

Import and Manage SANE Training Program Data

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1 Purpose

This file is part of a research compendium (Pierce, 2026) associated with a study about a sexual assault nurse examiner training program (Dontje & Campbell, 07/01/2021–06/30/2025). It imports data from from an SPSS data file provided by the investigators, does some data cleaning and management, then saves out an R data file that will be used by other scripts in this compendium.

2 Setup

This section documents some setup tasks that are useful to the statistician on the team. Most readers of this document will probably want skip directly to Section 3.

2.1 Define Global Options

Global R chunk options are defined in the YAML header but local chunk options will over-ride global options. We can temporarily disable an individual chunk by inserting `#| eval: false` on a line at the top of the chunk. The method for creating a `cfsi` option that controls font size in code chunks and their text output is based on an answer to a question posted on stackoverflow.com.

```
```{r}
#| label: global-options

Create a custom chunk hook/option for controlling font size in chunk & output.
def.chunk.hook <- knitr::knit_hooks$get("chunk")
knitr::knit_hooks$set(chunk = function(x, options) {
 x <- def.chunk.hook(x, options)
 ifelse(options$cfsi != "normalsize",
 paste0("\n \\", options$cfsi, "\n\n", x, "\n\n \\", normalsize"),
 x)
})
```
```

2.2 Load Packages

R packages usually add new functions to the base R software, allowing you to do more things. Here, we load the specific R packages required for this script to work.

```
```{r}
#| label: load-packages
library(devtools) # for session_info()
```
```

Loading required package: usethis

```
```{r}
#| label: load-packages
library(here) # for here(), i_am(), makes code more portable.
```
```

here() starts at P:/Consulting/Cases_1600-1799/C1788/SANETPA/scripts

```
```{r}
#| label: load-packages
library(rmarkdown) # for pandoc_version()
library(knitr) # for kable()
library(dplyr) # for %>%, filter(), group_by(), mutate(), rename(), etc.
```
```

Attaching package: 'dplyr'

The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

filter, lag

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

intersect, setdiff, setequal, union

```

```{r}
#| label: load-packages
library(tidyverse) # for map_dfr(), map_chr(), rowid_to_column(),
...

-- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
v forcats 1.0.1 v readr 2.1.6
v ggplot2 4.0.2 v stringr 1.6.0
v lubridate 1.9.5 v tibble 3.3.1
v purrr 1.2.1 v tidyrr 1.3.2

-- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors

```

```

```{r}
#| label: load-packages
# rownames_to_column()
library(haven) # for read_SPSS()
library(labelled) # for var_label()
options(kableExtra::latex.load_packages = FALSE)
library(kableExtra) # for kable_styling(), add_header_above(),
...

```

Attaching package: 'kableExtra'

The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':

group_rows

```

```{r}
#| label: load-packages
column_spec(), row_spec() etc.
library(kableExtra) # for kable_styling
library(piercer) # for cvv_missingness(), file_details(), git_report(),
var_missingness(), which_latex()
library(quarto) # for quarto_version()
library(SANETPA) # for version info
...

```

## 2.3 Declare Path

This next chunk declares the path to this script relative to the project-level root directory. If the file is not in the right location under the project root you'll get a warning message. This helps ensure relative paths are all working as expected. The chunk below uses the `SourceDir` and `SourceFile` parameters set in the YAML header.

```

```{r}
#| label: declare-path

# Declare path to this script relative to the project root directory.
here::i_am(path = paste0(params$SourceDir, params$SourceFile))
...

```

here() starts at P:/Consulting/Cases_1600-1799/C1788/SANETPA

3 Data Management

3.1 Read SPSS Data into Applicants_Raw Dataset

The raw data provided by the investigators is in an SPSS data file. This section imports it into an R data frame/tibble. The raw data is de-identified to preserve participant privacy and protect confidentiality.

The ID variable in the data has no intrinsic meaning and could only be linked to actual participant names via the key retained by the principal investigators. Per email communication that accompanied delivery of the data, it has missing data because “The ids were not generated until the end of application 1- so they would have had to get through all of the questions for part a first” (A. Ashley, personal communication, May 18, 2025).

i Note

I received an updated data file called `All_group_1_2025-06-03.sav` that fixed some inaccurate data values detected by a previous iteration of the descriptive analyses. It replaced the previous data file and included all applicants (even those who were ineligible). However, I later edited that file to produce the final raw data file because `All_group_1_2025-06-03.sav` had some data entry errors that created logical discrepancies between binary `Enrolled` and ordinal `stg_reached` variables. The final raw data file is `All_group_1_2025-11-19.sav`. The date in the file name is when I fixed the discrepancies.

Table 1 shows meta-data about the raw data file we will import.

```

{r}
#| label: tbl-raw-data-file
#| tbl-cap: "Meta-Data About Raw Data File"

# Store path to raw data file.
RawFile <- here("scripts/extdata/All_group_1_2025-11-19.sav")

file_details(RawFile) %>%
  kable(format = "latex", booktabs = TRUE,
        col.names = c("File Name", "Size", "Last Modified")) %>%
  kable_styling()

```

Table 1: Meta-Data About Raw Data File

| File Name | Size | Last Modified |
|----------------------------|------|---------------------|
| All_group_1_2025-11-19.sav | 145K | 2025-11-19 16:46:23 |

Next, we actually read that SPSS file into a data frame called `Applicants_Raw`. That will be an intermediate form of the data because we need to do some data management before it is ready for use in descriptive and inferential analyses.

```

{r}
#| label: import-data

Applicants_Raw <- read_spss(RawFile)

```

The imported `Applicants_Raw` data frame has 497 rows and 149 variables. Table 2 shows a list of the variable positions, names, classes, and labels prior to any data management.

```

{r}
#| label: tbl-Applicants-Raw
#| tbl-cap: "Applicants_Raw: Variable Names and Classes."

ApplicantsVars <- list(Applicants_Raw) %>%
  map_dfr(~ tibble(Name = names(.x),
                  Class = map_chr(.x, all_classes),
                  Label = var_label(.x))) %>%
  rowid_to_column(, "Position")

kable(ApplicantsVars, format = "latex", booktabs = TRUE, longtable = TRUE) %>%
  kable_styling(font_size = 7, latex_options = c("repeat_header")) %>%
  column_spec(column = 3, width = "3cm") %>%
  column_spec(column = 4, width = "6.5cm")

```

Table 2: Applicants_Raw: Variable Names and Classes.

| Position | Name | Class | Label |
|----------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | ID | character | NULL |
| 2 | educ_dem_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | What is your highest level of education? |
| 3 | license_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | What is your licensure or certification for practice? |
| 4 | practicset_dem_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | How would you describe the primary setting you practice nursing in? |
| 5 | employment_dem_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | What is your current employment status? |
| 6 | employednurse_dem_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | If currently employed, are you working as a nurse? |
| 7 | nurseexperience_years | numeric | How many years have you been practicing as a nurse (since completing your initial nursing program)? |
| 8 | recruitment_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | How did you learn about this opportunity? - Selected Choice |
| 9 | prevSANetrain_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Previous SANE training (numeric) |
| 10 | trained1year_num | numeric | Year training was completed (numeric) |
| 11 | trained2year | numeric | What year(s) did you complete your didactic and clinical skills SANE training? |
| 12 | Disability_status | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Do you have a disability ? |
| 13 | sex_dem_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | What was your sex assigned at birth? |
| 14 | pronoun_dem_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | What are your pronouns? - Selected Choice |
| 15 | age_num | numeric | How old are you? |
| 16 | race_ethnicity_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | How would you describe your race/ethnicity? (Select all that apply) - Selected Choice |
| 17 | income_dem_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Income level (numeric) |
| 18 | LGBTQ_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Do you identify as a member of the LGBTQIA2S+ community? |
| 19 | npq1 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am happy. |
| 20 | npq2 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am preoccupied with more than one person I care for as a nurse |
| 21 | npq3 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I get satisfaction from being able to care for people. |
| 22 | npq4 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I feel connected to others. |
| 23 | npq5 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I jump or am startled by unexpected sounds. |
| 24 | npq6 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I feel invigorated after working with those I care for. |
| 25 | npq7 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I find it difficult to separate my personal life from my life as a nurse. |
| 26 | npq8 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am not as productive at work because I am losing sleep over traumatic experiences of a person I care for as a nurse. |
| 27 | npq9 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I think that I might have been affected by the traumatic stress of those I care for as a nurse. |
| 28 | npq10 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I feel trapped by my job as a nurse. |
| 29 | npq11 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Because of my nursing, I have felt "on edge" about various things. |
| 30 | npq12 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I like my work as a nurse. |
| 31 | npq13 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I feel depressed because of the traumatic experiences of the people I care for as a nurse. |
| 32 | npq14 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I feel as though I am experiencing the trauma of someone I have cared for as a nurse. |
| 33 | npq15 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I have beliefs that sustain me. |

(continued)

| Position | Name | Class | Label |
|----------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| 34 | npq16 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am pleased with how I am able to keep up with nursing techniques and protocols. |
| 35 | npq17 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am the person I always wanted to be. |
| 36 | npq18 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | My work makes me feel satisfied. |
| 37 | npq19 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I feel worn out because of my work as a nurse. |
| 38 | npq20 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I have happy thoughts and feelings about those I care for as a nurse and how I could help them. |
| 39 | npq21 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I feel overwhelmed because my case work load seems endless. |
| 40 | npq22 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I believe I can make a difference through my work. |
| 41 | npq23 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I avoid certain activities or situations because they remind me of frightening experiences of the people I care for as a nurse. |
| 42 | npq24 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am proud of what I can do to nurse. |
| 43 | npq25 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | As a result of my nursing, I have intrusive, frightening thoughts. |
| 44 | npq26 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I feel "bogged down" by the system. |
| 45 | npq27 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I have thoughts that I am a "success" as a nurse. |
| 46 | npq28 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I can't recall important parts of my work with trauma victims. |
| 47 | npq29 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am a very caring person. |
| 48 | npq30 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am happy that I chose to do this work. |
| 49 | npq1r | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | recoded values |
| 50 | npq4r | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | recoded |
| 51 | npq15r | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | recoded |
| 52 | npq17r | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | recoded |
| 53 | npq29r | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | recoded |
| 54 | Motivation_ProfGrowth | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | What are your primary motivations for seeking SANE training (Select all that apply)? - Selected Choice |
| 55 | Motivation_PersonalConn | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | What are your primary motivations for seeking SANE training (Select all that apply)? - Selected Choice |
| 56 | Motivation_NeedSANE | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | What are your primary motivations for seeking SANE training (Select all that apply)? - Selected Choice |
| 57 | Motivation_PersonalLearn | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | What are your primary motivations for seeking SANE training (Select all that apply)? - Selected Choice |
| 58 | Motivation_Humanitarian | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | What are your primary motivations for seeking SANE training (Select all that apply)? - Selected Choice |
| 59 | Motivation_EmpRequire | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | What are your primary motivations for seeking SANE training (Select all that apply)? - Selected Choice |
| 60 | Motivation_Other | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | What are your primary motivations for seeking SANE training (Select all that apply)? - Selected Choice |
| 61 | PlansFollowingTraining_Num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Which best describes your plans following the training? |
| 62 | train_goal_fac_bar_1_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I will try to learn as much as I can from this course |
| 63 | train_goal_fac_bar_2_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am interested in learning this training material |
| 64 | train_goal_fac_bar_3_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | My supervisor is supportive of me attending this training |
| 65 | train_goal_fac_bar_4_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am willing to invest effort to improve skills and competencies related to becoming a forensic nurse |

