	5.0%
13	\$ 40,000 to \$ 44,999	34489	1275905.9	4.9%
14	\$ 45,000 to \$ 49,999	32904	1217269.5	4.7%
15	\$ 50,000 to \$ 54,999	32953	1219082.2	4.7%
16	\$ 55,000 to \$ 59,999	31622	1169842.4	4.5%
17	\$ 60,000 to \$ 64,999	31695	1172543.0	4.5%
18	\$ 65,000 to \$ 69,999	30600	1132034.0	4.3%
19	\$ 70,000 to \$ 74,999	29115	1077097.0	4.1%
20	\$ 75,000 to \$ 79,999	27686	1024231.8	3.9%
21	\$ 80,000 to \$ 89,999	50740	1877104.7	7.2%
22	\$ 90,000 to \$ 99,999	43922	1624875.7	6.2%
23	\$ 100,000 to \$ 124,999	79171	2928897.4	11.2%
24	\$ 125,000 to \$ 149,999	44465	1644963.7	6.3%
25	\$ 150,000 to \$ 174,999	24529	907439.9	3.5%
26	\$175,000 to \$199,999	12975	480004.6	1.8%
27	\$200,000 to \$249,999	12102	447708.3	1.7%
28	\$250,000 and over	16140	597092.4	2.3%
88	Not available	357	13207.1	
99	Not applicable	138803	5134957.9	

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CFINC_AT: [CFINC_AT] Census family after-tax income groups

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-26] [Missing=*/88/99]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=705316 / 26092865.061] [Invalid=139160 / 5148164.939]
Universe	Persons in census families in private households
Notes	After-tax income of census families. The after-tax income of a census family is the sum of the after-tax incomes of all members of that family. Derived variable

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CFINC_AT: [CFINC_AT] Census family after-tax income groups

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Under \$2,000	5108	188968.3	0.7%
2	\$ 2,000 to \$ 4,999	3719	137582.8	0.5%
3	\$ 5,000 to \$ 6,999	3972	146942.4	0.6%
4	\$ 7,000 to \$ 9,999	5569	206022.8	0.8%
5	\$ 10,000 to \$ 11,999	4441	164292.9	0.6%
6	\$ 12,000 to \$ 14,999	9233	341570.9	1.3%
7	\$ 15,000 to \$ 16,999	6701	247900.6	1.0%
8	\$ 17,000 to \$ 19,999	11827	437534.8	1.7%
9	\$ 20,000 to \$ 24,999	26798	991380.6	3.8%
10	\$ 25,000 to \$ 29,999	33691	1246384.2	4.8%
11	\$ 30,000 to \$ 34,999	40004	1479930.9	5.7%
12	\$ 35,000 to \$ 39,999	44493	1645999.6	6.3%
13	\$ 40,000 to \$ 44,999	43548	1611039.7	6.2%
14	\$ 45,000 to \$ 49,999	42348	1566646.2	6.0%
15	\$ 50,000 to \$ 54,999	41840	1547853.0	5.9%
16	\$ 55,000 to \$ 59,999	40114	1484000.3	5.7%
17	\$ 60,000 to \$ 64,999	38302	1416966.2	5.4%
18	\$ 65,000 to \$ 69,999	35550	1315157.1	5.0%
19	\$ 70,000 to \$ 74,999	32942	1218675.3	4.7%
20	\$ 75,000 to \$ 79,999	30011	1110244.2	4.3%
21	\$ 80,000 to \$ 89,999	50688	1875181.0	7.2%
22	\$ 90,000 to \$ 99,999	39048	1444564.1	5.5%
23	\$ 100,000 to \$ 124,999	58261	2155340.9	8.3%
24	\$ 125,000 to \$ 149,999	26169	968111.0	3.7%
25	\$ 150,000 to \$ 199,999	17849	660316.2	2.5%
26	\$ 200,000 and over	13090	484259.0	1.9%
88	Not available	357	13207.1	
99	Not applicable	138803	5134957.9	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

CFINEF: [CFINEF] Number of census families in economic family

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-2] [Missing=*/9]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=723041 / 26748593.888] [Invalid=121435 / 4492436.112]
Universe	Persons in economic families in private households
Notes	Refers to the number of census families within the economic family. Derived variable: Questions 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	None	6725	248788.5	0.9%
1	One	682881	25262891.8	94.4%
2	Two or more	33435	1236913.6	4.6%
9	Not applicable	121435	4492436.1	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

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CFSIZE: [CFSIZE] Number of persons in census family

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-7] [Missing=*/9]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=840026 / 31076404.144] [Invalid=4450 / 164625.855]
Universe	Persons in private households
Notes	Number of persons in census family. Equals 1 for persons not in a census family. Derived variable: Questions 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Person not living in a census family	134353	4970332.0	16.0%
2	Two persons	231952	8580965.5	27.6%
3	Three persons	158734	5872296.7	18.9%
4	Four persons	199030	7363030.1	23.7%
5	Five persons	82880	3066110.3	9.9%
6	Six persons	23565	871777.1	2.8%
7	Seven or more persons	9512	351892.4	1.1%
9	Not applicable	4450	164625.9	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

CFSTAT: [CFSTAT] Detailed Census family status and household living arrangements

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-13] [Missing=*/99]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=840026 / 31076404.144] [Invalid=4450 / 164625.855]
Universe	Population in private households
Notes	Refers to the classification of the population according to whether or not the persons are members of a census family. Derived variable: Questions 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Male, married spouse (Husband)	164934	6101663.1	19.6%
2	Female, married spouse (Wife)	165105	6107989.2	19.7%
3	Male - Common-law partner	37524	1388184.4	4.5%
4	Female - Common-law partner	37079	1371721.8	4.4%
5	Male parent in lone-parent family	7724	285746.1	0.9%
6	Female parent in lone-parent family	30614	1132551.9	3.6%
7	Child of married couple	175783	6503017.2	20.9%
8	Child of common-law couple	29107	1076801.1	3.5%
9	Child in lone-parent family with male parent	10829	400614.2	1.3%
10	Child in lone-parent family with female parent	46974	1737783.1	5.6%
11	Person not in a Census family but living with other relative	17368	642521.8	2.1%
12	Person living alone	90187	3336429.7	10.7%
13	Person living with non-relatives only	26798	991380.6	3.2%
99	Not applicable	4450	164625.9	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

CHDBN: [CHDBN] Child benefits

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-29200] [Missing=*/8888888/9999999]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=692509 / 25619075.55] [Invalid=151967 / 5621954.45] [Mean=442.153 / 442.153] [StdDev=1528.216 / 1528.215]
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents

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CHDBN: [CHDBN] Child benefits

Literal question	During the year ending December 31, 2005, did this person receive any income from the sources listed below? Child benefits, such as child tax benefits, family allowances (federal, provincial and territorial)
Notes	Refers to payments received under the Canada child tax benefit program during calendar year 2005 by parents with dependent children less than 18 years of age. Limited information was available for respondents who allowed use of their income tax data on these benefits. For these persons, these benefits were calculated and assigned, where applicable, to one of the parents in the census family on the basis of information on children in the family and the family income. Included with the Canada child tax benefit is the National child benefit supplement (NCBS) for low-income families with children. The NCBS is the federal contribution to the National child benefit (NCB), a joint initiative of federal, provincial and territorial governments. Also included are child disability benefits and earned income supplements provided by certain provinces and territories. Direct variable: Question 52 (d) The value 8,888,888 stands for not available. The value 9,999,999 stands for not applicable and is applied to all persons less than 15 years of age. Otherwise, this variable is always positive or zero and is a rounded value of the amount received by the individual in 2005. Values that would have been rounded to zero have been replaced by 1.

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8888888	Not available	797	29484.7	
9999999	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

CIP: [CIP] Major field of study (based on the CIP Canada 2000)

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-13] [Missing=*/99]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=693306 / 25648560.225] [Invalid=151170 / 5592469.774]
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over with a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree excluding institutional residents
Literal question	What was the major field of study of the highest degree, certificate or diploma that this person completed?
Post-question	No certificate or diploma (higher than high school) - go to Question 32
Interviewer's instructions	Please be specific. For example: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • automobile mechanics • civil engineering • dental technology • aircraft mechanics • medical laboratory technology • day-care • agricultural economics
Notes	Refers to the predominant discipline or area of learning or training of a person's highest postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree. The Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP Canada 2000) major field of study classification structure consists of 13 major categories or primary groupings, 12 of which are used for the census (the category which includes courses in personal development is not used). The 12 primary groupings are: education; visual and performing arts, and communications technologies; humanities; social and behavioural sciences and law; business, management and public administration; physical and life sciences and technologies; mathematics, computer and information sciences; architecture, engineering and related technologies; agriculture, natural resources and conservation; health, parks, recreation and fitness; personal, protective and transportation services; other. The major field of study data in the 2006 Census were also recoded using the MFS classification that was used prior to the 2006 Census. Future censuses will present information coded to the CIP classification system only. For historical analysis, please use the Major field of study variable (MFS). For more information, please see the Education Reference Guide, 2006 Census (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/bsolc/olc-cel/olc-cel?catno=97-560-GWE2006003&lang=eng) Coded variable: Question 30

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Education	26981	998150.6	3.9%
2	Visual and performing arts, and communications technologies	12878	476416.1	1.9%
3	Humanities	19514	721912.1	2.8%
4	Social and behavioural sciences and law	34349	1270726.6	5.0%

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CIP: [CIP] Major field of study (based on the CIP Canada 2000)

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
5	Business, management and public administration	75727	2801488.1	10.9%
6	Physical and life sciences and technologies	12247	453072.6	1.8%
7	Mathematics, computer and information sciences	15332	567200.8	2.2%
8	Architecture, engineering, and related technologies	78609	2908106.5	11.3%
9	Agriculture, natural resources and conservation	7846	290259.4	1.1%
10	Health, parks, recreation and fitness	47169	1744997.1	6.8%
11	Personal, protective and transportation services	21160	782805.2	3.1%
12	Other fields of study	54	1997.7	0.0%
13	No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	341440	12631427.4	49.2%
99	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

CITIZEN: [CITIZEN] Citizenship

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-3] [Missing=*/8]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=831768 / 30770902.951] [Invalid=12708 / 470127.048]
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents
Literal question	Of what country is this person a citizen?
Interviewer's instructions	Indicate more than one citizenship, if applicable. "Canada, by naturalization" refers to the process by which an immigrant is granted citizenship of Canada, under the Citizenship Act.
Notes	Refers to the legal citizenship status of the respondent. Persons who are citizens of more than one country were instructed to provide the name of the other country(ies). Canadian citizens were asked to distinguish between Canadian citizenship by birth and Canadian citizenship by naturalization. Persons who were born outside Canada and who are Canadian citizens by birth were requested to report 'Canada, by birth'. In 2006, as in 1996 and 2001, a space was provided for a write-in response, as well as for the mark-in responses of 'Canada, by birth' and 'Canada, by naturalization'. Respondents could write in a country of citizenship other than Canada. Multiple responses to the citizenship question were also accepted. In the 1971 Census, respondents were asked to indicate specific countries of citizenship. In 1981, 1986 and 1991, the format of the question was changed. For those censuses, citizenship information for specific countries is available, but only for respondents who indicated the same country for their citizenship and their place of birth. Data for the 2006 Census, as in 1996 and 2001, will not be published for all countries of citizenship and dual citizenship. Unpublished data relating to persons who indicated dual citizenship are available upon special request, subject to restrictions imposed to ensure confidentiality. Direct variable: Question 10

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Canada, by birth	669297	24760357.5	80.5%
2	Canada, by naturalization	121996	4513190.1	14.7%
3	Other country(ies)	40475	1497355.4	4.9%
8	Not available	12708	470127.0	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

CITOTH: [CITOTH] Citizenship other than Canadian

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-13] [Missing=*/88/99]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=58080 / 2148644.867] [Invalid=786396 / 29092385.133]
Universe	Total population, including non-permanent residents, excluding institutional residents
Literal question	Of what country is this person a citizen?
Interviewer's instructions	Indicate more than one citizenship, if applicable. "Canada, by naturalization" refers to the process by which an immigrant is granted citizenship of Canada, under the Citizenship Act.
Notes	The census citizenship question refers not only to Canadian citizenship status but also to citizenships of countries other than Canada. In the 1991 citizenship question, two answer circles were provided for respondents to indicate if they were citizens

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CITOTH: [CITOTH] Citizenship other than Canadian

of their country of birth and/or citizens of another country. In 1996, 2001 and 2006, these two answer circles were removed, and respondents were to write in the name(s) of the country(ies), other than Canada, where they held citizenship. This new variable refers to citizenship(s) other than Canadian held by respondents, regardless of their Canadian citizenship status. For respondents who reported a single citizenship other than Canadian, countries of citizenship are shown separately, subject to confidentiality constraints. Responses of individuals who indicated multiple citizenships other than Canadian (e.g., France and Spain) are aggregated under the 'Multiple citizenships other than Canadian' code.
Direct variable: Question 10

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	United States of America	4568	168991.2	7.9%
2	Other America and Caribbean	6190	228996.4	10.7%
3	Western Europe	3330	123191.9	5.7%
4	Eastern Europe	4246	157079.0	7.3%
5	Northern Europe	5953	220228.7	10.2%
6	Southern Europe	4499	166438.6	7.7%
7	Africa	4028	149014.1	6.9%
8	West Central Asia and the Middle East	4161	153934.4	7.2%
9	Eastern Asia	8887	328770.8	15.3%
10	Southeast Asia	3303	122193.1	5.7%
11	Southern Asia	8252	305279.2	14.2%
12	Oceania and other	486	17979.4	0.8%
13	Multiple citizenships other than Canadian	177	6548.0	0.3%
88	Not available	12703	469942.1	
99	Not applicable	773693	28622443.1	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

CMA: [CMA] Census metropolitan area

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 205-999] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents
Notes	Refers to the census metropolitan area (CMA) or census agglomeration (CA) where current residence is located (2006). Please note that contrary to the variables CMA1 and CMA5, the variable CMA does not distinguish between the non-CMA/ CA areas of the territories and those in the rest of the country. Users interested in making this distinction for comparability purposes may use the variable province of residence (PR). Direct variable: Form 2B

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
205	Halifax	10081	372942.3	1.2%
399	Moncton - Saint John	6675	246938.8	0.8%
421	Québec	19002	702970.9	2.3%
462	Montréal	96925	3585699.1	11.5%
499	Sherbrooke - Trois-Rivières	8679	321075.9	1.0%
505	Ottawa - Gatineau	30134	1114794.5	3.6%
532	Oshawa	8955	331286.4	1.1%
535	Toronto	137290	5078985.1	16.3%
537	Hamilton	18319	677703.6	2.2%
539	St. Catharines - Niagara	10524	389330.9	1.2%
541	Kitchener	11970	442825.1	1.4%
555	London	12172	450298.0	1.4%

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CMA: [CMA] Census metropolitan area

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
559	Windsor	8606	318375.3	1.0%
577	Brantford - Guelph - Barrie	11444	423365.9	1.4%
588	Kingston - Peterborough	7171	265288.1	0.8%
599	Greater Sudbury/Grand Sudbury - Thunder Bay	7591	280825.8	0.9%
602	Winnipeg	18464	683067.8	2.2%
799	Regina - Saskatoon	11457	423846.8	1.4%
825	Calgary	28916	1069735.1	3.4%
835	Edmonton	27561	1019607.5	3.3%
933	Vancouver	56529	2091266.3	6.7%
935	Victoria	8856	327623.9	1.0%
988	Kelowna - Abbotsford	8645	319818.1	1.0%
999	Other census metropolitan areas, Census Agglomerations and o	278510	10303358.8	33.0%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

CONDO: [CONDO] Tenure - Condominium

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*/8/9]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=612043 / 22642270.146] [Invalid=232433 / 8598759.853]
Universe	Population in private households in owner-occupied private non-farm dwellings
Literal question	Is this dwelling part of a registered condominium?
Post-question	Yes - continue with part (f) No - go to Step G on next page
Notes	<p>Refers to whether or not the dwelling is part of a registered condominium.</p> <p>A condominium is a residential complex in which dwellings are owned individually while land is held in joint ownership with others.</p> <p>Note: In 1986, the variable Tenure – Condominium did not include dwellings on reserves.</p> <p>Direct variable: Question H8 (e)</p>

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	Not a condominium	565679	20927053.7	92.4%
1	Condominium	46364	1715216.4	7.6%
8	Not available	2960	109503.9	
9	Not applicable	229473	8489255.9	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

COW: [COW] Class of worker

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-6] [Missing=*/8/9]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=495164 / 18318381.314] [Invalid=349312 / 12922648.686]
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents, who worked since January 1, 2005
Notes	<p>This variable classifies persons who reported a job into the following categories: <ol style="list-style-type:lower-alpha"></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> persons who worked mainly for wages, salaries, commissions, tips, piece-rates, or payments 'in kind' (payments in goods or services rather than money) persons who worked mainly for themselves, with or without paid help, operating a business, farm or professional practice, alone or in partnership persons who worked without pay in a family business, farm or professional practice owned or operated by a related household member; unpaid family work does not include unpaid housework, unpaid childcare, unpaid care to seniors and volunteer work. <p>The job reported was the one held in the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to enumeration (May 16, 2006) if the person was employed, or the job of longest duration since January 1, 2005, if the person was not employed during the reference week.</p>

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COW: [COW] Class of worker

	<p>Persons with two or more jobs in the reference week were asked to provide information for the job at which they worked the most hours.</p> <p>Incorporation status:
 Refers to the legal status of a business, farm or professional practice. It is directed at persons who were mainly self-employed, either with or without paid help in the job reported (i.e., their job in the week [Sunday to Saturday] prior to enumeration [May 16, 2006] or the one of longest duration since January 1, 2005). An incorporated business is a business, farm or professional practice that has been formed into a legal corporation, thus constituting a legal entity under either federal or provincial laws. An unincorporated business, farm or professional practice is not a separate legal entity, but may be a partnership, family business or owner-operated business.</p> <p>The question on incorporation is often used in conjunction with class of worker data, since self-employed persons who reported their farm or business as incorporated can be included with paid workers in certain types of analysis.</p> <p>Wage and salary earners:
 Includes persons 15 years of age and over who worked since January 1, 2005, and who indicated that in the job reported, they were working mainly for wages, salaries, commissions, tips, piece-rates or payments 'in kind' (payments in goods or services rather than money).</p> <p>Self-employed:
 Includes persons 15 years of age and over who worked since January 1, 2005, and for whom the job reported consisted mainly of operating a business, farm or professional practice, alone or in partnership.</p> <p>Unpaid family workers (worked without pay for a relative in a family business, farm or professional practice):
 Includes persons 15 years of age and over who worked without regular money wages, for a relative who was a member of the same household. The job reported consisted mainly of tasks contributing to the operation of a business, farm or professional practice, owned or operated by the relative.</p> <p>Derived variable: Questions 44 and 45</p>
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Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Unpaid family workers - Worked without pay for a relative in	1320	48832.8	0.3%
2	Paid worker - Originally self-employed without paid help, in	7787	288076.7	1.6%
3	Paid worker - Originally self-employed with paid help, incor	11515	425992.5	2.3%
4	Paid worker - Working for wages, salary, tips or commission	438277	16213871.0	88.5%
5	Self-employed without paid help, not incorporated	26079	964781.5	5.3%
6	Self-employed with paid help, not incorporated	10186	376826.7	2.1%
8	Not available	2244	83015.8	
9	Not applicable	347068	12839632.9	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

CQPPB: [CQPPB] Canada/Quebec Pension Plan benefits

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-24500] [Missing=*/8888888/9999999]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=692509 / 25619075.55] [Invalid=151967 / 5621954.45] [Mean=1131.152 / 1131.152] [StdDev=2679.814 / 2679.812]
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents
Literal question	During the year ending December 31, 2005, did this person receive any income from the sources listed below? Benefit from Canada or Quebec Pension Plan
Notes	<p>Refers to benefits received during calendar year 2005 from the Canada or Quebec Pension Plan (for example, retirement pensions, survivors' benefits and disability pensions). Does not include lump-sum death benefits.</p> <p>Direct variable: Question 52 (f)</p> <p>The value 8,888,888 stands for not available. The value 9,999,999 stands for not applicable and is applied to all persons less than 15 years of age. Otherwise, this variable is always positive or zero and is a rounded value of the amount received by the individual in 2005. Values that would have been rounded to zero have been replaced by 1.</p>

