Code Template for ACM-ICPC

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1 DataStructure

1.1 Size Balanced Tree

```
const int N = 100005;
struct SBT {
   int lc, rc, sz, key;
   void init(int k) {
       lc = rc = 0;
       sz = 1;
       key = k;
   }
} T[N];
int tot;
inline void push_up(int x) {
   T[x].sz = T[T[x].lc].sz + T[T[x].rc].sz + 1;
void L_rotate(int &x) {
   int k = T[x].rc;
   T[x].rc = T[k].lc;
   T[k].lc = x;
   push_up(x);
   push_up(k);
   x = k;
void R_rotate(int &x) {
   int k = T[x].lc;
   T[x].lc = T[k].rc;
   T[k].rc = x;
   push_up(x);
   push_up(k);
   x = k;
void Maintain(int &x, bool fg) {
   if(fg) {
       if(T[T[x].rc].rc].sz > T[T[x].lc].sz) L_rotate(x);
       else if(T[T[x].rc].lc].sz > T[T[x].lc].sz) {
          R_rotate(T[x].rc);
          L_rotate(x);
       }
       else return;
   }
   else {
       if(T[T[x].lc].lc].sz > T[T[x].rc].sz) R_rotate(x);
       else if(T[T[x].lc].rc].sz > T[T[x].rc].sz) {
          L_rotate(T[x].lc);
          R_rotate(x);
       }
       else return;
   Maintain(T[x].lc, 0);
   Maintain(T[x].rc, 1);
   Maintain(x, 0);
   Maintain(x, 1);
```

```
}
void Insert(int &x, int k) {
   if(!x) {
       x = ++tot;
       T[x].init(k);
   }
   else {
       Insert(k < T[x].key ? T[x].lc : T[x].rc, k);
       push_up(x);
       Maintain(x, k >= T[x].key);
   }
}
int d_key;
void Delete(int &x, int k) {
   if(T[x].key == k \mid | (k < T[x].key && !T[x].lc) \mid | (k > T[x].key && !T[x].rc))  {
       if(!T[x].lc || !T[x].rc) {
           d_{key} = T[x].key;
           x = T[x].lc + T[x].rc;
       }
       else {
           Delete(T[x].lc, k + 1);
           T[x].key = d_key;
       }
   }
   else Delete(k < T[x].key ? T[x].lc : T[x].rc, k);</pre>
   if(x) push_up(x);
}
int get_rank(int x, int k) {
   int res = 1;
   while(x) {
       if(T[x].key < k) {
           res += T[T[x].lc].sz + 1;
           x = T[x].rc;
       }
       else x = T[x].lc;
   }
   return res;
}
int get_kth(int x, int k) {
   while(T[T[x].lc].sz + 1 != k) {
       if(T[T[x].lc].sz + 1 < k) {
           k = T[T[x].lc].sz + 1;
           x = T[x].rc;
       else x = T[x].lc;
   return T[x].key;
}
int get_pre(int x, int k) {
   int res;
   while(x) {
       if(T[x].key < k) {
           res = T[x].key;
           x = T[x].rc;
```

```
}
    else x = T[x].lc;
}
return res;
}
int get_nxt(int x, int k) {
    int res;
    while(x) {
        if(T[x].key > k) {
            res = T[x].key;
            x = T[x].lc;
        }
        else x = T[x].rc;
}
return res;
}
```

1.2 Treap

```
const int N = 100005;
struct Treap {
   int key, val, sz;
   Treap *lc, *rc;
} pool[N], *nill, *root;
int tot;
void init() {
   srand(0);
   root = nill = pool;
   nill->sz = 0;
   tot = 0;
}
Treap* newnode(int v) {
   Treap *t = pool + (++tot);
   t->val = v;
   t->sz = 1;
   t->key = (rand() << 16) | rand();
   t->1c = t->rc = nill;
   return t;
}
inline void push_up(Treap *p) {
   p->sz = p->lc->sz + p->rc->sz + 1;
}
Treap* Merge(Treap *a, Treap *b) {
   if(a == nill) return b;
   if(b == nill) return a;
   if(a->key < b->key) {
       a->rc = Merge(a->rc, b);
       push_up(a);
       return a;
   }
   else {
       b->lc = Merge(a, b->lc);
```

```
push_up(b);
       return b;
   }
}
typedef pair <Treap*, Treap*> pii;
pii Split(Treap *a, int k) {
   if(!k) return make_pair(nill, a);
   int cnt = a->lc->sz;
   if(cnt >= k) {
       pii u = Split(a->lc, k);
       a\rightarrow 1c = u.SE;
       push_up(a);
       return make_pair(u.FI, a);
   else {
       pii u = Split(a->rc, k - cnt - 1);
       a->rc = u.FI;
       push_up(a);
       return make_pair(a, u.SE);
}
int get_rank(int k) {
   Treap *p = root;
   int res = 1;
   while(p != nill) {
       if(p->val < k) {
           res += p->lc->sz + 1;
           p = p - > rc;
       }
       else p = p->lc;
   }
   return res;
}
int get_kth(int k) {
   Treap *p = root;
   while(p->lc->sz + 1 != k) {
       if(p->lc->sz + 1 < k) {
           k = p->lc->sz + 1;
           p = p - > rc;
       else p = p->lc;
   return p->val;
int get_pre(int k) {
   int res;
   Treap *p = root;
   while(p != nill) {
       if(p->val < k) {
           res = p->val;
           p = p->rc;
       }
       else p = p->lc;
   }
   return res;
```

```
}
int get_nxt(int k) {
   int res;
   Treap *p = root;
   while(p != nill) {
       if(p->val > k) {
           res = p->val;
           p = p \rightarrow 1c;
       }
       else p = p->rc;
   }
   return res;
}
void Insert(int k) {
   Treap *t = newnode(k);
   pii u = Split(root, get_rank(k) - 1);
   root = Merge(u.FI, t);
   root = Merge(root, u.SE);
}
void Delete(int k) {
   int p = get_rank(k);
   pii a = Split(root, p - 1);
   pii b = Split(a.SE, 1);
   root = Merge(a.FI, b.SE);
}
```

1.3 Splay

```
#define keyTree (ch[ch[root][1]][0])
const int N = 100005;
int pre[N], ch[N][2], sz[N];
int val[N], mx[N], add[N];
int tot, root;
void init() {
   root = tot = 0;
   ch[0][0] = ch[0][1] = pre[0] = 0;
   sz[0] = val[0] = mx[0] = 0;
   add[0] = 0;
}
inline void push_up(int x) {
   sz[x] = sz[ch[x][0]] + sz[ch[x][1]] + 1;
   mx[x] = max(val[x], max(mx[ch[x][0]], mx[ch[x][1]]));
}
inline void Add(int x, int v) {
   if(!x) return;
   val[x] += v;
   mx[x] += v;
   add[x] += v;
}
inline void push_down(int x) {
```

```
if(!add[x]) return;
   Add(ch[x][0], add[x]);
   Add(ch[x][1], add[x]);
   add[x] = 0;
}
inline void newnode(int &x, int v, int fa) {
   x = ++tot;
   pre[x] = fa;
   ch[x][0] = ch[x][1] = 0;
   sz[x] = 1;
   mx[x] = val[x] = v;
   add[x] = 0;
}
inline void Rotate(int x, bool kind) {
   int y = pre[x];
   ch[y][!kind] = ch[x][kind];
   pre[ch[x][kind]] = y;
   pre[x] = pre[y];
   if(pre[x]) ch[pre[x]][ch[pre[x]][1] == y] = x;
   ch[x][kind] = y;
   pre[y] = x;
   push_up(y);
}
void P(int x) {
   if(!x) return;
   P(pre[x]);
   push_down(x);
}
void Splay(int x, int goal) {
   while(pre[x] != goal) {
       if(pre[pre[x]] == goal) Rotate(x, ch[pre[x]][0] == x);
       else {
           int y = pre[x];
           bool kind = (ch[pre[y]][0] == y);
           if(ch[pre[x]][kind] == x)
              Rotate(x, !kind), Rotate(x, kind);
           else
              Rotate(y, kind), Rotate(x, kind);
       }
   }
   push_up(x);
   if(!goal) root = x;
int get_kth(int k) {
   int x = root;
   push_down(x);
   while(sz[ch[x][0]] + 1 != k) {
       if(sz[ch[x][0]] + 1 < k) {
           k = sz[ch[x][0]] + 1;
           x = ch[x][1];
       }
       else x = ch[x][0];
       push_down(x);
```

```
}
   return x;
void RotateTo(int k, int goal) {
   int t = get_kth(k);
   Splay(t, goal);
}
void update(int 1, int r, int v) {
   RotateTo(1, 0);
   RotateTo(r + 2, root);
   Add(keyTree, v);
   push_up(ch[root][1]);
   push_up(root);
}
void Delete(int x) {
   RotateTo(x, 0);
   RotateTo(x + 2, root);
   keyTree = 0;
   push_up(ch[root][1]);
   push_up(root);
}
void Insert(int x, int v) {
   RotateTo(x + 1, 0);
   RotateTo(x + 2, root);
   newnode(keyTree, v, ch[root][1]);
   push_up(ch[root][1]);
   push_up(root);
}
```