(continued)

| Position | Name | Class | Label |
|----------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 66 | train_goal_fac_bar_5_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I have time in my schedule to focus on this course |
| 67 | train_goal_fac_bar_6_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I will get more from this training than most people |
| 68 | train_goal_fac_bar_7_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am motivated to learn the skills needed to be a forensic nurse examiner |
| 69 | train_goal_fac_bar_8_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I have a lot of work responsibilities |
| 70 | train_goal_fac_bar_9_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am willing to exert considerable effort in this training in order to improve my skills |
| 71 | train_goal_fac_bar_10_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I have a lot of family obligations right now |
| 72 | techbasic1_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Have you ever taken an online course before? |
| 73 | techbasic2_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Do you have regular access to a computer (e.g., desktop, laptop, tablet) at home? |
| 74 | techbasic3_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Do you have reliable access to high-speed internet at home? |
| 75 | techfeel1_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I usually get very anxious about using a computer |
| 76 | techfeel2_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I'm not the type to do well with computers |
| 77 | techfeel3_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I have a lot of self-confidence when it comes to working with computers |
| 78 | techfeel4_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I like working with computers |
| 79 | techfeel5_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | The online course will take less time than a traditional course in a classroom |
| 80 | CS | numeric | sum scores compassion from proqol |
| 81 | BO | numeric | sum scores burnout from proqol |
| 82 | STS | numeric | sum scores sec traumatic stress |
| 83 | CSWEvalDate | Date | CSW Eval Date |
| 84 | cswsat1_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | The pacing of the clinical training was satisfactory. |
| 85 | cswsat2_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | The clinical concepts were covered_x000D_adequately. |
| 86 | cswsat3_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | There was enough time to ask_x000D_questions during the clinical training. |
| 87 | cswsat4_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | There was enough time to practice_x000D_different components of the medical_x000D_forensic exam. |
| 88 | cswsat5_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | The clinical training met my_x000D_expectations. |
| 89 | cswsat6_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I learned a considerable amount during_x000D_the clinical training. |
| 90 | cswsat7_numeric | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | The clinical training helped me feel_x000D_more confident as a forensic examiner. |
| 91 | finishedCSW | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Enrolled people who completed didactic and CSW |
| 92 | finisheddidac | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Did the participant complete the didactic? |
| 93 | completediddidnotcsw | numeric | NULL |
| 94 | incompleteCSW | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Enrolled people who completed didactic and started CSW |
| 95 | didacticSAT1_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | There was enough time to learn the material. |
| 96 | didacticSAT2_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | The topics were covered adequately. |
| 97 | didacticSAT3_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | The weekly discussion board helped me understand the material better. |
| 98 | didacticSAT4_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | The online training met my expectations. |
| 99 | didacticSAT5_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I learned a considerable amount during the online training. |
| 100 | didacticSAT6_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am satisfied with the amount I have learned in this course. |

(continued)

| Position | Name | Class | Label |
|----------|------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| 101 | didacticsat7_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Accounting for the materials you learned in this online course, please rate your response to the following question:I have improved knowledge and skills to care for sexual assault patients. |
| 102 | DIDEvalDate | Date | Didactic evaluation date. |
| 103 | Applied_Date | POSIXct, POSIXt | Date application applied for program. |
| 104 | Eligible | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Eligible for the program. |
| 105 | Enrolled | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Whether or not participants were eligible, accepted, and started the program. |
| 106 | Enrolled_Date | Date | Date participant was offered enrollment in the program. All participants in each cohort assigned same date. |
| 107 | Cohort | numeric | Cohort the participant participated in |
| 108 | Didactic_Start | Date | Date when participant started the didactic training. |
| 109 | Didactic_Status | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | All participants in cohort assigned same date. Did the participant complete the didactic training? |
| 110 | Didactic_End | Date | Date when participant completed the didactic training. |
| 111 | prog_attrited | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | attrition counts as exiting the training program without completing both didactic and clinical training. |
| 112 | exit_date | Date | Participants program exit date. |
| 113 | stg_reached | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | This represents the last stage of training process that the participant actually reached. |
| 114 | Mod1_started | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Overview of Forensic Nursing and Sexual Violence - did the participant start this module? |
| 115 | Mod1_finished | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Overview of Forensic Nursing and Sexual Violence - did the participant finish this module? |
| 116 | Mod2_started | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Victim Responses and Crisis Intervention - did the participant start this module? |
| 117 | Mod2_finished | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Victim Responses and Crisis Intervention - did the participant finish this module? |
| 118 | Mod3_started | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Collaborating with Community Agencies - did the participant start this module? |
| 119 | Mod3_finished | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Collaborating with Community Agencies - did the participant finish this module? |
| 120 | Mod4_started | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Medical-Forensic History Taking - did the participant start this module? |
| 121 | Mod4_finished | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Medical-Forensic History Taking - did the participant finish this module? |
| 122 | Mod5_started | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Observing and Assessing Physical Examination Findings - did the participant start this module? |
| 123 | Mod5_finished | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Observing and Assessing Physical Examination Findings-did the participant finish this module? |
| 124 | Mod6_started | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Medical-Forensic Specimen Collection - did the participant start this module? |
| 125 | Mod6_finished | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Medical-Forensic Specimen Collection - did the participant finish this module? |
| 126 | Mod7_started | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Medical-Forensic Photography - did the participant start this module? |
| 127 | Mod7_finished | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Medical-Forensic Photography - did the participant finish this module? |
| 128 | Mod8_started | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Sexually Transmitted Infection Testing and Prophylaxis - did the participant start this module? |
| 129 | Mod8_finished | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Sexually Transmitted Infection Testing and Prophylaxis - did the participant finish this module? |
| 130 | Mod9_started | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Pregnancy Risk Evaluation and Care - did the participant start this module? |
| 131 | Mod9_finished | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Pregnancy Risk Evaluation and Care- did the participant finish this module? |
| 132 | Mod10_started | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Medical-Forensic Documentation- did the participant start this module? |

(continued)

| Position | Name | Class | Label |
|----------|----------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 133 | Mod10_finished | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | Medical-Forensic Documentation- did the participant finish this module? |
| 134 | Mod11_started | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | Discharge and Follow-up Planning - did the participant start this module? |
| 135 | Mod11_finished | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | Discharge and Follow-up Planning- did the participant finish this module? |
| 136 | Mod12_started | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | Legal Considerations and Judicial Proceedings - did the participant start this module? |
| 137 | Mod12_finished | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | Legal Considerations and Judicial Proceedings- did the participant finish this module? |
| 138 | Mod1Start | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 139 | Mod2Start | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 140 | Mod3Start | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 141 | Mod4Start | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 142 | Mod5Start | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 143 | Mod6Start | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 144 | Mod7Start | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 145 | Mod8Start | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 146 | Mod9Start | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 147 | Mod10Start | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 148 | Mod11Start | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 149 | Mod12Start | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |

3.2 Check Data for Problems

Tip

Both `finisheddidac` and `Didactic_Status` are binary variables coding whether a person completed the didactic training. The crosstab outputs below show that the difference between them is that `finisheddidac` has no missing data (NA), but a substantial number of applicants have missing `Didactic_Status` paired with `finisheddidac = 0`. All applicants with `finisheddidac = 1` had `Didactic_Status = 1`.

```

```{r}
#| label: xtab-finisheddidac-Didactic-Status

xtabs(~finisheddidac + Didactic_Status, addNA = TRUE,
 data = Applicants_Raw) %>%
 addmargins()
```

```

| | Didactic_Status | | | |
|---------------|-----------------|-----|------|-----|
| finisheddidac | 0 | 1 | <NA> | Sum |
| 0 | 78 | 0 | 243 | 321 |
| 1 | 0 | 176 | 0 | 176 |
| Sum | 78 | 176 | 243 | 497 |

We can also see that only applicants who were not enrolled have missing values (NA) on `Didactic_Status`.

```

```{r}
#| label: xtab-Enrolled-Didactic-Status

xtabs(~Enrolled + Didactic_Status, addNA = TRUE,
 data = Applicants_Raw) %>%
 addmargins()
```

```

| | Didactic_Status | | | |
|----------|-----------------|-----|------|-----|
| Enrolled | 0 | 1 | <NA> | Sum |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 243 | 243 |
| 1 | 78 | 176 | 0 | 254 |
| Sum | 78 | 176 | 243 | 497 |

We will retain both `finisheddidac` and `Didactic_Status` because each may be useful depending on the summary desired.

Table 3 shows the value labels associated with the `prog_attrited` variable. While it is a binary indicator variable (as expected), the coding is reversed compared to what I expected given the variable name. Assigning 0 = completed program and 1 = attrited without completing program would make more sense. We will fix that later after renaming the variable to `Attrited`.

```

```{r}
#| label: tbl-prog-attrited
#| tbl-cap: Original Value Labels for prog_attrited in Applicants_Raw Data

Applicants_Raw %>%
 select(prog_attrited) %>%
 get_value_labels() %>%
 stack() %>%
 rename(Variable = ind,
 Value = values) %>%
 rownames_to_column(var = "Label") %>%
 relocate(Variable, Value) %>%
 kable(format = "latex", booktabs = TRUE) %>%
 kable_styling()
```

```

Table 3: Original Value Labels for `prog_attrited` in `Applicants_Raw` Data

| Variable | Value | Label |
|----------------------------|-------|--|
| <code>prog_attrited</code> | 0 | didn't complete either or both the didactic and clinical skills workshop |
| <code>prog_attrited</code> | 1 | completed both didactic and clinic skills workshop |

3.3 Create Applicants Dataset

This section creates the `Applicants` data frame from an updated version of the `Applicants_Raw` data frame. These changes prepare the data for the planned analyses by applying more consistent

and convenient naming conventions, updating value labels, converting categorical variables to factors, and so on.

Tip

The expected uses for the **Applicants** data are:

- Serve as the root source from which other required datasets are derived.
- Compute eligibility rate and associated confidence interval.

The research team believes that the recruitment materials were sufficiently clear about the program's eligibility criteria, so while it will be useful to report an eligibility rate, they have no substantive interest examining predictors of ineligibility.