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8888888	Not available	797	29484.7	
9999999	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

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DIST: [DIST] Commuting distance to work

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-7] [Missing=*/9]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=402135 / 14876813.076] [Invalid=442341 / 16364216.924]
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents, who worked at some time since January 1, 2005 at a usual workplace address, or had no fixed workplace address
Literal question	At what address did this person usually work most of the time?
Post-question	Worked at home (including farms) - go to Question 48 Worked outside Canada - go to Question 48 No fixed workplace address - go to Question 48 Worked at address specified below - go to Question 48
Interviewer's instructions	<p>If direction (e.g., North, South, East or West) is a part of the street address, please include it.
 If street address is unknown or if the address is a post office box, specify the building or nearest street intersection. Do not give a post office box number.
 Please give the name of the city or town rather than the metropolitan area of which it is a part.
 For example:
</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Saanich rather than Victoria (metropolitan area); • St. Albert rather than Edmonton (metropolitan area); • Laval rather than Montréal (metropolitan area). <p>If the address of work is different than the address of the employer, please provide the address where this person actually works (e.g., school teachers should provide the address of their school, not the address of the school board).</p>
Notes	<p>Refers to the distance, in kilometres, between the respondent's residence and his or her usual workplace location. The variable relates to non-institutional residents 15 years of age and over who worked at some time since January 1, 2005. The variable usually relates to the individual's job held in the week prior to enumeration. However, if the person did not work during that week but had worked at some time since January 1, 2005, the information relates to the job held longest during that period.</p> <p>Derived variable: Question 46</p>

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Distance less than 5 km	146239	5410049.5	36.4%
2	Distance 5 to 9.9 km	90044	3331139.4	22.4%
3	Distance 10 to 14.9 km	52691	1949281.1	13.1%
4	Distance 15 to 19.9 km	33082	1223854.5	8.2%
5	Distance 20 to 24.9 km	21101	780622.5	5.2%
6	Distance 25 to 29.9 km	13865	512929.8	3.4%
7	Distance greater than or equal to 30 km	45113	1668936.2	11.2%
9	Not applicable	442341	16364216.9	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

EFINC: [EFINC] Economic family income groups

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-28] [Missing=*/88/99]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=722676 / 26735090.868] [Invalid=121800 / 4505939.131]
Universe	Persons in economic families in private households
Notes	<p>Economic family income for all persons in economic families. The total income of an economic family is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that family.</p> <p>Derived variable</p>

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Under \$2,000	4187	154896.3	0.6%
2	\$ 2,000 to \$ 4,999	2874	106322.4	0.4%
3	\$ 5,000 to \$ 6,999	3394	125559.6	0.5%
4	\$ 7,000 to \$ 9,999	4704	174022.5	0.7%
5	\$ 10,000 to \$ 11,999	3904	144426.8	0.5%
6	\$ 12,000 to \$ 14,999	7970	294846.8	1.1%
7	\$ 15,000 to \$ 16,999	5911	218674.9	0.8%

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EFINC: [EFINC] Economic family income groups

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8	\$ 17,000 to \$ 19,999	10507	388702.0	1.5%
9	\$ 20,000 to \$ 24,999	23001	850912.2	3.2%
10	\$ 25,000 to \$ 29,999	28084	1038955.6	3.9%
11	\$ 30,000 to \$ 34,999	30093	1113277.7	4.2%
12	\$ 35,000 to \$ 39,999	33745	1248381.9	4.7%
13	\$ 40,000 to \$ 44,999	34039	1259258.3	4.7%
14	\$ 45,000 to \$ 49,999	33003	1220931.9	4.6%
15	\$ 50,000 to \$ 54,999	33217	1228848.8	4.6%
16	\$ 55,000 to \$ 59,999	32286	1194406.8	4.5%
17	\$ 60,000 to \$ 64,999	32419	1199327.1	4.5%
18	\$ 65,000 to \$ 69,999	31423	1162480.5	4.3%
19	\$ 70,000 to \$ 74,999	30014	1110355.1	4.2%
20	\$ 75,000 to \$ 79,999	28905	1069328.2	4.0%
21	\$ 80,000 to \$ 89,999	53364	1974178.5	7.4%
22	\$ 90,000 to \$ 99,999	46966	1737487.2	6.5%
23	\$ 100,000 to \$ 124,999	85854	3176132.2	11.9%
24	\$ 125,000 to \$ 149,999	49250	1821982.8	6.8%
25	\$ 150,000 to \$ 174,999	27753	1026710.4	3.8%
26	\$175,000 to \$199,999	14830	548629.5	2.1%
27	\$200,000 to \$249,999	13766	509267.3	1.9%
28	\$250,000 and over	17213	636787.6	2.4%
88	Not available	365	13503.0	
99	Not applicable	121435	4492436.1	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

EFINC_AT: [EFINC_AT] Economic family after-tax income groups

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-26] [Missing=*/88/99]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=722676 / 26735090.868] [Invalid=121800 / 4505939.131]
Universe	Persons in economic families in private households
Notes	After-tax income of economic families for all persons. The after-tax income of an economic family is the sum of the after-tax incomes of all members of that family. Derived variable

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Under \$2,000	4497	166364.6	0.6%
2	\$ 2,000 to \$ 4,999	2941	108801.0	0.4%
3	\$ 5,000 to \$ 6,999	3409	126114.5	0.5%
4	\$ 7,000 to \$ 9,999	4814	178091.9	0.7%
5	\$ 10,000 to \$ 11,999	3962	146572.5	0.5%
6	\$ 12,000 to \$ 14,999	8157	301764.7	1.1%
7	\$ 15,000 to \$ 16,999	6067	224446.1	0.8%
8	\$ 17,000 to \$ 19,999	10922	404054.7	1.5%
9	\$ 20,000 to \$ 24,999	24541	907883.8	3.4%
10	\$ 25,000 to \$ 29,999	31871	1179054.1	4.4%
11	\$ 30,000 to \$ 34,999	38337	1418261.0	5.3%

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EFINC_AT: [EFINC_AT] Economic family after-tax income groups

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)	
12	\$ 35,000 to \$ 39,999	43061	1593023.4	<div></div>	6.0%
13	\$ 40,000 to \$ 44,999	42943	1588658.0	<div></div>	5.9%
14	\$ 45,000 to \$ 49,999	42327	1565869.3	<div></div>	5.9%
15	\$ 50,000 to \$ 54,999	42391	1568237.0	<div></div>	5.9%
16	\$ 55,000 to \$ 59,999	41037	1518146.3	<div></div>	5.7%
17	\$ 60,000 to \$ 64,999	39340	1455366.5	<div></div>	5.4%
18	\$ 65,000 to \$ 69,999	37128	1373534.5	<div></div>	5.1%
19	\$ 70,000 to \$ 74,999	34474	1275350.9	<div></div>	4.8%
20	\$ 75,000 to \$ 79,999	31833	1177648.3	<div></div>	4.4%
21	\$ 80,000 to \$ 89,999	54577	2019052.9	<div></div>	7.6%
22	\$ 90,000 to \$ 99,999	42799	1583330.8	<div></div>	5.9%
23	\$ 100,000 to \$ 124,999	65381	2418742.3	<div></div>	9.0%
24	\$ 125,000 to \$ 149,999	30466	1127076.7	<div></div>	4.2%
25	\$ 150,000 to \$ 199,999	21178	783471.1	<div></div>	2.9%
26	\$ 200,000 and over	14223	526173.8	<div></div>	2.0%
88	Not available	365	13503.0		
99	Not applicable	121435	4492436.1		

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

EFNOTCF: [EFNOTCF] Presence of persons not in census families in economic family

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*/9]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=723041 / 26748593.888] [Invalid=121435 / 4492436.112]
Universe	Persons in economic families in private households
Notes	Refers to the presence of persons not in census families in the economic family. Derived variable: Questions 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)	
0	None	674276	24944553.5	<div></div>	93.3%
1	One or more	48765	1804040.4	<div></div>	6.7%
9	Not applicable	121435	4492436.1		

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

EFSIZE: [EFSIZE] Number of persons in economic family

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-7] [Missing=*/9]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=840026 / 31076404.144] [Invalid=4450 / 164625.855]
Universe	Number of people in economic family. Equals 1 for persons not in an economic family. Derived variable: Questions 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6
Notes	Population in private households

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)	
1	Person not in an economic family	116985	4327810.3	<div></div>	13.9%
2	Two persons	216270	8000816.6	<div></div>	25.7%
3	Three persons	154452	5713886.0	<div></div>	18.4%
4	Four persons	198697	7350710.9	<div></div>	23.7%
5	Five persons	96252	3560801.8	<div></div>	11.5%
6	Six persons	35174	1301247.2	<div></div>	4.2%

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EFSIZE: [EFSIZE] Number of persons in economic family

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
7	Seven or more persons	22196	821131.6	2.6%
9	Not applicable	4450	164625.9	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

EICBN: [EICBN] Employment insurance benefits

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-27000] [Missing=*/8888888/9999999]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=692509 / 25619075.55] [Invalid=151967 / 5621954.45] [Mean=468.218 / 468.218] [StdDev=1988.304 / 1988.303]
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents
Literal question	During the year ending December 31, 2005, did this person receive any income from the sources listed below? Benefits from Employment Insurance (total benefits before tax deductions)
Notes	Refers to total employment insurance benefits received during calendar year 2005, before income tax deductions. It includes benefits for unemployment, sickness, maternity, paternity, adoption, work sharing, retraining and benefits to self-employed fishers received under the federal employment insurance program. Direct variable: Question 52 (g) The value 8,888,888 stands for not available. The value 9,999,999 stands for not applicable and is applied to all persons less than 15 years of age. Otherwise, this variable is always positive or zero and is a rounded value of the amount received by the individual in 2005. Values that would have been rounded to zero have been replaced by 1.

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8888888	Not available	797	29484.7	
9999999	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

EMPIN: [EMPIN] Employment income

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= -50000-1202476] [Missing=*/8888888/9999999]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=692509 / 25619075.55] [Invalid=151967 / 5621954.45] [Mean=26253.286 / 26253.286] [StdDev=48559.807 / 48559.773]
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents
Notes	Refers to total income received by persons 15 years of age and over during calendar year 2005 as wages and salaries, net income from a non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice, and/or net farm self-employment income. Derived variable: Questions 52 (a), (b) and (c) The value 8,888,888 stands for not available. The value 9,999,999 stands for not applicable and is applied to all persons less than 15 years of age. Otherwise, this variable could be positive, negative or zero and is a rounded value of the amount received by the individual in 2005. Values that would have been rounded to zero have been replaced by 1. In some cases, high values have been top coded in this file.

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8888888	Not available	797	29484.7	
9999999	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

ETHDER: [ETHDER] Derived single and selected multiple ethnic origins

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-51] [Missing=*/88]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=828608 / 30654000.097] [Invalid=15868 / 587029.903]
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents
Notes	This variable provides a distribution of the total population by single responses and selected multiple responses to the ethnic origin question (Question 17). Due to the increasingly high proportion of respondents who report multiple origins in the census, it is recommended that this variable be used for only very specific purposes. The abbreviation 'n.i.e.' means 'not included elsewhere.' The abbreviation 'n.o.s.' means 'not otherwise specified.' For additional information on issues related to the collection and dissemination of ethnic origin data, and on the comparability of ethnic origin data over time, refer to the Ethnic Origin Reference Guide, 2006 Census.

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ETHDER: [ETHDER] Derived single and selected multiple ethnic origins

The variable 'ethnic origins (EthDer),' derived from single responses and some multiple responses, includes six categories more than the 2001 variable ETHNI. The multiple response categories remain the same, but six single response categories were added for ethnic origins that showed a sizable increase in 2006.
Derived variable

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Canadian	155517	5753285.2	18.8%
2	Provincial or regional origins	2663	98516.6	0.3%
3	Aboriginal origins	16856	623580.5	2.0%
4	French origins	33881	1253413.2	4.1%
5	English	37109	1372831.7	4.5%
6	Irish	13004	481077.4	1.6%
7	Scottish	14870	550109.3	1.8%
8	Welsh	523	19348.2	0.1%
9	Other British origins	2159	79871.3	0.3%
10	Jamaican	3361	124338.8	0.4%
11	Other Caribbean origins	5123	189523.2	0.6%
12	Latin, Central and South American origins	4734	175132.3	0.6%
13	Dutch (Netherlands)	7883	291628.2	1.0%
14	German	17675	653879.1	2.1%
15	Other Western European origins	1930	71399.5	0.2%
16	Swedish	567	20975.9	0.1%
17	Norwegian	1037	38363.4	0.1%
18	Danish	645	23861.5	0.1%
19	Finnish	626	23158.6	0.1%
20	Other Northern European origins	267	9877.6	0.0%
21	Hungarian (Magyar)	1930	71399.5	0.2%
22	Polish	6923	256113.4	0.8%
23	Russian	2184	80796.2	0.3%
24	Ukrainian	7964	294624.8	1.0%
25	Romanian	1728	63926.6	0.2%
26	Other Eastern European origins	1701	62927.8	0.2%
27	Greek	3546	131182.8	0.4%
28	Italian	19785	731937.6	2.4%
29	Portuguese	6787	251082.2	0.8%
30	Spanish	1341	49609.7	0.2%
31	Other Southern European origins	5790	214198.6	0.7%
32	Jewish	3442	127335.3	0.4%
33	African origins	6346	234767.6	0.8%
34	Lebanese	2259	83570.7	0.3%
35	Other Arab origins	5144	190300.1	0.6%
36	West Asian origins	5691	210536.1	0.7%
37	East Indian	20844	771114.9	2.5%
38	Other South Asian origins	8077	298805.2	1.0%
39	Chinese	30628	1133069.8	3.7%
40	Filipino	8400	310754.4	1.0%

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ETHDER: [ETHDER] Derived single and selected multiple ethnic origins

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
41	Korean	3155	116717.9	0.4%
42	Vietnamese	3010	111353.7	0.4%
43	Other East and Southeast Asian origins	2756	101957.0	0.3%
44	All other single response origins	1121	41470.9	0.1%
45	Canadian, British, French and provincial origins only	140081	5182236.9	16.9%
46	Canadian, British, French and provincial and other origins o	135446	5010767.1	16.3%
47	Aboriginal origins only	338	12504.2	0.0%
48	Aboriginal and Canadian, British, French and provincial orig	16874	624246.4	2.0%
49	Aboriginal and Canadian, British, French and provincial and	8000	295956.6	1.0%
50	Aboriginal and other origins only	2027	74988.0	0.2%
51	Other origins only	44860	1659576.6	5.4%
88	Not available	15868	587029.9	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

FOL: [FOL] First official language spoken

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-4] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents
Notes	Refers to a variable specified within the framework of the application of the Official Languages Act. Derived variable: Questions 13, 15 (a) and 16

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	English	627447	23212134.6	74.3%
2	French	194538	7196850.5	23.0%
3	Both English and French	8946	330953.5	1.1%
4	Neither English nor French	13545	501091.5	1.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

FPTWK: [FPTWK] Full-time or part-time weeks worked in 2005

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-2] [Missing=*/9]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=482350 / 17844332.841] [Invalid=362126 / 13396697.159]
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents, who worked for pay or in self-employment in 2005
Literal question	During most of those weeks, did this person work full time or part time?
Interviewer's instructions	Mark one circle only.
Notes	Refers to persons who worked for pay or in self-employment in 2005. These persons were asked to report whether the weeks they worked in 2005 were full-time weeks (30 hours or more per week) or not, on the basis of all jobs held. Persons with a part-time job for part of the year and a full-time job for another part of the year were to report the information for the job at which they worked the most weeks. Direct variable: Question 50

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Worked mainly full-time weeks in 2005	374868	13868082.0	77.7%
2	Worked mainly part-time weeks in 2005	107482	3976250.8	22.3%
9	Not applicable	362126	13396697.2	

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FPTWK: [FPTWK] Full-time or part-time weeks worked in 2005

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

GENSTAT: [GENSTAT] Generation status

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-4] [Missing=*/8/9]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=693272 / 25647302.41] [Invalid=151204 / 5593727.59]
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents
Notes	<p>Refers to the generational status of a person, that is, '1st generation', '2nd generation' or '3rd generation or more.'</p> <p>Generation status is derived from place of birth of respondent (Question 9), place of birth of father (Question 25 [a]) and place of birth of mother (Question 25 [b]). For more information on the place of birth questions in the 2006 Census, refer to the definitions of Place of birth of respondent, Place of birth of father and Place of birth of mother. Generation status includes three response categories, which are defined as follows: 1st generation: persons born outside Canada. For the most part, these are people who are now, or have ever been, landed immigrants in Canada. Also included in the first generation are a small number of people born outside Canada to parents who are Canadian citizens by birth. In addition, the first generation includes people who are non-permanent residents (defined as people from another country in Canada on work or study permits or as refugee claimants, and any family members living with them in Canada). 2nd generation: persons born inside Canada with at least one parent born outside Canada. This includes (a) persons born in Canada with both parents born outside Canada and (b) persons born in Canada with one parent born in Canada and one parent born outside Canada (these persons may have grandparents born inside or outside Canada as well). 3rd generation or more: persons born inside Canada with both parents born inside Canada (these persons may have grandparents born inside or outside Canada as well).</p> <p>Derived variable: Questions 9 and 25 (a) and 25 (b)</p>

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	First generation	165174	6110541.8	<div><div></div></div> 23.8%
2	2nd generation, both parents born outside Canada	55862	2066590.9	<div><div></div></div> 8.1%
3	2nd generation, one parent born outside Canada	52416	1939107.6	<div><div></div></div> 7.6%
4	3rd generation, respondent born in Canada, both parents born	419820	15531062.1	<div><div></div></div> 60.6%
8	Not available	34	1257.8	
9	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

GOVTI: [GOVTI] Other government income

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-56000] [Missing=*/8888888/9999999]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=692509 / 25619075.55] [Invalid=151967 / 5621954.45] [Mean=667.906 / 667.906] [StdDev=2437.976 / 2437.974]
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents
Literal question	During the year ending December 31, 2005, did this person receive any income from the sources listed below? Other income from government sources, such as provincial income supplements and grants, the GST/QST/HST credit, provincial tax credits, workers' compensation, veterans' pensions, welfare payments.
Notes	<p>Refers to all transfer payments, excluding those covered as a separate income source (child benefits, old age security pensions and guaranteed income supplements, Canada or Quebec Pension Plan benefits and employment insurance benefits) received from federal, provincial, territorial or municipal programs during the calendar year 2005. This source includes social assistance payments received by persons in need, such as mothers with dependent children, persons temporarily or permanently unable to work, elderly individuals, the blind and persons with disabilities. Included are provincial income supplement payments to seniors and provincial payments to help offset accommodation costs. Also included are other transfer payments, such as payments received from training programs sponsored by the federal and provincial governments, veterans' pensions, war veterans' allowance, pensions to widows and dependants of veterans, and workers' compensation. Additionally, refundable provincial tax credits and refunds of the Goods and Services Tax (GST), Quebec Sales Tax (QST), Saskatchewan Sales Tax Credit (SSTC) or Harmonized Sales Tax (HST) received in 2005 are included.</p> <p>Direct variable: Question 52 (h)</p> <p>The value 8,888,888 stands for not available. The value 9,999,999 stands for not applicable and is applied to all persons less than 15 years of age. Otherwise, this variable is always positive or zero and is a rounded value of the amount received by the individual in 2005. Values that would have been rounded to zero have been replaced by 1.</p>

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8888888	Not available	797	29484.7	
9999999	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	

