Weekly Planning Sheet



Grammar Focus	DAILY ASSIGNMENTS					
STRUCTURE: Simple	DAY 1	DAY 2	DAY 3	DAY 4		
PURPOSE: Interrogative PATTERN: S-Vi	Weekly Sentences	☐ Weekly Sentences	☐ Weekly Sentences	☐ Weekly Sentences		
PARTS OF SPEECH:	☐ Editing	☐ Editing	☐ Editing	☐ Editing		
Review	☐ Spelling Rule	Spelling Rule	☐ Spelling Rule	Spelling Rule		
<u>Charts</u> (A) Sentence Classification	☐ Spelling	Spelling	☐ Spelling	Spelling		
(B) 112 Model Sentences: Simple Structure	Charts	Charts	Charts	Charts		
(C) Verbs (D) Principal Parts of Verbs	IEW - Read Lesson & KWO	IEW - KWO Rough Draft	IEW - Edit Rough Draft	IEW - Final Draft & Check- list		
(E) Nouns	☐ Vocabulary	☐ Vocabulary	☐ Vocabulary	☐ Vocabulary		
(F) Pronouns		<u>.</u>				
IEW Assignment	ENGL	ISH LANGUA	AGE VOCABL	JLARY		
<u>TWSS</u> Unit 3: Retelling Narrative Stories	And the state of t		CE - An interroga n a question mar			
<u>USHW</u> Lesson 7: The Boston Tea		IEW VOC	ABULARY			
Party	SQUANDER	- to waste reckle	essly			
Stylistic Technique because clause (p. 67)	WAVER - to b	e uncertain or u	nsteady; to swir	ng back and		
Chart Tracker	CUNNINGLY	- cleverly or slyl	У			
	VENTURE - t	o boldly go som	ewhere or do so	mething risky		
	PERSEVERE - to endure despite difficulty					
	COMPEL - to	force, drive, or	urge			
	DESTINED -	determined ahe	ad of time			

APPALLED - filled with horror or dismay

SPELLING

Week 5



Spelling Rule

At the end of a word or syllable, /k/ is usually spelled

- -ck after a short vowel
 (sick)
- -k after a consonant or two vowels (park, book)
- -ke after a long vowel (take)
- -c at the end to a multisyllable word (picnic)

Punctuation & Capitalization

Most possessive nouns end with either -'s if singular or -s if plural. Possessive pronouns, like mine, yours, its, theirs, ours, etc. do not require an apostrophe.

		SPELLING LISTS	
	LEVEL A	LEVEL B	LEVEL C
1	back	too	January
2	black	loose	February
3	check	food	March
4	sick	moon	April
5	clock	soon	May
6	luck	room	June
7	quick	smooth	July
8	off	school	August
9	class	afternoon	September
10	pass	choose	October
11	less	eye	November
12	miss	body	December
13	you	сору	library
14	your	wear	a lot
15	our	bear	all right

		HOMOPHONES	
	LEVEL A	LEVEL B	LEVEL C
1	our/hour	to/too/two	way/weigh
2		eye/I	
3		bare/bear	
4		wear/where	

Со	py each spelling word three	times.	
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
11			
12			
13			
14			
15			
Co	py each homophone pair thr	ee times.	
1			
2			
3			
4			

Wr	ite this week's spelling words from dictation.
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	



NUMBER KNOCKOUT



		I	1: :	S.	1
1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36

Variations for Number Knockout:

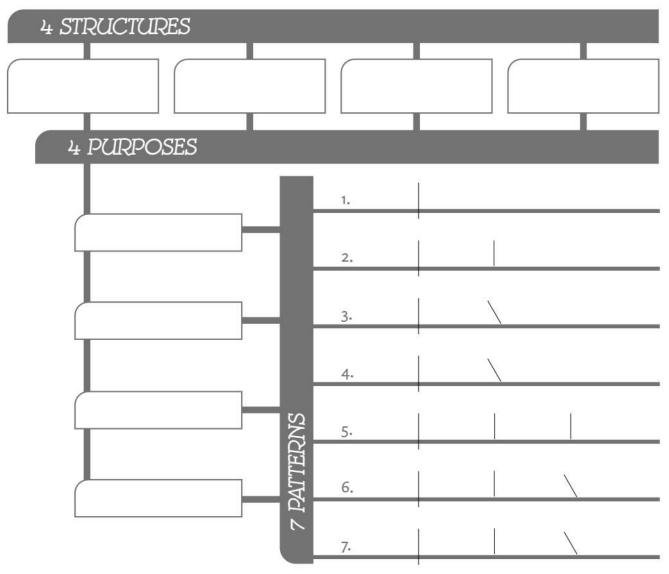
3. Hold 'Em in Your Head: Roll three dice and challenge yourself to knock out the board without writing your numbers down. Can you "hold them in your head?"



4. More Than Six: Roll two dice. Choose one number that is more than six as well as your two numbers rolled in order to knock out the board.

A

Sentence Classification



8 PARTS of SPEECH

1.

2,

3.

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.

There are 112 different sentence types that can be created by combining the four structures \times four purposes \times seven patterns.

$$4 \times 4 \times 7 = 112$$

5 PARTS of a SENTENCE

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

C	•	Verbs (V)	
4 TYPES				
4 ATTRIBUTES				
	3 times × 4 forms		TIMES	
TENSES	F S S S			

Principal Parts of Verbs				
irregular	verbs			
to be				
to do				
to rise*				
to raise*				
to lay				
to lie				
to set				
to sit				
to beat				
to break				
to write				
to shake				
to bring				
to go				
to know				
to ride				
to drink				
to draw				
to fall				
to forget				

^{*}To rise means to get up from a lying, sitting, or kneeling posture. To raise means to move to a higher position or to elevate. To raise is a regular verb but is shown here for comparison to to rise.

E

dentist, etc.).

Nouns (N)

the roles or jobs a noun can have in a sentence Latin noun cases USES PARENT NOTE: Nouns can also ways to describe a noun examples be described SPECIFIC as being masculine, feminine, neuter, or common. Most NUMBER of the time, gender does not affect ending. There are some exceptions (e.g., actor/ actress, lion/ lioness). Many TYPE nouns that refer to people or animals are common gender (e.g., doctor, teacher,

Pronouns (P)

		RELATIVE									nined by
OTHER*		INDEHNILE									*Attributes of these pronouns are determined by their antecedents.
0	ΛE	INTERROGATI					20 11				es of these pro
	IVE	TAЯTEMONSTRAT									*Attribut their ant
		REFLEXIVE Use as 10, DO, OP, PN									
	SIVE	PRONOUN ADJECTIVE Use as AJ									
PERSONAL	POSSESSIVE	PRONOUN Use as SP, PN, DO, IO, OP, OCN									
		OBJECTIVE Use as DO, OP, IO, OCN									
		NOMINATIVE Use as SP, PN									
		CENDE		F	Σ	ш	z		-13		
No.		NOWBE	1st	znd 2nd	מפחר <i>י</i>	37d		1St	A MUIG E	3rd	Test

Editing Exercise (to be corrected by student)

Esther 2: 8-17 (excerpted) (NIV)

8when the king s order and edict had been proclaimed, many young women

CHECK

were brought to the sitadel of susa and put under the kare of hegai esther

also was tacken to the king s palace and entrusted to hegai, who had charge

have have of the harem 9she pleased him and won his favor

1ºesther had not revealed her nationality and family background, because

near the kourtyard of the harem to find out how esther was and what was

mordecai had forbidden her to do so 11every day he walked back and fourth

happening

15when the turn kame for esther to go to the king, she asked for nothing other than what hegai, who was in charge of the harem, suggested and esther won the favor of everyone who saw her 16she was taken to cing xerxes in the royal residence in the tenth month, the month of tebeth, in the seventh year of his reign

¹⁷now the king was attracted to esther more than to any of the other women, and she one his favor and approval more then any of the others so he set a royal krown on her head and made her kween instead of vashti

CHECK MECHANICS:

Does this sentence...

have a subject?
have a predicate?
have a beginning capital letter?
have an end mark?
make complete sense?
have correct punctuation and other capitalization?

have correct spelling?