The chunk below defines some value labels we will use when creating the **Applicants** dataset from **Applicants_Raw**.

```
```{r}
#| label: create-value-labels

Labels for binary variables
Binary_Labels <- c(No = 0, Yes = 1)

Create vectors of value labels for reverse-coded NPQ items.
reversed_NPQ_value_labels <- c(`Very Often` = 1, `Often` = 2, `Sometimes` = 3,
 `Rarely` = 4, `Never` = 5)

More concise labels for the raw stages.
Stage_Raw_value_labels <- c(`Applied` = 1, `Eligible` = 2, `Enrolled` = 3,
 `Started DT` = 4, `Finished DT` = 5,
 `Started CSW` = 6, `Finished CSW` = 7)

Final stages to be modeled.
Stage_Reached_value_labels <- c(`Enrolled` = 1, `Started DT` = 2,
 `Finished DT` = 3, `Finished CSW` = 4)

Final settings to be modeled
Setting_Labels <- c("Urban" = 1, "Rural/Tribal" = 2, "Suburban" = 3)

Training barriers value labels
Barriers_Labels <- c(`strongly disagree` = 1, `somewhat disagree` = 2,
 `neither agree nor disagree` = 3, `somewhat agree` = 4,
 `strongly agree` = 5)

Reversed training barriers value labels
Barriers_Reversed_Labels <- c(`strongly agree` = 1, `somewhat agree` = 2,
 `neither agree nor disagree` = 3,
 `somewhat disagree` = 4, `strongly disagree` = 5)
```
```

In the raw data, **stg_reached** was coded into 7 ordered categories to get the most granular set of categories we thought we might need. Below we replace the imported value labels for those stages with more concise labels. We also rename that variable to **Stage_Raw**, then use it to create the **Stage_Reached** variable by recoding as shown in Table 4.

```
```{r}
#| label: tbl-stage-recode
#| tbl-cap: Recoding from Stage_Raw to Stage_Reached

tibble(Raw_Value = 1:7,
 Reached_Value = c(NA, NA, 1, 2, 3, 3, 4)) %>%
 set_value_labels(Raw_Value = Stage_Raw_value_labels,
 Reached_Value = Stage_Reached_value_labels) %>%
 mutate(Raw_Label = as_factor(Raw_Value),
 Reached_Label = as_factor(Reached_Value)) %>%
 select(Raw_Value, Raw_Label, Reached_Value, Reached_Label) %>%
 kable(format = "latex", booktabs = TRUE) %>%
 kable_styling() %>%
 add_header_above(header = c("Stage_Raw" = 2, "Stage_Reached" = 2))
```
```

Table 4: Recoding from Stage_Raw to Stage_Reached

| Stage_Raw | | Stage_Reached | |
|-----------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Raw_Value | Raw_Label | Reached_Value | Reached_Label |
| 1 | Applied | NA | NA |
| 2 | Eligible | NA | NA |
| 3 | Enrolled | 1 | Enrolled |
| 4 | Started DT | 2 | Started DT |
| 5 | Finished DT | 3 | Finished DT |
| 6 | Started CSW | 3 | Finished DT |
| 7 | Finished CSW | 4 | Finished CSW |

Only one participant started the clinical skills training without finishing it (`Stage_Raw = 6`). For that stage, the stopping rate would be really close to 0 for the transition between starting and finishing clinical training. That could cause a separation issue (estimation could break down due to insufficient outcome variability at that threshold). Treating that case as having stopped at finishing the didactic training should avoid that problem.

! Important

The raw `practicset_dem_num` variable was coded into 4 categories (Urban, Rural, Suburban, Tribal) but initial descriptive analyses revealed that there are too few observations to use Tribal as a separate category. The study investigators decided that omitting the small number of participants who practice in nursing Tribal settings was inappropriate. Feedback from project stakeholders led them to combine Rural and Tribal categories because those categories represent settings most similar in size. However, we must acknowledge in our paper that this glosses over important cultural differences between Rural and Tribal settings. It is an imperfect way to include data from those participants, but we have no better option.

We want to use measures of the extent to which personal and professional demands on participants' time are a barrier to participation in the training program. We considered using the following three items from the training application form:

- `train_goal_fac_bar_5_numeric`: I have time in my schedule to focus on this course.
- `train_goal_fac_bar_8_numeric`: I have a lot of work responsibilities.
- `train_goal_fac_bar_10_numeric`: I have a lot of family obligations right now.

These ordinal Likert-response items are coded (1, strongly disagree; 2, somewhat disagree; 3, neither agree or disagree; 4, somewhat agree; and 5, strongly agree). We wanted to create an unweighted sum of the items such that large values indicate high external demands on the participant's time, so we reversed the coding of `train_goal_fac_bar_5_numeric` to (1, strongly agree; 2, somewhat agree; 3, neither agree or disagree; 4, somewhat disagree; and 5, strongly disagree) for that to make sense. The `Descriptive_Analyses.qmd` script examined the 3 items and the led us to decide to only use the latter two. See the output from that script for why we excluded the first of those items. This script will create copies of the latter two items with shorter names that reflect potential barriers to participation posed by work responsibilities (`Barrier_WR`) and family obligations (`Barrier_F0`) for use in modeling.

```

```{r}
#| label: create-Applicants

Applicants <- Applicants_Raw %>%
 rename(Education = educ_dem_num,
 License = license_num,
 Employ_Status = employment_dem_num,
 Employ_Nurse = employednurse_dem_num,
 Nurse_Years = nurseexperience_years,
 Recruited_How = recruitment_num,
 Prior_SANE = prevSANetrain_num,
 Trained1_Year = trained1year_num,
 Trained2_Year = trained2year,
 Disability = Disability_status,
 Sex = sex_dem_num,
 Pronoun = pronoun_dem_num,
 Age = age_num,
 Race_Ethnicity = race_ethnicity_num,
 Income = income_dem_num,
 LGBTQ = LGBTQ_num,
 NPQ_1 = npq1,
 NPQ_2 = npq2,
 NPQ_3 = npq3,
 NPQ_4 = npq4,
 NPQ_5 = npq5,
 NPQ_6 = npq6,
 NPQ_7 = npq7,
 NPQ_8 = npq8,
 NPQ_9 = npq9,
 NPQ_10 = npq10,
 NPQ_11 = npq11,
 NPQ_12 = npq12,
 NPQ_13 = npq13,
 NPQ_14 = npq14,
 NPQ_15 = npq15,
 NPQ_16 = npq16,
 NPQ_17 = npq17,
 NPQ_18 = npq18,
 NPQ_19 = npq19,
 NPQ_20 = npq20,
 NPQ_21 = npq21,
 NPQ_22 = npq22,
 NPQ_23 = npq23,
 NPQ_24 = npq24,
 NPQ_25 = npq25,
 NPQ_26 = npq26,
 NPQ_27 = npq27,
 NPQ_28 = npq28,
 NPQ_29 = npq29,
 NPQ_30 = npq30,
 NPQ_1_r = npq1r,
 NPQ_4_r = npq4r,
 NPQ_15_r = npq15r,
 NPQ_17_r = npq17r,
 NPQ_29_r = npq29r,
 Plan_After_Training = PlansFollowingTraining_Num,
 Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_1 = train_goal_fac_bar_1_numeric,
 Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_2 = train_goal_fac_bar_2_numeric,
 Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_3 = train_goal_fac_bar_3_numeric,
 Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_4 = train_goal_fac_bar_4_numeric,
 Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_5 = train_goal_fac_bar_5_numeric,
 Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_6 = train_goal_fac_bar_6_numeric,
 Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_7 = train_goal_fac_bar_7_numeric,
 Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_8 = train_goal_fac_bar_8_numeric,
 Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_9 = train_goal_fac_bar_9_numeric,
 Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_10 = train_goal_fac_bar_10_numeric,
 Tech_Basic_1 = techbasic1_numeric,
 Tech_Basic_2 = techbasic2_numeric,
 Tech_Basic_3 = techbasic3_numeric,
 Tech_Feel_1 = techfeel1_numeric,
 Tech_Feel_2 = techfeel2_numeric,
 Tech_Feel_3 = techfeel3_numeric,
 Tech_Feel_4 = techfeel4_numeric,
 Tech_Feel_5 = techfeel5_numeric,
 ProQOL_CS = CS,
 ProQOL_BO = BO,
 ProQOL_STS = STS,
 CSW_EvalDate = CSWEvalDate,
 CSW_Sat_1 = cswsat1_numeric,
 CSW_Sat_2 = cswsat2_numeric,
 CSW_Sat_3 = cswsat3_numeric,
 CSW_Sat_4 = cswsat4_numeric,
 CSW_Sat_5 = cswsat5_numeric,
 CSW_Sat_6 = cswsat6_numeric,
 CSW_Sat_7 = cswsat7_numeric,
 Finished_CSW = finishedCSW,
 Finished_Didactic = finisheddidac,
 Completed_Didactic_NotCSW = completedidnotcsw,
 Started_CSW = incompleteCSW,
 Didactic_Sat_1 = didacticsat1_num,
 Didactic_Sat_2 = didacticsat2_num,

```