1.4 Scapegoat Tree

```
const int N = 100005;
const double alpha = 0.6;
struct Scapegoat_Tree {
   int lc, rc, sz, key;
   void init(int k) {
       lc = rc = 0;
       sz = 1;
       key = k;
} T[N];
int tot, root, *Adjnode;
inline void push_up(int x) {
   T[x].sz = T[T[x].lc].sz + T[T[x].rc].sz + 1;
inline bool Balance(int x) {
   return max(T[T[x].lc].sz, T[T[x].rc].sz) <= T[x].sz * alpha;</pre>
int tr[N], cc;
void Travel(int x) {
```

```
if(!x) return;
   Travel(T[x].lc);
   tr[cc++] = x;
   Travel(T[x].rc);
}
void build(int &x, int 1, int r) {
   if(1 > r) return;
   int mid = (1 + r) >> 1;
   x = tr[mid];
   T[x].init(T[x].key);
   build(T[x].lc, l, mid - 1);
   build(T[x].rc, mid + 1, r);
   push_up(x);
void Adjust(int *x) {
   if(!x) return;
   cc = 0;
   Travel(*x);
   build(*x, 0, cc - 1);
void Insert(int &x, int k) {
   if(!x) {
       x = ++tot;
       T[x].init(k);
   else {
       Insert(k < T[x].key ? T[x].lc : T[x].rc, k);
       push_up(x);
   if(!Balance(x)) Adjnode = &x;
}
int d_key;
void Delete(int &x, int k) {
   if(T[x].key == k \mid | (k < T[x].key && !T[x].lc) \mid | (k > T[x].key && !T[x].rc))  {
       if(!T[x].lc || !T[x].rc) {
           d_{key} = T[x].key;
           x = T[x].lc + T[x].rc;
       }
       else {
           Delete(T[x].lc, k + 1);
           T[x].key = d_key;
       }
   }
   else Delete(k < T[x].key ? T[x].lc : T[x].rc, k);</pre>
   if(x) push_up(x);
   if(!Balance(x)) Adjnode = &x;
}
```

1.5 Leftist Tree

```
const int N = 100005;
struct LHeap {
```

```
int dis, key;
   LHeap *lc, *rc;
} pool[N], *nill;
int tot;
inline void init() {
   tot = 0;
   nill = pool;
   nill->dis = -1;
}
inline LHeap* MakeTree(int v) {
   LHeap *t = pool + (++tot);
   t->lc = t->rc = nill;
   t\rightarrow dis = 0;
   t->key = v;
   return t;
}
LHeap* Merge(LHeap *a, LHeap *b) {
   if(a == nill) return b;
   if(b == nill) return a;
   if(a->key > b->key) swap(a, b);
   a->rc = Merge(a->rc, b);
   if(a->rc->dis > a->lc->dis) swap(a->rc, a->lc);
   a\rightarrow dis = a\rightarrow rc\rightarrow dis + 1;
   return a;
inline void Insert(LHeap* &a, int v) {
   LHeap *b = MakeTree(v);
   a = Merge(a, b);
}
inline int DeleteMin(LHeap* &a) {
   int t = a->key;
   a = Merge(a->lc, a->rc);
   return t;
```

1.6 Link Cut Tree

```
const int N = 100005;

struct Link_Cut_Tree {
   int pre[N], ch[N][2], bef[N];
   bool rev[N];
   inline void init() {

   }
   inline void Rev(int x) {
     if(!x) return;
     swap(ch[x][0], ch[x][1]);
     rev[x] ^= 1;
   }
   inline void push_down(int x) {
```

```
inline void P(int x) {
   if(pre[x]) P(pre[x]);
   push_down(x);
}
inline void push_up(int x) {
}
inline void Rotate(int x, bool kind) {
   int y = pre[x];
   ch[y][!kind] = ch[x][kind];
   pre[ch[x][kind]] = y;
   pre[x] = pre[y];
   if(pre[x]) ch[pre[x]][ch[pre[x]][1] == y] = x;
   ch[x][kind] = y;
   pre[y] = x;
   //push_up(y);
}
inline void Splay(int x) {
   P(x); int r = x;
   while(pre[r]) r = pre[r];
   if(r != x) bef[x] = bef[r], bef[r] = 0;
   while(pre[x]) {
       if(pre[pre[x]] == 0) Rotate(x, ch[pre[x]][0] == x);
       else {
           int y = pre[x], k = ch[pre[y]][0] == y;
           if(ch[pre[x]][k] == x)
              Rotate(x, !k), Rotate(x, k);
           else
              Rotate(y, k), Rotate(x, k);
       }
   }
   push_up(x);
inline void Access(int x) {
   int fa = 0;
   for(; x; x = bef[x]) {
       Splay(x);
       bef[ch[x][1]] = x;
       bef[fa] = 0;
       pre[ch[x][1]] = 0;
       ch[x][1] = fa;
       pre[fa] = x;
       fa = x;
       //push_up(x);
   }
}
inline int get_rt(int x) {
   Access(x);
   Splay(x);
   //push_down(x);
   while(ch[x][0]) {
       x = ch[x][0];
       //push_down(x);
   Splay(x);
   return x;
inline void make_rt(int x) {
```

```
Access(x);
       Splay(x);
       Rev(x);
   }
   inline void Cut(int u, int v) {
       make_rt(u);
       Access(v);
       Splay(v);
       pre[ch[v][0]] = 0;
       ch[v][0] = 0;
       //push_up(v);
   }
   inline void Link(int u, int v) {
       make_rt(v);
       bef[v] = u;
       Access(v);
       /*make_rt(v);
       push_down(v);
       Access(u);
       Splay(u);
       pre[u] = v;
       ch[v][0] = u;
       push_up(v);*/
   }
   inline int Query(int x, int y) {
       Access(y);
       for(y = 0; x; x = bef[x]) {
           Splay(x);
           if(!bef[x]) return max(mx[y], mx[ch[x][1]]);
           bef[ch[x][1]] = x;
           bef[y] = 0;
           pre[ch[x][1]] = 0;
           ch[x][1] = y;
           pre[y] = x;
           y = x;
           push_up(x);
       }
   }
} lct;
```

1.7 Partition Tree

```
int a[maxn], as[maxn];
int n, m;
int sum[20][maxn];
int tree[20][maxn];
void build(int c, int 1, int r){
    int i, mid = (1 + r) >> 1, lm = mid - 1 + 1, lp = 1, rp = mid + 1;
    for (i = 1; i <= mid; i++){
        if (as[i] < as[mid]){
            lm--;
        }
    }
    for (i = 1; i <= r; i++){
        if (i == 1){
            sum[c][i] = 0;
    }else{</pre>
```

```
sum[c][i] = sum[c][i - 1];
       if (tree[c][i] == as[mid]){
           if (lm){
              lm--;
              sum[c][i]++;
              tree[c + 1][lp++] = tree[c][i];
              tree[c + 1][rp++] = tree[c][i];
       } else if (tree[c][i] < as[mid]){</pre>
           sum[c][i]++;
           tree[c + 1][lp++] = tree[c][i];
           tree[c + 1][rp++] = tree[c][i];
   }
   if (1 == r)return;
   build(c + 1, 1, mid);
   build(c + 1, mid + 1, r);
}
int query(int c, int l, int r, int ql, int qr, int k){
   int s;
   int ss;
   int mid = (1 + r) >> 1;
   if (1 == r){
       return tree[c][1];
   if (1 == q1){
   s = 0;
   ss = sum[c][qr];
   }else{
       s = sum[c][ql - 1];
       ss = sum[c][qr] - s;
   if (k <= ss){</pre>
       return query(c + 1, 1, mid, 1 + s, 1 + s + ss - 1, k);
   }else{
       return query(c + 1, mid + 1, r, mid - 1 + 1 + ql - s, mid - 1 + 1 + qr - s - ss,k - ss);
}
int main(){
   int i, j, k;
   while(~scanf("%d%d", &n, &m)){
       for (i = 1; i <= n; i++){
           scanf("%d", &a[i]);
           tree[0][i] = as[i] = a[i];
       sort(as + 1, as + 1 + n);
       build(0, 1, n);
       while(m--){
           scanf("%d%d%d",&i,&j,&k);
           printf("%d\n", query(0, 1, n, i, j, k));
       }
   }
   return 0;
}
```

1.8 Range Minimum Query

```
void initRMQ(int n) {
   Lg[1] = 0;
   for(int i = 2; i <= n; ++i) Lg[i] = Lg[i >> 1] + 1;
   for(int j = 1; j < 20; ++j) {
      for(int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
        if(i + (1 << j) - 1 > n) break;
        minx[i][j] = min(minx[i][j - 1], minx[i + (1 << (j - 1))][j - 1]);
    }
}

inline int query(int l, int r) {
   int t = Lg[r - 1 + 1];
   return min(minx[l][t], minx[r - (1 << t) + 1][t]);
}</pre>
```

1.9 BIT for Kth-Element

```
int findkth(int k) {
   int idx = 0;
   for(int i = 20; i >= 0; --i) {
      idx ^= 1 << i;
      if(idx <= N && bit[idx] < k) k -= bit[idx];
      else idx ^= 1 << i;
   }
   return idx + 1;
}</pre>
```

1.10 Neighbors for Tree Path

```
inline int query(int u, int v) {
   int ans = 0;
   int f1 = top[u], f2 = top[v];
   while(f1 ^ f2) {
       if(dep[f1] < dep[f2]) {</pre>
          swap(f1, f2);
          swap(u, v);
       //Heavy son of the end of this chain
       if(son[u]) add(ans, sqr(bt1.query(L[son[u]], R[son[u]])));
       //All the light sons on this chain
       add(ans, bt2.query(L[f1], L[u]));
       //Subtract the value of the top of the chain, since we will count it when count the light
           sons on the above chain
       add(ans, -sqr(bt1.query(L[f1], R[f1])));
       u = fa[f1]; f1 = top[u];
   if(dep[u] > dep[v]) swap(u, v);
   //All the light sons on the last chain
   add(ans, bt2.query(L[u], L[v]));
   //Heavy son of the bottom of the last chain
   if(son[v]) add(ans, sqr(bt1.query(L[son[v]], R[son[v]])));
```

```
//Subtree above the LCA
if(u != 1) add(ans, sqr(sum - bt1.query(L[u], R[u])));
return ans;
}
```