		Week.
Checklis	t:	5./
Review pag Read, corre	rbally recite charts: Description charts be sentences: Description chartes be sentences: Description chartes be sentences: Description chartes be sentences.	
An interrogative s	entence asks a question and alway	ys ends with a question mark.
	Write an interrogative se	entence.
Write the three way interrogative sent	vs to turn a declarative sence.	ntence into an
2		
3.		7
•	tive sentences below to ences 3 different ways.	
	Kai read the Bible.	James worked well.
1. change . to ?	1.	1.
2. int. pronoun	2.	2.
3. helping verb	3.	3.

Write the correct principal part of the verb given. You may use Chart D.

	Write the correct verb given. Y		-
1.	past participle	lay	——————————————————————————————————————
2.	past	sit	
3.	present participle	shake	
4.	present	do	
5.	infinitive	forget	
6.	past participle	ride	
7.	past	drink	
8.	present	break	
9.	infinitive	raise	
10	. present participle	beat	
Αn	oun names a		

Circle the nouns of direct address. Underline the direct objects, double underline the indirect objects. Place a box around the object of the preposition.

- 1. Gemma, eat your dinner.
- 2. Jim placed the hammer in the box.
- 3. Hedwig gave me a headache.
- 4. Joshua goes to church.

Week 5.3

Answer the questions.

1.		roles or josentence?	obs a noun can	0.5
2.	What are way	s to descri	be a noun?	
3.	What is a pro	onoun?		
	Find each	classificat	Chart F Hunt! ion on your chart and write	the pronoun.
1.	2nd person	plural	objective	0
2.	3rd person fe	m. singular	reflexive	F
3.	1st person	plural	possessive	£
4.	2nd person	singular	possessive pronoun adj.	e
5.	1st person	singular	subjective	8
6.	3rd person	plural	reflexive	8
7.	3rd person ne	eut. singul	ar objective	8
8.	3rd person ma	asc. singula	ar subjective	8
	at 4 ways can indirect o		e pronoun be used? (noun usa	ges)
3.				

5.1

Write an interrogative sentence: Answers will vary.

Three ways to turn a declarative sentence into an interrogative sentence:

- 1. C: Change end mark from . to ? (and change inflection of voice)
- 2. I: Interrogative Pronoun (who, whom, whose, which, what)
- A: Add a helping verb or rearrange the sentence to begin with a helping verb (do, does, did, has, have, had, am, are, is, was, were, be, being, been, may, must, might, should, could, would, shall, will, can)



Kai read the Bible. (declarative) Kai read the Bible? (C) Who read the Bible? (I) Did Kai read the Bible? (A)

James worked well. (declarative)
James worked well? (C)
Who worked well? (I)
Did James work well? (A)

5.2

Verb Principal Parts:

- 1. laid
- 2. sat
- 3. shaking
- 4. do, does
- 5. to forget
- ridden
- 7. drank
- 8. break, breaks
- 9. to raise
- beating

A noun names a <u>person</u>, <u>place</u>, <u>thing</u>, <u>activity</u>, or <u>idea</u>.

- 1. NDA: Gemma; DO: dinner; IO: none; OP: none
- 2. NDA: none; DO: hammer; IO: none; OP: box
- 3. NDA: none; DO: headache; IO: me; OP: none
- 4. NDA: none; DO: none; IO: none; OP: church

5.3

Noun roles/jobs in a sentence: SPIDO PONA (subject noun, possessive noun adjective, indirect object, direct object, object of the preposition, predicate nominative, object complement noun, noun of direct address, appositive)

Chart F Hunt: 1. you 2. herself 3. ours 4. your 5.1 6. themselves 7. it 8. he

Four ways a reflexive pronoun can be used: indirect object, direct object, object of the preposition, predicate nominative



