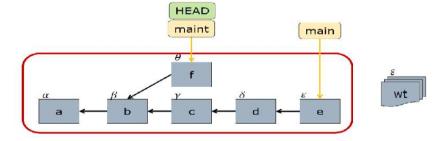
- 1. What are the differences between a text file and a binary file in the context of Git?
- 2. What is a repository in the context of version control?
- 3. What is the difference between a local and a remote repository in Git?
- 4. How do you clone a repository in Git?
- 5. What is the purpose of a .gitignore file?
- 6. What is a commit in Git and why is it important?
- 7. How do you check the status of your repository in Git?
- 8. What is a pull request in Github, and how is it used?
- 9. What does git merge do, and when would you use it?
- 10. How do you resolve conflicts when merging branches in Git, and how can you avoid them?
- 11. What is the difference between git pull and git fetch?
- 12. How do you revert changes in Git?
- 13. How do you view the commit history of a Git repository?
- 14. What is a Git branch, and how do you create and merge branches?
- 15. What is the difference between a normal repository and a bare repository?
- 16. Using the given diagram, answer the following questions:
 - a. How do you create another commit in the feature branch?
 - b. What are the steps to create a new branch pointing to the latest snapshot on the master branch?
 - c. How do you pull the latest changes from the remote repository to your local repository?
 - d. How do you write the command line to push your code to the remote repository?
 - e. Does the master branch contain all the source code? Why?

- f. How do you write the command line to merge the feature branch into the master branch?
- 17. (True/False) Ruby has both primitive and object data types.
- 18. (True/False) puts "#{'a' <=> 'b'}" #=> This will print 1
- 19. (True/False) For small integers, the mathematical value is encoded in the reference value.
- 20. (True/False) In Ruby, nil values evaluates to false.
- 21. What is the output of the following code?

22. Use the given diagram to answer the following questions:



- a. What is the command line to merge the maint branch into the main branch?
- b. Draw the updated diagram showing the repository state after the merge, assume there are no conflicts.

- 23. Write a regex pattern to match a valid method name. A valid Ruby method name must start with a lowercase letter and can be followed by letters, digits, or underscores.
- 24. Define a vehicle class in ruby with an attribute make and a method info that prints make instance variable. Then, define a Car class that inherits from Vehicle. The Car class should have an additional attribute model and override the info method to print "This is a [make] car, model [model]." Create an instance of Car with the make "Toyota" and model "Camry," and call the info method.
- 25. What will be the output of the following Ruby code snippet?

```
x, y = -2, 5; puts "y/x = \#\{y/x\}"
```

26. What will be the output of the following Ruby code snippet?

```
array1 = [10,20,30]
array2 = (5..8).to_a
array1.concat(array2)
array1.shift
print array1
```

27. What will be the output of the following Ruby code snippet?

```
array = [1,2,'a', 'FinalExam', 'Web']
array.map! Do |item|
if item.class != Integer
item.length
```

else

item

end

end

print array

28. What will be the output of the following Ruby code snippet?

```
Params = {
'id' => 42,
'name' => 'Michael'
'email' => 'michael@osu.edu' }
Puts params['email'].include?('@osu')
```

29. Create an email address that will match this regular expression

- 30. For each of the following, write out the corresponding language explicitly (i.e., as a set of strings):
 - a. cat|dog|fish
 - b. (h|H)ello
 - c. R(uby|ails)
 - d. (G|g)r(a|e)y
- 31. Write the language defined by: Gr[ae]y, 0[xX][0-9a-fA-F], and [Qq]][^u]
- 32. Write a language consisting of strings that: Contain only letters, numbers, and _, Start with a letter, Do not contain 2 consecutive _'s, and do not end with _.
 - a. Write the corresponding RE.
 - b. Write the corresponding FSA
- 33. Convert "Man" to base64.