1.11 Scan Line for Disjoint Circles

```
const int N = 150005;
int x[N], y[N], r[N], id[N];
int op[N];
struct Event {
   int x, tp, id;
   bool operator < (const Event &a) const {</pre>
       if(x != a.x) return x < a.x;
       return tp > a.tp;
C[N * 2];
int tot = 0;
void add(int x, int tp, int id) {
   C[tot].x = x;
   C[tot].tp = tp;
   C[tot++].id = id;
inline double sqr(double x) {
   return x * x;
inline int sgn(double x) {
   if(x < -eps) return -1;</pre>
   return x > eps;
}
double X;
struct HC {
   int id, up;
   double get_y() const {
       double v = sqr(r[id]) - sqr(x[id] - X);
       v = sqrt(max(v, 0.0));
       return up ? y[id] + v : y[id] - v;
   bool operator < (const HC &a) const {</pre>
       int ck = sgn(get_y() - a.get_y());
       if(ck) return ck > 0;
       return up > a.up;
};
inline bool OnCircle(int c, int p) {
   int dx = (x[c] - x[p]), dy = (y[c] - y[p]);
   return r[c] * r[c] == dx * dx + dy * dy;
}
set <HC> st;
int fa[N], belong[N];
```

```
vector <int> G[N];
int L[N], R[N], label = 0;
void dfs(int u) {
   L[u] = ++label;
   for(int i = 0; i < (int)G[u].size(); ++i) {</pre>
       int v = G[u][i];
       dfs(v);
   R[u] = label;
}
struct BIT {
   int bit[N];
   void add(int x, int v) {
       for(; x <= label; x += x & -x) bit[x] += v;</pre>
   int read(int x) {
       int res = 0;
       for(; x; x ^= x & -x) res += bit[x];
       return res;
   void init() {
       memset(bit, 0, sizeof(bit));
   }
} t1, t2;
void get_fa(int &x, int up, int down) {
   if(up == down) x = up;
   else if(fa[down] == up) x = up;
   else if(fa[up] == down) x = down;
   else x = fa[up];
}
int main() {
   int n, m;
   scanf("%d%d", &n, &m);
   for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {</pre>
       op[i] = 1;
       scanf("%d", &id[i]);
       scanf("%d%d%d", &x[id[i]], &y[id[i]], &r[id[i]]);
       add(x[id[i]] - r[id[i]], -1, id[i]);
       add(x[id[i]] + r[id[i]], 1, id[i]);
   for(int i = n; i < n + m; ++i) {</pre>
       op[i] = 2;
       scanf("%d", &id[i]);
       scanf("%d%d", &x[id[i]], &y[id[i]]);
       add(x[id[i]], 0, id[i]);
   }
   int q;
   scanf("%d", &q);
   q += n + m;
   for(int i = n + m; i < q; ++i) {</pre>
       scanf("%d%d", &op[i], &id[i]);
       if(op[i] == 1) {
           scanf("%d%d%d", &x[id[i]], &y[id[i]], &r[id[i]]);
           add(x[id[i]] - r[id[i]], -1, id[i]);
           add(x[id[i]] + r[id[i]], 1, id[i]);
```

```
}
   else if(op[i] == 2) {
       scanf("%d%d", &x[id[i]], &y[id[i]]);
       add(x[id[i]], 0, id[i]);
    }
}
sort(C, C + tot);
HC t;
for(int i = 0; i < tot; ++i) {</pre>
   X = C[i].x;
   if(C[i].tp == -1) {
       t.id = C[i].id;
       t.up = 0;
       set <HC>::iterator it = st.upper_bound(t);
       int up = 0, down = 0;
       if(it != st.end()) down = it->id;
       if(it != st.begin()) up = (--it)->id;
       get_fa(fa[t.id], up, down);
       G[fa[t.id]].push_back(t.id);
       st.insert(t);
       t.up = 1;
       st.insert(t);
    else if(C[i].tp == 0) {
       t.id = C[i].id;
       t.up = 1;
       set <HC>::iterator it = st.lower_bound(t);
       if(it == st.end()) continue;
       if(OnCircle(it->id, t.id)) {
           belong[t.id] = fa[it->id];
           continue;
       }
       if(it == st.begin()) continue;
       int down = it->id, up = (--it)->id;
       get_fa(belong[t.id], up, down);
   }
   else {
       t.id = C[i].id;
       t.up = 0;
       st.erase(t);
       t.up = 1;
       st.erase(t);
   }
}
dfs(0);
t1.init(); t2.init();
for(int i = 0; i < q; ++i) {</pre>
   if(op[i] == 1) {
       int u = id[i];
       t1.add(L[u], 1);
       t1.add(R[u] + 1, -1);
   }
    else if(op[i] == 2) {
       int u = belong[id[i]];
       t2.add(L[u], 1);
    }
    else if(op[i] == 3) {
       int u = id[i];
       if(r[u]) {
```

```
t1.add(L[u], -1);
              t1.add(R[u] + 1, 1);
           }
           else {
              u = belong[u];
              t2.add(L[u], -1);
           }
       }
       else {
           int ans, u = id[i];
           if(r[u]) {
              ans = t2.read(R[u]) - t2.read(L[u] - 1);
           else {
              ans = t1.read(L[belong[u]]);
           printf("%d\n", ans);
       }
   }
   return 0;
}
```

1.12 Manhattan Distance MST

```
struct Point {
   int x, y, id;
} po[10005];
int data[10005], cc;
struct Edge {
   int u, v, 1;
} ed[50005];
int ecnt = 0;
inline int Find( int x ) {
   return lower_bound( data, data + cc, x ) - data + 1;
inline bool cmp( Point a, Point b ) {
   return a.x > b.x || ( a.x == b.x && a.y > b.y );
inline int AB( int x ) {
   return x > 0 ? x : -x;
inline int Dis( Point a, Point b ) {
   return AB(a.x - b.x) + AB(a.y - b.y);
inline void addedge( int u, int v, int 1 ) {
   ed[ecnt].u = u;
   ed[ecnt].v = v;
   ed[ecnt++].1 = 1;
}
int bitv[10005], bitid[10005];
```

```
inline void add( int x, int v, int id ) {
   x = cc - x + 1;
   for( ; x <= cc; x += x & -x ) if( bitv[x] > v ) {
           bitv[x] = v;
           bitid[x] = id;
   }
}
inline int read( int x ) {
   int v = INF, id = -1;
   x = cc - x + 1;
   for( ; x; x ^= x & -x ) if( bitv[x] < v ) {</pre>
           v = bitv[x];
           id = bitid[x];
   return id;
}
inline bool ecmp( Edge a, Edge b ) {
   return a.l < b.l;</pre>
int F[10005];
int findroot( int x ) {
   return F[x] == x ? x : F[x] = findroot( F[x] );
int main() {
   int n, K;
   while( ~scanf( "%d%d", &n, &K ) ) {
       for( int i = 0; i < n; ++i ) {</pre>
           scanf( "%d%d", &po[i].x, &po[i].y );
           po[i].id = i;
       }
       for( int dir = 0; dir < 4; ++dir ) {</pre>
           if( dir == 1 || dir == 3 ) {
               for( int i = 0; i < n; ++i ) swap( po[i].x, po[i].y );</pre>
           } else if( dir == 2 ) {
               for( int i = 0; i < n; ++i ) po[i].x *= -1;</pre>
           }
           cc = 0;
           for( int i = 0; i < n; ++i ) data[cc++] = po[i].y - po[i].x;</pre>
           sort( data, data + cc );
           cc = unique( data, data + cc ) - data;
           sort( po, po + n, cmp );
           memset( bitv, 0x3f, sizeof( bitv ) );
           for( int i = 0; i < n; ++i ) {</pre>
               int v = Find( po[i].y - po[i].x );
               int id = read( v );
               if( id != -1 ) addedge( po[i].id, po[id].id, Dis( po[i], po[id] ) );
               add( v, po[i].x + po[i].y, i );
           }
       sort( ed, ed + ecnt, ecmp );
       for( int i = 0; i < n; ++i ) F[i] = i;</pre>
       int cnt = 0;
       for( int i = 0; i < ecnt; ++i ) {</pre>
           int fu = findroot( ed[i].u ), fv = findroot( ed[i].v );
           if( fu == fv ) continue;
```

```
++cnt;
if( cnt == n - K ) {
    printf( "%d\n", ed[i].l );
    break;
}
F[fu] = fv;
}
return 0;
}
```