CYCLE 3-WEEK 5

Q	U	E	S	Т	Υ	U	D	Q	Р	D	N	U	ν
С	U	S	Α	Е	D	Q	N	E	Α	L	I	U	Y
R	G	N	В	Ε	Υ	L	G	N	I	N	N	U	С
N	D	Ε	L	L	Α	Р	Р	Α	Q	N	W	U	Е
٧	N	Α	E	D	E	S	U	В	S	I	D	E	W
S	В	Ε	Ε	Ε	S	N	Р	T	I	Α	L	Ε	Р
Α	L	N	Р	S	Q	S	Q	Υ	I	Υ	Е	R	Α
L	Е	S	R	Т	U	N	S	Q	R	S	P	Е	N
S	R	N	С	I	Α	N	٧	Е	S	Е	M	٧	U
S	U	S	Α	N	N	U	W	Е	С	N	0	Е	Е
Р	T	R	U	Е	D	E	S	Α	Α	D	С	S	Е
٧	N	U	U	D	Ε	Ε	U	I	٧	I	Ε	R	D
U	Ε	S	L	D	R	Е	Q	G	L	Ε	Ε	Ε	N
R	٧	N	R	Q	E	E	R	N	Α	N	R	P	L

SQUANDER WAVER CUNNINGLY **VENTURE** QUEST

PERSEVERE COMPEL **DESTINED APPALLED** SUBSIDE

Draw a picture for each vocabulary word. Then write the word, the meaning, and a sentence using that word.

waver	squander	cunningly	venture
Word:		Word:	
Meaning:			
Sentence:			
Word:		Word:	
Meaning:		Meaning:	
Sentence:	_	Sentence:	
		-	

CC Connected: sandrahomemaker

Draw a picture for each vocabulary word. Then write the word, the meaning, and a sentence using that word.

appalled	compel	preserve	destined
Word:		Word:	
Meaning:			
Sentence:			
		-	
l		L	
Word:		Word:	
Meaning:		Meaning:	
Sentence:	_	Sentence:	
		5 	

CC Connected: sandrahomemaker

Who loves?

	Rewrite Sentence			
2	Check Mechanics			
	Check Mechanics	92 - Ca		(<u></u>
П	Is there a subject ?		Does it have an end mark ?	■ Words spelled
	Is there a verb ?		Does it make complete sense?	correctly?
	Does it begin with a capital letter ?		Other punctuation and capitalization?	
3	Question Confirmation			
ST	RUCTURE:		PATTERN: P	URPOSE:
ST	RUCTURE: Compound (FANBOYS connecting clauses)		PATTERN: P ☐ S-Vi	URPOSE: Declarative (.)
	Compound (FANBOYS connecting clauses)	.)	S-Vi S-Vt-DO	Declarative (.)
)	☐ S-Vi	
	Compound (FANBOYS connecting clauses))	S-Vi S-Vt-DO	Declarative (.)
	Compound (FANBOYS connecting clauses) Complex (www.asia.wub or who/which clause Simple (neither))	□ S-Vi □ S-Vt-DO □ S-Vl-PN	Declarative (.) Exclamatory (!) Interrogative (?)
	Compound (FANBOYS connecting clauses) Complex (www.asia.wub or who/which clause	·)	□ S-Vi □ S-Vt-DO □ S-Vl-PN □ S-Vl-PA	Declarative (.) Exclamatory (!)
	Compound (FANBOYS connecting clauses) Complex (www.asia.wub or who/which clause Simple (neither))	□ S-Vi □ S-Vt-DO □ S-Vl-PN □ S-Vl-PA □ S-Vt-IO-DO	Declarative (.) Exclamatory (!) Interrogative (?)
	Compound (FANBOYS connecting clauses) Complex (www.asia.wub or who/which clause Simple (neither))	□ S-Vi □ S-Vt-DO □ S-Vl-PN □ S-Vl-PA □ S-Vt-IO-DO □ S-Vt-DO-OCN	Declarative (.) Exclamatory (!) Interrogative (?)

Did you laugh?