File : pumf_95M0028_E_2006_individuals_F1

GOVTI: [GOVTI] Other government income

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

GROSRT: [GROSRT] Gross rent

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-2052] [Missing=*/8888/9999]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=216735 / 8018019.028] [Invalid=627741 / 23223010.971] [Mean=781.645 / 781.645] [StdDev=376.537 / 376.536]
Universe	Population in private households in tenant-occupied private non-farm dwellings
Notes	<p>Refers to the total average monthly payments paid by tenant households to secure shelter. Gross rent includes payments for electricity, oil, gas, coal, wood or other fuels, water and other municipal services, and cash rent. Tenant-occupied private non-farm dwellings.</p> <p>Derived variable: Questions H6 (a), (b), (c) and H7</p> <p>The value 8,888 stands for not available. The value 9,999 stands for not applicable and is applied to persons in collective households, overseas households, farm dwellings, and owner-occupied dwellings. Otherwise, this variable is always positive or zero and is a rounded amount paid by tenant-occupied households. In some cases, high values have been top coded in this file.</p>

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8888	Not available	65	2404.6	
9999	Not applicable	627676	23220606.3	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

GTRFS: [GTRFS] Total government transfer payments

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-79000] [Missing=*/8888888/9999999]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=692509 / 25619075.55] [Invalid=151967 / 5621954.45] [Mean=3722.847 / 3722.847] [StdDev=5632.393 / 5632.389]
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents
Notes	<p>Refers to total income from all transfer payments received from federal, provincial, territorial or municipal governments during calendar year 2005. This variable is derived by summing the amounts reported in: the old age security pension and guaranteed income supplement, allowance and allowance for the survivor benefits, from Canada or Quebec Pension Plan benefits, from employment insurance, child benefits and other income from government sources.</p> <p>Derived variable based upon responses to Question 52 (d), (e), (f), (g) and (h)</p> <p>The value 8,888,888 stands for not available. The value 9,999,999 stands for not applicable and is applied to all persons less than 15 years of age. Otherwise, this variable is always positive or zero and is a rounded value of the amount received by the individual in 2005. Values that would have been rounded to zero have been replaced by 1.</p>

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8888888	Not available	797	29484.7	
9999999	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

HDGREE: [HDGREE] Highest certificate, diploma or degree

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-13] [Missing=*/88/99]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=690731 / 25553299.197] [Invalid=153745 / 5687730.803]
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents
Notes	<p>Information indicating the person's most advanced certificate, diploma or degree. This is a derived variable obtained from the educational qualifications questions, which asked for all certificates, diplomas and degrees to be reported. There is an implied hierarchy in this variable (secondary school graduation, registered apprenticeship and trades, college, university) which is loosely tied to the 'in-class' duration of the various types of education. However, at the detailed level a registered apprenticeship graduate may not have completed a secondary school certificate or diploma, nor does an individual with a master's degree necessarily have a certificate or diploma above the bachelor's degree level. Therefore, although the sequence is more or less hierarchical, it is a general rather than an absolute gradient measure of academic achievement.</p> <p>The questions on completed credentials changed significantly in 2006 compared to previous censuses (for a complete discussion of the changes, see the Education Reference Guide, Census 2006). Specifically, the 2006 Census included a unique question for each level of educational attainment, rather than including all levels as part of a single list (as was done in censuses prior to 2006). While most of the individual levels of educational attainment are found to be comparable historically, some changes observed over time are the result of changes to the questionnaire. Users should be aware that underreporting of high school completions contributed to elevated results for the less than high school category in censuses</p>

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HDGREE: [HDGREE] Highest certificate, diploma or degree

prior to 2006, as well as impacting the data for high school graduation. A change was made in the 2006 Census questionnaire to specifically include certification by a type of educational institution found only in Quebec, the 'centres de formation professionnelle,' and this has influenced the data on trade certifications in Quebec. Users of the 'University certificate or diploma below the bachelor level' category should know that an unexpected increase in this category was noted compared to the 2001 Census. It is recommended that users not compare this category in 2006 with previous censuses. The college category and university categories at the bachelor's level and above are comparable over time.

For more information, please see the Education Reference Guide, 2006 Census (<http://www.statcan.gc.ca/bsolc/olc-cel/olc-cel?catno=97-560-GWE2006003&lang=eng>)

Derived variable: Questions 26, 27, 28 and 29

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	None	164223	6075360.0	23.8%
2	High school graduation certificate or equivalency certificat	177216	6556030.5	25.7%
3	Other trades certificate or diploma	48181	1782435.6	7.0%
4	Registered apprenticeship certificate	26958	997299.7	3.9%
5	College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diplom	15764	583182.5	2.3%
6	College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diplom	57320	2120529.0	8.3%
7	College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diplom	46666	1726388.8	6.8%
8	University certificate or diploma below bachelor level	30334	1122193.4	4.4%
9	Bachelor's degree	80492	2977767.3	11.7%
10	University certificate or diploma above bachelor level	12958	479375.7	1.9%
11	Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optome	3101	114720.2	0.4%
12	Master's degree	23356	864045.3	3.4%
13	Earned doctorate degree	4162	153971.4	0.6%
88	Not available	2575	95261.0	
99	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	

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HHCLASS: [HHCLASS] Private household indicator

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents
Notes	<p>Household: Refers to a person or a group of persons (other than foreign residents) who occupy the same dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada. It may consist of a family group (census family) with or without other persons not in a census family, of two or more families sharing a dwelling, of a group of unrelated persons, or of one person living alone. Household members who are temporarily absent on Census Day (e.g., temporary residents elsewhere) are considered as part of their usual household. For census purposes, every person is a member of one and only one household. Unless otherwise specified, all data in household reports are for private households only.</p> <p>Private household refers to a person or a group of persons (other than foreign residents) who occupy a private dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada.</p> <p>Other Households Refers to a person or a group of persons who occupy a collective dwelling and do not have a usual place of residence elsewhere in Canada, or to a person or a group of persons residing together outside Canada on government, military or diplomatic postings.</p> <p>Derived variable</p>

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	Not a private household	4450	164625.9	0.5%
1	Private household	840026	31076404.1	99.5%

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HHCLASS: [HHCLASS] Private household indicator

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

HHINC: [HHINC] Household income groups

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-28] [Missing=*/88/99]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=839505 / 31057129.971] [Invalid=4971 / 183900.028]
Universe	Persons in private households
Notes	The total income of a household is the sum of the total incomes of all members of that household. Derived variable

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Under \$2,000	7661	283415.4	0.9%
2	\$ 2,000 to \$ 4,999	4276	158188.8	0.5%
3	\$ 5,000 to \$ 6,999	5250	194221.5	0.6%
4	\$ 7,000 to \$ 9,999	9448	349524.7	1.1%
5	\$ 10,000 to \$ 11,999	6944	256890.3	0.8%
6	\$ 12,000 to \$ 14,999	15218	562983.4	1.8%
7	\$ 15,000 to \$ 16,999	11925	441160.3	1.4%
8	\$ 17,000 to \$ 19,999	18350	678850.4	2.2%
9	\$ 20,000 to \$ 24,999	31738	1174133.8	3.8%
10	\$ 25,000 to \$ 29,999	36129	1336577.0	4.3%
11	\$ 30,000 to \$ 34,999	38252	1415116.4	4.6%
12	\$ 35,000 to \$ 39,999	40529	1499353.1	4.8%
13	\$ 40,000 to \$ 44,999	40106	1483704.4	4.8%
14	\$ 45,000 to \$ 49,999	38548	1426066.8	4.6%
15	\$ 50,000 to \$ 54,999	37819	1399097.8	4.5%
16	\$ 55,000 to \$ 59,999	36565	1352706.6	4.4%
17	\$ 60,000 to \$ 64,999	36341	1344419.8	4.3%
18	\$ 65,000 to \$ 69,999	34663	1282342.9	4.1%
19	\$ 70,000 to \$ 74,999	32675	1208797.7	3.9%
20	\$ 75,000 to \$ 79,999	31389	1161222.7	3.7%
21	\$ 80,000 to \$ 89,999	57110	2112760.1	6.8%
22	\$ 90,000 to \$ 99,999	49709	1838963.3	5.9%
23	\$ 100,000 to \$ 124,999	90381	3343606.6	10.8%
24	\$ 125,000 to \$ 149,999	51547	1906959.3	6.1%
25	\$ 150,000 to \$ 174,999	29064	1075210.3	3.5%
26	\$175,000 to \$199,999	15527	574414.8	1.8%
27	\$200,000 to \$249,999	14476	535533.5	1.7%
28	\$250,000 and over	17865	660908.1	2.1%
88	Not available	521	19274.2	
99	Not applicable	4450	164625.9	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

HHINC_AT: [HHINC_AT] Household after-tax income groups

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-26] [Missing=*/88/99]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=839505 / 31057129.971] [Invalid=4971 / 183900.028]
Universe	Persons in private households

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HHINC_AT: [HHINC_AT] Household after-tax income groups

Notes	The after-tax income of households for all persons is the sum of the after-tax incomes of all members of that household. Derived variable
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Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Under \$2,000	8055	297991.3	1.0%
2	\$ 2,000 to \$ 4,999	4381	162073.2	0.5%
3	\$ 5,000 to \$ 6,999	5299	196034.2	0.6%
4	\$ 7,000 to \$ 9,999	9621	355924.8	1.1%
5	\$ 10,000 to \$ 11,999	7116	263253.4	0.8%
6	\$ 12,000 to \$ 14,999	15823	585365.1	1.9%
7	\$ 15,000 to \$ 16,999	12678	469017.2	1.5%
8	\$ 17,000 to \$ 19,999	20166	746032.6	2.4%
9	\$ 20,000 to \$ 24,999	35371	1308535.1	4.2%
10	\$ 25,000 to \$ 29,999	42708	1579964.3	5.1%
11	\$ 30,000 to \$ 34,999	47257	1748252.6	5.6%
12	\$ 35,000 to \$ 39,999	50622	1872739.3	6.0%
13	\$ 40,000 to \$ 44,999	49238	1821538.8	5.9%
14	\$ 45,000 to \$ 49,999	47662	1763235.4	5.7%
15	\$ 50,000 to \$ 54,999	46952	1736969.2	5.6%
16	\$ 55,000 to \$ 59,999	44765	1656062.1	5.3%
17	\$ 60,000 to \$ 64,999	42415	1569124.9	5.1%
18	\$ 65,000 to \$ 69,999	39635	1466279.9	4.7%
19	\$ 70,000 to \$ 74,999	36633	1355222.2	4.4%
20	\$ 75,000 to \$ 79,999	33519	1240021.1	4.0%
21	\$ 80,000 to \$ 89,999	57269	2118642.3	6.8%
22	\$ 90,000 to \$ 99,999	44858	1659502.6	5.3%
23	\$ 100,000 to \$ 124,999	68503	2534239.3	8.2%
24	\$ 125,000 to \$ 149,999	31900	1180126.9	3.8%
25	\$ 150,000 to \$ 199,999	22197	821168.6	2.6%
26	\$ 200,000 and over	14862	549813.4	1.8%
88	Not available	521	19274.2	
99	Not applicable	4450	164625.9	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

HHSIZE: [HHSIZE] Number of persons in household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-7] [Missing=*/9]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=840026 / 31076404.144] [Invalid=4450 / 164625.855]
Universe	Population in private households
Notes	Refers to the number of persons in a private household. Collective households and households outside Canada were not taken into account in the calculations used to establish household size. Derived variable: Questions 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	One person	90187	3336429.7	10.7%
2	Two persons	225705	8349860.4	26.9%
3	Three persons	160443	5935520.5	19.1%

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HHSIZE: [HHSIZE] Number of persons in household

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
4	Four persons	202134	7477861.3	24.1%
5	Five persons	100219	3707559.2	11.9%
6	Six persons	36958	1367245.5	4.4%
7	Seven or more persons	24380	901927.7	2.9%
9	Not applicable	4450	164625.9	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

HHTYPE: [HHTYPE] Type of household

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-6] [Missing=*/9]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=840026 / 31076404.144] [Invalid=4450 / 164625.855]
Universe	Population in private households
Notes	Refers to the basic division of private households into family and non-family households. Family household refers to a household that contains at least one census family, that is, a married couple with or without children, or a couple living common-law with or without children, or a lone parent living with one or more children (lone-parent family). One-family household refers to a single census family (with or without other persons not in a census family) that occupies a private dwelling. Multiple-family household refers to a household in which two or more census families (with or without additional persons not in a census family) occupy the same private dwelling. Derived variable: Questions 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	One family, married couple	490901	18160673.4	58.4%
2	One family, common-law couple	103221	3818616.9	12.3%
3	One family, lone parent family	92694	3429175.1	11.0%
4	More than one family	35415	1310162.8	4.2%
5	Person living alone	90187	3336429.7	10.7%
6	Two or more persons not in census families	27608	1021346.2	3.3%
9	Not applicable	4450	164625.9	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

HLAEN: [HLAEN] Home language - English component - Part A

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents
Literal question	What language does this person speak most often at home?
Notes	This variable represents one of three possible answers provided by a respondent. Refers to the language spoken most often at home by the individual at the time of the census. If more than one language was spoken, the language spoken most often by the individual was to be reported (English). Direct variable: Question 15

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	False - Respondent did not report English as the language sp	273425	10115241.4	32.4%
1	True - Respondent reported English as the language spoken mo	571051	21125788.6	67.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

HLAFR: [HLAFR] Home language - French component - Part A

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]

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HLAFR: [HLAFR] Home language - French component - Part A

Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents
Literal question	What language does this person speak most often at home?
Notes	This variable represents one of three possible answers provided by a respondent. Refers to the language spoken most often at home by the individual at the time of the census. If more than one language was spoken, the language spoken most often by the individual was to be reported (French). Direct variable: Question 15

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	False - Respondent did not report French as the language spo	661593	24475351.3	78.3%
1	True - Respondent reported French as the language spoken mos	182883	6765678.7	21.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

HLANO: [HLANO] Home Language - Non-official language component - Part A

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-19] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents
Literal question	What language does this person speak most often at home?
Notes	This variable represents one of three possible answers provided by a respondent. Refers to the language spoken most often at home by the individual at the time of the census. If more than one language was spoken, the language spoken most often by the individual was to be reported (First write-in). When comparing the census results to those of the 2001 Census, it appears that there is some overestimation of persons reporting Dakota/Sioux (Siouan languages) in British Columbia and, as a result, also at the Canada level. Although it affects a relatively small population, it is best to apply caution when analysing the census data for Dakota/Sioux (Siouan languages) in these geographies. Direct variable: Question 15

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	No non-official language	738031	27303142.6	87.4%
2	Aboriginal languages	3766	139321.6	0.4%
3	Italian	5184	191779.9	0.6%
4	Spanish	6667	246642.8	0.8%
5	Portuguese	3139	116126.0	0.4%
6	German	3620	133920.4	0.4%
7	Russian	2700	99885.4	0.3%
8	Polish	3111	115090.1	0.4%
9	Slavic languages	4281	158373.8	0.5%
10	Other European languages	5204	192519.8	0.6%
11	Arabic	4914	181791.3	0.6%
12	Other Afro-Asiatic and African languages	2474	91524.6	0.3%
13	Panjabi (Punjabi)	8498	314379.9	1.0%
14	Other Indo-Iranian languages	11546	427139.4	1.4%
15	Chinese languages	22765	842181.5	2.7%
16	Austro-Asiatic languages	3584	132588.6	0.4%
17	Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	4513	166956.5	0.5%
18	Other Eastern Asian and South East Asian languages	4460	164995.8	0.5%
19	All other languages	6019	222670.3	0.7%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

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HLBEN: [HLBEN] Home language - English component - Part B

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents
Literal question	Does this person speak any other languages on a regular basis at home?
Notes	This variable represents one of three possible answers provided by a respondent. Refers to the language spoken on a regular basis at home by the individual at the time of the census. If more than one language was spoken, the language spoken most often by the individual was to be reported (English). Direct variable: Question 15

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	False - Respondent did not report English as the language sp	795273	29420786.0	94.2%
1	True - Respondent reported English as the language spoken at	49203	1820244.0	5.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

HLBFR: [HLBFR] Home language - French component - Part B

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents
Literal question	Does this person speak any other languages on a regular basis at home?
Notes	This variable represents one of three possible answers provided by a respondent. Refers to the language spoken on a regular basis at home by the individual at the time of the census. If more than one language was spoken, the language spoken most often by the individual was to be reported (French). Direct variable: Question 15

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	False - Respondent did not report French as the language spo	825981	30556815.4	97.8%
1	True - Respondent reported French as the language spoken at	18495	684214.6	2.2%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

HLBNO: [HLBNO] Home language - Non-official language component - Part B

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents
Literal question	Does this person speak any other languages on a regular basis at home?
Notes	This variable represents one of three possible answers provided by a respondent. Refers to the language spoken on a regular basis at home by the individual at the time of the census. If more than one language was spoken, the language spoken most often by the individual was to be reported. When comparing the census results to those of the 2001 Census, it appears that there is some overestimation of persons reporting Dakota/Sioux (Siouan languages) in British Columbia and, as a result, also at the Canada level. Although it affects a relatively small population, it is best to apply caution when analysing the census data for Dakota/Sioux (Siouan languages) in these geographies. Direct variable: Question 15

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	False - Respondent did not report a non-official language as	804275	29753811.1	95.2%
1	True - Respondent reported a non-official language as the la	40201	1487218.9	4.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

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HRSWRK: [HRSWRK] Hours worked for pay or in self-employment

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-98] [Missing=*/999]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=693306 / 25648560.225] [Invalid=151170 / 5592469.774] [Mean=23.193 / 23.193] [StdDev=22.178 / 22.178]
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents
Literal question	Last week, how many hours did this person spend working for pay or in self-employment?
Interviewer's instructions	Please enter the total number of hours worked for pay or in self-employment at all jobs held last week. Include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • working for wages, salary, tips or commission; • working in his / her own business, farm or professional practice, alone or in partnership; • working directly towards the operation of a family farm or business without formal pay arrangements (e.g., assisting in seeding, doing accounts).
Notes	Refers to the actual number of hours that persons worked for pay or in self-employment at all jobs held in the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to Census Day (May 16, 2006). This includes hours worked for wages, salaries, tips, commissions, piece-rate payments or payments 'in kind' (payments in goods or services rather than money). Hours worked in one's own business, farm or professional practice or hours worked without pay in a family business, farm or professional practice, owned or operated by a relative living in the same household are also included. Excluded are hours during which the respondent was absent, with or without pay, for part of the week because of illness, vacation, or other reasons. Direct variable: Question 34 This variable shows the number of hours of work reported (from 1 to 83 hours). The value 0 includes all persons who, in the week prior to enumeration, were unemployed, not in the labour force, or absent from their job. The value 98 represents the average hours of work reported for persons who reported 84 hours of work or more during the reference week. The value 999 stands for 'not applicable', and it is applied to persons less than 15 years of age.