1.13 Dynamic MST

```
const int maxn = 50005;
struct Edge {
   int u, v, c, id;
} ed[20][maxn], e[maxn];
int cnt[20], val[maxn], pos[maxn];
struct Query {
   int id, c;
} qry[maxn];
LL ans[maxn];
int F[maxn];
inline void init(int m) {
   for(int i = 0; i < m; ++i) F[e[i].u] = e[i].u, F[e[i].v] = e[i].v;</pre>
int findroot(int x) {
   return F[x] == x ? x : F[x] = findroot(F[x]);
inline bool cmp(const Edge &a, const Edge &b) {
   return a.c < b.c;</pre>
int must[maxn];
void solve(int dep, int 1, int r, LL sum) {
   if(1 == r) val[qry[1].id] = qry[1].c;
   int m = cnt[dep];
   for(int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {</pre>
       e[i] = ed[dep][i];
       e[i].c = val[e[i].id];
   if(1 == r) {
       sort(e, e + m, cmp);
       init(m);
       for(int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {</pre>
           int fu = findroot(e[i].u), fv = findroot(e[i].v);
           if(fu == fv) continue;
           sum += e[i].c;
           F[fu] = fv;
       }
       ans[1] = sum;
       return;
   }
   for(int i = 0; i < m; ++i) pos[e[i].id] = i;</pre>
```

```
for(int i = 1; i <= r; ++i) e[pos[qry[i].id]].c = -1;</pre>
   sort(e, e + m, cmp);
   init(m);
   int mcnt = 0;
   for(int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {</pre>
       int fu = findroot(e[i].u), fv = findroot(e[i].v);
       if(fu == fv) continue;
       if(e[i].c != -1) sum += e[i].c, must[mcnt++] = i;
       F[fu] = fv;
   }
   init(m);
   for(int i = 0; i < mcnt; ++i) F[findroot(e[must[i]].u)] = findroot(e[must[i]].v);</pre>
   for(int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {</pre>
       if(e[i].c == -1) e[i].c = INF;
       e[i].u = findroot(e[i].u);
       e[i].v = findroot(e[i].v);
   }
   sort(e, e + m, cmp);
   cnt[dep + 1] = 0;
   for(int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {</pre>
       int fu = findroot(e[i].u), fv = findroot(e[i].v);
       if(fu == fv) {
           if(e[i].c == INF) ed[dep + 1][cnt[dep + 1]++] = e[i];
           continue;
       ed[dep + 1][cnt[dep + 1]++] = e[i];
       F[fu] = fv;
   int mid = (1 + r) >> 1;
   solve(dep + 1, 1, mid, sum);
   solve(dep + 1, mid + 1, r, sum);
}
int main() {
   int n, m, q;
   scanf("%d%d%d", &n, &m, &q);
   for(int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {</pre>
       scanf("%d%d%d", &ed[0][i].u, &ed[0][i].v, &ed[0][i].c);
       ed[0][i].id = i;
       val[i] = ed[0][i].c;
   for(int i = 0; i < q; ++i) scanf("%d%d", &qry[i].id, &qry[i].c), --qry[i].id;</pre>
   cnt[0] = m;
   solve(0, 0, q - 1, 0);
   for(int i = 0; i < q; ++i) printf("%I64d\n", ans[i]);</pre>
   return 0;
}
```

1.14 Dynamic Convex

```
const double pi = acos(-1.0);
const double eps = 1e-8;
inline int sgn(double x) {
   if(x < -eps) return -1;
   return x > eps;
}
```

```
double Ox, Oy;
struct Vector {
   LL x, y;
   double arg;
   inline void read() {
       scanf("%I64d%I64d", &x, &y);
   Vector(LL _x = 0, LL _y = 0) {
       x = _x;
       y = _y;
   }
   Vector operator +(Vector a) const {
       return Vector(x + a.x, y + a.y);
   Vector operator +=(Vector a) {
       return *this = *this + a;
   }
   Vector operator -(Vector a) const {
       return Vector(x - a.x, y - a.y);
   Vector operator -=(Vector a) {
       return *this = *this - a;
   }
   Vector operator *(double p) const {
       return Vector(x * p, y * p);
   Vector operator *=(double p) {
       return *this = *this * p;
   }
   bool operator <(const Vector a) const {</pre>
       return arg < a.arg;</pre>
   //bool operator ==(const Vector a) const { return sgn(x-a.x)==0 \&\& sgn(y-a.y)==0; }
   double len() const {
       return sqrt(x * x + y * y);
   double angle() const {
       return atan2(y - 0y, x - 0x);
};
inline LL cross(Vector a, Vector b) {
   return a.x * b.y - a.y * b.x;
}
set <Vector> pst;
inline void init() {
   int t;
   Vector a, b, c;
   a.read();
   b.read();
   c.read();
   0x = (a.x + b.x + c.x) / 3.0;
   0y = (a.y + b.y + c.y) / 3.0;
   a.arg = a.angle();
   b.arg = b.angle();
   c.arg = c.angle();
   pst.insert(a);
   pst.insert(b);
```

```
pst.insert(c);
}
typedef set <Vector>::iterator pit;
inline pit pre(pit it) {
   if(it == pst.begin()) it = pst.end();
   return --it;
}
inline pit next(pit it) {
   ++it;
   if(it == pst.end()) it = pst.begin();
   return it;
}
inline void updata(Vector p) {
   p.arg = p.angle();
   pit L = pre(pst.lower_bound(p));
   pit R = next(L);
   if(cross(*R - p, *L - p) <= 0) return;</pre>
   while(cross(*next(R) - p, *R - p) >= 0) R = next(R);
   while(cross(*L - p, *pre(L) - p) >= 0) L = pre(L);
   L = next(L);
   while(L != R) L = next(L), pst.erase(pre(L));
   pst.insert(p);
inline bool query(Vector p) {
   p.arg = p.angle();
   pit L = pre(pst.lower_bound(p));
   pit R = next(L);
   return cross(*R - p, *L - p) <= 0;</pre>
```

2 String

2.1 Manacher

```
const int N = 2e5 + 5;
char s[N], str[N];
int p[N];
int Manacher(char *s) {
   str[0] = '$';
   int cc = 1;
   for(int i = 0; s[i]; ++i) {
       str[cc++] = '#';
       str[cc++] = s[i];
   }
   str[cc++] = '#';
   str[cc] = 0;
   int mx = 0, id;
   for(int i = 1; str[i]; ++i) {
       if(mx > i) {
          p[i] = min(p[2 * id - i], mx - i);
       }
```

```
else p[i] = 1;
  for(; str[i + p[i]] == str[i - p[i]]; ++p[i]);
  if(p[i] + i > mx) {
      mx = p[i] + i;
      id = i;
    }
}
return cc;
}
```

2.2 Minimum Representation

```
int minP(char s[])
{
   int l=strlen(s);
   int i = 0, j = 1, k = 0;
   while (1)
       if (i + k >= 1 || j + k >= 1) break;
       if (s[i + k] == s[j + k])
       {
           k++;
           continue;
       }
       else
       {
           if (s[j + k] > s[i + k]) j += k + 1;
           else i += k + 1;
          k = 0;
           if (i == j) j++;
   }
   return min(i, j);
}
```

2.3 EX KMP

```
const int N = 1e5 + 5;
int next[N], extand[N];
void getnext(char *T) {
   int i, length = strlen(T);
   next[0] = length;
   for(i = 0; i < length - 1 && T[i] == T[i + 1]; i++);</pre>
   next[1] = i;
   int a = 1;
   for(int k = 2; k < length; k++) {</pre>
       int p = a + next[a] - 1, L = next[k - a];
       if((k - 1) + L >= p) {
           int j = (p - k + 1) > 0? (p - k + 1) : 0;
           while (k + j < length \&\& T[k + j] == T[j]) j++;
           next[k] = j, a = k;
       else next[k] = L;
   }
```

```
}
void getextand(char *S, char *T) {
   memset(next, 0, sizeof(next));
   getnext(T);
   int Slen = strlen(S), Tlen = strlen(T), a = 0;
   int MinLen = Slen > Tlen ? Tlen : Slen;
   while(a < MinLen && S[a] == T[a]) a++;</pre>
   extand[0] = a, a = 0;
   for(int k = 1; k < Slen; k++) {</pre>
       int p = a + extand[a] - 1, L = next[k - a];
       if((k - 1) + L >= p) {
           int j = (p - k + 1) > 0 ? (p - k + 1) : 0;
           while(k + j < Slen && j < Tlen && S[k + j] == T[j]) j++;
           extand[k] = j; a = k;
       }
       else extand[k] = L;
   }
}
```

2.4 Palindromic Tree

```
const int MAXN = 100005 ;
const int N = 26;
struct Palindromic_Tree {
   int next[MAXN][N];
   int fail[MAXN];
   int cnt[MAXN];
   int num[MAXN];
   int len[MAXN];
   int S[MAXN];
   int last;
   int n;
   int p;
   int newnode(int 1) {
       for(int i = 0; i < N; ++i) next[p][i] = 0;</pre>
       cnt[p] = 0;
       num[p] = 0;
       len[p] = 1;
       return p++;
   void init() {
       p = 0;
       newnode(0);
       newnode(-1);
       last = 0;
       n = 0;
       S[n] = -1;
       fail[0] = 1;
   }
   int get_fail(int x) {
       while (S[n - len[x] - 1] != S[n]) x = fail[x];
       return x;
```

```
}
   void add(int c) {
       c -= 'a';
       S[++n] = c;
       int cur = get_fail(last);
       if(!next[cur][c]) {
           int now = newnode(len[cur] + 2);
           fail[now] = next[get_fail(fail[cur])][c];
           next[cur][c] = now;
           num[now] = num[fail[now]] + 1;
       }
       last = next[cur][c];
       cnt[last]++;
   }
   void count() {
       for(int i = p - 1; i >= 0; --i) cnt[fail[i]] += cnt[i];
   }
} T;
```