	Rewrite Sentence			
2	Check Mechanics			
	Is there a subject ? Is there a verb ? Does it begin with a capital letter ?		Does it have an end mark ? Does it make complete sense ? Other punctuation and capitalization	Words spelled correctly?
G				
3	Question Confirmation			
	Question Confirmation		PATTERN:	PURPOSE:
	- 		PATTERN: S-Vi	PURPOSE: Declarative (.)
	RUCTURE:)	S-Vi S-Vt-DO	<u> </u>
	RUCTURE: Compound (FANBOYS connecting clauses))	□ s-vi	Declarative (.)
	RUCTURE: Compound (FANBOYS connecting clauses) Complex (www.asia.wub or who/which clause)	☐ S-Vi ☐ S-Vt-DO ☐ S-Vl-PN	☐ Declarative (.) ☐ Exclamatory (!)
	RUCTURE: Compound (FANBOYS connecting clauses) Complex (www.asia.wub or who/which clause Simple (neither))	□ S-Vi □ S-Vt-DO □ S-Vl-PN □ S-Vl-PA □ S-Vt-IO-DO □ S-Vt-DO-OCN	□ Declarative (.)□ Exclamatory (!)□ Interrogative (?)

The hedgehog hibernated?

1	Rewrite Sentence				
2	Check Mechanics				
	Is there a subject ? Is there a verb ? Does it begin with a capital letter ?		Does it have an end mark ? Does it make complete sense ? Other punctuation and capitalization?	,	Words spelled correctly?
3	Question Confirmation				
STI	RUCTURE:		PATTERN: P	URPO	SE:
	Compound (FANBOYS connecting clauses)		☐ S-Vi	Decl	arative (.)
	Complex (www.asia.wub or who/which clause)	☐ S-Vt-DO ☐ S-Vl-PN	Excl	amatory (!)
	Simple (neither)		☐ S-Vl-PA	Inter	rrogative (?)
	Compound-Complex (both)		S-Vt-IO-DO S-Vt-DO-OCN S-Vt-DO-OCA] Imp	erative (. or !)
1	Diagram Confirmation			-	_
4	Diagram Confirmation				

Did the barbarians invade?

1	Rewrite Sentence				
2	Check Mechanics				
	Is there a subject ?		Does it have an end mark ?		☐ Words spelled
	Is there a verb ?		Does it make complete sense ?		correctly?
	Does it begin with a capital letter?		Other punctuation and capitalization	1?	
3	Question Confirmation				
STI	RUCTURE:		PATTERN:	PUR	POSE:
	Compound (FANBOYS connecting clauses)		☐ S-Vi	l C	Declarative (.)
	Complex (www.asia.wub or who/which clause)	☐ S-Vt-DO	J E	Exclamatory (!)
	•	2.	☐ S-VI-PN		3 37
	Simple (neither)		D C VI DA	Эт	nterrogative (2)
	Simple (neither)		S-VI-PA		nterrogative (?)
	Simple (neither) Compound-Complex (both)		S-Vt-IO-DO		nterrogative (?) mperative (. or !)
	950 80 950				
	Compound-Complex (both)		S-Vt-IO-DO S-Vt-DO-OCN		
4	950 80 950		S-Vt-IO-DO S-Vt-DO-OCN		

Did you forgive after the trespass?

1	Rewrite Sentence				
2	Check Mechanics				
	Is there a subject ? Is there a verb ? Does it begin with a capital letter ?		Does it have an end mark ? Does it make complete sense ? Other punctuation and capitalization?	?	Words spelled correctly?
3	Question Confirmation				
	Question Confirmation		PATTERN: P	URPO	SE:
			☐ S-Vi	<u></u>	SE: arative (.)
	RUCTURE:)	☐ S-Vi ☐ S-Vt-DO	Decla	
	RUCTURE: Compound (FANBOYS connecting clauses))	☐ S-Vi	Declar	arative (.)
	RUCTURE: Compound (FANBOYS connecting clauses) Complex (www.asia.wub or who/which clause)	□ S-Vi □ S-Vt-DO □ S-Vl-PN	Declar Exclar	arative (.) amatory (!)
	RUCTURE: Compound (FANBOYS connecting clauses) Complex (www.asia.wub or who/which clause Simple (neither))	□ S-Vi □ S-Vt-DO □ S-Vl-PN □ S-Vl-PA □ S-Vt-IO-DO □ S-Vt-DO-OCN	Declar Exclar	arative (.) amatory (!) crogative (?)