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
999	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

IMMSTAT: [IMMSTAT] Immigrant status

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-3] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents
Notes	Indicates whether the respondent is a non-immigrant, an immigrant or a non-permanent resident. Non-immigrants are persons who are Canadian citizens by birth. Immigrants are persons who are, or have ever been, landed immigrants in Canada (includes immigrants who landed in Canada prior to Census Day, May 16, 2006). Non-permanent residents are persons from another country who, at the time of the census, held a work or study permit, or who were refugee claimants, as well as family members living with them in Canada. Derived variable: Question 10 and 11

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Non-permanent residents	7154	264659.2	0.8%
2	Non-immigrants	670441	24802679.3	79.4%
3	Immigrants	166881	6173691.5	19.8%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

INCTAX: [INCTAX] Income tax paid

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-503364] [Missing=*/8888888/9999999]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=692509 / 25619075.55] [Invalid=151967 / 5621954.45] [Mean=5994.678 / 5994.678] [StdDev=17963.114 / 17963.101]
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents
Notes	Refers to all federal, provincial and territorial taxes paid on 2005 income. Federal, provincial and territorial taxes paid refer to taxes on income, after taking into account exemptions, deductions, non-refundable tax credits and the Quebec abatement. These data are obtained from the income tax files for persons who allowed access to their income tax data and from direct responses on the questionnaire for others. Direct variable: Question 52

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INCTAX: [INCTAX] Income tax paid

	The value 8,888,888 stands for not available. The value 9,999,999 stands for not applicable and is applied to all persons less than 15 years of age. Otherwise, this variable is always positive or zero and is a rounded value of the amount paid by the individual in 2005. Values that would have been rounded to zero have been replaced by 1. In some cases, high values have been top coded in this file.
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Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8888888	Not available	797	29484.7	
9999999	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

INVST: [INVST] Investment income

Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= -50000-504595] [Missing=*/8888888/9999999]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=692509 / 25619075.55] [Invalid=151967 / 5621954.45] [Mean=1472.797 / 1472.797] [StdDev=11381.352 / 11381.344]
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents
Literal question	During the year ending December 31, 2005, did this person receive any income from the sources listed below? Dividends, interest on bonds, deposits adn saving certificates, and other investment income, such as net rents from real estate, interest from mortgages. Do not include capital gains/losses.
Notes	Refers to interest received during calendar year 2005 from deposits in banks, trust companies, cooperatives, credit unions, caisses populaires, etc., as well as interest on savings certificates, bonds and debentures, and all dividends from both Canadian and foreign corporate stocks and mutual funds. Also included is other investment income from either Canadian or foreign sources, such as net rents from real estate, mortgage and loan interest received, regular income from an estate or trust fund, and interest from insurance policies. Does not include capital gains or losses. Direct variable: Question 52 (i) The value 8,888,888 stands for not available. The value 9,999,999 stands for not applicable and is applied to all persons less than 15 years of age. Otherwise, this variable could be positive, negative or zero and is a rounded value of the amount received by the individual in 2005. Values that would have been rounded to zero have been replaced by 1. In some cases, high values have been top coded in this file.

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8888888	Not available	797	29484.7	
9999999	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

KOL: [KOL] Knowledge of official language

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-4] [Missing=*]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents
Literal question	Can this person speak English or French well enough to conduct a conversation?
Interviewer's instructions	Mark one circle only.
Notes	Refers to the ability to conduct a conversation in English only, in French only, in both English and French or in none of the official languages of Canada. Direct variable: Question 13

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	English	571778	21152683.6	67.7%
2	French	111811	4136400.3	13.2%
3	Both English and French	147000	5438202.4	17.4%
4	Neither English nor French	13887	513743.7	1.6%

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

LFACT: [LFACT] Labour force activity

Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-14] [Missing=*/99]
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File : pumf_95M0028_E_2006_individuals_F1

LFACT: [LFACT] Labour force activity

Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=693306 / 25648560.225] [Invalid=151170 / 5592469.774]
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents
Notes	<p>Refers to the labour market activity of the population 15 years of age and over in the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to Census Day (May 16, 2006). Respondents were classified as 'Employed', 'Unemployed', or 'Not in the labour force.' The labour force includes the employed and the unemployed.</p> <p>Employed
 Persons who, during the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to Census Day (May 16, 2006): <ol style="list-style-type:lower-alpha"></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • did any work at all for pay or in self-employment or without pay in a family farm, business or professional practice • were absent from their job or business, with or without pay, for the entire week because of a vacation, an illness, a labour dispute at their place of work, or any other reasons. <p>Unemployed
 Persons who, during the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to Census Day (May 16, 2006), were without paid work or without self-employment work and were available for work and either:</p> <p><ol style="list-style-type:lower-alpha"></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • had actively looked for paid work in the past four weeks; or • were on temporary lay-off and expected to return to their job; or • had definite arrangements to start a new job in four weeks or less. <p>Not in the labour force
</p> <p>Refers to persons who, in the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to Census Day (May 16, 2006), were neither employed nor unemployed. It includes students, homemakers, retired workers, seasonal workers in an 'off' season who were not looking for work, and persons who could not work because of a long-term illness or disability.</p> <p>Labour force
</p> <p>Refers to persons who were either employed or unemployed during the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to Census Day (May 16, 2006).</p> <p>Labour force = Employed + Unemployed</p> <p>Derived variable: Questions 34 to 38</p>

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Employed - Worked in reference week	413262	15288451.7	59.6%
2	Employed - Absent in reference week	19455	719729.4	2.8%
3	Unemployed - Temporary layoff - Did not look for work	4313	159557.6	0.6%
4	Unemployed - Temporary layoff - Looked for full-time work	3511	129888.0	0.5%
5	Unemployed - Temporary layoff - Looked for part-time work	348	12874.1	0.1%
6	Unemployed - New job - Did not look for work	1923	71140.6	0.3%
7	Unemployed - New job - Looked for full-time work	2602	96259.9	0.4%
8	Unemployed - New job - Looked for part-time work	939	34737.9	0.1%
9	Unemployed - Looked for full-time work	11053	408901.0	1.6%
10	Unemployed - Looked for part-time work	5706	211091.0	0.8%
11	Not in the labour force - Last worked in 2006	20332	752173.7	2.9%
12	Not in the labour force - Last worked in 2005	21602	799156.8	3.1%
13	Not in the labour force - Last worked before 2005	134501	4975807.2	19.4%
14	Not in the labour force - Never worked	53759	1988791.3	7.8%
99	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

# LICO: [LICO] Low income before tax status (Person)				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-2] [Missing=*/8/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=838430 / 31017360.804] [Invalid=6046 / 223669.195]			
Universe	Persons in economic families and persons not in economic families 15 years of age and over in private households, excluding persons living in the Yukon Territory, Northwest Territories and Nunavut.			
Notes	<p>The code values for this variable indicate the position of each member of an economic family and each person not in an economic family in relation to Statistics Canada's low income before tax cut-offs (LICO_BT). The prevalence of low income is the proportion or percentage of economic families or persons not in economic families 15 years of age and over (or population in private households) in a given classification below the low income before tax cut-offs. These prevalence rates are calculated from rounded estimates of economic families and persons not in economic families 15 years of age and over (or population in private households).</p> <p>Derived variable</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Member of a non-low income economic family or non-low income	706502	26136740.6	<div><div></div></div> 84.3%
2	Member of a low income economic family or low income person	131928	4880620.2	<div><div></div></div> 15.7%
8	Not available	3	111.0	
9	Not applicable	6043	223558.2	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# LICO_AT: [LICO_AT] Low income after-tax status (Person)				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-2] [Missing=*/8/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=838430 / 31017360.804] [Invalid=6046 / 223669.195]			
Universe	Persons in economic families and persons not in economic families 15 years of age and over in private households, excluding persons living in the Yukon Territory, Northwest Territories and Nunavut			
Notes	<p>The code values for this variable indicate the position of each member of an economic family and each person not in an economic family in relation to Statistics Canada's low income cut-offs (LICO_AT). The prevalence of low income is the proportion or percentage of economic families or persons not in economic families 15 years of age and over (or population in private households) in a given classification below the low income cut-offs. These prevalence rates are calculated from rounded estimates of economic families and persons not in economic families 15 years of age and over (or population in private households).</p> <p>Derived variable</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Member of a non-low income economic family or non-low income	740455	27392817.4	<div><div></div></div> 88.3%
2	Member of a low income economic family or low income person	97975	3624543.4	<div><div></div></div> 11.7%
8	Not available	3	111.0	
9	Not applicable	6043	223558.2	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# LOCSTUD: [LOCSTUD] Location of study				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-17] [Missing=*/99]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=351866 / 13017132.828] [Invalid=492610 / 18223897.172]			
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over with a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	In what province, territory or country did this person complete his/her highest degree, certificate or diploma?			
Notes	<p>This variable indicates the province, territory (in Canada) or country (outside Canada) where the highest certificate, diploma or degree was obtained. It is only reported for individuals who had completed a certificate, diploma or degree above the secondary (high) school level.</p> <p>Derived variable: Question 31</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Newfoundland and Labrador	5796	214420.6	<div><div></div></div> 1.6%

# LOCSTUD: [LOCSTUD] Location of study				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
2	Prince Edward Island	1306	48314.9	0.4%
3	Nova Scotia	10847	401280.1	3.1%
4	New Brunswick	7430	274869.7	2.1%
5	Quebec	82589	3055344.9	23.5%
6	Ontario	107379	3972440.4	30.5%
7	Manitoba	11189	413932.3	3.2%
8	Saskatchewan	10386	384225.6	3.0%
9	Alberta	27808	1028745.1	7.9%
10	British Columbia	31119	1151234.2	8.8%
11	Northern Canada	381	14094.9	0.1%
12	United States of America	7906	292479.1	2.2%
13	Other Americas	3416	126373.5	1.0%
14	Europe	19316	714587.2	5.5%
15	Eastern Asia	7352	271984.1	2.1%
16	Southeast and Southern Asia	11440	423217.9	3.3%
17	Other countries and regions	6206	229588.3	1.8%
99	Not applicable	492610	18223897.2	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# LSTWRK: [LSTWRK] When last worked for pay or in self-employment				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-4] [Missing=*/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=693306 / 25648560.225] [Invalid=151170 / 5592469.774]			
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	When did this person last work for pay or in self-employment, even for a few days?			
Interviewer's instructions	Mark one circle only.			
Notes	Refers to the year or period in which persons last worked for pay or in self-employment, even if only for a few days. Direct variable: Question 39			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Last worked before 2005	139667	5166921.2	20.1%
2	Last worked in 2005	38437	1421960.4	5.5%
3	Last worked in 2006	458971	16979436.7	66.2%
4	Never worked	56231	2080241.9	8.1%
9	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# LWAEN: [LWAEN] Language of work - English component - Part A				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]			
Universe	Population 15 years and over, excluding institutional residents, who worked since January 1, 2005			
Literal question	In this job, what language did this person use most often?			
Notes	Refers to the language used most often at work by the individual at the time of the census, derived using part A of the Language of Work question (English). Direct variable: Question 48			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	False - Respondent did not report English as the language us	455337	16844998.4	53.9%

# LWAEN: [LWAEN] Language of work - English component - Part A				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	True - Respondent reported English as the language used most	389139	14396031.6	46.1%
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# LWAFR: [LWAFR] Language of work - French component - Part A				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]			
Universe	Population 15 years and over, excluding institutional residents, who worked since January 1, 2005			
Literal question	In this job, what language did this person use most often?			
Notes	Refers to the language used most often at work by the individual at the time of the census, derived using part A of the Language of Work question (French). Direct variable: Question 48			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	False - Respondent did not report French as the language use	736502	27246577.8	87.2%
1	True - Respondent reported French as the language used most	107974	3994452.1	12.8%
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# LWANO: [LWANO] Language of work - Non-official language component - Part A				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-9] [Missing=*/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=497408 / 18401397.139] [Invalid=347068 / 12839632.861]			
Universe	Population 15 years and over, excluding institutional residents, who worked since January 1, 2005			
Literal question	In this job, what language did this person use most often?			
Notes	This variable represents one of three possible answers provided by a respondent. Refers to the language used most often at work by the individual at the time of the census. If more than one language was used, the language used most often by the individual was to be reported. When comparing the census results to those of the 2001 Census, it appears that there is some overestimation of persons reporting Dakota/Sioux (Siouan languages) in British Columbia and, as a result, also at the Canada level. Although it affects a relatively small population, it is best to apply caution when analysing the census data for Dakota/ Sioux (Siouan languages) in these geographies. Direct variable: Question 48			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	False - Respondent did not report a non-official language as	487275	18026531.1	98.0%
1	True - Respondent reported a non-official language as the la	10133	374866.0	2.0%
9	Not applicable	347068	12839632.9	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# LWBEN: [LWBEN] Language of work - English component - Part B				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]			
Universe	Population 15 years and over, excluding institutional residents, who worked since January 1, 2005			
Literal question	Did this person use any other languages on a regular basis in this job?			
Notes	Refers to the language used on a regular basis at work by the individual at the time of the census, derived using part B of the Language of Work question (English). Direct variable: Question 48			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	False - Respondent did not report English as the language us	811077	30005448.2	96.0%

# LWBEN: [LWBEN] Language of work - English component - Part B				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	True - Respondent reported English as the language used on a	33399	1235581.8	4.0%
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# LWBFR: [LWBFR] Language of work - French component - Part B				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]			
Universe	Population 15 years and over, excluding institutional residents, who worked since January 1, 2005			
Literal question	Did this person use any other languages on a regular basis in this job?			
Notes	Refers to the language used on a regular basis at work by the individual at the time of the census, derived using part B of the Language of Work question (French). Direct variable: Question 48			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	False - Respondent did not report French as the language use	824741	30510942.1	97.7%
1	True - Respondent reported French as the language used on a	19735	730087.9	2.3%
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# LWBNO: [LWBNO] Language of work - Non-official language component - Part B				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]			
Universe	Population 15 years and over, excluding institutional residents, who worked since January 1, 2005			
Literal question	Did this person use any other languages on a regular basis in this job?			
Notes	This variable represents one of three possible answers provided by a respondent. Refers to the language used on a regular basis at work by the individual at the time of the census. If more than one language was used, the language used most often by the individual was to be reported. When comparing the census results to those of the 2001 Census, it appears that there is some overestimation of persons reporting Dakota/Sioux (Siouan languages) in British Columbia and, as a result, also at the Canada level. Although it affects a relatively small population, it is best to apply caution when analysing the census data for Dakota/Sioux (Siouan languages) in these geographies. Direct variable: Question 48			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	False - Respondent did not report a non-official language as	830933	30740012.5	98.4%
1	True - Respondent reported a non-official language as the la	13543	501017.5	1.6%
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# MARST: [MARST] Legal marital status				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-5] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]			
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	Marital status			
Interviewer's instructions	Mark one circle only			
Notes	Legal marital status of the person. The categories are: Legally married (and not separated); Separated, but still legally married; Divorced; Widowed; Never legally married (single). In 2006, married same-sex spouses are included in the category 'Legally married (and not separated).' Note: When comparing the census results to other Statistics Canada data sources, it appears there is a slight overestimation of persons aged 15, 16 and 17 who are recorded as married, common-law, separated, divorced or widowed. The data for those ages should therefore be interpreted with caution. Direct variable: Question 4			

# MARST: [MARST] Legal marital status				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Divorced	55848	2066073.0	<div><div></div></div> 6.6%
2	Legally married (and not separated)	335552	12413603.3	<div><div></div></div> 39.7%
3	Separated, but still legally married	20985	776331.1	<div><div></div></div> 2.5%
4	Never legally married (single)	392744	14529397.0	<div><div></div></div> 46.5%
5	Widowed	39347	1455625.5	<div><div></div></div> 4.7%
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>				
# MARSTH: [MARSTH] Historical comparability indicator of marital status				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-5] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]			
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents			
Notes	<p>Marital status of the person – Historical. The categories are: Married or common-law; Separated; Divorced; Widowed; Never married (single). Since 2001, same-sex common-law partners are included in the category 'Married or common-law.' In 2006, same-sex married spouses are included in the category 'Married or common-law.' For legal marital status, use the legal marital status variable (MARST).</p> <p>Note: When comparing the census results to other Statistics Canada data sources, it appears there is a slight overestimation of persons aged 15, 16 and 17 who are recorded as married, common-law, separated, divorced or widowed. The data for those ages should therefore be interpreted with caution.</p> <p>Derived variable: Questions 4 and 5</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Divorced	38917	1439717.8	<div><div></div></div> 4.6%
2	Now married or living in common-law	410305	15179058.7	<div><div></div></div> 48.6%
3	Separated	17498	647331.1	<div><div></div></div> 2.1%
4	Never married (single)	340378	12592139.2	<div><div></div></div> 40.3%
5	Widowed	37378	1382783.2	<div><div></div></div> 4.4%
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>				
# MFS: [MFS] Major field of study (based on the MFS Classification - Historical)				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-12] [Missing=*/88/99]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=691668 / 25587963.113] [Invalid=152808 / 5653066.887]			
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over with a postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	What was the major field of study of the highest degree, certificate or diploma that this person completed?			
Post-question	No certificate or diploma (higher than high school) - go to Question 32			
Interviewer's instructions	<p>Please be specific. For example:
</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • automobile mechanics • civil engineering • dental technology • aircraft mechanics • medical laboratory technology • day-care • agricultural economics 			
Notes	<p>Refers to the predominant discipline or area of learning or training of a person's highest postsecondary degree, certificate or diploma. The historical Major Field of Study (MFS) classification structure consists of 11 broad or major categories: educational, recreational and counselling services; fine and applied arts; humanities and related fields; social sciences and related fields; commerce, management and business administration; agricultural, biological, nutritional and food sciences; engineering and applied sciences; applied science technologies and trades; health professions and related technologies; mathematics, computers and physical sciences; and no specialization. This structure is, in turn, subdivided into 110 'minor' classification categories and 449 'unit' groups. Note that for the 2006 PUMF, the last major category, 'No specialization,' was merged with 'Humanities and related fields' due to its negligible size relative to the other MFS categories.</p> <p>Important note: For the first time with the 2006 Census, major field of study data were coded according to the Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP Canada 2000).</p>			

# MFS: [MFS] Major field of study (based on the MFS Classification - Historical)				
		<p>The major field of study data in the 2006 Census were also recoded using the Major Field of Study classification (MFS) that was used prior to the 2006 Census. Future censuses will present information coded to the CIP classification system only. We recommend that users not make historical comparisons between categories of the two classification systems on the basis of their labels. Even though some entries in the two classifications are similar, direct comparison would be inappropriate, given the much more detailed character of the new classification. An empirical concordance at the national level is available, allowing field-of-study comparisons over time. For more information, please see the 2006 Census Dictionary.</p> <p>Users who select both MFS and CIP classifications for 2006 in their tables can expect to encounter small counts in MFS-CIP pairings of dissimilar fields of study. Such pairings are due to: (a) differing coding interpretations under the two classification systems of insufficiently specific write-ins, (b) differing strategies between classifications for the coding of joint major or multiple fields of study, (c) the use of separate data processing environments for CIP and MFS codes, (d) an acceptable level of coding error.</p> <p>For more information on the Major Field of Study Classification, please refer to the following link: http://www.statcan.gc.ca/concepts/classification-eng.htm (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/concepts/classification-eng.htm).</p> <p>Derived variable: Question 30</p>		
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Educational, recreational and counselling services (001-046)	34340	1270393.7	5.0%
2	Fine and applied arts (047-079)	19515	721949.1	2.8%
3	Humanities and related fields (080-124, 481)	23854	882468.6	3.4%
4	Social sciences and related fields (125-187)	35586	1316488.9	5.1%
5	Commerce, management and business administration (188-220)	74426	2753358.2	10.8%
6	Agricultural, biological, nutritional, and food sciences (22)	15994	591691.2	2.3%
7	Engineering and applied sciences (267-301)	18553	686360.3	2.7%
8	Applied science technologies and trades (302-369)	73633	2724021.5	10.6%
9	Health professions and related technologies (370-441)	40396	1494432.8	5.8%
10	Mathematics, computer and physical sciences (442-480)	13931	515371.4	2.0%
11	No postsecondary qualifications	341440	12631427.4	49.4%
88	Not available	1638	60597.1	
99	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# MOB1: [MOB1] Mobility status - Place of residence 1 year ago				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-6] [Missing=*/8/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=833694 / 30842154.501] [Invalid=10782 / 398875.498]			
Universe	Population 1 year of age and over residing in Canada, excluding institutional residents and Canadians (military and government personnel) in households outside Canada			
Literal question	Where did this person live 1 year ago, that is on May 16, 2005?			
Interviewer's instructions	<p>Note: For those who mark the third circle: Please give the name of the city or town rather than the metropolitan area of which it is part.
 For example:
</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Saanich rather than Victoria (metropolitan area); • St. Albert rather than Edmonton (metropolitan area); • Laval rather than Montréal (metropolitan area). 			
Notes	<p>Refers to the relationship between a person's usual place of residence on Census Day and his or her usual place of residence one year earlier. A person is classified as a non-mover if no difference exists. Otherwise, a person is classified as a mover and this categorization is called mobility status (1 year ago). Within the category of movers, a further distinction is made between non-migrants and migrants; this difference is called migration status.</p> <p>Derived variable: Question 23</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Non-movers	717607	26547565.4	86.1%