2.5 Palindromic Tree AF

```
const int MAXN = 200005:
const int base = 100002;
const int N = 26;
struct Palindromic_Tree {
   int next[MAXN][N];
   int fail[MAXN];
   int num[MAXN];
   int len[MAXN];
   int S[MAXN];
   int suflast, prelast;
   int L, R;
   int p;
   int newnode(int 1) {
       for(int i = 0; i < N; ++i) next[p][i] = 0;</pre>
       num[p] = 0;
       len[p] = 1;
       return p++;
   }
   void init() {
       p = 0;
       newnode(0);
       newnode(-1);
       suflast = prelast = 0;
       L = base + 1; R = base;
       fail[0] = 1;
   }
   int get_back_fail(int x) {
       while (R - len[x] - 1 < L || S[R - len[x] - 1] != S[R]) x = fail[x];
       return x;
   }
```

```
int get_front_fail(int x) {
       while(L + len[x] + 1 > R || S[L + len[x] + 1] != S[L]) x = fail[x];
       return x;
   }
   void add_back(int c) {
       c -= 'a';
       S[++R] = c;
       int cur = get_back_fail(suflast);
       if(!next[cur][c]) {
           int now = newnode(len[cur] + 2);
           fail[now] = next[get_back_fail(fail[cur])][c];
           next[cur][c] = now;
           num[now] = num[fail[now]] + 1;
       }
       suflast = next[cur][c];
       if(len[suflast] == R - L + 1) prelast = suflast;
   }
   void add_front(int c) {
       c -= 'a';
       S[--L] = c;
       int cur = get_front_fail(prelast);
       if(!next[cur][c]) {
           int now = newnode(len[cur] + 2);
           fail[now] = next[get_front_fail(fail[cur])][c];
           next[cur][c] = now;
           num[now] = num[fail[now]] + 1;
       }
       prelast = next[cur][c];
       if(len[prelast] == R - L + 1) suflast = prelast;
} T;
```

2.6 Suffix Automaton

```
const int N = 1e5 + 5;
struct Sam {
   Sam *next[26], *par;
   int step;
} pool[N * 2], *root, *last;
int tot;
Sam* newnode(int step) {
   Sam *t = pool + (tot++);
   memset(t->next, 0, sizeof(t->next));
   t->par = NULL;
   t->step = step;
   return t;
void init() {
   tot = 0;
   last = root = newnode(0);
}
```

```
void Extend(int w) {
   Sam *p = last;
   Sam *newv = newnode(p->step + 1);
   for(; p && !p->next[w]; p = p->par) p->next[w] = newv;
   if(!p) newv->par = root;
   else {
       Sam *q = p->next[w];
       if(q->step == p->step + 1) newv->par = q;
       else {
          Sam *nq = newnode(p->step + 1);
          memcpy(nq->next, q->next, sizeof(q->next));
          nq->par = q->par;
          q->par = nq;
          newv->par = nq;
          for(; p && p->next[w] == q; p = p->par) p->next[w] = nq;
       }
   }
   last = newv;
}
```

2.7 Suffix Array

```
struct Suffix_Array {
   int wa[N], wb[N], wv[N], wd[N];
   inline int cmp(int *r, int a, int b, int 1) {
       return r[a] == r[b] && r[a + 1] == r[b + 1];
   void da(int *r, int *sa, int n, int m) {
       int i, j, p, *x = wa, *y = wb, *t;
       for(i = 0; i < m; ++i) wd[i] = 0;</pre>
       for(i = 0; i < n; ++i) wd[x[i] = r[i]]++;</pre>
       for(i = 1; i < m; ++i) wd[i] += wd[i - 1];</pre>
       for(i = n - 1; i \ge 0; --i) sa[--wd[x[i]]] = i;
       for(j = 1, p = 1; p < n; j *= 2, m = p) {
           for(p = 0, i = n - j; i < n; ++i) y[p++] = i;
           for(i = 0; i < n; ++i) if(sa[i] >= j) y[p++] = sa[i] - j;
           for(i = 0; i < n; ++i) wv[i] = x[y[i]];</pre>
           for(i = 0; i < m; ++i) wd[i] = 0;</pre>
           for(i = 0; i < n; ++i) wd[wv[i]]++;</pre>
           for(i = 1; i < m; ++i) wd[i] += wd[i - 1];</pre>
           for(i = n - 1; i >= 0; --i) sa[--wd[wv[i]]] = y[i];
           for(t = x, x = y, y = t, p = 1, x[sa[0]] = 0, i = 1; i < n; ++i)
               x[sa[i]] = cmp(y, sa[i-1], sa[i], j) ? p - 1 : p++;
       }
   }
   int rank[N], height[N], data[N], sa[N];
   void calheight(int *r, int *sa, int n) {
       int i, j, k = 0;
       for(i = 1; i <= n; ++i) rank[sa[i]] = i;</pre>
       for(i = 0; i < n; height[rank[i++]] = k)</pre>
       for(k ? k-- : 0, j = sa[rank[i] - 1]; r[i + k] == r[j + k]; ++k);
   }
   int minx[N][20], Lg[N];
   void initRMQ(int n) {
       Lg[1] = 0;
       for(int i = 2; i <= n; ++i) Lg[i] = Lg[i >> 1] + 1;
       for(int j = 1; j < 20; ++j) {
```

```
for(int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {</pre>
               if(i + (1 << j) - 1 > n) break;
               minx[i][j] = min(minx[i][j - 1], minx[i + (1 << (j - 1))][j - 1]);
           }
       }
   }
   inline int lcp(int 1, int r) {
       int t = Lg[r - 1 + 1];
       return min(minx[1][t], minx[r - (1 << t) + 1][t]);</pre>
   }
   int len;
   void work(char *s) {
       len = strlen(s);
       for(int i = 0; i < len; ++i) data[i] = s[i];</pre>
       data[len] = 0;
       da(data, sa, len + 1, 128);
       calheight(data, sa, len);
       for(int i = 1; i <= len; ++i) minx[i][0] = height[i];</pre>
       initRMQ(len);
   }
} sa;
```

2.8 Suffix Tree

```
const int SIGMA = 26;
const int N = 100005;
int alloc, curPos, actEdge, actLen, remaind;
struct node {
   int 1, r;
   node *nxt[SIGMA], *slink;
   inline int edgeLen() {
       return min(r, curPos + 1) - 1;
} S[N + N], *root, *actNode, *needSL;
inline node* newnode(int 1, int r = INF) {
   node *t = S + (alloc ++);
   t->1 = 1; t->r = r;
   t->slink = 0;
   memset(t->nxt, 0, sizeof(t->nxt));
   return t;
int text[N];
inline int actedge() {
   return text[actEdge];
inline void addSL(node *p) {
   if(needSL) needSL->slink = p;
   needSL = p;
}
```

```
bool walkDown(node *p) {
   if(actLen < p->edgeLen()) return false;
   actEdge += p->edgeLen();
   actLen -= p->edgeLen();
   actNode = p;
   return true;
}
void init() {
   needSL = 0; alloc = 0; curPos = -1;
   remaind = actEdge = actLen = 0;
   root = actNode = newnode(-1, -1);
void extend(int c) {
   text[++ curPos] = c;
   needSL = 0;
   ++ remaind;
   while(remaind > 0) {
       if(actLen == 0) actEdge = curPos;
       if(actNode->nxt[actedge()] == 0) {
           node* leaf = newnode(curPos);
           actNode->nxt[actedge()] = leaf;
           addSL(actNode);
       } else {
           node* nt = actNode->nxt[actedge()];
           if(walkDown(nt)) continue;
           if(text[nt->1 + actLen] == c) {
              ++ actLen;
              addSL(actNode);
              break;
           }
           node* split = newnode(nt->1, nt->1 + actLen);
           actNode->nxt[actedge()] = split;
           node* leaf = newnode(curPos);
           split->nxt[c] = leaf;
           nt->1 += actLen;
           split->nxt[text[nt->1]] = nt;
           addSL(split);
       }
       -- remaind;
       if(actNode == root && actLen > 0) {
           -- actLen;
           actEdge = curPos - remaind + 1;
       } else {
           actNode = actNode->slink ? actNode->slink : root;
   }
```

2.9 Suffix Tree DF

```
const int SIGMA = 26;
const int N = 100005;
int alloc, curPos, actEdge, actLen, remaind;
```

```
struct node {
   int 1, r, son;
   node *nxt[SIGMA], *slink, *fa;
   inline int edgeLen() {
       return min(r, curPos + 1) - 1;
} S[N + N], *root, *actNode, *needSL;
inline node* newnode(int 1, int r = INF) {
   node *t = S + (alloc ++);
   t->1 = 1; t->r = r;
   t->slink = t->fa = 0;
   t->son = 0;
   memset(t->nxt, 0, sizeof(t->nxt));
   return t;
}
int text[N];
inline int actedge() {
   return text[actEdge];
inline void addSL(node *p) {
   if(needSL) needSL->slink = p;
   needSL = p;
bool walkDown(node *p) {
   if(actLen < p->edgeLen()) return false;
   actEdge += p->edgeLen();
   actLen -= p->edgeLen();
   actNode = p;
   return true;
void doneins() {
   -- remaind;
   if(actNode == root && actLen > 0) {
       -- actLen;
       actEdge = curPos - remaind + 1;
   } else {
       actNode = actNode->slink ? actNode->slink : root;
   }
}
int head, tail;
node* leaves[N + N];
11 curAns;
void init() {
   curAns = head = tail = 0;
   needSL = 0; alloc = 0; curPos = -1;
   remaind = actEdge = actLen = 0;
   root = actNode = newnode(-1, -1);
}
```

```
void extend(int c) {
   text[++ curPos] = c;
   needSL = 0;
   ++ remaind;
   curAns += tail - head;
   while(remaind > 0) {
       if(actLen == 0) actEdge = curPos;
       if(actNode->nxt[actedge()] == 0) {
           node* leaf = newnode(curPos);
           actNode->nxt[actedge()] = leaf;
           leaf->fa = actNode;
           ++ actNode->son;
           addSL(actNode);
           leaves[tail ++] = leaf;
       } else {
           node* nt = actNode->nxt[actedge()];
           if(walkDown(nt)) continue;
           if(text[nt->1 + actLen] == c) {
               ++ actLen;
               addSL(actNode);
               break;
           }
           node* split = newnode(nt->1, nt->1 + actLen);
           actNode->nxt[actedge()] = split;
           split->fa = actNode;
           node* leaf = newnode(curPos);
           split->nxt[c] = leaf;
           leaf->fa = split;
           nt->1 += actLen;
           split->nxt[text[nt->1]] = nt;
           nt->fa = split;
           addSL(split);
           split->son = 2;
           leaves[tail ++] = leaf;
       doneins();
       ++ curAns;
   }
}
void erasefront() {
   while(actLen > 0 && actNode->nxt[actedge()] && walkDown(actNode->nxt[actedge()]));
   node* u = leaves[head ++], *f = u->fa;
   while(u != root && u->son == 0 && actNode != f) {
       curAns -= u->edgeLen();
       f \rightarrow nxt[text[u \rightarrow 1]] = 0;
       -- f->son;
       u = f; f = u->fa;
   }
   if(u == root || u->son > 0) return;
   if(actLen == 0 || f->nxt[actedge()] != u) {
       curAns -= u->edgeLen();
       f \rightarrow nxt[text[u \rightarrow 1]] = 0;
       if(-- f->son) return;
       if(remaind) doneins();
       if(f != root) {
           leaves[tail ++] = f;
           f \rightarrow l = curPos - f \rightarrow edgeLen() + 1;
```

```
f->r = INF;
}
else {
    curAns -= u->edgeLen() - actLen;
    u->1 = curPos - actLen + 1;
    u->r = INF;
    doneins();
    leaves[tail ++] = u;
}
```