```

Didactic_Sat_3 = didacticsat3_num,
Didactic_Sat_4 = didacticsat4_num,
Didactic_Sat_5 = didacticsat5_num,
Didactic_Sat_6 = didacticsat6_num,
Didactic_Sat_7 = didacticsat7_num,
Didactic_EvalDate = DIDEvalDate,
Didactic_SDate = Didactic_Start,
Didactic_EDate = Didactic_End,
Attrited = prog_attrited,
Exit_Date = exit_date,
Stage_Raw = stg_reached,
Started_Mod_1 = Mod1_started,
Finished_Mod_1 = Mod1_finished,
Started_Mod_2 = Mod2_started,
Finished_Mod_2 = Mod2_finished,
Started_Mod_3 = Mod3_started,
Finished_Mod_3 = Mod3_finished,
Started_Mod_4 = Mod4_started,
Finished_Mod_4 = Mod4_finished,
Started_Mod_5 = Mod5_started,
Finished_Mod_5 = Mod5_finished,
Started_Mod_6 = Mod6_started,
Finished_Mod_6 = Mod6_finished,
Started_Mod_7 = Mod7_started,
Finished_Mod_7 = Mod7_finished,
Started_Mod_8 = Mod8_started,
Finished_Mod_8 = Mod8_finished,
Started_Mod_9 = Mod9_started,
Finished_Mod_9 = Mod9_finished,
Started_Mod_10 = Mod10_started,
Finished_Mod_10 = Mod10_finished,
Started_Mod_11 = Mod11_started,
Finished_Mod_11 = Mod11_finished,
Started_Mod_12 = Mod12_started,
Finished_Mod_12 = Mod12_finished,
Mod_1_SDate = Mod1Start,
Mod_2_SDate = Mod2Start,
Mod_3_SDate = Mod3Start,
Mod_4_SDate = Mod4Start,
Mod_5_SDate = Mod5Start,
Mod_6_SDate = Mod6Start,
Mod_7_SDate = Mod7Start,
Mod_8_SDate = Mod8Start,
Mod_9_SDate = Mod9Start,
Mod_10_SDate = Mod10Start,
Mod_11_SDate = Mod11Start,
Mod_12_SDate = Mod12Start) %>%
Recode Stage_Raw into final set of stages to be modeled.
mutate(Stage_Reached = case_when(Stage_Raw == 2 ~ 1,
 Stage_Raw == 3 ~ 1,
 Stage_Raw == 4 ~ 2,
 Stage_Raw == 5 ~ 3,
 Stage_Raw == 6 ~ 3,
 Stage_Raw == 7 ~ 4,
 .default = NA)) %>%
Recode Attrited to reverse coding of the binary indicator.
mutate(Attrited = 1 - Attrited) %>%
Recode practiset_dem_num into Setting, combining Rural & Tribal categories.
mutate(Setting = if_else(practicset_dem_num %in% c(2,4),
 true = 2,
 false = practiset_dem_num)) %>%
Reverse code an item, then compute a sum score for a new scale.
mutate(Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_5R = 6 - Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_5) %>%
rowwise() %>%
mutate(Barrier_WR = Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_8,
 Barrier_F0 = Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_10) %>%
ungroup() %>%
Set variable and value labels.
set_variable_labels(ID = "Applicant ID (may be blank if application was incomplete)",
 NPQ_1_r = "I am happy. (reverse coded)",
 NPQ_4_r = "I feel connected to others. (reverse coded)",
 NPQ_15_r = "I have beliefs that sustain me. (reverse coded)",
 NPQ_17_r = "I am the person I always wanted to be. (reverse coded)",
 NPQ_29_r = "I am a very caring person. (reverse coded)",
 Stage_Raw = "Stage Reached by Participant (Raw Values)",
 Stage_Reached = "Maximum Stage Reached by Participant (Recoded)",
 Setting = "How would you describe the primary setting you practice nursing in? (recoded)",
 Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_5R = "I have time in my schedule to focus on this course",
 Barrier_WR = "I have a lot of work responsibilities.",
 Barrier_F0 = "I have a lot of family obligations right now.") %>%
set_value_labels(NPQ_1_r = reversed_NPQ_value_labels,
 NPQ_4_r = reversed_NPQ_value_labels,
 NPQ_15_r = reversed_NPQ_value_labels,
 NPQ_17_r = reversed_NPQ_value_labels,
 NPQ_29_r = reversed_NPQ_value_labels,
 Stage_Raw = Stage_Raw_value_labels,
 Stage_Reached = Stage_Reached_value_labels,
 Eligible = Binary_Labels,
 Enrolled = Binary_Labels,
 Attrited = Binary_Labels,
 Started_Mod_1 = Binary_Labels,

```

```

Started_Mod_2 = Binary_Labels,
Started_Mod_3 = Binary_Labels,
Started_Mod_4 = Binary_Labels,
Started_Mod_5 = Binary_Labels,
Started_Mod_6 = Binary_Labels,
Started_Mod_7 = Binary_Labels,
Started_Mod_8 = Binary_Labels,
Started_Mod_9 = Binary_Labels,
Started_Mod_10 = Binary_Labels,
Started_Mod_11 = Binary_Labels,
Started_Mod_12 = Binary_Labels,
Finished_Mod_1 = Binary_Labels,
Finished_Mod_2 = Binary_Labels,
Finished_Mod_3 = Binary_Labels,
Finished_Mod_4 = Binary_Labels,
Finished_Mod_5 = Binary_Labels,
Finished_Mod_6 = Binary_Labels,
Finished_Mod_7 = Binary_Labels,
Finished_Mod_8 = Binary_Labels,
Finished_Mod_9 = Binary_Labels,
Finished_Mod_10 = Binary_Labels,
Finished_Mod_11 = Binary_Labels,
Finished_Mod_12 = Binary_Labels,
Setting = Setting_Labels,
Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_5R = Barriers_Reversed_Labels,
Barrier_WR = Barriers_Labels,
Barrier_FO = Barriers_Labels)
...

```

The imported **Applicants** data frame has 497 rows and 154 variables. Table 5 shows a list of the variable positions, names, classes, and labels.

```

```{r}
#| label: tbl-Applicants
#| tbl-cap: "Applicants: Updated Variable Names and Classes."

ApplicantsVars <- list(Applicants) %>%
  map_dfr(~ tibble(Name = names(.x),
                   Class = map_chr(.x, all_classes),
                   Label = var_label(.x))) %>%
  rowid_to_column(., "Position")

kable(ApplicantsVars, format = "latex", booktabs = TRUE, longtable = TRUE) %>%
  kable_styling(font_size = 7, latex_options = c("repeat_header")) %>%
  column_spec(column = 3, width = "3cm") %>%
  column_spec(column = 4, width = "6.5cm")
...

```

Table 5: Applicants: Updated Variable Names and Classes.

| Position | Name | Class | Label |
|----------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| 1 | ID | character | Applicant ID (may be blank if application was incomplete) |
| 2 | Education | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | What is your highest level of education? |
| 3 | License | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | What is your licensure or certification for practice? |
| 4 | practicset_dem_num | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | How would you describe the primary setting you practice nursing in? |
| 5 | Employ_Status | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | What is your current employment status? |
| 6 | Employ_Nurse | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | If currently employed, are you working as a nurse? |
| 7 | Nurse_Years | numeric | How many years have you been practicing as a nurse (since completing your initial nursing program)? |
| 8 | Recruited_How | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | How did you learn about this opportunity? - Selected Choice |
| 9 | Prior_SANE | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Previous SANE training (numeric) |
| 10 | Trained1_Year | numeric | Year training was completed (numeric) |
| 11 | Trained2_Year | numeric | What year(s) did you complete your didactic and clinical skills SANE training? |
| 12 | Disability | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Do you have a disability ? |
| 13 | Sex | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | What was your sex assigned at birth? |

(continued)

| Position | Name | Class | Label |
|----------|----------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| 14 | Pronoun | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | What are your pronouns? - Selected Choice |
| 15 | Age | numeric | How old are you? |
| 16 | Race_Ethnicity | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | How would you describe your race/ethnicity? (Select all that apply) - Selected Choice |
| 17 | Income | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Income level (numeric) |
| 18 | LGBTQ | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Do you identify as a member of the LGBTQIA2S+ community? |
| 19 | NPQ_1 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am happy. |
| 20 | NPQ_2 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am preoccupied with more than one person I care for as a nurse |
| 21 | NPQ_3 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I get satisfaction from being able to care for people. |
| 22 | NPQ_4 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I feel connected to others. |
| 23 | NPQ_5 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I jump or am startled by unexpected sounds. |
| 24 | NPQ_6 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I feel invigorated after working with those I care for. |
| 25 | NPQ_7 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I find it difficult to separate my personal life from my life as a nurse. |
| 26 | NPQ_8 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am not as productive at work because I am losing sleep over traumatic experiences of a person I care for as a nurse. |
| 27 | NPQ_9 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I think that I might have been affected by the traumatic stress of those I care for as a nurse. |
| 28 | NPQ_10 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I feel trapped by my job as a nurse. |
| 29 | NPQ_11 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Because of my nursing, I have felt "on edge" about various things. |
| 30 | NPQ_12 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I like my work as a nurse. |
| 31 | NPQ_13 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I feel depressed because of the traumatic experiences of the people I care for as a nurse. |
| 32 | NPQ_14 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I feel as though I am experiencing the trauma of someone I have cared for as a nurse. |
| 33 | NPQ_15 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I have beliefs that sustain me. |
| 34 | NPQ_16 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am pleased with how I am able to keep up with nursing techniques and protocols. |
| 35 | NPQ_17 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am the person I always wanted to be. |
| 36 | NPQ_18 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | My work makes me feel satisfied. |
| 37 | NPQ_19 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I feel worn out because of my work as a nurse. |
| 38 | NPQ_20 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I have happy thoughts and feelings about those I care for as a nurse and how I could help them. |
| 39 | NPQ_21 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I feel overwhelmed because my case work load seems endless. |
| 40 | NPQ_22 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I believe I can make a difference through my work. |
| 41 | NPQ_23 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I avoid certain activities or situations because they remind me of frightening experiences of the people I care for as a nurse. |
| 42 | NPQ_24 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am proud of what I can do to nurse. |
| 43 | NPQ_25 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | As a result of my nursing, I have intrusive, frightening thoughts. |
| 44 | NPQ_26 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I feel "bogged down" by the system. |
| 45 | NPQ_27 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I have thoughts that I am a "success" as a nurse. |

(continued)

| Position | Name | Class | Label |
|----------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 46 | NPQ_28 | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I can't recall important parts of my work with trauma victims. |
| 47 | NPQ_29 | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I am a very caring person. |
| 48 | NPQ_30 | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I am happy that I chose to do this work. |
| 49 | NPQ_1_r | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I am happy. (reverse coded) |
| 50 | NPQ_4_r | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I feel connected to others. (reverse coded) |
| 51 | NPQ_15_r | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I have beliefs that sustain me. (reverse coded) |
| 52 | NPQ_17_r | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I am the person I always wanted to be. (reverse coded) |
| 53 | NPQ_29_r | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I am a very caring person. (reverse coded) |
| 54 | Motivation_ProfGrowth | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | What are your primary motivations for seeking SANE training (Select all that apply)? - Selected Choice |
| 55 | Motivation_PersonalConn | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | What are your primary motivations for seeking SANE training (Select all that apply)? - Selected Choice |
| 56 | Motivation_NeedSANE | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | What are your primary motivations for seeking SANE training (Select all that apply)? - Selected Choice |
| 57 | Motivation_PersonalLearn | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | What are your primary motivations for seeking SANE training (Select all that apply)? - Selected Choice |
| 58 | Motivation_Humanitarian | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | What are your primary motivations for seeking SANE training (Select all that apply)? - Selected Choice |
| 59 | Motivation_EmpRequire | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | What are your primary motivations for seeking SANE training (Select all that apply)? - Selected Choice |
| 60 | Motivation_Other | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | What are your primary motivations for seeking SANE training (Select all that apply)? - Selected Choice |
| 61 | Plan_After_Training | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | Which best describes your plans following the training? |
| 62 | Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_1 | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I will try to learn as much as I can from this course |
| 63 | Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_2 | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I am interested in learning this training material |
| 64 | Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_3 | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | My supervisor is supportive of me attending this training |
| 65 | Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_4 | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I am willing to invest effort to improve skills and competencies related to becoming a forensic nurse |
| 66 | Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_5 | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I have time in my schedule to focus on this course |
| 67 | Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_6 | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I will get more from this training than most people |
| 68 | Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_7 | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I am motivated to learn the skills needed to be a forensic nurse examiner |
| 69 | Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_8 | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I have a lot of work responsibilities |
| 70 | Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_9 | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I am willing to exert considerable effort in this training in order to improve my skills |
| 71 | Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_10 | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I have a lot of family obligations right now |
| 72 | Tech_Basic_1 | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | Have you ever taken an online course before? |
| 73 | Tech_Basic_2 | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | Do you have regular access to a computer (e.g., desktop, laptop, tablet) at home? |
| 74 | Tech_Basic_3 | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | Do you have reliable access to high-speed internet at home? |
| 75 | Tech_Feel_1 | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I usually get very anxious about using a computer |
| 76 | Tech_Feel_2 | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I'm not the type to do well with computers |
| 77 | Tech_Feel_3 | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I have a lot of self-confidence when it comes to working with computers |