# MOB1: [MOB1] Mobility status - Place of residence 1 year ago				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
2	Non-migrants	68801	2545263.7	<div><div></div></div> 8.3%
3	Different CSD, same census division	10480	387703.1	<div><div></div></div> 1.3%
4	Different CD, same province	21785	805926.8	<div><div></div></div> 2.6%
5	Interprovincial migrants	7040	260441.8	<div><div></div></div> 0.8%
6	External migrants	7981	295253.7	<div><div></div></div> 1.0%
8	Not available	1316	48684.9	
9	Not applicable	9466	350190.6	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# MOB5: [MOB5] Mobility status - Place of residence 5 years ago				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-6] [Missing=*/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=798500 / 29540167.458] [Invalid=45976 / 1700862.541]			
Universe	Population 5 years of age and over residing in Canada, excluding institutional residents and Canadians (military and government personnel) in households outside Canada			
Literal question	Where did this person live 5 years ago, that is, on May 16, 2001?			
Interviewer's instructions	<p>Note: For those who mark the third circle: Please give the name of the city or town rather than the metropolitan area of which it is part.
 For example:
</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Saanich rather than Victoria (metropolitan area); • St. Albert rather than Edmonton (metropolitan area); • Laval rather than Montréal (metropolitan area). 			
Notes	<p>Refers to the relationship between a person's usual place of residence on Census Day and his or her usual place of residence five years earlier. A person is classified as a non-mover if no difference exists. Otherwise, a person is classified as a mover and this categorization is called mobility status (5 years ago). Within the movers category, a further distinction is made between non-migrants and migrants; this difference is called migration status.</p> <p>Derived variable: Question 24</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Non-movers	471913	17458220.5	<div><div></div></div> 59.1%
2	Non-migrants	175933	6508566.4	<div><div></div></div> 22.0%
3	Different CSD, same census division	28712	1062188.2	<div><div></div></div> 3.6%
4	Different CD, same province	67632	2502017.0	<div><div></div></div> 8.5%
5	Interprovincial migrants	23005	851060.2	<div><div></div></div> 2.9%
6	External migrants	31305	1158115.1	<div><div></div></div> 3.9%
9	Not applicable	45976	1700862.5	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# MODE: [MODE] Mode of transportation to work				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-8] [Missing=*/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=456195 / 16876739.754] [Invalid=388281 / 14364290.246]			
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents, who worked at some time since January 1, 2005 at a usual workplace address, or had no fixed workplace address			
Literal question	How did this person usually get to work?			
Interviewer's instructions	If this person used more than one method of transportation, mark the one used for most of the travel distance.			
Notes	<p>Refers to the mode of transportation to work of non-institutional residents 15 years of age and over who worked at some time since January 1, 2005. Persons who indicate in the place of work question that they either had no fixed workplace address, or specified a usual workplace address, are asked to identify the mode of transportation they usually use to commute from home to work. The variable usually relates to the individual's job in the week prior to enumeration. However, if the person did not work during that week but had worked at some time since January 1, 2005, the information relates to the job held longest during that period.</p> <p>Direct variable: Question 47</p>			

# MODE: [MODE] Mode of transportation to work				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Bicycle	6449	238578.0	1.4%
2	Car, truck, van as driver	320792	11867563.4	70.3%
3	Motorcycle	658	24342.4	0.1%
4	Other mode	4474	165513.7	1.0%
5	Car, truck, van as passenger	39252	1452111.0	8.6%
6	Taxicab	1090	40324.1	0.2%
7	Public transit	52634	1947172.4	11.5%
8	Walked	30846	1141134.6	6.8%
9	Not applicable	388281	14364290.2	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# MRKINC: [MRKINC] Market income				
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= -50000-1324542] [Missing=*/888888/9999999]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=692509 / 25619075.55] [Invalid=151967 / 5621954.45] [Mean=31624.335 / 31624.335] [StdDev=58762.213 / 58762.172]			
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents			
Notes	<p>Refers to the sum of employment income (wages and salaries, net farm income and net income from non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice), investment income, retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities (including those from RRSPs and RRIFs) and other money income. It is equivalent to total income before tax minus all government transfers and is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.</p> <p>Derived variable based upon responses to Question 52 (a) to (c) and (i) to (k)</p> <p>The value 8,888,888 stands for not available. The value 9,999,999 stands for not applicable and is applied to all persons less than 15 years of age. Otherwise, this variable could be positive, negative or zero and is a rounded value of the amount received by the individual in 2005. Values that would have been rounded to zero have been replaced by 1. In some cases, high values have been top coded in this file.</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8888888	Not available	797	29484.7	
9999999	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# MSI: [MSI] Major sources of income for census families				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-5] [Missing=*/8/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=705316 / 26092865.061] [Invalid=139160 / 5148164.939]			
Universe	Persons in census families in private households			
Notes	<p>The major source of income of census families refers to that component which constitutes the largest proportion of the total income of a Census family. Various combinations of income sources can be used to derive this classification. For example, at the most detailed level, the income sources are combined into five components: wages and salaries, self-employment income (farm and non-farm), government transfer payments, investment income, and other income. The absolute values for these components are compared, and the largest one is designated as the major source of income.</p> <p>Derived variable</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Wages and salaries	513525	18997638.7	72.8%
2	Self-employment income	37305	1380082.6	5.3%
3	Government transfers or no income	102282	3783879.0	14.5%
4	Investment income	11031	408087.1	1.6%
5	Other income	41173	1523177.6	5.8%
8	Not available	357	13207.1	
9	Not applicable, person not in a Census family or no family i	138803	5134957.9	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				

# MTNEN: [MTNEN] Mother tongue - English component				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]			
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	What is the language that this person first learned at home in childhood and still understands?			
Interviewer's instructions	If this person no longer understands the first language learned, indicate the second language learned.			
Notes	This variable represents one of three possible answers provided by a respondent. Refers to the language learned in childhood and still understood by the individual at the time of the census (English). Direct variable: Question 16			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	False - Respondent did not report English as mother tongue	351165	12991199.6	<div><div></div></div> 41.6%
1	True - Respondent reported English as mother tongue	493311	18249830.4	<div><div></div></div> 58.4%
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# MTNFR: [MTNFR] Mother tongue - French component				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]			
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	What is the language that this person first learned at home in childhood and still understands?			
Interviewer's instructions	If this person no longer understands the first language learned, indicate the second language learned.			
Notes	This variable represents one of three possible answers provided by a respondent. Refers to the language learned in childhood and still understood by the individual at the time of the census (French). Direct variable: Question 16			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	False - Respondent did not report French as mother tongue	656104	24272288.1	<div><div></div></div> 77.7%
1	True - Respondent reported French as mother tongue	188372	6968741.9	<div><div></div></div> 22.3%
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# MTNNO: [MTNNO] Mother tongue - Non-official language component				
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-25] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]			
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	What is the language that this person first learned at home in childhood and still understands?			
Interviewer's instructions	If this person no longer understands the first language learned, indicate the second language learned.			
Notes	This variable represents one of three possible answers provided by a respondent. Refers to the language learned in childhood and still understood by the individual at the time of the census. When comparing the census results to those of the 2001 Census, it appears that there is some overestimation of persons reporting Dakota/Sioux (Siouan languages) in British Columbia and, as a result, also at the Canada level. Although it affects a relatively small population, it is best to apply caution when analysing the census data for Dakota/Sioux (Siouan languages) in these geographies. NOTE: Scandinavian languages were excluded from the 'Other Germanic languages' category in order to maintain historical comparability with the 'Nertherlandic languages' category present in the 2001 and 1996 public use microdata file. Direct variable: Question 16			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	No non-official language	670650	24810411.2	<div><div></div></div> 79.4%
2	Aboriginal languages	6143	227257.7	<div><div></div></div> 0.7%
3	Arabic	7714	285376.1	<div><div></div></div> 0.9%

# MTNNO: [MTNNO] Mother tongue - Non-official language component				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
4	Chinese languages	27961	1034405.3	3.3%
5	German	12212	451777.7	1.4%
6	Other Germanic Languages	4549	168288.3	0.5%
7	Greek	3314	122600.0	0.4%
8	Indo-Iranian Languages	15433	570937.3	1.8%
9	Italian	12722	470645.0	1.5%
10	Polish	5839	216011.3	0.7%
11	Portuguese	6248	231142.1	0.7%
12	Panjabi (Punjabi)	10331	382190.9	1.2%
13	Spanish	9769	361400.0	1.2%
14	Ukrainian	3829	141652.2	0.5%
15	Austro-Asiatic languages	4403	162887.1	0.5%
16	Other European languages	3722	137693.8	0.4%
17	Russian	3645	134845.2	0.4%
18	Other Slavic Languages	6618	244830.1	0.8%
19	Finno-Ugric Languages	2989	110576.8	0.4%
20	Other Afro-Asiatic languages	2592	95889.9	0.3%
21	Dravidian languages	3885	143723.9	0.5%
22	Other East - South East Asian languages	6566	242906.4	0.8%
23	Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	7154	264659.2	0.8%
24	Niger-Congo languages and other African languages	1962	72583.4	0.2%
25	All other languages	4226	156339.1	0.5%
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# NAICS: [NAICS] Industry (based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System [NAICS 2002])				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-20] [Missing=*/88/99]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=493534 / 18258080.159] [Invalid=350942 / 12982949.841]			
Universe	Population 15 years and over, excluding institutional residents, who worked since January 1, 2005			
Notes	<p>Refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked. If the person did not have a job during the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to enumeration (May 16, 2006), the data relate to the job of longest duration since January 1, 2005. Persons with two or more jobs were required to report the information for the job at which they worked the most hours.</p> <p>The 2006 Census industry data are produced according to the 2002 NAICS. The NAICS provides enhanced industry comparability among the three North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) trading partners (Canada, United States and Mexico). This classification consists of a systematic and comprehensive arrangement of industries structured into 20 sectors, 103 subsectors and 328 industry groups. The criteria used to create these categories are similar to input structures, labour skills or production processes used by the establishment. For further information on the classification, see North American Industry Classification System, Canada, 2002, Catalogue no.12-501-XPE.</p> <p>Coded variable: Questions 40 and 41</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting (11)	15317	566645.9	3.1%
2	Mining and oil and gas extraction (21)	6598	244090.2	1.3%
3	Utilities (22)	3460	128001.2	0.7%
4	Construction (23)	30949	1144945.1	6.3%
5	Manufacturing (31-33)	58263	2155414.9	11.8%
6	Wholesale trade (41)	21051	778772.8	4.3%
7	Retail trade (44-45)	57224	2116977.5	11.6%
8	Transportation and warehousing (48-49)	23482	868706.6	4.8%

# NAICS: [NAICS] Industry (based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System [NAICS 2002])				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
9	Information and cultural industries (51)	11834	437793.8	<div><div></div></div> 2.4%
10	Finance and insurance (52)	19671	727720.3	<div><div></div></div> 4.0%
11	Real estate and rental and leasing (53)	8538	315859.7	<div><div></div></div> 1.7%
12	Professional, scientific and technical services (54)	32509	1202656.6	<div><div></div></div> 6.6%
13	Management of companies and enterprises (55)	390	14427.9	<div><div></div></div> 0.1%
14	Administrative and support, waste management and remediation	21391	791350.9	<div><div></div></div> 4.3%
15	Educational services (61)	34365	1271318.5	<div><div></div></div> 7.0%
16	Health care and social assistance (62)	50045	1851393.5	<div><div></div></div> 10.1%
17	Arts, entertainment and recreation (71)	10522	389256.9	<div><div></div></div> 2.1%
18	Accommodation and food services (72)	34719	1284414.6	<div><div></div></div> 7.0%
19	Other services (except public administration) (81)	24289	898561.2	<div><div></div></div> 4.9%
20	Public administration (91)	28917	1069772.1	<div><div></div></div> 5.9%
88	Not available	3874	143317.0	
99	Not applicable	347068	12839632.9	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# NOCHRD: [NOCHRD] Occupation (Employment equity designations - based on the National Occupational Classification)				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-12] [Missing=*/88/99]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=491397 / 18179022.754] [Invalid=353079 / 13062007.246]			
Universe	Population 15 years and over, excluding institutional residents, who worked since January 1, 2005			
Notes	<p>Refers to the kind of work persons were doing during the reference week, as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. If the person did not have a job during the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to enumeration (May 16, 2006), the data relate to the job of longest duration since January 1, 2005. Persons with two or more jobs were to report the information for the job at which they worked the most hours.</p> <p>Employment equity groups are defined on the basis of the National Occupational Classification (NOC). The NOC was developed and is maintained by Human Resources and Skills Development Canada (HRSDC). It has a similar structure to that of the National Occupational Classification for Statistics (NOC-S), the classification used by Statistics Canada to disseminate occupation data. The two classifications have 520 unit groups, 140 minor groups and 10 broad categories in common. However, there are 47 major groups in the NOC-S and 26 major groups in the NOC. Occupation data from the 2006 Census are available according to both the NOC-S and the NOC structures.</p> <p>Derived variable: Questions 42 and 43</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Managers	45854	1696349.2	<div><div></div></div> 9.3%
2	Professionals	79089	2925863.9	<div><div></div></div> 16.1%
3	Semi-professionals and technicians	40511	1498687.2	<div><div></div></div> 8.2%
4	Supervisors	18806	695720.0	<div><div></div></div> 3.8%
5	Administrative and senior clerical personnel	25093	928304.8	<div><div></div></div> 5.1%
6	Skilled sales and service personnel	20149	745403.7	<div><div></div></div> 4.1%
7	Skilled crafts and trades workers	39556	1463357.4	<div><div></div></div> 8.0%
8	Clerical personnel	49026	1813696.0	<div><div></div></div> 10.0%
9	Intermediate sales and service personnel	57568	2129703.6	<div><div></div></div> 11.7%
10	Semi-skilled manual workers	49228	1821168.9	<div><div></div></div> 10.0%
11	Other sales and service personnel	47519	1757945.2	<div><div></div></div> 9.7%
12	Other manual workers	18998	702822.9	<div><div></div></div> 3.9%
88	Not available	6011	222374.4	
99	Not applicable	347068	12839632.9	

# NOCHRD: [NOCHRD] Occupation (Employment equity designations - based on the National Occupational Classification)				
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# NOCS: [NOCS] Occupation (based on the 2006 National Occupational Classification for Statistics [NOC-S 2006])				
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-25] [Missing=*/88/99]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=491397 / 18179022.754] [Invalid=353079 / 13062007.246]			
Universe	Population 15 years and over, excluding institutional residents, who worked since January 1, 2005			
Notes	<p>Refers to the kind of work persons were doing during the reference week, as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. If the person did not have a job during the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to enumeration (May 16, 2006), the data relate to the job of longest duration since January 1, 2005. Persons with two or more jobs were to report the information for the job at which they worked the most hours.</p> <p>The 2006 Census occupation data are classified according to the National Occupational Classification for Statistics 2006 (NOC-S 2006). This classification is composed of four levels of aggregation. There are 10 broad occupational categories containing 47 major groups that are further subdivided into 140 minor groups. At the most detailed level, there are 520 occupation unit groups. Occupation unit groups are formed on the basis of the education, training, or skill level required to enter the job, as well as the kind of work performed, as determined by the tasks, duties and responsibilities of the occupation. Coded variable: Questions 42 and 43</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Senior management occupations (A0)	5729	211941.9	<div><div></div></div> 1.2%
2	Other management occupations (A1, A2, A3)	40125	1484407.3	<div><div></div></div> 8.2%
3	Professional occupations in business and finance (B0)	11931	441382.3	<div><div></div></div> 2.4%
4	Financial, secretarial and administrative occupations (B1, B	25093	928304.8	<div><div></div></div> 5.1%
5	Clerical occupations and clerical supervisors (B4, B5)	51657	1911028.7	<div><div></div></div> 10.5%
6	Occupations in natural and applied sciences (C0, C1)	31723	1173578.9	<div><div></div></div> 6.5%
7	Professional occupations in health, registered nurses and su	13277	491177.0	<div><div></div></div> 2.7%
8	Technical, assisting and related occupations in health (D2,	13584	502534.3	<div><div></div></div> 2.8%
9	Occupations in social science, government services and relig	21713	803263.2	<div><div></div></div> 4.4%
10	Teachers and professors (E1)	19612	725537.6	<div><div></div></div> 4.0%
11	Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport (F0, F1)	15136	559949.9	<div><div></div></div> 3.1%
12	Wholesale, technical, insurance, real estate sales specialis	9831	363693.7	<div><div></div></div> 2.0%
13	Retail trade supervisors, salespersons, sales clerks and cas	34152	1263438.7	<div><div></div></div> 6.9%
14	Chefs and cooks, supervisors, and other occupations in food	16396	606563.0	<div><div></div></div> 3.3%
15	Occupations in protective services (G6)	7894	292035.2	<div><div></div></div> 1.6%
16	Childcare and home support workers (G8)	7901	292294.1	<div><div></div></div> 1.6%
17	Service supervisors, occupations in travel, accommodation, a	45400	1679553.7	<div><div></div></div> 9.2%
18	Contractors and supervisors in trades and transportation (H0)	3179	117605.8	<div><div></div></div> 0.6%
19	Construction trades (H1)	12400	458732.7	<div><div></div></div> 2.5%
20	Other trades occupations (H2, H3, H4, H5)	25580	946321.2	<div><div></div></div> 5.2%
21	Transport and equipment operators (H6, H7)	19284	713403.4	<div><div></div></div> 3.9%
22	Trades helpers, construction, and transportation labourers a	11915	440790.4	<div><div></div></div> 2.4%

# NOCS: [NOCS] Occupation (based on the 2006 National Occupational Classification for Statistics [NOC-S 2006])				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
23	Occupations unique to primary industries (I0, I1, I2)	19109	706929.3	3.9%
24	Supervisors, machine operators and assemblers in manufacturi	20979	776109.2	4.3%
25	Labourers in processing, manufacturing and utilities (J3)	7797	288446.7	1.6%
88	Not available	6011	222374.4	
99	Not applicable	347068	12839632.9	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# NOL: [NOL] Single and multiple responses to the non-official language question				
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-26] [Missing=*/88]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=833958 / 30851921.068] [Invalid=10518 / 389108.931]			
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	What language(s), other than English or French, can this person speak well enough to conduct a conversation?			
Notes	<p>This is the same question as in 1991, 1996, and 2001. The non-official language data are based on the respondent's assessment of his or her ability to speak non-official languages. There are two spaces for reporting non-official languages in 2006; there were three spaces in 2001.</p> <p>In 2006, the following instructions were provided to respondents in the 2006 Census Guide:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report only those languages in which the person can carry on a conversation of some length on various topics. • For a child who has not yet learned to speak: Report a language other than English or French that the child is learning to speak at home. <p>On the French version of all census forms, for all questions in the language module where there is a choice of response available, the order in which the choices appear was modified since 1996 in order to give precedence to the category 'French.' The questions on knowledge of official languages and non-official languages also reflect this change in the actual wording of the questions.</p> <p>This question was asked for the first time in the 1991 Census. Appendix H provides a list of the non-official languages released in 2006, 2001, and 1996.</p> <p>NOTE: Scandinavian languages were excluded from the 'Other Germanic languages' category in order to maintain historical comparability with the 'Netherlandic languages' category present in the 2001 and 1996 public use microdata file.</p> <p>Direct variable: Question 14</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	No non-official language	641632	23736902.6	76.9%
2	Aboriginal languages	6788	251119.2	0.8%
3	Arabic	7873	291258.3	0.9%
4	Chinese languages	27627	1022049.1	3.3%
5	German	13046	482631.2	1.6%
6	Other Germanic languages	4121	152454.6	0.5%
7	Greek	3207	118641.6	0.4%
8	Other Indo-Iranian languages	14645	541785.5	1.8%
9	Italian	15251	564204.2	1.8%
10	Polish	4894	181051.4	0.6%
11	Portuguese	6115	226221.8	0.7%
12	Panjabi (Punjabi)	7620	281898.7	0.9%
13	Spanish	16411	607118.0	2.0%
14	Ukrainian	3093	114424.2	0.4%
15	Austro-Asiatic languages	3859	142762.1	0.5%
16	Other European languages	2915	107839.2	0.3%
17	Russian	2390	88417.0	0.3%
18	Other Slavic languages	5375	198845.8	0.6%