2.10 Palindomic Factorization

```
/**
* Alforithm from this paper -- A Subquadratic Algorithm for Minimum Palindromic Factorization
* pl[i][0] -- minimal even factorization
* pl[i][1] -- minimal odd factorization
* 1 <= i <= n
* time complexity: O(n log n)
const int MAXN = 300000 + 10;
int pl[MAXN][2], gpl[MAXN][2];
inline void set(int *a, int x, int y, int z) {
 a[0] = x, a[1] = y, a[2] = z;
inline void set(int *a, int *b) {
 a[0] = b[0], a[1] = b[1], a[2] = b[2];
inline void set(int pl[][2], int idx, int val) {
 if (val <= 0) return;</pre>
 pl[idx][val & 1] = val;
inline void upd(int pl[][2], int idx, int val) {
 if (val <= 0) return;</pre>
 int &r = pl[idx][val & 1];
 if (r == -1 \mid \mid r > val) r = val;
void factorization(char s[]) {
 int n = strlen(s);
 for (int i = 0; i <= n; ++i) {</pre>
   gpl[i][0] = 1e9;
   gpl[i][1] = 1e9 + 1;
 static int g[32][3], gp[32][3], gpp[32][3];
 int pg = 0;
 for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
   // g->gp
   int pgp = 0;
   for (int u = 0; u < pg; ++u) {</pre>
     int i = g[u][0];
     if (i - 1 \ge 0 \&\& s[i - 1] == s[j]) {
       g[u][0]--;
       set(gp[pgp++], g[u]);
```

```
}
  }
  // gp->gpp
  int pgpp = 0, r = -j - 2;
  for (int u = 0; u < pgp; ++u) {</pre>
   int i = gp[u][0], d = gp[u][1], k = gp[u][2];
   if (i - r != d) {
      set(gpp[pgpp++], i, i - r, 1);
     if (k > 1) set(gpp[pgpp++], i + d, d, k - 1);
   } else set(gpp[pgpp++], i, d, k);
   r = i + (k - 1) * d;
  }
 if (j - 1 \ge 0 \&\& s[j - 1] == s[j]) {
   set(gpp[pgpp++], j-1, j-1-r, 1);
   r = j - 1;
 }
  set(gpp[pgpp++], j, j - r, 1);
  // gpp->g
  pg = 0;
  int *front = gpp[0];
  for (int u = 1; u < pgpp; ++u) {</pre>
   int *x = gpp[u];
   if (x[1] == front[1]) front[2] += x[2];
   else {
      set(g[pg++], front);
     front = x;
   }
  }
  set(g[pg++], front);
  // dp update
  if ((j + 1) % 2 == 0) {
   pl[j + 1][0] = j + 1;
   pl[j + 1][1] = 1e9 + 1;
  } else {
   pl[j + 1][0] = 1e9;
   pl[j + 1][1] = j + 1;
  }
  for (int u = 0; u < pg; ++u) {</pre>
   int i = g[u][0], d = g[u][1], k = g[u][2];
   r = i + (k - 1) * d;
   upd(pl, j + 1, pl[r][0] + 1);
   upd(pl, j + 1, pl[r][1] + 1);
    if (k > 1) {
     upd(pl, j + 1, gpl[i + 1 - d][0]);
     upd(pl, j + 1, gpl[i + 1 - d][1]);
    if (i + 1 >= d) {
     if (k > 1) {
       upd(gpl, i + 1 - d, pl[r][0] + 1);
       upd(gpl, i + 1 - d, pl[r][1] + 1);
       set(gpl, i + 1 - d, pl[r][0] + 1);
       set(gpl, i + 1 - d, pl[r][1] + 1);
   }
 }
}
```

}

2.11 Palindomic Factorization PT

```
const int MAXN = 300005;
const int N = 26;
const int inf = 0x3f3f3f3f;
struct Palindromic_Tree {
   int nxt[MAXN][N], fail[MAXN];
   int occ[MAXN], num[MAXN], len[MAXN];
   int S[MAXN], last, n, p;
   int sfail[MAXN], diff[MAXN], dp[2][MAXN], ans[2][MAXN];
   int newnode(int 1) {
       memset(nxt[p], 0, N * sizeof(int));
       occ[p] = num[p] = 0;
       len[p] = 1;
       return p ++;
   }
   void init() {
       p = 0;
       newnode(0);
       newnode(-1);
       last = 0;
       n = 0;
       S[n] = -1;
       fail[0] = 1;
       ans[0][0] = 0;
       ans[1][0] = inf;
   }
   int get_fail(int x) {
       while (S[n - len[x] - 1] != S[n]) x = fail[x];
       return x;
   }
   void add(int c) {
       c -= 'a';
       S[++ n] = c;
       int cur = get_fail(last);
       if(!nxt[cur][c]) {
          int v = newnode(len[cur] + 2);
          fail[v] = nxt[get_fail(fail[cur])][c];
          nxt[cur][c] = v;
          num[v] = num[fail[v]] + 1;
          diff[v] = len[v] - len[fail[v]];
          sfail[v] = diff[v] ^ diff[fail[v]] ? fail[v] : sfail[fail[v]];
       }
       last = nxt[cur][c];
       occ[last] ++;
       update();
   }
   void update() {
       ans[0][n] = ans[1][n] = inf;
       for(int u = last; u; u = sfail[u]) {
```

```
dp[0][u] = ans[1][n - len[sfail[u]] - diff[u]];
    dp[1][u] = ans[0][n - len[sfail[u]] - diff[u]];
    if(diff[u] == diff[fail[u]]) {
        dp[0][u] = min(dp[0][u], dp[0][fail[u]]);
        dp[1][u] = min(dp[1][u], dp[1][fail[u]]);
    }
    ans[0][n] = min(ans[0][n], dp[0][u] + 1);
    ans[1][n] = min(ans[1][n], dp[1][u] + 1);
}

void count() {
    for(int i = p - 1; i >= 0; --i) occ[fail[i]] += occ[i];
}
```

2.12 KMP

```
void getNext(char *p, int *next) {
   int j = 0, k = -1;
   next[0] = -1;
   int len = strlen(p);
   while(j < len) {</pre>
       if(k == -1 || p[j] == p[k]) {
           ++j; ++k;
           next[j] = k;
       }
       else k = next[k];
   }
}
int KMPMatch(char *s, char *p) {
   int i = 0, j = 0;
   int len = strlen(s), lenp = strlen(p);
   while(i < len) {</pre>
       if(j == -1 || s[i] == p[j]) {
           ++i;
           ++j;
       }
       else j = next[j];
       if(j == lenp) return i - lenp;
   }
   return -1;
```

2.13 AC Automaton

```
const int N = 1e5 + 5;
struct Trie {
    Trie *next[26];
    Trie *fail;
} pool[N], *root;
int tot;
```

```
Trie* newnode() {
   Trie *t = pool + (tot++);
   memset(t->next, 0, sizeof(t->next));
   t->fail = NULL;
   return t;
}
void init() {
   tot = 0;
   root = newnode();
}
void Insert(char *s) {
   Trie *p = root;
   for(int i = 0; s[i]; ++i) {
       int k = s[i] - 'a';
       if(!p->next[k]) p->next[k] = newnode();
       p = p->next[k];
   }
}
queue <Trie*> Q;
void Build_Ac() {
   Trie *p, *temp;
   Q.push(root);
   while(!Q.empty()) {
       temp = Q.front(); Q.pop();
       for(int i = 0; i < 26; ++i) if(temp->next[i]) {
           p = temp->fail;
           while(p) {
              if(p->next[i]) {
                  temp->next[i]->fail = p->next[i];
                  break;
              }
              p = p->fail;
           if(!p) temp->next[i]->fail = root;
           Q.push(temp->next[i]);
       }
           temp->next[i] = temp->fail ? temp->fail->next[i] : root;
   }
}
```