(continued)

| Position | Name | Class | Label |
|----------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 78 | Tech_Feel_4 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I like working with computers |
| 79 | Tech_Feel_5 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | The online course will take less time than a traditional course in a classroom |
| 80 | ProQOL_CS | numeric | sum scores compassion from proqol |
| 81 | ProQOL_BO | numeric | sum scores burnout from proqol |
| 82 | ProQOL_STS | numeric | sum scores sec traumatic stress |
| 83 | CSW_EvalDate | Date | CSW Eval Date |
| 84 | CSW_Sat_1 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | The pacing of the clinical training was satisfactory. |
| 85 | CSW_Sat_2 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | The clinical concepts were covered_x000D_adequately. |
| 86 | CSW_Sat_3 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | There was enough time to ask_x000D_questions during the clinical training. |
| 87 | CSW_Sat_4 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | There was enough time to practice_x000D_different components of the medical_x000D_forensic exam. |
| 88 | CSW_Sat_5 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | The clinical training met my_x000D_expectations. |
| 89 | CSW_Sat_6 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I learned a considerable amount during_x000D_the clinical training. |
| 90 | CSW_Sat_7 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | The clinical training helped me feel_x000D_more confident as a forensic examiner. |
| 91 | Finished_CSW | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Enrolled people who completed didactic and CSW |
| 92 | Finished_Didactic | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Did the participant complete the didactic? |
| 93 | Completed_Didactic_NotCSW | numeric | NULL |
| 94 | Started_CSW | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Enrolled people who completed didactic and started CSW |
| 95 | Didactic_Sat_1 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | There was enough time to learn the material. |
| 96 | Didactic_Sat_2 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | The topics were covered adequately. |
| 97 | Didactic_Sat_3 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | The weekly discussion board helped me understand the material better. |
| 98 | Didactic_Sat_4 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | The online training met my expectations. |
| 99 | Didactic_Sat_5 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I learned a considerable amount during the online training. |
| 100 | Didactic_Sat_6 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | I am satisfied with the amount I have learned in this course. |
| 101 | Didactic_Sat_7 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Accounting for the materials you learned in this online course, please rate your response to the following question:I have improved knowledge and skills to care for sexual assault patients. |
| 102 | Didactic_EvalDate | Date | Didactic evaluation date. |
| 103 | Applied_Date | POSIXct, POSIXt | Date application applied for program. |
| 104 | Eligible | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Eligible for the program. |
| 105 | Enrolled | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Whether or not patrticipants were eligible, accepted, and started the program. |
| 106 | Enrolled_Date | Date | Date participant was offered enrollment in the program. All participants in each cohort assigned same date. |
| 107 | Cohort | numeric | Cohort the participant participated in |
| 108 | Didactic_SDate | Date | Date when participant started the didactic training. All participants in cohort assigned samed date. |
| 109 | Didactic_Status | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Did the participant complete the didactic training? |
| 110 | Didactic_EDate | Date | Date when participant completed the didactic training. |
| 111 | Attrited | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | NULL |
| 112 | Exit_Date | Date | Participants program exit date. |

(continued)

| Position | Name | Class | Label |
|----------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 113 | Stage_Raw | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Stage Reached by Participant (Raw Values) |
| 114 | Started_Mod_1 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Overview of Forensic Nursing and Sexual Violence - did the participant start this module? |
| 115 | Finished_Mod_1 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Overview of Forensic Nursing and Sexual Violence - did the participant finish this module? |
| 116 | Started_Mod_2 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Victim Responses and Crisis Intervention - did the participant start this module? |
| 117 | Finished_Mod_2 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Victim Responses and Crisis Intervention - did the participant finish this module? |
| 118 | Started_Mod_3 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Collaborating with Community Agencies - did the participant start this module? |
| 119 | Finished_Mod_3 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Collaborating with Community Agencies - did the participant finish this module? |
| 120 | Started_Mod_4 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Medical-Forensic History Taking - did the participant start this module? |
| 121 | Finished_Mod_4 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Medical-Forensic History Taking - did the participant finish this module? |
| 122 | Started_Mod_5 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Observing and Assessing Physical Examination Findings - did the participant start this module? |
| 123 | Finished_Mod_5 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Observing and Assessing Physical Examination Findings-did the participant finish this module? |
| 124 | Started_Mod_6 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Medical-Forensic Specimen Collection - did the participant start this module? |
| 125 | Finished_Mod_6 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Medical-Forensic Specimen Collection - did the participant finish this module? |
| 126 | Started_Mod_7 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Medical-Forensic Photography - did the participant start this module? |
| 127 | Finished_Mod_7 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Medical-Forensic Photography - did the participant finish this module? |
| 128 | Started_Mod_8 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Sexually Transmitted Infection Testing and Prophylaxis - did the participant start this module? |
| 129 | Finished_Mod_8 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Sexually Transmitted Infection Testing and Prophylaxis - did the participant finish this module? |
| 130 | Started_Mod_9 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Pregnancy Risk Evaluation and Care - did the participant start this module? |
| 131 | Finished_Mod_9 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Pregnancy Risk Evaluation and Care- did the participant finish this module? |
| 132 | Started_Mod_10 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Medical-Forensic Documentation- did the participant start this module? |
| 133 | Finished_Mod_10 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Medical-Forensic Documentation- did the participant finish this module? |
| 134 | Started_Mod_11 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Discharge and Follow-up Planning - did the participant start this module? |
| 135 | Finished_Mod_11 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Discharge and Follow-up Planning- did the participant finish this module? |
| 136 | Started_Mod_12 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Legal Considerations and Judicial Proceedings - did the participant start this module? |
| 137 | Finished_Mod_12 | haven_labelled, vctrs_vctr, double | Legal Considerations and Judicial Proceedings- did the participant finish this module? |
| 138 | Mod_1_SDate | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 139 | Mod_2_SDate | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 140 | Mod_3_SDate | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 141 | Mod_4_SDate | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 142 | Mod_5_SDate | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |

(continued)

| Position | Name | Class | Label |
|----------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 143 | Mod_6_SDate | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 144 | Mod_7_SDate | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 145 | Mod_8_SDate | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 146 | Mod_9_SDate | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 147 | Mod_10_SDate | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 148 | Mod_11_SDate | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 149 | Mod_12_SDate | Date | Date when module was scheduled to start for the participants. all participants if started given same date. |
| 150 | Stage_Reached | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | Maximum Stage Reached by Participant (Recoded) |
| 151 | Setting | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | How would you describe the primary setting you practice nursing in? (recoded) |
| 152 | Train_Goal_Fac_Bar_5R | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I have time in my schedule to focus on this course |
| 153 | Barrier_WR | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I have a lot of work responsibilities. |
| 154 | Barrier_FO | haven_labelled, vctr_vctr, double | I have a lot of family obligations right now. |

3.4 Compare Stage_Raw to Binary Stage Indicators

Here we are comparing the stage variables against the binary indicators associated with specific stages to ensure logical consistency between variables. This helped us detect and correct some problems with the data. We leave it here now to document that we did it.

In the crosstab below check that:

- All (and only) applicants with `Stage_Raw = Applied` should have `Eligible = 0`.
- All (and only) applicants with `Stage_Raw ≥ Eligible` should have `Eligible = 1`.

```

```{r}
#| label: xtab-Stage-Raw-Eligible

xtabs(~as_factor(Stage_Raw) + Eligible, addNA = TRUE,
 data = Applicants) %>%
 addmargins()
```

```

```

      Eligible
as_factor(Stage_Raw)  0  1 Sum
Applied             170  0 170
Eligible              0  73  73
Enrolled              0  17  17
Started DT            0  61  61
Finished DT           0  16  16
Started CSW           0   1   1
Finished CSW          0 159 159
Sum                   170 327 497

```

In the crosstab below check that:

- All (and only) applicants with $\text{Stage_Raw} \leq \text{Eligible}$ should have $\text{Enrolled} = 0$.
- All (and only) applicants with $\text{Stage_Raw} \geq \text{Enrolled}$ should have $\text{Enrolled} = 1$.

```

```{r}
#| label: xtab-Stage-Raw-Enrolled

xtabs(~as_factor(Stage_Raw) + Enrolled, addNA = TRUE,
 data = Applicants) %>%
 addmargins()
```

```

| | Enrolled | | | |
|----------------------|----------|-----|-----|--|
| as_factor(Stage_Raw) | 0 | 1 | Sum | |
| Applied | 170 | 0 | 170 | |
| Eligible | 73 | 0 | 73 | |
| Enrolled | 0 | 17 | 17 | |
| Started DT | 0 | 61 | 61 | |
| Finished DT | 0 | 16 | 16 | |
| Started CSW | 0 | 1 | 1 | |
| Finished CSW | 0 | 159 | 159 | |
| Sum | 243 | 254 | 497 | |

In the crosstab below check that:

- All (and only) applicants with $\text{Stage_Raw} \leq \text{Eligible}$ should have $\text{Started_Mod_1} = \text{<NA>}$ (missing).
- All applicants with $\text{Stage_Raw} = \text{Enrolled}$ should have $\text{Started_Mod_1} = 0$.
- Only applicants with $\text{Stage_Raw} \geq \text{Started_DT}$ should have $\text{Started_Mod_1} = 1$.