# NOL: [NOL] Single and multiple responses to the non-official language question				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
19	Finno-Ugric languages	2225	82312.9	0.3%
20	Other Afro-Asiatic languages	2441	90303.8	0.3%
21	Dravidian languages	3481	128778.1	0.4%
22	Other East - South East Asian languages	5850	216418.3	0.7%
23	Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	7028	259997.9	0.8%
24	Niger-Congo languages and other African languages	1674	61928.9	0.2%
25	All other single languages	4564	168843.2	0.5%
26	Respondents with multiples non-official languages	19833	733713.4	2.4%
88	Not available	10518	389108.9	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# NONCFINHH: [NONCFINHH] Presence of persons not in census families in household				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=840026 / 31076404.144] [Invalid=4450 / 164625.855]			
Universe	Reported for: Population in private households			
Notes	Refers to the presence of persons not in census families in the household. Derived variable: Questions 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	None	631879	23376094.5	75.2%
1	One or more	208147	7700309.6	24.8%
9	Not applicable	4450	164625.9	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# OASGI: [OASGI] Old Age Security pension and Guaranteed Income Supplement				
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-19400] [Missing=*/8888888/9999999]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=692509 / 25619075.55] [Invalid=151967 / 5621954.45] [Mean=1013.409 / 1013.409] [StdDev=2607.339 / 2607.337]			
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	During the year ending December 31, 2005, did this person receive any income from the sources listed below? Old Age Security Pension, Guaranteed Income Supplement, Allowance and Allowance for the Survivor from federal government only (provincial income supplements should be reported in (h)).			
Notes	Refers to old age security pensions and guaranteed income supplements paid to persons 65 years of age and over, and to the allowance or allowance for the survivor paid to 60 to 64 year-old spouses, old age security recipients or widow(er)s by the federal government during the calendar year 2005. Direct variable: Question 52 (e) The value 8,888,888 stands for not available. The value 9,999,999 stands for not applicable and is applied to all persons less than 15 years of age. Otherwise, this variable is always positive or zero and is a rounded value of the amount received by the individual in 2005. Values that would have been rounded to zero have been replaced by 1.			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8888888	Not available	797	29484.7	
9999999	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# OMP: [OMP] Owner's major payments (monthly)				
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-3246] [Missing=*/8888/9999]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=612043 / 22642270.146] [Invalid=232433 / 8598759.853] [Mean=1107.005 / 1107.005] [StdDev=697.792 / 697.792]			
Universe	Population in private households in owner-occupied private non-farm dwellings			

# OMP: [OMP] Owner's major payments (monthly)				
Notes		<p>Refers to the total average monthly payments made by owner households to secure shelter. Owner's major payments include payments for electricity, oil, gas, coal, wood or other fuels, water and other municipal services, monthly mortgage payments, property taxes (municipal and school) and, for 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2006, condominium fees. Owner-occupied private non-farm dwellings.</p> <p>Derived variable: Questions H6 (a), (b), (c), H8 (a), (c) and (f)</p> <p>The value 8,888 stands for not available. The value 9,999 stands for not applicable and is applied to persons in collective households, overseas households, farm dwellings, tenant-occupied dwellings and band-owned dwellings. Otherwise, this variable is always positive or zero and is a rounded amount paid by owner households. In some cases, high values have been top coded in this file.</p>		
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8888	Not available	2960	109503.9	
9999	Not applicable	229473	8489255.9	
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>				
# OTINC: [OTINC] Other money income				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-223526] [Missing=*/8888888/9999999]		
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=692509 / 25619075.55] [Invalid=151967 / 5621954.45] [Mean=617.204 / 617.204] [StdDev=5004.967 / 5004.964]		
Universe		Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents		
Literal question		During the year ending December 31, 2005, did this person receive any income from the sources listed below? Other money income such as alimony, child support, scholarships		
Notes		<p>Refers to regular cash income received during calendar year 2005 and not reported in any of the other ten sources listed on the questionnaire. For example, severance pay and retirement allowances, alimony, child support, periodic support from other persons not in the household, income from abroad (excluding dividends and interest), non-refundable scholarships, bursaries, fellowships and study grants, and artists' project grants are included.</p> <p>Direct variable: Question 52 (k)</p> <p>The value 8,888,888 stands for not available. The value 9,999,999 stands for not applicable and is applied to all persons less than 15 years of age. Otherwise, this variable is always positive or zero and is a rounded value of the amount received by the individual in 2005. Values that would have been rounded to zero have been replaced by 1. In some cases, high values have been top coded in this file.</p>		
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8888888	Not available	797	29484.7	
9999999	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>				
# PKID0_1: [PKID0_1] Presence of children aged 0 to 1 in census family				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*/8/9]		
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=703740 / 26034561.612] [Invalid=140736 / 5206468.388]		
Universe		Persons in census families in private households		
Notes		<p>Refers to the presence of children aged 0 to 1 in the census family.</p> <p>Derived variable: Questions 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6</p>		
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	None	640355	23689660.5	91.0%
1	One or more	63385	2344901.1	9.0%
8	Not available	1933	71510.5	
9	Not applicable	138803	5134957.9	
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>				
# PKID15_24: [PKID15_24] Presence of children aged 15 to 24 in census family				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*/8/9]		
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=703740 / 26034561.612] [Invalid=140736 / 5206468.388]		
Universe		Persons in census families in private households		
Notes		Refers to the presence of children aged 15 to 24 in the census family.		

# PKID15_24: [PKID15_24] Presence of children aged 15 to 24 in census family				
		Derived variable: Questions 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6		
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	None	479699	17746260.2	<div><div></div></div> 68.2%
1	One or more	224041	8288301.4	<div><div></div></div> 31.8%
8	Not available	1933	71510.5	
9	Not applicable	138803	5134957.9	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# PKID2_5: [PKID2_5] Presence of children aged 2 to 5 in census family				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*/8/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=703740 / 26034561.612] [Invalid=140736 / 5206468.388]			
Universe	Persons in census families in private households			
Notes	Refers to the presence of children aged 2 to 5 in the census family. Derived variable: Questions 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	None	583010	21568206.7	<div><div></div></div> 82.8%
1	One or more	120730	4466354.9	<div><div></div></div> 17.2%
8	Not available	1933	71510.5	
9	Not applicable	138803	5134957.9	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# PKID25: [PKID25] Presence of children aged 25 and older in census family				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*/8/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=703740 / 26034561.612] [Invalid=140736 / 5206468.388]			
Universe	Persons in census families in private households			
Notes	Refers to the presence of children aged 25 and over in the census family. Derived variable: Questions 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	None	632107	23384529.3	<div><div></div></div> 89.8%
1	One or more	71633	2650032.3	<div><div></div></div> 10.2%
8	Not available	1933	71510.5	
9	Not applicable	138803	5134957.9	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# PKID6_14: [PKID6_14] Presence of children aged 6 to 14 in census family				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*/8/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=703740 / 26034561.612] [Invalid=140736 / 5206468.388]			
Universe	Persons in census families in private households			
Notes	Refers to the presence of children aged 6 to 14 in the census family. Derived variable: Questions 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	None	452257	16731055.1	<div><div></div></div> 64.3%
1	One or more	251483	9303506.5	<div><div></div></div> 35.7%
8	Not available	1933	71510.5	
9	Not applicable	138803	5134957.9	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				

# PKIDHH: [PKIDHH] Presence of children in Census family households				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=840026 / 31076404.144] [Invalid=4450 / 164625.855]			
Universe	Population in private households			
Notes	<p>Refers to the presence of children in census families in private households.</p> <p>Children refer to blood, step- or adopted sons and daughters (regardless of age or marital status) who are living in the same dwelling as their parent(s), as well as grandchildren in households where there are no parents present. Sons and daughters who are living with their spouse or common-law partner, or with one or more of their own children, are not considered to be members of the census family of their parent(s), even if they are living in the same dwelling. In addition, the sons or daughters who do not live in the same dwelling as their parent(s) are not considered members of the census family of their parent(s). When sons or daughters study or have a summer job elsewhere but return to live with their parent(s) during the year, these sons and daughters are considered members of the census family of their parent(s).</p> <p>Derived variable: Questions 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
0	None	299179	11067999.7	35.6%
1	One or more	540847	20008404.4	64.4%
9	Not applicable	4450	164625.9	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# POB: [POB] Place of birth of respondent				
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-27] [Missing=*/88]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844071 / 31226047.197] [Invalid=405 / 14982.803]			
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	Where was this person born?			
Interviewer's instructions	Specify one response only, according to present boundaries.			
Notes	<p>Refers to the country where the respondent was born.</p> <p>Respondents were asked to indicate their place of birth according to the boundaries in existence on Census Day, May 16, 2006. For example, respondents born in an area which, at the time of their birth, were part of the USSR but which is now part of Kazakhstan were asked to write 'Kazakhstan.'</p> <p>Direct variable: Question 9</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Canada	668523	24731723.7	79.2%
2	United States of America	7985	295401.7	0.9%
3	Central America	3991	147645.3	0.5%
4	Jamaica	3361	124338.8	0.4%
5	Other Caribbean and Bermuda	5577	206318.7	0.7%
6	South America	7197	266250.0	0.9%
7	United Kingdom	16356	605083.3	1.9%
8	Germany	4905	181458.4	0.6%
9	Other Northern and Western Europe	9027	333950.0	1.1%
10	Poland	4628	171210.9	0.5%
11	Other Eastern Europe	9440	349228.8	1.1%
12	Italy	7919	292960.0	0.9%
13	Portugal	4074	150715.9	0.5%
14	Other Southern Europe	7045	260626.8	0.8%
15	Eastern Africa	3664	135548.1	0.4%
16	Northern Africa	3784	139987.5	0.4%
17	Other Africa	3348	123857.8	0.4%
18	West Central Asia and the Middle East	10478	387629.1	1.2%
19	China, People's Republic of	13450	497577.0	1.6%

# POB: [POB] Place of birth of respondent				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
20	Hong Kong, Special Administrative Region	5820	215308.4	0.7%
21	Other Eastern Asia	6179	228589.5	0.7%
22	Philippines	8553	316414.6	1.0%
23	Other Southeast Asia	7104	262809.5	0.8%
24	India	12231	452480.6	1.4%
25	Pakistan	3783	139950.5	0.4%
26	Other Southern Asia	4016	148570.2	0.5%
27	Oceania and others	1633	60412.1	0.2%
88	Not available	405	14982.8	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# POBF: [POBF] Place of birth of father				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-7] [Missing=*/8/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=665049 / 24603204.544] [Invalid=179427 / 6637825.456]			
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	Where was each of this person's parents born? Father			
Interviewer's instructions	Mark or specify country according to present boundaries.			
Notes	<p>Refers to the country where the respondent's father was born.</p> <p>Respondents were asked to indicate the place of birth of their father according to the boundaries in existence on Census Day, May 16, 2006. For example, a respondent whose father was born in an area which, at the time of his birth, was part of the USSR but which is now part of Kazakhstan was asked to write 'Kazakhstan.' The place of birth of respondent, place of birth of father and place of birth of mother questions on the census are used to derive Generation status.</p> <p>Direct variable: Question 25 (a)</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Canada	441922	16348716.2	66.4%
2	United States of America	8606	318375.3	1.3%
3	Other Americas	19236	711627.6	2.9%
4	Europe	116894	4324443.8	17.6%
5	Eastern Asia	26526	981318.1	4.0%
6	Southeast and Southern Asia	33744	1248344.9	5.1%
7	Other countries and regions	18121	670378.7	2.7%
8	Not available	28257	1045355.7	
9	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# POBM: [POBM] Place of birth of mother				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-7] [Missing=*/8/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=665049 / 24603204.544] [Invalid=179427 / 6637825.456]			
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	Where was each of this person's parents born? Mother			
Interviewer's instructions	Mark or specify country according to present boundaries.			
Notes	<p>Refers to the country where the respondent's mother was born.</p> <p>Respondents were asked to indicate the place of birth of their mother according to the boundaries in existence on Census Day, May 16, 2006. For example, a respondent whose mother was born in an area which, at the time of her birth, was part of the USSR but which is now part of Kazakhstan was asked to write 'Kazakhstan.' The place of birth of respondent, place of birth of father and place of birth of mother questions on the census are used to derive Generation status.</p> <p>Direct variable: Question 25 (b)</p>			

# POBM: [POBM] Place of birth of mother				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Canada	450564	16668423.3	<div><div></div></div> 67.7%
2	United States of America	9231	341496.9	<div><div></div></div> 1.4%
3	Other Americas	19204	710443.8	<div><div></div></div> 2.9%
4	Europe	108321	4007289.3	<div><div></div></div> 16.3%
5	Eastern Asia	26075	964633.5	<div><div></div></div> 3.9%
6	Southeast and Southern Asia	33974	1256853.7	<div><div></div></div> 5.1%
7	Other countries and regions	17680	654064.1	<div><div></div></div> 2.7%
8	Not available	28257	1045355.7	
9	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# POWST: [POWST] Place of work status				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-7] [Missing=*/8/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=495735 / 18339505.216] [Invalid=348741 / 12901524.784]			
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents, who worked at some time since January 1, 2005			
Literal question	At what address did this person usually work most of the time?			
Post-question	Worked at home (including farms) - go to Question 48 Worked outside Canada - go to Question 48 No fixed workplace address - go to Question 48 Worked at address specified below - go to Question 48			
Interviewer's instructions	<p>If direction (e.g., North, South, East or West) is a part of the street address, please include it.
 If street address is unknown or if the address is a post office box, specify the building or nearest street intersection. Do not give a post office box number.
 Please give the name of the city or town rather than the metropolitan area of which it is a part.
 For example:
</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Saanich rather than Victoria (metropolitan area); • St. Albert rather than Edmonton (metropolitan area); • Laval rather than Montréal (metropolitan area). <p>If the address of work is different than the address of the employer, please provide the address where this person actually works (e.g., school teachers should provide the address of their school, not the address of the school board).</p>			
Notes	<p>Refers to the place of work of non-institutional residents 15 years of age and over who worked at some time since January 1, 2005. The variable usually relates to the individual's job held in the week prior to enumeration. However, if the person did not work during that week but had worked at some time since January 1, 2005, the information relates to the job held longest during that period.</p> <p>Respondent-completed responses</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Worked at home – Persons whose job is located in the same building as their place of residence, persons who live and work on the same farm, building superintendents and teleworkers who spend most of their work week working at home. • Worked outside Canada – Persons who work at a location outside Canada. This can include diplomats, Armed Forces personnel and other persons enumerated abroad. This category also includes recent immigrants who may not currently be employed, but whose job of longest duration since January 1, 2005 was held outside Canada. • No fixed workplace address – Persons who do not go from home to the same workplace location at the beginning of each shift. Such persons include building and landscape contractors, travelling salespersons, independent truck drivers, etc. • Usual place of work – Persons who are not included in the categories described above and who report to the same (usual) workplace location at the beginning of each shift are included here.
 Usual place of work is split into four categories based on a comparison of the respondent's place of work and place of residence. The comparison covers all levels of the Standard Geographical Classification i.e. province, census division and census subdivision. <p>Derived variable: Question 46</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Worked at home	37958	1404240.0	<div><div></div></div> 7.7%
2	No fixed address	54032	1998890.8	<div><div></div></div> 10.9%
3	Worked outside Canada	2418	89452.9	<div><div></div></div> 0.5%
4	Worked in census subdivision (municipality) of residence	239537	8861569.3	<div><div></div></div> 48.3%
5	Worked in a different census subdivision (municipality) with	82106	3037476.5	<div><div></div></div> 16.6%

POWST: [POWST] Place of work status

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)	
6	Worked in a different census division (county)	74952	2772817.3	<div></div>	15.1%
7	Worked in a different province	4732	175058.3	<div></div>	1.0%
8	Not available	1673	61891.9		
9	Not Applicable	347068	12839632.9		
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.					
# PPSORT: [PPSORT] Unique record identifier					
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-844476] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0] [Mean=422238.5 / 422238.5] [StdDev=243779.367 / 243779.227]				
# PR: [PR] Province					
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 10-60] [Missing=*]				
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]				
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents				
Notes	Refers to the major political division of Canada where the current residence is located (on May 16, 2006). Direct variable: Form 2B				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)	
10	Newfoundland and Labrador	13526	500388.6	<div></div>	1.6%
11	Prince Edward Island	3618	133846.4	<div></div>	0.4%
12	Nova Scotia	24469	905220.2	<div></div>	2.9%
13	New Brunswick	19555	723428.9	<div></div>	2.3%
24	Quebec	200975	7434984.5	<div></div>	23.8%
35	Ontario	324973	12022237.7	<div></div>	38.5%
46	Manitoba	30642	1133587.7	<div></div>	3.6%
47	Saskatchewan	25894	957937.5	<div></div>	3.1%
48	Alberta	87947	3253561.8	<div></div>	10.4%
59	British Columbia	110179	4076025.2	<div></div>	13.0%
60	Northern Canada	2698	99811.4	<div></div>	0.3%
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.					
# PR1: [PR1] Province of residence 1 year ago					
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 10-60] [Missing=*/88/99]				
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=39305 / 1454071.737] [Invalid=805171 / 29786958.262]				
Universe	Population 1 year of age and over residing in Canada, excluding institutional residents and Canadians (military and government personnel) in households outside Canada				
Literal question	Where did this person live 1 year ago, that is, on May 16, 2005?				
Interviewer's instructions	Note: For those who mark the third circle: Please give the name of the city or town rather than the metropolitan area of which it is part. For example: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Saanich rather than Victoria (metropolitan area);• St. Albert rather than Edmonton (metropolitan area);• Laval rather than Montréal (metropolitan area).				
Notes	Mobility 1: Refers to the person's usual province or territory of residence on May 16, 2005, one year prior to Census Day. This concept applies to the mobility status (1 year ago) subuniverse only excluding persons under one year of age, institutional residents and Canadians (military and government personnel) in households outside Canada Direct variable: Question 23				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)	
10	Lived in Newfoundland and Labrador 1 year ago	635	23491.6	<div></div>	1.6%

# PR1: [PR1] Province of residence 1 year ago				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
11	Lived in Prince Edward Island 1 year ago	170	6289.1	0.4%
12	Lived in Nova Scotia 1 year ago	1021	37771.5	2.6%
13	Lived in New Brunswick 1 year ago	983	36365.7	2.5%
24	Lived in Quebec 1 year ago	8964	331619.4	22.8%
35	Lived in Ontario 1 year ago	13828	511561.0	35.2%
46	Lived in Manitoba 1 year ago	1316	48684.9	3.3%
47	Lived in Saskatchewan 1 year ago	1442	53346.2	3.7%
48	Lived in Alberta 1 year ago	4529	167548.4	11.5%
59	Lived in British Columbia 1 year ago	6238	230772.2	15.9%
60	Lived in Northern Canada 1 year ago	179	6622.0	0.5%
88	Not available	1316	48684.9	
99	Not applicable	803855	29738273.4	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# PR5: [PR5] Province of residence 5 years ago				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 10-60] [Missing=*/99]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=119349 / 4415265.43] [Invalid=725127 / 26825764.569]			
Universe	Population 5 years of age and over residing in Canada, excluding institutional residents and Canadians (military and government personnel) in households outside Canada			
Literal question	Where did this person live 5 years ago, that is, on May 16, 2001?			
Interviewer's instructions	Note: For those who mark the third circle: Please give the name of the city or town rather than the metropolitan area of which it is part. For example: • Saanich rather than Victoria (metropolitan area); • St. Albert rather than Edmonton (metropolitan area); • Laval rather than Montréal (metropolitan area).			
Notes	Mobility 5: Refers to the person's usual province or territory of residence on May 16, 2001, five years prior to Census Day. This concept applies to the mobility status (5 years ago) subuniverse only excluding persons under five years of age, institutional residents and Canadians (military and government personnel) in households outside Canada. Direct variable: Question 24			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
10	Lived in Newfoundland and Labrador 5 years ago	1925	71214.6	1.6%
11	Lived in Prince Edward Island 5 years ago	463	17128.5	0.4%
12	Lived in Nova Scotia 5 years ago	2990	110613.8	2.5%
13	Lived in New Brunswick 5 years ago	2884	106692.4	2.4%
24	Lived in Quebec 5 years ago	28629	1059117.7	24.0%
35	Lived in Ontario 5 years ago	43643	1614554.2	36.6%
46	Lived in Manitoba 5 years ago	3734	138137.7	3.1%
47	Lived in Saskatchewan 5 years ago	4136	153009.6	3.5%
48	Lived in Alberta 5 years ago	12306	455255.2	10.3%
59	Lived in British Columbia 5 years ago	18102	669675.8	15.2%
60	Lived in Northern Canada 5 years ago	537	19866.1	0.4%
99	Not applicable	725127	26825764.6	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# PRIHM: [PRIHM] Primary household maintainer indicator				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1] [Missing=*/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=840026 / 31076404.144] [Invalid=4450 / 164625.855]			