3 Graph

3.1 Directed MST

```
#define M 600
#define type int
const type inf = (1) << 30;
struct Node {
   int u, v;
   type cost;
} E[M * M + 5];</pre>
```

```
int pre[M], ID[M], vis[M];
type In[M];
type Directed_MST(int root, int NV, int NE) {
   type ret = 0;
   while(true) {
       for(int i = 0; i < NV; i++) In[i] = inf;</pre>
       for(int i = 0; i < NE; i++) {</pre>
           int u = E[i].u;
           int v = E[i].v;
           if(E[i].cost < In[v] && u != v) {</pre>
               pre[v] = u;
               In[v] = E[i].cost;
           }
       }
       for(int i = 0; i < NV; i++) {</pre>
           if(i == root) continue;
           if(In[i] == inf) return -1;
       }
       int cntnode = 0;
       memset(ID, -1, sizeof(ID));
       memset(vis, -1, sizeof(vis));
       In[root] = 0;
       for(int i = 0; i < NV; i++) {</pre>
           ret += In[i];
           int v = i;
           while(vis[v] != i && ID[v] == -1 && v != root) {
               vis[v] = i;
               v = pre[v];
           }
           if(v != root && ID[v] == -1) {
               for(int u = pre[v] ; u != v ; u = pre[u]) {
                  ID[u] = cntnode;
               ID[v] = cntnode ++;
           }
       }
                             break;
       if(cntnode == 0)
       for(int i = 0; i < NV; i++) if(ID[i] == -1) {</pre>
           ID[i] = cntnode ++;
       for(int i = 0; i < NE; i++) {</pre>
           int v = E[i].v;
           E[i].u = ID[E[i].u];
           E[i].v = ID[E[i].v];
           if(E[i].u != E[i].v) {
               E[i].cost -= In[v];
           }
       }
       NV = cntnode;
       root = ID[root];
   }
   return ret;
```

3.2 Directed MST SOL

```
const int N = 505;
const int DN = N << 1;</pre>
const int M = N * N + 5;
const int inf = 1 << 30;</pre>
struct EDGE { int u, v, w; };
struct D_MST {
   EDGE E[M];
   int pre[DN], ID[DN], vis[DN];
   int In[DN], inE[DN], ring;
   int nV[DN], nnV[DN];
   vector < pair <int, int> > R[DN];
   bool ans[M], newR[DN];
   map <int, int> dirE[DN];
   void del(int u, int e) {
       if(R[u].empty()) return;
       int pu = dirE[u][e];
       for(auto &x : R[u]) {
           if(x.first == pu) {
               ans[x.second] = false;
               del(x.first, e);
           } else {
               del(x.first, x.second);
       }
   }
   int Directed_MST(int rt, int n, int m) {
       while(true) {
           for(int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) In[nV[i]] = inf;</pre>
           for(int i = 0; i < m; ++ i) {</pre>
               int u = E[i].u, v = E[i].v;
               if(E[i].w < In[v] && u != v) {</pre>
                  pre[v] = u;
                   In[v] = E[i].w;
                   inE[v] = i;
               }
           }
           for(int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) {</pre>
               if(nV[i] != rt && In[nV[i]] == inf)
                  return -1;
           }
           int cntnode = 0;
           memset(ID, -1, sizeof(ID));
           memset(vis, -1, sizeof(vis));
           memset(newR, 0, sizeof(newR));
```

```
In[rt] = 0;
       for(int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) {</pre>
           int v = nV[i], s = v;
           while(vis[v] != s && ID[v] == -1 && v != rt) {
               vis[v] = s;
               v = pre[v];
           }
           if(v != rt && ID[v] == -1) {
               for(int u = pre[v]; ; u = pre[u]) {
                   ID[u] = ring;
                   R[ring].push_back( {u, inE[u]} );
                   ans[inE[u]] = true;
                   newR[u] = true;
                   if(u == v) break;
               nnV[cntnode ++] = ring ++;
           }
       }
       if(cntnode == 0) {
           for(int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) {</pre>
               if(nV[i] == rt) continue;
               ans[inE[nV[i]]] = true;
               del(nV[i], inE[nV[i]]);
           }
           return 0;
       }
       for(int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) {</pre>
           int v = nV[i];
           if(ID[v] != -1) continue;
           ID[v] = v;
           nnV[cntnode ++] = v;
       }
       for(int i = 0; i < m; ++ i) {</pre>
           int v = E[i].v;
           E[i].u = ID[E[i].u];
           E[i].v = ID[E[i].v];
           if(!newR[v]) continue;
           if(E[i].u != E[i].v) {
               E[i].w = In[v];
               dirE[E[i].v][i] = v;
           }
       }
       n = cntnode; rt = ID[rt];
       for(int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) nV[i] = nnV[i];</pre>
   }
vector <int> solve(int rt, int n, int m, EDGE *e) {
   for(int i = 0; i < m; ++ i) E[i] = e[i];</pre>
   memset(ans, 0, m * sizeof(bool));
   for(int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) nV[i] = i;</pre>
   ring = n; vector <int> ret;
   if(Directed_MST(rt, n, m) == -1) return ret;
   for(int i = 0; i < ring; ++ i)</pre>
       dirE[i].clear(), R[i].clear();
   for(int i = 0; i < m; ++ i) if(ans[i]) ret.push_back(i);</pre>
   return ret;
```

}

}

3.3 MCMF

```
const int N = 305, M = 100005;
int head[N];
struct Edge {
   int nxt, to, cow, cost;
   Edge() {}
   Edge(int _nxt, int _to, int _cow, int _cost) {
       nxt = _nxt; to = _to; cow = _cow; cost = _cost;
   }
} ed[M];
int ecnt, mx_flow, mi_cost;
void init() {
   mx_flow = mi_cost = ecnt = 0;
   memset(head, -1, sizeof(head));
}
void addedge(int u, int v, int cow, int cost) {
   ed[ecnt] = Edge(head[u], v, cow, cost);
   head[u] = ecnt++;
   ed[ecnt] = Edge(head[v], u, 0, -cost);
   head[v] = ecnt++;
}
queue <int> Q;
int dis[N], pre[N], inq[N];
bool Spfa(int S, int T) {
   memset(dis, 0x3f, sizeof(dis));
   dis[S] = 0;
   Q.push(S);
   while(!Q.empty()) {
       int u = Q.front(); Q.pop();
       inq[u] = 0;
       for(int e = head[u]; ~e; e = ed[e].nxt) {
           if(!ed[e].cow) continue;
           int v = ed[e].to;
           if(dis[v] > dis[u] + ed[e].cost) {
              dis[v] = dis[u] + ed[e].cost;
              pre[v] = e;
              if(!inq[v]) {
                  inq[v] = 1;
                  Q.push(v);
              }
           }
       }
   return dis[T] != INF;
void End(int S, int T) {
   int flow = INF;
   for(int u = T; u != S; u = ed[pre[u] ^ 1].to) {
       flow = min(flow, ed[pre[u]].cow);
```

```
for(int u = T; u != S; u = ed[pre[u] ^ 1].to) {
    ed[pre[u]].cow -= flow;
    ed[pre[u] ^ 1].cow += flow;
    mi_cost += flow * ed[pre[u]].cost;
}
    mx_flow += flow;
}
```

3.4 ZKW MCMF

```
const int maxn=105,maxm=10005;
struct MaxFlow
{
   int size, n;
   int st, en, maxflow, mincost;
   bool vis[maxn];
   int net[maxn], pre[maxn], cur[maxn], dis[maxn];
   std::queue <int> Q;
   struct EDGE
       int v, cap, cost, next;
       EDGE(){}
       EDGE(int a, int b, int c, int d)
       {
           v = a, cap = b, cost = c, next = d;
       }
   }E[maxm];
   void init(int _n)
       n = _n, size = 0;
       memset(net, -1, sizeof(net));
   }
   void add(int u, int v, int cap, int cost)
       E[size] = EDGE(v, cap, cost, net[u]);
       net[u] = size++;
       E[size] = EDGE(u, 0, -cost, net[v]);
       net[v] = size++;
   }
   bool modell()
       int v, min = INF;
       for(int i = 0; i <= n; i++)</pre>
       {
           if(!vis[i])
              continue;
           for(int j = net[i]; v = E[j].v, j != -1; j = E[j].next)
              if(E[j].cap)
                  if(!vis[v] && dis[v]-dis[i]+E[j].cost < min)</pre>
                      min = dis[v] - dis[i] + E[j].cost;
       }
       if(min == INF)
           return false;
       for(int i = 0; i <= n; i++)</pre>
              cur[i] = net[i], vis[i] = false, dis[i] += min;
       return true;
```

```
int augment(int i, int flow)
   if(i == en)
   {
       mincost += dis[st] * flow;
       maxflow += flow;
       return flow;
   vis[i] = true;
   for(int j = cur[i], v; v = E[j].v, j != -1; j = E[j].next)
       if(!E[j].cap)
           continue;
       if(vis[v] || dis[v]+E[j].cost != dis[i])
           continue;
       int delta = augment(v, std::min(flow, E[j].cap));
       if(delta)
           E[i].cap -= delta;
           E[j^1].cap += delta;
           cur[i] = j;
           return delta;
       }
   }
   return 0;
void spfa()
   int u, v;
   for(int i = 0; i <= n; i++)</pre>
       vis[i] = false, dis[i] = INF;
   dis[st] = 0;
   Q.push(st);
   vis[st] = true;
   while(!Q.empty())
       u = Q.front(), Q.pop();
       vis[u] = false;
       for(int i = net[u]; v = E[i].v, i != -1; i = E[i].next)
           if(!E[i].cap || dis[v] <= dis[u] + E[i].cost)</pre>
              continue;
           dis[v] = dis[u] + E[i].cost;
           if(!vis[v])
              vis[v] = true;
               Q.push(v);
           }
       }
   }
   for(int i = 0; i <= n; i++)</pre>
       dis[i] = dis[en] - dis[i];
int zkw(int s, int t)
   st = s, en = t;
   spfa();
   mincost=maxflow=0;
```