Here we are using starting didactic module 1 as a rough proxy for starting the didactic training component.

```

```{r}
#| label: xtab-Stage-Raw-Started-Mod-1

xtabs(~as_factor(Stage_Raw) + Started_Mod_1, addNA = TRUE,
 data = Applicants) %>%
 addmargins()
```

```

| | Started_Mod_1 | | | | |
|----------------------|---------------|-----|------|-----|--|
| as_factor(Stage_Raw) | 0 | 1 | <NA> | Sum | |
| Applied | 0 | 0 | 170 | 170 | |
| Eligible | 0 | 0 | 73 | 73 | |
| Enrolled | 17 | 0 | 0 | 17 | |
| Started DT | 3 | 58 | 0 | 61 | |
| Finished DT | 0 | 16 | 0 | 16 | |
| Started CSW | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | |
| Finished CSW | 0 | 159 | 0 | 159 | |
| Sum | 20 | 234 | 243 | 497 | |

In the crosstab below check that:

- All (and only) applicants with $\text{Stage_Raw} \leq \text{Started DT}$ should have $\text{Finished_Didactic} = 0$.
- All (and only) applicants with $\text{Stage_Raw} \geq \text{Finished DT}$ should have $\text{Finished_Didactic} = 1$.

```

```{r}
#| label: xtab-Stage-Raw-Finished-Didactic

xtabs(~as_factor(Stage_Raw) + Finished_Didactic, addNA = TRUE,
 data = Applicants) %>%
 addmargins()
```

```

| | Finished_Didactic | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|-----|-----|
| as_factor(Stage_Raw) | 0 | 1 | Sum |
| Applied | 170 | 0 | 170 |
| Eligible | 73 | 0 | 73 |
| Enrolled | 17 | 0 | 17 |
| Started DT | 61 | 0 | 61 |
| Finished DT | 0 | 16 | 16 |
| Started CSW | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Finished CSW | 0 | 159 | 159 |
| Sum | 321 | 176 | 497 |

In the crosstab below check that:

- All (and only) applicants with $\text{Stage_Raw} \leq \text{Finished DT}$ should have $\text{Started_CSW} = 0$.
- All (and only) applicants with $\text{Stage_Raw} \geq \text{Started CSW}$ should have $\text{Started_CSW} = 1$.

```

{r}
#| label: xtab-Stage-Raw-CSW-Incomplete

xtabs(~as_factor(Stage_Raw) + Started_CSW, addNA = TRUE,
      data = Applicants) %>%
  addmargins()

```

| | Started_CSW | | |
|----------------------|-------------|-----|-----|
| as_factor(Stage_Raw) | 0 | 1 | Sum |
| Applied | 170 | 0 | 170 |
| Eligible | 73 | 0 | 73 |
| Enrolled | 17 | 0 | 17 |
| Started DT | 61 | 0 | 61 |
| Finished DT | 16 | 0 | 16 |
| Started CSW | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Finished CSW | 0 | 159 | 159 |
| Sum | 337 | 160 | 497 |

In the crosstab below check that:

- All (and only) applicants with $\text{Stage_Raw} \leq \text{Started CSW}$ should have $\text{Finished_CSW} = 0$.
- All (and only) applicants with $\text{Stage_Raw} = \text{Finished CSW}$ should have $\text{Finished_CSW} = 1$.

```

{r}
#| label: xtab-Stage-Raw-Finished-CSW

xtabs(~as_factor(Stage_Raw) + Finished_CSW, addNA = TRUE,
      data = Applicants) %>%
  addmargins()

```

| | Finished_CSW | | |
|----------------------|--------------|-----|-----|
| as_factor(Stage_Raw) | 0 | 1 | Sum |
| Applied | 170 | 0 | 170 |
| Eligible | 73 | 0 | 73 |
| Enrolled | 17 | 0 | 17 |
| Started DT | 61 | 0 | 61 |
| Finished DT | 16 | 0 | 16 |
| Started CSW | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Finished CSW | 0 | 159 | 159 |
| Sum | 338 | 159 | 497 |

3.5 Create Eligible Applicants Datasets

For research question RQ1, we need to compare eligible applicants who enrolled versus did not enroll. Subsetting the `Applicants` dataset to create an `Eligible_Applicants` dataset representing the intended population relevant to that research question will simplify analyses later.



Tip

The expected uses for the `Eligible_Applicants` data are:

- Compute enrollment rate and associated confidence interval.
- Conduct simple inferential analyses comparing eligible vs enrolled applicants to answer RQ1.
- Serve as the source from which the `Enrolled_Applicants` dataset is derived.

```
```{r}
#| label: create-Eligible-Applicants

Eligible_Applicants <- Applicants %>%
 filter(Stage_Raw >= 2)
```
```

Next we need to assess whether these eligible applicants all have complete data on the variables to be used in our RQ1 analyses. Table 6 shows an overview of missingness with respect to cases, variables, and values.

```
```{r}
#| label: tbl-Eligible-Applicants-cvv-missingness
#| tbl-cap: Cases, Variables, and Values Missingness for RQ1 Among Eligible
#| Applicants

Eligible_Applicants %>%
 select(ID, Enrolled, Education, License, Setting, Employ_Status, Employ_Nurse,
 Nurse_Years, Prior_SANE, Motivation_PersonalConn, Motivation_NeedSANE,
 Barrier_FO, Barrier_WR, ProQOL_BO, ProQOL_CS, ProQOL_STS) %>%
 cvv_missingness() %>%
 kable(format = "latex", booktabs = TRUE, digits = 1,
 col.names = c("Subset", rep(c("Count", "Percent"), times = 3))) %>%
 kable_styling() %>%
 add_header_above(header = c(" ", "Cases" = 2, "Variables" = 2, "Values" = 2))
```
```

Table 6: Cases, Variables, and Values Missingness for RQ1 Among Eligible Applicants

| Subset | Cases | | Variables | | Values | |
|------------|-------|---------|-----------|---------|--------|---------|
| | Count | Percent | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| Complete | 313 | 95.7 | 12 | 75 | 5212 | 99.6 |
| Incomplete | 14 | 4.3 | 4 | 25 | 20 | 0.4 |
| All | 327 | 100.0 | 16 | 100 | 5232 | 100.0 |

We can see that only a few eligible applicants have any missing data on the variables we want to use in the models. Table 7 shows variable-specific rates of missingness.

```
```{r}
#| label: tbl-Eligible-Applicants-var-missingness
#| tbl-cap: Variable-Specific Missingness for RQ1 Among Eligible Applicants

Eligible_Applicants %>%
 select(ID, Enrolled, Education, License, Setting, Employ_Status, Employ_Nurse,
 Nurse_Years, Prior_SANE, Motivation_PersonalConn, Motivation_NeedSANE,
 Barrier_FO, Barrier_WR, ProQOL_BO, ProQOL_CS, ProQOL_STS) %>%
 var_missingness() %>%
 kable(format = "latex", booktabs = TRUE, digits = 1,
 col.names = c("Position", "Name", "N_Total", "N", "%", "N", "%")) %>%
 kable_styling() %>%
 add_header_above(header = c(" " = 3, "Valid Values" = 2, "Missing Values" = 2))
```
```

Table 7: Variable-Specific Missingness for RQ1 Among Eligible Applicants

| Position | Name | N_Total | Valid Values | | Missing Values | |
|----------|-------------------------|---------|--------------|-------|----------------|-----|
| | | | N | % | N | % |
| 1 | ID | 327 | 327 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 2 | Enrolled | 327 | 327 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 3 | Education | 327 | 327 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 4 | License | 327 | 327 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 5 | Setting | 327 | 327 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 6 | Employ_Status | 327 | 327 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 7 | Employ_Nurse | 327 | 316 | 96.6 | 11 | 3.4 |
| 8 | Nurse_Years | 327 | 327 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 9 | Prior_SANE | 327 | 327 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 10 | Motivation_PersonalConn | 327 | 327 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 11 | Motivation_NeedSANE | 327 | 327 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 12 | Barrier_FO | 327 | 327 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 13 | Barrier_WR | 327 | 327 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 14 | ProQOL_BO | 327 | 324 | 99.1 | 3 | 0.9 |
| 15 | ProQOL_CS | 327 | 324 | 99.1 | 3 | 0.9 |
| 16 | ProQOL_STS | 327 | 324 | 99.1 | 3 | 0.9 |

3.6 Create Enrolled Applicants Datasets

This section creates the **Enrolled_Applicants** data frame from the **Eligible_Applicants** data frame. We need this dataset because some analyses focus only on enrolled applicants. Feedback from key stakeholders indicates that our audience likely will think of attrition as dropping out the program after enrollment, rather than as the broader concept of dropping out of the pipeline that starts at application to the program.



Tip

The expected uses for the **Enrolled_Applicants** data are:

- Stopping-ratio modeling to answering RQ2 and RQ3.
- Descriptive analyses to answer RQ4.

```

---{r}
#| label: create-Enrolled-Applicants

Enrolled_Applicants <- Eligible_Applicants %>%
  filter(Stage_Raw >= 3)
---
```

Next, we need to assess whether these enrolled applicants all have complete data on the variables to be used in our RQ2 and RQ3 analyses. Table 8 shows an overview of missingness with respect to cases, variables, and values.


```

```{r}
#| label: tbl-Enrolled-Applicants-cvv-missingness
#| tbl-cap: Cases, Variables, and Values Missingness for RQ2 & RQ3 Among
#| Enrolled Applicants

Enrolled_Applicants %>%
 select(ID, Stage_Reached, Barrier_FO, Barrier_WR, ProQOL_BO, ProQOL_CS,
 ProQOL_STS, Motivation_NeedSANE, Motivation_PersonalConn, Setting) %>%
 cvv_missingness() %>%
 kable(format = "latex", booktabs = TRUE, digits = 1,
 col.names = c("Subset", rep(c("Count", "Percent"), times = 3))) %>%
 kable_styling() %>%
 add_header_above(header = c(" ", "Cases" = 2, "Variables" = 2, "Values" = 2))
```

```

Table 8: Cases, Variables, and Values Missingness for RQ2 & RQ3 Among Enrolled Applicants

| Subset | Cases | | Variables | | Values | |
|------------|-------|---------|-----------|---------|--------|---------|
| | Count | Percent | Count | Percent | Count | Percent |
| Complete | 252 | 99.2 | 7 | 70 | 2534 | 99.8 |
| Incomplete | 2 | 0.8 | 3 | 30 | 6 | 0.2 |
| All | 254 | 100.0 | 10 | 100 | 2540 | 100.0 |

We can see that only a few eligible applicants have any missing data on the variables we want to use in the models. Table 9 shows variable-specific rates of missingness.

```

```{r}
#| label: tbl-Enrolled-Applicants-var-missingness
#| tbl-cap: Variable-Specific Missingness for RQ2 & RQ3 Among Enrolled
#| Applicants

Enrolled_Applicants %>%
 select(ID, Stage_Reached, Barrier_FO, Barrier_WR, ProQOL_BO, ProQOL_CS,
 ProQOL_STS, Motivation_NeedSANE, Motivation_PersonalConn, Setting) %>%
 var_missingness() %>%
 kable(format = "latex", booktabs = TRUE, digits = 1,
 col.names = c("Position", "Name", "N_Total", "N", "%", "N", "%")) %>%
 kable_styling() %>%
 add_header_above(header = c(" " = 3, "Valid Values" = 2, "Missing Values" = 2))
```

```

Table 9: Variable-Specific Missingness for RQ2 & RQ3 Among Enrolled Applicants

| Position | Name | N_Total | Valid Values | | Missing Values | |
|----------|-------------------------|---------|--------------|-------|----------------|-----|
| | | | N | % | N | % |
| 1 | ID | 254 | 254 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 2 | Stage_Reached | 254 | 254 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 3 | Barrier_FO | 254 | 254 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 4 | Barrier_WR | 254 | 254 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 5 | ProQOL_BO | 254 | 252 | 99.2 | 2 | 0.8 |
| 6 | ProQOL_CS | 254 | 252 | 99.2 | 2 | 0.8 |
| 7 | ProQOL_STS | 254 | 252 | 99.2 | 2 | 0.8 |
| 8 | Motivation_NeedSANE | 254 | 254 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 9 | Motivation_PersonalConn | 254 | 254 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 10 | Setting | 254 | 254 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |

The missing data are all ProQOL scale scores and it appears that a handful of people simply did not complete the entire instrument. The rate of missingness is small enough that it should be ignorable

and listwise deletion will perform adequately. Therefore, below we create `Eligible_Applicants_CD` to include only those eligible applicants who have complete (non-missing) data on the variables that will be used in the stopping ratio model. Along the way, we create mean-centered versions of the continuous predictors that can be identified by a `C` prefix on the variable name⁴.

```

{r}
#| label: create-Enrolled-Applicants-CD

Enrolled_Applicants_CD <- Enrolled_Applicants %>%
  # Retain cases with no missing data on variables to be used in models.
  filter(if_all(c(ID, Stage_Reached, Barrier_F0, Barrier_WR, ProQOL_B0,
    ProQOL_CS, ProQOL_STS, Motivation_NeedSANE,
    Motivation_PersonalConn, Setting), ~ !is.na(.x))) %>%
  # Create mean-centered versions of continuous predictors.
  mutate(CBarrier_F0 = Barrier_F0 - mean(Barrier_F0),
    CBarrier_WR = Barrier_WR - mean(Barrier_WR),
    CProQOL_B0 = ProQOL_B0 - mean(ProQOL_B0),
    CProQOL_CS = ProQOL_CS - mean(ProQOL_CS),
    CProQOL_STS = ProQOL_STS - mean(ProQOL_STS))

```

3.7 Create Started DT Subset of Enrolled Applicants

When answering the part of RQ2 pertaining to specific training modules, we need to narrow our focus to the subset of `Enrolled_Applicants_CD` containing only enrolled applicants with `Stage_Reached` ≥ 2 (those who started the didactic training). Thus, below we create that additional dataset and call it `StartedDT_Applicants`.

```

{r}
#| label: create-StartedDT-Applicants

StartedDT_Applicants <- Enrolled_Applicants_CD %>%
  filter(Stage_Reached >= 2)

```

3.8 Create Thresholds Dataset

This study will use a stopping-ratio model, which is also called a forward continuation-ratio model or a stage model (Fullerton & Xu, 2016; Liu & Bai, 2020). To run the planned model, we first reorganize the data from one row per person to one row per person per threshold attempted (Cole & Ananth, 2001; Fullerton & Xu, 2016). That reorganization allows us to use standard logistic regression modeling software to fit the model and flexibly choose whether predictor effects are parallel (constrained to equality across thresholds), or non-parallel (unconstrained and allowed to vary across thresholds) by either omitting or including interaction terms.

Figure 1 shows the final set of stages and thresholds between them at which attrition from the training program could occur. The arrows associated with each threshold are labeled according to how the outcome variable is coded on the corresponding person-threshold record, depending on whether the person stopped participating at the current stage or moved on to the next stage.

```

{dot}
//| label: fig-Stages
//| fig-cap: Stages, Thresholds (T1-T3), and Stopping Ratios (SR1-SR3) in the
//|         SANE Training Program. CSW, clinical skills workshop; DT, didactic
//|         training.
//| fig-width: 5
//| fig-height: 2.5

digraph StagesModeled {
  graph [rankdir="LR"];
  node [shape = "box", style = "filled", fillcolor = "Gray90", fontsize = "7"];

```

```

A1 [label = "Attrited\nBefore DT\nSR1"]
A2 [label = "Attrited\nDuring DT\nSR2"]
A3 [label = "Attrited\nBefore/During CSW\nSR3"]

S1 [label = "Stage 1\nEnrolled"]
S2 [label = "Stage 2\nStarted DT"]
S3 [label = "Stage 3\nFinished DT"]
S4 [label = "Stage 4\nFinished CSW"]

edge [fontsize = "7", arrowsize = 0.5];

S1 -> A1 [label = "T1\nAttrit = 1"]
S2 -> A2 [label = "T2\nAttrit = 1"]
S3 -> A3 [label = "T3\nAttrit = 1"]

S1 -> S2 [label = "Attrit = 0"]
S2 -> S3 [label = "Attrit = 0"]
S3 -> S4 [label = "Attrit = 0"]

}
...

```

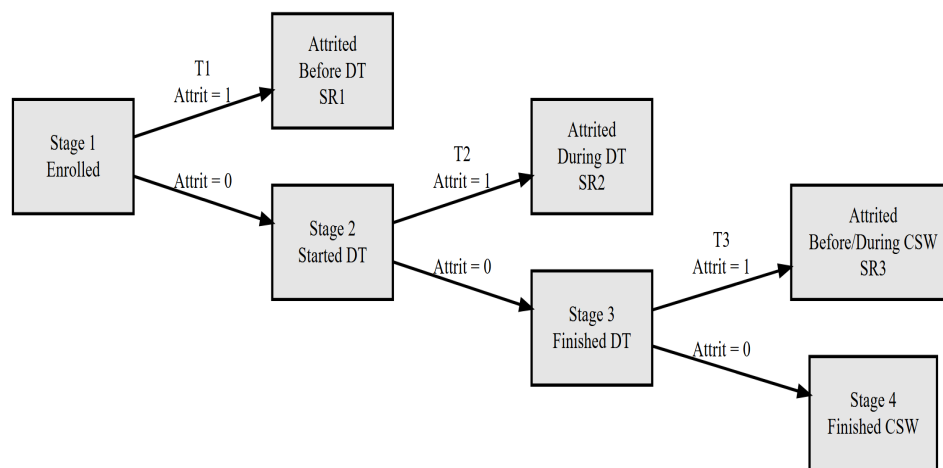


Figure 1: Stages, Thresholds (T1-T3), and Stopping Ratios (SR1-SR3) in the SANE Training Program. CSW, clinical skills workshop; DT, didactic training.

To create the person-threshold dataset `Thresholds`, we first create a data frame for each distinct threshold by filtering the `Enrolled_Applicants_CD` data by `Stage_Reached`, add a binary outcome variable called `Attrit` coded 1 for people who attrited at that threshold and 0 for people who did not, then vertically stack the threshold-specific datasets (T1 to T3). Along the way, we create factor versions of the categorical variables that can be identified by the `.` suffix on the variable name.

```

```{r}
#| label: create-T1

T1 <- Enrolled_Applicants_CD %>%
 select(ID, Stage_Reached, Barrier_F0, Barrier_WR, ProQOL_B0, ProQOL_CS,
 ProQOL_STS, CBarrier_F0, CBarrier_WR, CProQOL_B0, CProQOL_CS,
 CProQOL_STS, Motivation_NeedSANE, Motivation_PersonalConn, Setting) %>%
 filter(Stage_Reached >= 1) %>%
 mutate(Threshold = 1,
 Attrit = if_else(Stage_Reached == Threshold, true = 1, false = 0))
...

```

```

```{r}
#| label: create-T2

T2 <- Enrolled_Applicants_CD %>%
  select(ID, Stage_Reached, Barrier_F0, Barrier_WR, ProQOL_B0, ProQOL_CS,
         ProQOL_STS, CBarrier_F0, CBarrier_WR, CProQOL_B0, CProQOL_CS,
         CProQOL_STS, Motivation_NeedSANE, Motivation_PersonalConn, Setting) %>%
  filter(Stage_Reached >= 2) %>%
  mutate(Threshold = 2,
         Attrit = if_else(Stage_Reached == Threshold, true = 1, false = 0))
...

```

```

```{r}
#| label: create-T3

T3 <- Enrolled_Applicants_CD %>%
 select(ID, Stage_Reached, Barrier_F0, Barrier_WR, ProQOL_BO, ProQOL_CS,
 ProQOL_STS, CBarrier_F0, CBarrier_WR, CProQOL_BO, CProQOL_CS,
 CProQOL_STS, Motivation_NeedSANE, Motivation_PersonalConn, Setting) %>%
 filter(Stage_Reached >= 3) %>%
 mutate(Threshold = 3,
 Attrit = if_else(Stage_Reached == Threshold, true = 1, false = 0))
```

```

```

```{r}
#| label: create-value-labels-2

Threshold_Labels <- c("T1 Before DT" = 1,
 "T2 During DT" = 2,
 "T3 Before/During CSW" = 3)
```

```

```

```{r}
#| label: create-Thresholds

Thresholds <- bind_rows(T1, T2, T3) %>%
 relocate(ID, Threshold, Attrit) %>%
 # Convert categorical predictors to factors with a "." variable name suffix
 mutate(Threshold. = factor(Threshold),
 Setting. = as_factor(Setting),
 Motivation_NeedSANE. = as_factor(Motivation_NeedSANE),
 Motivation_PersonalConn. = as_factor(Motivation_PersonalConn)) %>%
 set_value_labels(Threshold = Threshold_Labels,
 Attrit = Binary_Labels)
```

```

Table 10 shows the sizes of datasets created above in terms of number rows and columns, with additional computed columns showing how many records stopped from proceeding to the next stage of case selection and how many continued. This allowed me to double-check that the sizes each made sense. For the **Applicants** row, the stopped cases are the ineligible applicants, while for **Eligible_Applicants** the stopped cases are those that did not enroll. For **Enrolled_Applicants**, the stopped cases are those who lacked complete data on variables required for modeling. For **Enrolled_Applicants_CD**, stopped cases were those who did not start didactic training. T1 to T3 each have one row per person, with the stopped cases being those that attrited at the specified threshold. The **Thresholds** dataset contains one row per person per threshold encountered because it combined the rows of T1 to T3, with the stopped cases being all the rows that indicated attrition occurred.

```

```{r}
#| label: tbl-Dataset-Size
#| tbl-cap: Dataset Sizes

tibble(DataFrame = c("Applicants", "Eligible_Applicants",
 "Enrolled_Applicants", "Enrolled_Applicants_CD",
 "T1", "T2", "T3", "Thresholds"),
 N_Rows = c(nrow(Applicants), nrow(Eligible_Applicants),
 nrow(Enrolled_Applicants), nrow(Enrolled_Applicants_CD),
 nrow(T1), nrow(T2), nrow(T3), nrow(Thresholds)),
 N_Cols = c(ncol(Applicants), ncol(Eligible_Applicants),
 ncol(Enrolled_Applicants), ncol(Enrolled_Applicants_CD),
 ncol(T1), ncol(T2), ncol(T3), ncol(Thresholds)),
 Stopped = c(sum(Applicants$Stage_Raw == 1),
 sum(Eligible_Applicants$Stage_Raw == 2),
 sum(is.na(Enrolled_Applicants$ProQOL_BO)),
 sum(Enrolled_Applicants_CD$Stage_Raw == 3),
 sum(T1$Attrit), sum(T2$Attrit), sum(T3$Attrit),
 sum(Thresholds$Attrit))) %>%
 mutate(Continued = N_Rows - Stopped) %>%
 kable(format = "latex", booktabs = TRUE) %>%
 kable_styling()
```