# PRIHM: [PRIHM] Primary household maintainer indicator					
Universe		Population in private households			
Literal question		Who pays the rent or mortgage, taxes, electricity, etc., for this dwelling?			
Interviewer's instructions		If more than one person contributes to such payments, mark as many circles as apply.			
Notes		<p>The first person in the household identified as being the household maintainer.</p> <p>This variable identifies the first household maintainer entered in Question H1.
 Due to changes in questionnaire design and data capture, the method of identifying the primary household maintainer in 2006, 2001 and 1996 differs slightly from that of 1991. These changes may affect households where two or more persons contribute towards shelter expenses. As a result, the characteristics of the primary household maintainer in 2006, 2001 and 1996 may not be strictly comparable to those released in the 1991 Census. In the 1981 and 1986 censuses, only one person could be counted as being the household maintainer. Comparisons with the 2006, 2001, 1996 and 1991 censuses can be carried out using the Primary household maintainer variable.</p> <p>Derived variable: Question H1</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)	
0	Person is not primary maintainer	503560	18628987.8	<div></div>	59.9%
1	Person is primary maintainer	336466	12447416.4	<div></div>	40.1%
9	Not applicable	4450	164625.9		
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>					
# PWPR: [PWPR] Province of work					
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 10-60] [Missing=*/88/99]			
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=439285 / 16251161.506] [Invalid=405191 / 14989868.494]			
Universe		Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents, who worked at some time since January 1, 2005 at a usual workplace address, or had no fixed workplace address			
Literal question		At what address did this person usually work most of the time?			
Post-question		Worked at home (including farms) - go to Question 48 Worked outside Canada - go to Question 48 No fixed workplace address - go to Question 48 Worked at address specified below - go to Question 48			
Interviewer's instructions		<p>If direction (e.g., North, South, East or West) is a part of the street address, please include it.
 If street address is unknown or if the address is a post office box, specify the building or nearest street intersection. Do not give a post office box number.
 Please give the name of the city or town rather than the metropolitan area of which it is a part.
 For example:
</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Saanich rather than Victoria (metropolitan area); • St. Albert rather than Edmonton (metropolitan area); • Laval rather than Montréal (metropolitan area). <p>If the address of work is different than the address of the employer, please provide the address where this person actually works (e.g., school teachers should provide the address of their school, not the address of the school board).</p>			
Notes		<p>Province of work refers to the geographic location of the workplace of non-institutional residents 15 years of age and over who have worked since January 1, 2005. The variable usually relates to the individual's job held in the week prior to census. However, if the person had not worked during that week but had worked at some time since January 1, 2005, the information relates to the job held longest during that period.</p> <p>Derived variable: Question 46</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)	
10	Newfoundland and Labrador	6077	224816.0	<div></div>	1.4%
11	Prince Edward Island	1908	70585.6	<div></div>	0.4%
12	Nova Scotia	12146	449336.1	<div></div>	2.8%
13	New Brunswick	9943	367837.1	<div></div>	2.3%
24	Quebec	103198	3817766.1	<div></div>	23.5%
35	Ontario	170839	6320116.1	<div></div>	38.9%
46	Manitoba	15896	588065.8	<div></div>	3.6%
47	Saskatchewan	13395	495542.3	<div></div>	3.0%
48	Alberta	48715	1802190.7	<div></div>	11.1%
59	British Columbia	55631	2058045.2	<div></div>	12.7%

# PWPR: [PWPR] Province of work				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
60	Northern Canada	1537	56860.7	0.3%
88	Not available	1673	61891.9	
99	Not applicable	403518	14927976.6	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# REGIND: [REGIND] Registered or Treaty Indian				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-2] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]			
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	Is this person a Treaty Indian or a Registered Indian as defined by the Indian Act of Canada?			
Notes	<p>Refers to those persons who reported they were registered under the Indian Act of Canada. Treaty Indians are persons who are registered under the Indian Act and can prove descent from a band that signed a treaty.</p> <p>Although there was a question in the 1991 Census on registration status, the layout of the 1996 question was somewhat different. In 1991, Question 16 on Registered Indians had two components. In the first part of the question, respondents were asked about their registration status, while the second part of the question dealt with band membership. The question used in 1996 asked only for registration or treaty status, while band membership was dealt with in a separate question. The wording of the question, starting in 1996, differs slightly from the one in previous censuses. Prior to 1996, the term 'treaty' was not included in the question. It was added in 1996 at the request of individuals from the Western provinces, where the term is more widely used. The 2006 Census question is the same as the one used in 1996 and 2001.</p> <p>The Registered Indian counts in this data file may differ from the administrative counts maintained by the Department of Indian Affairs and Northern Development, with the most important causes of these differences being the incompletely enumerated Indian reserves and Indian settlements as well as methodological and conceptual differences between the two sources.</p> <p>Direct variable: Question 21</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Not a Registered Indian	827412	30609754.6	98.0%
2	Registered Indian	17064	631275.4	2.0%
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# REPAIR: [REPAIR] Condition of dwelling				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-3] [Missing=*/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=840026 / 31076404.144] [Invalid=4450 / 164625.855]			
Universe	Population in private dwellings occupied by usual residents			
Literal question	Is this dwelling in need of any repairs?			
Interviewer's instructions	Do not include desirable remodelling or additions.			
Notes	<p>Refers to whether, in the judgement of the respondent, the dwelling requires any repairs (excluding desirable remodelling or additions).</p> <p>Regular maintenance refers to painting, furnace cleaning, etc. Minor repairs refer to the repair of missing or loose floor tiles, bricks or shingles, defective steps, railing or siding, etc. Major repairs refer to the repair of defective plumbing or electrical wiring, structural repairs to walls, floors or ceilings, etc. Note: In 1961, the responses for the question on the condition of dwelling were: that the dwelling was in good condition, was in need of minor repairs or was in need of major repairs.</p> <p>Direct variable: Question H5</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Only regular maintenance needed	541254	20023461.2	64.4%
2	Minor repairs needed	234708	8682922.5	27.9%
3	Major repairs needed	64064	2370020.4	7.6%
9	Not applicable	4450	164625.9	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# RETIR: [RETIR] Retirement pensions				
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-180378] [Missing=*/8888888/9999999]			

# RETIR: [RETIR] Retirement pensions	
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=692509 / 25619075.55] [Invalid=151967 / 5621954.45] [Mean=2224.928 / 2224.928] [StdDev=8648.657 / 8648.651]
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents
Literal question	During the year ending December 31, 2005, did this person receive any income from the sources listed below? Retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from RRSPs and RRIFs. Do not include withdrawals from a pension plan or RRSP.
Notes	<p>Refers to all regular income received by the respondent during calendar year 2005 as the result of having been a member of a pension plan of one or more employers. It includes payments received from all annuities, including payments from a Registered Retirement Income Fund (RRIF), a matured Registered Retirement Savings Plan (RRSP) in the form of a life annuity, a fixed-term annuity, or an income-averaging annuity contract; pensions paid to widow(er)s or other relatives of deceased pensioners; pensions of retired civil servants, Armed Forces personnel and Royal Canadian Mounted Police (RCMP) officers; annuity payments received from the Canadian Government Annuities Fund, an insurance company, etc. Does not include lump-sum death benefits, lump-sum benefits or withdrawals from a pension plan or RRSP, or refunds of over contributions.</p> <p>Direct variable: Question 52 (j)</p> <p>The value 8,888,888 stands for not available. The value 9,999,999 stands for not applicable and is applied to all persons less than 15 years of age. Otherwise, this variable is always positive or zero and is a rounded value of the amount received by the individual in 2005. Values that would have been rounded to zero have been replaced by 1. In some cases, high values have been top coded in this file.</p>

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8888888	Not available	797	29484.7	
9999999	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

# ROOM: [ROOM] Number of rooms	
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-11] [Missing=*99]
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=840026 / 31076404.144] [Invalid=4450 / 164625.855]
Universe	Population in private dwellings occupied by usual residents
Literal question	How many rooms are there in this dwelling?
Interviewer's instructions	Include kitchen, bedrooms, finished rooms in attic or basements, etc. Do not count bathrooms, halls, vestibules and rooms used solely for business purposes.
Notes	<p>Refers to the number of rooms in a dwelling. A room is an enclosed area within a dwelling which is finished and suitable for year-round living.</p> <p>Partially divided L-shaped rooms are considered to be separate rooms if they are considered as such by the respondent (e.g., L-shaped dining-room and living-room arrangements). Not counted as rooms are bathrooms, halls, vestibules and rooms used solely for business purposes.</p> <p>Direct variable: Question H3 (a)</p>

Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	One room	3863	142910.0	0.5%
2	Two rooms	8084	299064.1	1.0%
3	Three rooms	42013	1554253.0	5.0%
4	Four rooms	90197	3336799.6	10.7%
5	Five rooms	123038	4551738.4	14.6%
6	Six rooms	123251	4559618.3	14.7%
7	Seven rooms	119157	4408162.5	14.2%
8	Eight rooms	119312	4413896.6	14.2%
9	Nine rooms	78182	2892309.8	9.3%
10	Ten rooms	67834	2509489.9	8.1%
11	Eleven or more rooms	65095	2408161.8	7.7%
99	Not applicable	4450	164625.9	

Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.

# SEMPI: [SEMPI] Total self-employment income				
Information		[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= -50000-750554] [Missing=*/8888888/9999999]		
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=692509 / 25619075.55] [Invalid=151967 / 5621954.45] [Mean=2073.526 / 2073.526] [StdDev=20194.679 / 20194.665]		
Universe		Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents		
Notes		<p>Total income received by persons 15 years of age and over during calendar year 2005 as net farm income from self-employment, or net non-farm income from unincorporated business and/or professional practice.</p> <p>Derived variable: Questions 52 (b) and (c)</p> <p>The value 8,888,888 stands for not available. The value 9,999,999 stands for not applicable and is applied to all persons less than 15 years of age. Otherwise, this variable could be positive, negative or zero and is a rounded value of the amount received by the individual in 2005. Values that would have been rounded to zero have been replaced by 1. In some cases, high values have been top coded in this file.</p>		
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8888888	Not available	797	29484.7	
9999999	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>				

# SEX: [SEX] Sex				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-2] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 / 31241029.999] [Invalid=0 / 0]			
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	Sex			
Notes	Refers to the gender of the respondent Direct variable: Question 2			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Female	430114	15911884.3	50.9%
2	Male	414362	15329145.7	49.1%
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>				
# SSGRAD: [SSGRAD] High school graduation certificate or equivalent				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-12] [Missing=*/99]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=693306 / 25648560.225] [Invalid=151170 / 5592469.774]			
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents			
Notes	<p>Refers to the possession of a secondary (high) school graduation certificate or its equivalent, regardless of whether other educational qualifications are held or not. This variable separates the population into those persons with and those without a high school graduation certificate or its equivalent. It also provides information on any additional education that may have been completed by these two populations. The education questions in the census underwent significant changes in 2006 and, as a result, not all variables are historically comparable.</p> <p>For the first time, the 2006 Census included an explicit question asking Canadians to report whether they had completed high school, with a separate category for completion of high school equivalencies. This change was made to address suspected underreporting of high school completions. In previous censuses, all levels of education were included in a single list, with many respondents reporting only their highest credential rather than all credentials earned.</p> <p>In addition to the changes to the questionnaire, the secondary (high) school graduation variable was derived differently in 2006 than in 2001 with a focus on completed credentials. As a result of these changes, only the following categories in the 'high school certificate or equivalent' variable may be considered for comparison to previous censuses: 'No high school certificate or equivalent without further schooling' and 'With high school certificate or equivalent with a university degree' – from bachelor's degree to earned doctorate degree.</p> <p>For more information, please see the Education Reference Guide, 2006 Census (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/bsolc/olc-cel/olc-cel?catno=97-560-GWE2006003&lang=eng)</p> <p>Derived variable: Questions 26, 27, 28 and 29</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	No high school certificate or equivalency certificate withou	164224	6075396.9	23.7%
2	No high school certificate or equivalency certificate with r	18006	666124.3	2.6%
3	No high school certificate or equivalency certificate with c	5170	191261.9	0.7%
4	With high school certificate or equivalency certificate with	177216	6556030.5	25.6%
5	With high school certificate or equivalency certificate with	57298	2119715.1	8.3%
6	With high school certificate or equivalency certificate with	114970	4253266.2	16.6%
7	With high school certificate or equivalency certificate with	30476	1127446.6	4.4%
8	With high school certificate or equivalency certificate with	80496	2977915.2	11.6%
9	With high school certificate or equivalency certificate with	13301	492064.8	1.9%
10	With high school certificate or equivalency certificate with	3755	138914.6	0.5%

# SSGRAD: [SSGRAD] High school graduation certificate or equivalent				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
11	With high school certificate or equivalency certificate with	23550	871222.2	<div><div></div></div> 3.4%
12	With high school certificate or equivalency certificate with	4844	179201.7	<div><div></div></div> 0.7%
99	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>				
# TENUR: [TENUR] Tenure				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-2] [Missing=*/8/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=836575 / 30948735.869] [Invalid=7901 / 292294.13]			
Universe	Population in private households			
Literal question	Is this dwelling: owned by you or a member of this household (even if it is still being paid for)? rented (even if no cash rent is paid?)			
Interviewer's instructions	Mark one circle only			
Notes	<p>Refers to whether some member of the household owns or rents the dwelling, or whether the dwelling is band housing (on an Indian reserve or settlement).</p> <p>A dwelling is classified as 'owned' even if it is not fully paid for, such as one which has a mortgage or some other claim on it. The dwelling may be situated on rented or leased land or be part of a condominium (whether registered or unregistered).</p> <p>A dwelling is classified as 'rented' even if it is provided without cash rent or at a reduced rent, or if the dwelling is part of a cooperative. For census purposes, in a cooperative, all members jointly own the cooperative and occupy their dwelling units under a lease agreement.</p> <p>For historical and statutory reasons, shelter occupancy on reserves does not lend itself to the usual classification by standard tenure categories. Therefore, a special category 'band housing' has been created for 1991 census products. Band housing also appears in the 1996 and 2001 Census products.</p> <p>Notes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In some publications or through special tabulations, it is possible to obtain comparable data for 1986 and 1991 by grouping together the data referring to Indian reserves or settlements. • In 1961, 1966, 1971, 1976 and 1981, dwellings on Indian reserves were classified as being 'owned' or 'rented'. <p>Direct variable: Question H2</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Owned (with or without mortgage)	619498	22918064.7	<div><div></div></div> 74.1%
2	Rented (for cash, other) or Band housing	217077	8030671.2	<div><div></div></div> 25.9%
8	Not available	3451	127668.3	
9	Not applicable	4450	164625.9	
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>				
# TOTINC: [TOTINC] Total income of individual				
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= -50000-1285586] [Missing=*/888888/9999999]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=692721 / 25626918.399] [Invalid=151755 / 5614111.6] [Mean=35067.691 / 35067.691] [StdDev=55697.019 / 55696.98]			
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	<p>During the year ending December 31, 2005, did this person receive any income from the sources listed below?
 <ol type="a"></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Paid Employment - total wages and salaries • Self-Employment - net farm income • Self-Employment - net non-farm income from unincorporated business, professional practice, etc. • Income from government - child benefits • Income from government - Old Age Secuirty Pension, Gauranteed Income Supplement, Allowance and Allowance for the Survivor • Income from government - Benefits from Canada or Quebec Pension Plan • Income from government - Benefits from Employment Insurance • Income from government - Other income from government sources, such as provincial income supplements and grants, the GST/QST/HST credit, provincial tax credit, workers' compensation, veterans' pensions, welfare payments • Other income - Dividends, interest on bonds, deposits and savings certificates, and other investment income, such as net rents from real estate, interest from mortgages. Do not include capital gains / losses. 			

# TOTINC: [TOTINC] Total income of individual				
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Other income - Retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from RRSPs and RRIFs. Do not include withdrawals from a pension plan or RRSP. • Other income - Other money income, such as alimony, child support, scholarships 			
Interviewer's instructions	Answer "Yes" or "No" for all sources. If "Yes", also enter the amount; in case of a loss, also mark "Loss".			
Notes	<p>Refers to the total money income received from the following sources during calendar year 2005 by persons 15 years of age and over: wages and salaries (total); net farm income; net non-farm income from unincorporated business and/or professional practice; child benefits; old age security pension and guaranteed income supplement; benefits from Canada or Quebec Pension Plan; benefits from employment insurance; other income from government sources; dividends, interest on bonds, deposits and savings certificates, and other investment income; retirement pensions, superannuation and annuities, including those from RRSPs and RRIFs; other money income.</p> <p>Direct variable: Question 52</p> <p>The value 8,888,888 stands for not available. The value 9,999,999 stands for not applicable and is applied to all persons less than 15 years of age. Otherwise, this variable could be positive, negative or zero and is a rounded value of the amount received by the individual in 2005. Values that would have been rounded to zero have been replaced by 1. In some cases, high values have been top coded in this file.</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8888888	Not available	585	21641.8	
9999999	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>				
# TOTINC_AT: [TOTINC_AT] Total after-tax income of individual				
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= -50000-881484] [Missing=*/8888888/9999999]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=692509 / 25619075.55] [Invalid=151967 / 5621954.45] [Mean=28543.87 / 28543.87] [StdDev=36688.915 / 36688.889]			
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents			
Notes	<p>Refers to total income minus federal, provincial and territorial income taxes paid for calendar year 2005. Total income refers to income from all sources, including employment income, income from government programs, pension income, investment income and any other money income. Federal, provincial and territorial taxes paid refer to taxes on income, after taking into account exemptions, deductions, non-refundable tax credits and the Quebec abatement. These taxes are obtained from the income tax files for persons who allowed access to their income tax data and from direct responses on the questionnaire for others.</p> <p>Derived variable: Question 52</p> <p>The value 8,888,888 stands for not available. The value 9,999,999 stands for not applicable and is applied to all persons less than 15 years of age. Otherwise, this variable could be positive, negative or zero and is a rounded value of the amount received by the individual in 2005. Values that would have been rounded to zero have been replaced by 1. In some cases, high values have been top coded in this file.</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8888888	Not available	797	29484.7	
9999999	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	
<i>Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.</i>				
# UPHWRK: [UPHWRK] Hours spent doing unpaid housework				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-6] [Missing=*/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=693306 / 25648560.225] [Invalid=151170 / 5592469.774]			
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	Last week, how many weeks did this person spend doing the following activities: doing unpaid housework, yard work or home maintenance for members of this household, or others?			
Interviewer's instructions	Some examples include: preparing meals, washing the car, doing laundry, cutting the grass, shopping, household planning, etc.			
Notes	<p>Refers to the number of hours persons spent doing unpaid housework, yard work or home maintenance in the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to Census Day (May 16, 2006). It includes hours spent doing unpaid housework for members of one's own household, for other family members outside the household, and for friends or neighbours.</p> <p>Unpaid housework does not include volunteer work for a non-profit organization, a religious organization, a charity or community group, or work without pay in the operation of a family farm, business or professional practice.</p> <p>Direct variable: Question 33 (a)</p>			

