

## INTRODUCTION TO PYTHON

### DAY ONE CHEATSHEET: OPERATIONS AND DATA TYPES

#### MATHEMATICAL OPERATORS

Symbol	What it does	Example
+	Addition	5 + 2
-	Subtraction	5 - 2
*	Multiplication	5 * 2
/	Division	5 / 2
%	Modulus (remainder)	5 % 2 (results in 3)
**	Exponent	5 ** 2 (results in 25)

#### VARIABLE TYPES

Type	Abbreviation	Example(s)
Integer	int	5 ; -6; 0
Float	float	45.55 ; -9.21 ; 1.0
List	list	[1,2,3] ; ["hi", "bye", 6]
String	str	"word" ; "several words" ; "55"
Dictionary	dict	{"a": 1, "b": 2, "c": 6}

#### COMMON LIST METHODS

Each example below uses this list: `my_list = [2, 3, 4, 5]`

Method	Description	Example(s)
<code>.append()</code>	Add item to end of list	<code>my_list.append(7)</code> <code>[2, 3, 4, 5, 7]</code>
<code>.index()</code>	Return first index of a value	<code>my_list.index(3)</code> <code>1</code>
<code>.pop()</code>	Remove a given index from a list	<code>my_list.pop(2)</code> <code>[2, 3, 5]</code>

#### COMMON STRING METHODS

Each example below uses this string: `my_str = "I love Python"`

Method	Description	Example(s)
<code>.upper()</code>	Convert a string to all uppercase	<code>my_str.upper()</code> <code>I LOVE PYTHON</code>
<code>.lower()</code>	Convert a string to all lowercase	<code>my_str.lower()</code> <code>i love python</code>
<code>.count()</code>	Count occurrences of a character (case-sensitive!)	<code>my_str.count("o")</code> <code>2</code>
<code>.split()</code>	Convert a string to a list, splitting on the given character	<code>my_str.split(" ")</code> <code>["I", "love", "Python"]</code>

## COMMON DICTIONARY METHODS

Each example below uses this dictionary:

```
my_dict = {"alpha": "a", "beta": "b", "delta": "d"}
```

Method	Description	Example(s)
.keys()	Return the dictionary keys as a list	my_str.keys() ["alpha", "delta", "beta"]
.values()	Return the dictionary values as a list	my_str.values() ["a", "d", "b"]

## INDEXING

General paradigm [x:y:z]

- x: inclusive first index (default: 0)
- y: exclusive final index (default: last index)
- z: step/increment (default: 1)

```
a = [90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100]
```

Indices:    0    1    2    3    4    5    6    7    8    9    10

```
a[0]      = 90
a[5]      = 95
a[:3]     = [90, 91, 92]
a[6:]     = [96, 97, 98, 99]
a[3:6]    = [92, 93, 94, 95]
a[1:8:2]  = [91, 93, 95, 97]
a[-1]     = 100
```