CHEATSHEET PYTHON 6: Biopython

Sequence Input/Output
To read and write sequence or alignment data, enter the lines

```
from Bio import SeqIO    OR    from Bio import AlignIO
```

Command	Description	Example
SeqIO.read()	read a single sequence from a file	`SeqIO.read("seq.fasta", "fasta")
SeqIO.parse()	read many sequences from a file	`SeqIO.parse("seqs.fasta", "fasta")
AlignIO.read()	read a single alignment from a file	`SeqIO.read("align.fasta", "fasta")
AlignIO.parse()	read many alignments from a file	`SeqIO.parse("aligns.phy", "phylip")
SeqIO.write()	write sequence(s) to a file	`SeqIO.write(seq_record(s), "seq_output.fasta", "fasta")
AlignIO.write()	write alignment(s) to a file	`AlignIO.write(alignment, "align_output.fasta", "fasta")

Biopython objects
To use and/or manipulate these objects, enter the lines

```
from Bio.Seq import Seq
from Bio.SeqRecord import SeqRecord
from Bio.Alphabet import *
```

Object	Useful attributes/methods
SeqRecord	.id, .seq, .description
Seq	.transcribe(), .translate(), .complement(), and more..

Example script that makes a list of sequence names:
```
seqIDs=[]
for record in SeqIO.parse(open(trinity_file,'rU'),'fasta'):
    seqIDs.append(record.id)
```

Example script that alters the description of a SeqRecord and prints them to a file:
```
fastaList=[]
counter=0 # this could be a dictionary that you want to pull information from
for rec in SeqIO.parse(open(trinity_file, 'rU'),'fasta'):
    rec.description = seq.description+' '+counter # or pull info via dictionary[rec.id]
    fastaList.append(rec) #copy record to a list
    counter+=1
with open(output_file, 'w') as f:
    SeqIO.write(fastaList, f, "fasta")
```

Collect NCBI Data
To download from NCBI, enter the line `from Bio import Entrez`. To avoid annoying warnings, also enter the command, `Entrez.email = "myemail@email.com"` (replaced with your email) before fetching!

Command	Description	Example
Entrez.efetch()	Fetch a record from the NCBI database (the type of id is up to you!)	Entrez.efetch(id = "NP_000549.1", db = "protein", remode = "text", retype = "gb") Entrez.efetch(id = "88758587", db = "nucleotide", remode = "text", retype = "gb")