# UPHWRK: [UPHWRK] Hours spent doing unpaid housework				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	No hours of housework	66928	2475972.9	<div><div></div></div> 9.7%
2	Less than 5 hours of housework	167348	6190968.0	<div><div></div></div> 24.1%
3	5 to 14 hours of housework	224009	8287117.6	<div><div></div></div> 32.3%
4	15 to 29 hours of housework	138375	5119124.2	<div><div></div></div> 20.0%
5	30 to 59 hours of housework	69544	2572750.7	<div><div></div></div> 10.0%
6	60 hours or more of housework	27102	1002626.9	<div><div></div></div> 3.9%
9	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# UPKID: [UPKID] Hours spent looking after children, without pay				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-6] [Missing=*/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=693306 / 25648560.225] [Invalid=151170 / 5592469.774]			
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	Last week, how many weeks did this person spend doing the following activities: looking after one or more of this person's own children, or the children of others, without pay?			
Interviewer's instructions	Some examples include: bathing or playing with young children, driving children to sports activities or helping them with homework, talking with teens about their problems, etc.			
Notes	<p>Refers to the number of hours persons spent looking after children without pay. It includes hours spent providing unpaid child care for members of one's own household, for other family members outside the household, for friends or neighbours in the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to Census Day (May 16, 2006).</p> <p>Unpaid child care does not include volunteer work for a non-profit organization, a religious organization, a charity or community group, or work without pay in the operation of a family farm, business or professional practice.</p> <p>Direct variable: Question 33 (b)</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	No hours of child care	432712	16007996.2	<div><div></div></div> 62.4%
2	Less than 5 hours of child care	65967	2440421.1	<div><div></div></div> 9.5%
3	5 to 14 hours of child care	65691	2430210.6	<div><div></div></div> 9.5%
4	15 to 29 hours of child care	46590	1723577.2	<div><div></div></div> 6.7%
5	30 to 59 hours of child care	35788	1323961.8	<div><div></div></div> 5.2%
6	60 hours or more of child care	46558	1722393.4	<div><div></div></div> 6.7%
9	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# UPSR: [UPSR] Hours spent providing unpaid care or assistance to seniors				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-5] [Missing=*/9]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=693306 / 25648560.225] [Invalid=151170 / 5592469.774]			
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	Last week, how many weeks did this person spend doing the following activities: providing unpaid care or assistance to one or more seniors?			
Interviewer's instructions	Some examples include: providing personal care to a senior family member, visiting seniors, talking with them on the telephone, helping them with shopping, banking or with taking medication, etc.			
Notes	<p>Refers to the number of hours persons spent providing unpaid care or assistance to seniors of one's own household, to other senior family members outside the household, and to friends or neighbours in the week (Sunday to Saturday) prior to Census Day (May 16, 2006).</p> <p>Unpaid care or assistance to seniors does not include volunteer work for a non-profit organization, religious organization, charity or community group, or work without pay in the operation of a family farm, business or professional practice.</p> <p>Direct variable: Question 33 (c)</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	No hours of care to seniors	565622	20924945.0	<div><div></div></div> 81.6%

# UPSR: [UPSR] Hours spent providing unpaid care or assistance to seniors				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
2	Less than 5 hours of care to seniors	78976	2921683.5	11.4%
3	5 to 9 hours of care to seniors	27489	1016943.8	4.0%
4	10 to 19 hours of care to seniors	10401	384780.6	1.5%
5	20 or more hours of care to seniors	10818	400207.3	1.6%
9	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# VALUE: [VALUE] Value of dwelling				
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1388169] [Missing=*/8888888/9999999]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=612043 / 22642270.146] [Invalid=232433 / 8598759.853] [Mean=282751.614 / 282751.614] [StdDev=218810.915 / 218810.741]			
Universe	Population in private households in owner-occupied private non-farm dwellings			
Literal question	If you were to sell this dwelling now, for how much would you expect to sell it?			
Notes	<p>Refers to the dollar amount expected by the owner if the dwelling were to be sold. Owner-occupied private non-farm dwellings.</p> <p>Direct variable: Question H8 (d)</p> <p>The value 8,888,888 stands for not available. The value 9,999,999 stands for not applicable and is applied to persons in collective households, overseas households, farm dwellings, tenant-occupied dwellings and band-owned dwellings. Otherwise, this variable is always positive or zero and is a rounded value of the amount expected by the owner if the dwelling were to be sold. In some cases, high values have been top coded in this file.</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8888888	Not available	2960	109503.9	
9999999	Not applicable	229473	8489255.9	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# VISMIN: [VISMIN] Visible minority population				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-13] [Missing=*/88]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=840512 / 31094383.507] [Invalid=3964 / 146646.492]			
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	<p>Is this person:
</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • White • Chinese • South Asian (e.g., East Indian, Pakistani, Sri Lankan, etc.) • Black • Filipino • Latin American • Southeast Asian (e.g., Vietnamese, Cambodian, Malaysian, Laotian, etc.) • Arab • West Asian (e.g., Iranian, Afghan, etc.) • Korean • Japanese • Other - Specify 			
Interviewer's instructions	Mark more than one country or specify, if applicable. This information is collected to support programs that promote equal opportunity for everyone to share in the social, cultural and economic life of Canada.			
Notes	<p>Refers to the visible minority group to which the respondent belongs. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as 'persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour.' 'South Asian' includes, for example, East Indian, Pakistani, Sri Lankan, etc. 'Southeast Asian' includes, for example, Vietnamese, Cambodian, Malaysian, Laotian, etc. 'West Asian' includes, for example, Iranian, Afghan, etc. 'Visible minority, n.i.e.' includes respondents who reported a write-in response such as Guyanese, West Indian, Kurd, Tibetan, Polynesian, Pacific Islander, etc. 'Multiple visible minority' includes respondents who reported more than one visible minority group by checking two or more mark-in circles, e.g., 'Black' and 'South Asian.'</p> <p>'Aboriginal self-reporting' includes respondents who reported 'Yes' to the Aboriginal identity question (Question 18): these respondents were not required to answer the Population Group question.</p> <p>Direct variable: Question 19</p>			

# VISMIN: [VISMIN] Visible minority population					
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)	
1	Chinese	32865	1215826.7	<div><div></div></div>	3.9%
2	South Asian	34077	1260664.1	<div><div></div></div>	4.1%
3	Black	21045	778550.8	<div><div></div></div>	2.5%
4	Filipino	10857	401650.1	<div><div></div></div>	1.3%
5	Latin American	7740	286338.0	<div><div></div></div>	0.9%
6	Southeast Asian	6135	226961.7	<div><div></div></div>	0.7%
7	Arab	6622	244978.1	<div><div></div></div>	0.8%
8	West Asian	3727	137878.8	<div><div></div></div>	0.4%
9	Korean	3378	124967.7	<div><div></div></div>	0.4%
10	Japanese	1764	65258.4	<div><div></div></div>	0.2%
11	Visible minority, n.i.e.	1568	58007.5	<div><div></div></div>	0.2%
12	Multiple visible minority	3053	112944.4	<div><div></div></div>	0.4%
13	Not a visible minority	707681	26180357.2	<div><div></div></div>	84.2%
88	Not available	3964	146646.5		
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.					
# VISMINH: [VISMINH] Historical visible minority population					
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-12] [Missing=*/88]				
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=840512 / 31094383.507] [Invalid=3964 / 146646.492]				
Universe	Total population, excluding institutional residents				
Literal question	Is this person: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • White • Chinese • South Asian (e.g., East Indian, Pakistani, Sri Lankan, etc.) • Black • Filipino • Latin American • Southeast Asian (e.g., Vietnamese, Cambodian, Malaysian, Laotian, etc.) • Arab • West Asian (e.g., Iranian, Afghan, etc.) • Korean • Japanese • Other - Specify 				
Interviewer's instructions	Mark more than one country or specify, if applicable. This information is collected to support programs that promote equal opportunity for everyone to share in the social, cultural and economic life of Canada.				
Notes	Refers to the visible minority group to which the respondent belongs. The Employment Equity Act defines visible minorities as 'persons, other than Aboriginal peoples, who are non-Caucasian in race or non-white in colour.' VisMinH is a historical variable and should be used when comparing visible minority data from the 1996 Census with data from either the 2001 or 2006 censuses. VISMINH differs from the non-historical version of the variable (VISMIN) in that it includes a combined stub for 'Arab/West Asian', rather than separate stubs for these groups. Before 1996, visible minority data were derived using Place of Birth, Ethnic Origin, Mother Tongue and, when available, Religion. Since 1996, a direct question has been asked. Precaution should therefore be taken when comparing data before 1996 with data from 1996 onwards as the collection tool for visible minority data has changed. Direct variable: Question 19				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)	
1	Chinese	32865	1215826.7	<div><div></div></div>	3.9%
2	South Asian	34077	1260664.1	<div><div></div></div>	4.1%
3	Black	21045	778550.8	<div><div></div></div>	2.5%
4	Filipino	10857	401650.1	<div><div></div></div>	1.3%
5	Latin American	7740	286338.0	<div><div></div></div>	0.9%
6	Southeast Asian	6135	226961.7	<div><div></div></div>	0.7%

# VISMINH: [VISMINH] Historical visible minority population				
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
7	Arab/West Asian	10349	382856.8	1.2%
8	Korean	3378	124967.7	0.4%
9	Japanese	1764	65258.4	0.2%
10	Visible minority, n.i.e.	1568	58007.5	0.2%
11	Multiple visible minority	3053	112944.4	0.4%
12	Not a visible minority	707681	26180357.2	84.2%
88	Not available	3964	146646.5	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# WAGES: [WAGES] Wages and salary income				
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-1226490] [Missing=*/8888888/9999999]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=692509 / 25619075.55] [Invalid=151967 / 5621954.45] [Mean=24111.546 / 24111.546] [StdDev=44123.641 / 44123.61]			
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	During the year ending December 31, 2005, did this person receive any income from the sources listed below? Total wages and salaries, including commissions, bonuses, tips, taxable benefits, research grants, royalties, etc., before any deductions			
Notes	<p>Refers to gross wages and salaries before deductions for such items as income tax, pensions and employment insurance. Included in this source are military pay and allowances, tips, commissions and cash bonuses, benefits from wage-loss replacement plans or income-maintenance insurance plans, supplementary unemployment benefits from an employer or union as well as all types of casual earnings during calendar year 2005. Other employment income such as taxable benefits, research grants and royalties are included.</p> <p>Direct variable: Question 52 (a)</p> <p>The value 8,888,888 stands for not available. The value 9,999,999 stands for not applicable and is applied to all persons less than 15 years of age. Otherwise, this variable is always positive or zero and is a rounded value of the amount received by the individual in 2005. Values that would have been rounded to zero have been replaced by 1. In some cases, high values have been top coded in this file.</p>			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
8888888	Not available	797	29484.7	
9999999	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# WEIGHT: [WEIGHT] Individuals weighting factor				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 36.99457415-36.99457415] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=36.995 /-] [StdDev=4.66e-06 /-]			
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
36.99457415		844476		100.0%
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# WKSWRK: [WKSWRK] Weeks worked in 2005				
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-52] [Missing=*/99]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=497408 / 18401397.139] [Invalid=347068 / 12839632.861] [Mean=41.861 / 41.861] [StdDev=15.675 / 15.675]			
Universe	Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	In how many weeks did this person work in 2005?			
Interviewer's instructions	<p>Include those weeks in which this person:
</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • was on vacation or sick leave with pay; • worked full time or part time; • worked for wages, salary, tips or commission; • was self-employed; • worked directly towards the operation of a family farm or business without formal pay arrangements. 			

# WKSWRK: [WKSWRK] Weeks worked in 2005				
Notes		Refers to the number of weeks in 2005 during which persons worked for pay or in self-employment at all jobs held, even if only for a few hours. It includes weeks of paid vacation, weeks on sick leave with pay, and all weeks in which training was paid for by the employer. Direct variable: Question 49 This variable shows the actual number of weeks (from 1 to 52 weeks) worked in 2005. The value 0 includes persons who worked in 2006 only. The value 99 stands for 'Not applicable', and it is applied to persons who worked before 2005 only or who never worked, and to all persons less than 15 years of age.		
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
99	Not applicable	347068	12839632.9	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# WRKACT: [WRKACT] Work activity in 2005				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-12] [Missing=*/99]		
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=693306 / 25648560.225] [Invalid=151170 / 5592469.774]		
Universe		Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents		
Notes		Refers to the number of weeks in which a person worked for pay or in self-employment in 2005 at all jobs held, even if only for a few hours, and whether these weeks were mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) or mostly part time (1 to 29 hours per week). The term 'full-year full-time workers' refers to persons 15 years of age and over who worked 49 to 52 weeks (mostly full time) in 2005 for pay or in self-employment. Derived variable: Questions 39, 49 and 50		
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	Didn't work in 2005, worked before 2005 or never worked	195898	7247163.1	<div><div></div></div> 28.3%
2	Didn't work in 2005, worked in 2006	15058	557064.3	<div><div></div></div> 2.2%
3	Worked 1-13 weeks full time	14633	541341.6	<div><div></div></div> 2.1%
4	Worked 1-13 weeks part time	20122	744404.8	<div><div></div></div> 2.9%
5	Worked 14-26 weeks full time	25170	931153.4	<div><div></div></div> 3.6%
6	Worked 14-26 weeks part time	20355	753024.6	<div><div></div></div> 2.9%
7	Worked 27-39 weeks full time	21923	811032.0	<div><div></div></div> 3.2%
8	Worked 27-39 weeks part time	12367	457511.9	<div><div></div></div> 1.8%
9	Worked 40-48 weeks full time	53774	1989346.2	<div><div></div></div> 7.8%
10	Worked 40-48 weeks part time	16355	605046.3	<div><div></div></div> 2.4%
11	Worked 49-52 weeks full time	259368	9595208.7	<div><div></div></div> 37.4%
12	Worked 49-52 weeks part time	38283	1416263.3	<div><div></div></div> 5.5%
99	Not applicable	151170	5592469.8	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# WT1: [WT1] Replicate PUMF weight				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-295.9565932] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=844476 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=36.994 /-] [StdDev=97.878 /-]		
Notes		Weighting factor for replicates, for purpose of estimating sampling variability.		
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
0		738917	<div><div></div></div> 87.5%	
295.9565932		105559	<div><div></div></div> 12.5%	
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# WT2: [WT2] Replicate PUMF weight				
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-295.9565932] [Missing=*]		
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=844476 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=36.995 /-] [StdDev=97.879 /-]		

# WT2: [WT2] Replicate PUMF weight			
Notes		Weighting factor for replicates, for purpose of estimating sampling variability.	
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0		738916	87.5%
295.9565932		105560	12.5%
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.			
# WT3: [WT3] Replicate PUMF weight			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-295.9565932] [Missing=*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=844476 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=36.995 /-] [StdDev=97.879 /-]	
Notes		Weighting factor for replicates, for purpose of estimating sampling variability.	
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0		738916	87.5%
295.9565932		105560	12.5%
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.			
# WT4: [WT4] Replicate PUMF weight			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-295.9565932] [Missing=*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=844476 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=36.995 /-] [StdDev=97.879 /-]	
Notes		Weighting factor for replicates, for purpose of estimating sampling variability.	
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0		738916	87.5%
295.9565932		105560	12.5%
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.			
# WT5: [WT5] Replicate PUMF weight			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-295.9565932] [Missing=*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=844476 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=36.995 /-] [StdDev=97.879 /-]	
Notes		Weighting factor for replicates, for purpose of estimating sampling variability.	
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0		738916	87.5%
295.9565932		105560	12.5%
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.			
# WT6: [WT6] Replicate PUMF weight			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-295.9565932] [Missing=*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=844476 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=36.994 /-] [StdDev=97.878 /-]	
Notes		Weighting factor for replicates, for purpose of estimating sampling variability.	
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage
0		738917	87.5%
295.9565932		105559	12.5%
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.			
# WT7: [WT7] Replicate PUMF weight			
Information		[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-295.9565932] [Missing=*]	
Statistics [NW/ W]		[Valid=844476 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=36.994 /-] [StdDev=97.878 /-]	
Notes		Weighting factor for replicates, for purpose of estimating sampling variability.	

# WT7: [WT7] Replicate PUMF weight				
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
0		738917	<div></div>	87.5%
295.9565932		105559	<div></div>	12.5%
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# WT8: [WT8] Replicate PUMF weight				
Information	[Type= discrete] [Format=numeric] [Range= 0-295.9565932] [Missing=*]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=844476 /-] [Invalid=0 /-] [Mean=36.994 /-] [StdDev=97.878 /-]			
Notes	Weighting factor for replicates, for purpose of estimating sampling variability.			
Value	Label	Cases	Percentage	
0		738917	<div></div>	87.5%
295.9565932		105559	<div></div>	12.5%
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.				
# YRIMM: [YRIMM] Year of immigration				
Information	[Type= continuous] [Format=numeric] [Range= 1-2006] [Missing=*/8888/9999]			
Statistics [NW/ W]	[Valid=148654 / 5499391.426] [Invalid=695822 / 25741638.574]			
Universe	Persons who are, or have been, landed immigrants, excluding institutional residents			
Literal question	In what year did this person first become a landed immigrant?			
Interviewer's instructions	If exact year is not known, enter best estimate.			
Notes	Refers to the year landed immigrant status was first obtained in Canada. Includes immigrants who landed in Canada prior to Census Day, May 16, 2006. A landed immigrant is a person who has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities. This variable is used to derive a variable indicating immigrant status and period of immigration. Users should note that historical comparisons of individual years of immigration can be affected by a number of factors, for example emigration and mortality among the immigrant population, respondent reporting patterns and coverage of immigrants in the census. Direct variable: Question 12			
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)
1	before 1950	3804	140727.4	<div></div> 2.6%
2	1950 to 1954	6614	244682.1	<div></div> 4.4%
3	1955 to 1959	8130	300765.9	<div></div> 5.5%
4	1960 to 1964	5499	203433.2	<div></div> 3.7%
5	1965 to 1969	11636	430468.9	<div></div> 7.8%
6	1970 to 1974	12181	450630.9	<div></div> 8.2%
7	1975 to 1979	10749	397654.7	<div></div> 7.2%
1980	1980	2370	87677.1	<div></div> 1.6%
1981	1981	1689	62483.8	<div></div> 1.1%
1982	1982	1633	60412.1	<div></div> 1.1%
1983	1983	1210	44763.4	<div></div> 0.8%
1984	1984	1258	46539.2	<div></div> 0.8%
1985	1985	1352	50016.7	<div></div> 0.9%
1986	1986	1602	59265.3	<div></div> 1.1%
1987	1987	2200	81388.1	<div></div> 1.5%
1988	1988	2715	100440.3	<div></div> 1.8%
1989	1989	3726	137841.8	<div></div> 2.5%
1990	1990	4054	149976.0	<div></div> 2.7%
1991	1991	3459	127964.2	<div></div> 2.3%
1992	1992	3984	147386.4	<div></div> 2.7%

# YRIMM: [YRIMM] Year of immigration					
Value	Label	Cases	Weighted	Percentage (Weighted)	
1993	1993	4162	153971.4	<div></div>	2.8%
1994	1994	3981	147275.4	<div></div>	2.7%
1995	1995	3932	145462.7	<div></div>	2.6%
1996	1996	4021	148755.2	<div></div>	2.7%
1997	1997	3818	141245.3	<div></div>	2.6%
1998	1998	3553	131441.7	<div></div>	2.4%
1999	1999	3951	146165.6	<div></div>	2.7%
2000	2000	4735	175169.3	<div></div>	3.2%
2001	2001	5598	207095.6	<div></div>	3.8%
2002	2002	5097	188561.3	<div></div>	3.4%
2003	2003	4698	173800.5	<div></div>	3.2%
2004	2004	4802	177647.9	<div></div>	3.2%
2005	2005	4894	181051.4	<div></div>	3.3%
2006	2006	1547	57230.6	<div></div>	1.0%
8888	Not available	18227	674300.1		
9999	Not applicable	677595	25067338.5		
Warning: these figures indicate the number of cases found in the data file. They cannot be interpreted as summary statistics of the population of interest.					