```

Table 10: Dataset Sizes

| DataFrame | N_Rows | N_Cols | Stopped | Continued |
|------------------------|--------|--------|---------|-----------|
| Applicants | 497 | 154 | 170 | 327 |
| Eligible_Applicants | 327 | 154 | 73 | 254 |
| Enrolled_Applicants | 254 | 154 | 2 | 252 |
| Enrolled_Applicants_CD | 252 | 159 | 17 | 235 |
| T1 | 252 | 17 | 17 | 235 |
| T2 | 235 | 17 | 61 | 174 |
| T3 | 174 | 17 | 17 | 157 |
| Thresholds | 661 | 21 | 95 | 566 |

4 Save Data

```

{r}
#| label: create-save-what

# Character vector of object names that will be saved.
save_what <- c("Applicants", "Eligible_Applicants", "Enrolled_Applicants",
              "Enrolled_Applicants_CD", "StartedDT_Applicants", "Thresholds")

```

```

{r}
#| label: save-data

# Store path to data file.
DataFile <- here("data/Imported_SANETP_Data.RData")

save(list = save_what, file=DataFile)

```

Table 11 shows meta-data about the data file we just saved.

```

{r}
#| label: tbl-imported-data-file
#| tbl-cap: "Meta-Data About the Imported Data File Saved Out"

file_details(DataFile) %>%
  kable(), format = "latex", booktabs = TRUE,
  col.names = c("File Name", "Size", "Last Modified")) %>%
  kable_styling()

```

Table 11: Meta-Data About the Imported Data File Saved Out

| File Name | Size | Last Modified |
|----------------------------|------|---------------------|
| Imported_SANETP_Data.RData | 181K | 2026-02-14 12:56:34 |

Tip

The imported data file can be loaded into R by copying the following code chunk into a script, setting the chunk option `eval: true`, and running the chunk. That will overwrite any objects already in memory that have the same names as the objects being loaded.

```
```{r}
#| label: load-data
#| eval: false

load(file=here("data/Imported_SANETP_Data.RData"))
```
```

5 References

- Cole, S. R., & Ananth, C. V. (2001). Regression models for unconstrained, partially or fully constrained continuation odds ratios. *International Journal of Epidemiology*, 30(6), 1379–1382. <https://doi.org/10.1093/ije/30.6.1379>
- Dontje, K., & Campbell, R. (07/01/2021–06/30/2025). *Increasing access, recruitment, and retention of sexual assault nurse examiners in rural michigan* (Grant No. T96HP42059). Health Resources and Services Administration.
- Fullerton, A. S., & Xu, J. (2016). *Ordered regression models: Parallel, partial, and non-parallel alternatives*. Chapman & Hall/CRC Press. <https://doi.org/10.1201/b20060>
- Liu, X., & Bai, H. (2020). Forward and backward continuation ratio models for ordinal response variables. *Journal of Modern Applied Statistical Methods*, 18(2). <https://doi.org/10.22237/jmasm/1604190180>
- Pierce, S. J. (2026). *SANETPA: Research compendium for a study of sexual assault nurse examiner training program attrition* (Version 1.0.1) [Reproducible Research Materials and Computer Program, R Package, Public Repository]. GitHub. <https://github.com/sjpierce/SANETPA>. Zenodo. <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.18643254>

6 Software Information

This section documents information that is important for reproducibility. Most users will not need to read it. It is primarily here for use by the statistician on the team if we need to troubleshoot reproducibility issues because someone else is unable to get the same results from the same code. Start by checking for differences in package versions.

We used [R](#) as our main computing environment and [Quarto](#) scripts to enhance reproducibility. We used [RStudio](#) as the editor to interface with R and Quarto.

- Software chain: **qmd file** > **RStudio** > **Quarto** > **R** > **knitr** > **md file** > **Pandoc** > **tex file** > **TinyTeX** > **PDF file**.
- Source file: `Import_Data.qmd`
- Output file: `Import_Data_2026-02-14.pdf`
- [Quarto 1.8.27](#) runs *.qmd files through [R](#) and [knitr](#) to produce *.md markdown files.
- [Pandoc 3.6.3](#) converts markdown files (*.md) to other formats, including LaTeX (*.tex) and HTML (*.html) among others.
- [TinyTeX](#) compiles LaTeX files (*.tex) into PDF files. It should be viable to use [MiKTeX](#) or another LaTeX distribution instead.

6.1 Versions

This document was generated using the following computational environment and dependencies:

```
# Check and report whether we used TinyTeX or other LaTeX software.
which_latex()
```

```
is_tinytex = TRUE. We used TeX Live 2025 (TinyTeX) with tlmgr 2025-11-06.
```

```
tlmgr revision 76773 (2025-11-06 20:43:29 +0100)
tlmgr using installation: C:/Users/pierces1/AppData/Roaming/TinyTeX
TeX Live (https://tug.org/texlive) version 2025
```

```
# Get R and R package version numbers in use.
devtools::session_info()
```

```
Warning in system2("quarto", "-V", stdout = TRUE, env = paste0("TMPDIR=", ,
running command "quarto"
TMPDIR=C:/Users/pierces1/AppData/Local/Temp/RtmpyCIjR/file3fa038f2361a -V' had
status 1
```

```
- Session info -----
setting  value
version  R version 4.5.2 (2025-10-31 ucrt)
os       Windows 11 x64 (build 26100)
system   x86_64, mingw32
ui       RTerm
language (EN)
collate   English_United States.utf8
ctype    English_United States.utf8
tz        America/New_York
date      2026-02-14
pandoc    3.6.3 @ C:/Program Files/RStudio/resources/app/bin/quarto/bin/tools/ (via rmarkdown)
quarto    NA @ C:\\PROGRA-1\\Quarto\\bin\\quarto.exe
```

```
- Packages -----
package * version date (UTC) lib source
assertthat 0.2.1 2019-03-21 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
backports 1.5.0 2024-05-23 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
broom 1.0.12 2026-01-27 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
cachem 1.1.0 2024-05-16 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
cli 3.6.5 2025-04-23 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
devtools * 2.4.6 2025-10-03 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.1)
digest 0.6.39 2025-11-19 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
dplyr * 1.2.0 2026-02-03 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
ellipsis 0.3.2 2021-04-29 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
evaluate 1.0.5 2025-08-27 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.1)
farver 2.1.2 2024-05-13 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
fastmap 1.2.0 2024-05-15 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
forcats * 1.0.1 2025-09-25 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.1)
fs 1.6.6 2025-04-12 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
generics 0.1.4 2025-05-09 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
ggplot2 * 4.0.2 2026-02-03 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
git2r 0.36.2 2025-03-29 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
glue 1.8.0 2024-09-30 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
gtable 0.3.6 2024-10-25 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
haven * 2.5.5 2025-05-30 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
here * 1.0.2 2025-09-15 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.1)
hms 1.1.4 2025-10-17 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.1)
htmltools 0.5.9 2025-12-04 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
httr 1.4.8 2026-02-13 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
jsonlite 2.0.0 2025-03-27 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
kableExtra * 1.4.0 2024-01-24 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
knitr * 1.51 2025-12-20 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
labelled * 2.16.0 2025-10-22 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.1)
later 1.4.5 2026-01-08 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
lifecycle 1.0.5 2026-01-08 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
lubridate * 1.9.5 2026-02-04 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
magrittr 2.0.4 2025-09-12 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.1)
MBESS 4.9.42 2026-01-08 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
memoise 2.0.1 2021-11-26 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
mvtnorm 1.3-3 2025-01-10 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
otel 0.2.0 2025-08-29 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.1)
pbivnorm 0.6.0 2015-01-23 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
piercer * 0.23.0 2025-09-07 [1] Github (sjpierce/piercer@7e53e10)
pillar 1.11.1 2025-09-17 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.1)
pkgbuild 1.4.8 2025-05-26 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
pkgconfig 2.0.3 2019-09-22 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
pkgload 1.5.0 2026-02-03 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
prOC 1.19.0.1 2025-07-31 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.1)
processx 3.8.6 2025-02-21 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
```

```

PropCIs      0.3-0    2018-02-23 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
ps           1.9.1    2025-04-12 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
purrr        * 1.2.1    2026-01-09 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
quarto       * 1.5.1    2025-09-04 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.1)
R6           2.6.1    2025-02-15 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
RColorBrewer 1.1-3    2022-04-03 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
Rcpp         1.1.1    2026-01-10 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
readr        * 2.1.6    2025-11-14 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
remotes      2.5.0    2024-03-17 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
rlang        1.1.7    2026-01-09 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
rmarkdown    * 2.30     2025-09-28 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.1)
rprojroot    2.1.1    2025-08-26 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.1)
rstudioapi   0.18.0    2026-01-16 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
S7           0.2.1    2025-11-14 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
SANETPA      * 1.0.1    2026-02-14 [1] Github (sjpierce/SANETPA@482345e)
scales       1.4.0    2025-04-24 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
sessioninfo  1.2.3    2025-02-05 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
stringi      1.8.7    2025-03-27 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
stringr      * 1.6.0    2025-11-04 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
svglite      2.2.2    2025-10-21 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.1)
systemfonts  1.3.1    2025-10-01 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.1)
texreg       1.39.5   2025-12-22 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
textshaping  1.0.4    2025-10-10 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.1)
tibble       * 3.3.1    2026-01-11 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
tidyr        * 1.3.2    2025-12-19 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
tidyselect   1.2.1    2024-03-11 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
tidyverse    * 2.0.0    2023-02-22 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
timechange   0.4.0    2026-01-29 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
tinytex      0.58     2025-11-19 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
tzdb         0.5.0    2025-03-15 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
usethis      * 3.2.1    2025-09-06 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.1)
vctr         0.7.1    2026-01-23 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
viridisLite  0.4.3    2026-02-04 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
withr        3.0.2    2024-10-28 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.0)
xfun         0.56     2026-01-18 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
xml2         1.5.2    2026-01-17 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)
yaml         2.3.12   2025-12-10 [1] CRAN (R 4.5.2)

```

[1] C:/Users/pierces1/AppData/Local/R/win-library/4.5

[2] C:/Program Files/R/R-4.5.2/library

* -- Packages attached to the search path.

6.2 Git Details

The current Git commit details and status are:

```
git_report()
```

```

Local:   main P:/Consulting/Cases_1600-1799/C1788/SANETPA
Remote:  main @ origin (https://github.com/sjpierce/SANETPA.git)
Head:    [482345e] 2026-02-14: Update version number.

```

```

Untracked files:
  Untracked:  scripts/Import_Data.rmarkdown
  Untracked:  scripts/Production_Run.rmarkdown

```

This is useful because it tells us exactly which commit in the Git history we would need to be using to make sure we are running the exact same code. Sometimes another person is not using the most current code, or has changed the code in some way since it was last committed.

Tip

- Untracked files are files located in the repository that Git has not been told to entirely ignore, but have also not been committed into the version history.
- Unstaged changes to files indicate that some of the contents have been modified since the last time the file was committed to Git. In production runs, we want the Git output to not show any unstaged changes to key files!