3.5 SAP

```
const int MAXN = 20010;
const int MAXM = 880010;
const int INF = 0x3f3f3f3f;
struct Node {
   int from, to, next;
   int cap;
} edge[MAXM];
int tol;
int head[MAXN];
int dep[MAXN];
int gap[MAXN];
int n;
void init() {
   tol = 0;
   memset(head, -1, sizeof(head));
}
void addedge(int u, int v, int w) {
   edge[tol].from = u;
   edge[tol].to = v;
   edge[tol].cap = w;
   edge[tol].next = head[u];
   head[u] = tol++;
   edge[tol].from = v;
   edge[tol].to = u;
   edge[tol].cap = 0;
   edge[tol].next = head[v];
   head[v] = tol++;
void BFS(int start, int end) {
   memset(dep, -1, sizeof(dep));
   memset(gap, 0, sizeof(gap));
   gap[0] = 1;
   int que[MAXN];
   int front, rear;
   front = rear = 0;
   dep[end] = 0;
   que[rear++] = end;
   while(front != rear) {
       int u = que[front++];
```

```
if(front == MAXN)front = 0;
       for(int i = head[u]; i != -1; i = edge[i].next) {
           int v = edge[i].to;
           if(dep[v] != -1)continue;
           que[rear++] = v;
           if(rear == MAXN)rear = 0;
           dep[v] = dep[u] + 1;
           ++gap[dep[v]];
   }
}
int SAP(int start, int end) {
   int res = 0;
   BFS(start, end);
   int cur[MAXN];
   int S[MAXN];
   int top = 0;
   memcpy(cur, head, sizeof(head));
   int u = start;
   int i;
   while(dep[start] < n) {</pre>
       if(u == end) {
           int temp = INF;
           int inser;
           for(i = 0; i < top; i++)</pre>
               if(temp > edge[S[i]].cap) {
                  temp = edge[S[i]].cap;
                  inser = i;
           for(i = 0; i < top; i++) {</pre>
               edge[S[i]].cap -= temp;
               edge[S[i] ^ 1].cap += temp;
           }
           res += temp;
           top = inser;
           u = edge[S[top]].from;
       if(u != end && gap[dep[u] - 1] == 0)
       for(i = cur[u]; i != -1; i = edge[i].next)
           if(edge[i].cap != 0 && dep[u] == dep[edge[i].to] + 1)
              break;
       if(i != -1) {
           cur[u] = i;
           S[top++] = i;
           u = edge[i].to;
       } else {
           int min = n;
           for(i = head[u]; i != -1; i = edge[i].next) {
               if(edge[i].cap == 0)continue;
               if(min > dep[edge[i].to]) {
                  min = dep[edge[i].to];
                  cur[u] = i;
              }
           }
           --gap[dep[u]];
           dep[u] = min + 1;
           ++gap[dep[u]];
```

```
if(u != start)u = edge[S[--top]].from;
}
return res;
}
```

3.6 Global Minimum Cut

```
const int maxn = 510;
int G[maxn] [maxn];
int n, m;
void contract(int x, int y) {
   for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) if(i != x) G[x][i] += G[y][i], G[i][x] += G[i][y];</pre>
   for(int i = y + 1; i < n; ++i) for(int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
           G[i - 1][j] = G[i][j];
           G[j][i - 1] = G[j][i];
   }
   n--;
int w[maxn], c[maxn];
int sx, tx;
int mincut() {
   int t, k;
   memset(c, 0, sizeof(c));
   c[0] = 1;
   for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) w[i] = G[0][i];</pre>
   for(int i = 1; i + 1 < n; ++i) {</pre>
       t = k = -1;
       for(int j = 0; j < n; ++j) if(c[j] == 0 && w[j] > k) k = w[t = j];
       c[sx = t] = 1;
       for(int j = 0; j < n; ++j) w[j] += G[t][j];
   for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) if(c[i] == 0) return w[tx = i];</pre>
}
int main() {
   while("scanf("%d%d", &n, &m)) {
       memset(G, 0, sizeof(G));
       while(m--) {
           int u, v, c;
           scanf("%d%d%d", &u, &v, &c);
           G[u][v] += c;
           G[v][u] += c;
       }
       int mint = INF;
       while(n > 1) {
           int t = mincut();
           mint = min(mint, t);
           contract(sx, tx);
       }
       printf("%d\n", mint);
```

```
}
return 0;
}
```

3.7 Blossom Tree

```
const int N = 250;
int belong[N];
int findb(int x) {
       return belong[x] == x ? x : belong[x] = findb(belong[x]);
}
void unit(int a, int b) {
       a = findb(a);
       b = findb(b);
       if (a != b) belong[a] = b;
}
int n, match[N];
vector<int> e[N];
int Q[N], rear;
int next[N], mark[N], vis[N];
int LCA(int x, int y) {
       static int t = 0; t++;
       while (true) {
              if (x != -1) {
                      x = findb(x);
                      if (vis[x] == t) return x;
                      vis[x] = t;
                      if (match[x] != -1) x = next[match[x]];
                      else x = -1;
              }
               swap(x, y);
       }
}
void group(int a, int p) {
       while (a != p) {
               int b = match[a], c = next[b];
               if (findb(c) != p) next[c] = b;
               if (mark[b] == 2) mark[Q[rear++] = b] = 1;
               if (mark[c] == 2) mark[Q[rear++] = c] = 1;
              unit(a, b); unit(b, c);
               a = c;
       }
}
void aug(int s) {
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
              next[i] = -1, belong[i] = i, mark[i] = 0, vis[i] = -1;
       mark[s] = 1;
       Q[0] = s; rear = 1;
       for (int front = 0; match[s] == -1 && front < rear; front++) {</pre>
              int x = Q[front];
               for (int i = 0; i < (int)e[x].size(); i++) {</pre>
```

```
int y = e[x][i];
                      if (match[x] == y) continue;
                      if (findb(x) == findb(y)) continue;
                      if (mark[y] == 2) continue;
                      if (mark[y] == 1) {
                              int r = LCA(x, y);
                              if (findb(x) != r) next[x] = y;
                              if (findb(y) != r) next[y] = x;
                              group(x, r);
                              group(y, r);
                      }
                      else if (match[y] == -1) {
                              next[y] = x;
                              for (int u = y; u != -1; ) {
                                     int v = next[u];
                                     int mv = match[v];
                                     match[v] = u, match[u] = v;
                                     u = mv;
                              }
                              break;
                      }
                      else {
                              next[y] = x;
                              mark[Q[rear++] = match[y]] = 1;
                              mark[y] = 2;
                      }
               }
       }
}
bool g[N][N];
int main() {
       scanf("%d", &n);
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
               for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) g[i][j] = false;</pre>
       int x, y; while (scanf("%d%d", &x, &y) != EOF) {
               x--, y--;
               if (x != y && !g[x][y])
                      e[x].push_back(y), e[y].push_back(x);
               g[x][y] = g[y][x] = true;
       }
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) match[i] = -1;</pre>
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) if (match[i] == -1) aug(i);</pre>
       int tot = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) if (match[i] != -1) tot++;</pre>
       printf("%d\n", tot);
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) if (match[i] > i)
               printf("%d %d\n", i + 1, match[i] + 1);
       return 0;
}
```

3.8 KM

```
/*****************
Bipartite Graph Maximum Weighted Matching
(kuhn munkras algorithm O(m*m*n))
adjacent matrix: mat
notice: m <= n
init: for(i=0;i<MAXN;i++)</pre>
           for(j=0;j<MAXN;j++) mat[i][j]=-inf;</pre>
for existing edges: mat[i][j]=val;
#define MAXN 310
#define inf 100000000
#define _clr(x) memset(x,-1,sizeof(int)*MAXN)
int KM(int m, int n, int mat[][MAXN], int *match1, int *match2) {
   int s[MAXN], t[MAXN], 11[MAXN], 12[MAXN];
   int p, q, i, j, k, ret = 0;
   for(i = 0; i < m; i++) {</pre>
      11[i] = -inf;
       for(j = 0; j < n; j++)
          11[i] = mat[i][j] > 11[i] ? mat[i][j] : 11[i];
      if(l1[i] == -inf) return -1;
   for(i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
      12[i] = 0;
   _clr(match1);
   _clr(match2);
   for(i = 0; i < m; i++) {</pre>
       _clr(t);
      p = 0;
      q = 0;
       for(s[0] = i; p <= q && match1[i] < 0; p++) {</pre>
          for(k = s[p], j = 0; j < n \&\& match1[i] < 0; j++) {
              if(11[k] + 12[j] == mat[k][j] && t[j] < 0) {
                 s[++q] = match2[j];
                 t[j] = k;
                 if(s[q] < 0) {
                     for(p = j; p >= 0; j = p) {
                        match2[j] = k = t[j];
                        p = match1[k];
                        match1[k] = j;
                     }
                 }
             }
          }
       if(match1[i] < 0) {</pre>
          i--;
          p = inf;
          for(k = 0; k \le q; k++) {
              for(j = 0; j < n; j++) {
                 if(t[j] < 0 \&\& 11[s[k]] + 12[j] - mat[s[k]][j] < p)
                     p = 11[s[k]] + 12[j] - mat[s[k]][j];
              }
          for(j = 0; j < n; j++)
             12[j] += t[j] < 0 ? 0 : p;
          for(k = 0; k <= q; k++)</pre>
             11[s[k]] -= p;
```

```
}
for(i = 0; i < m; i++)
    ret += mat[i][match1[i]];
return ret;
}</pre>
```

3.9 General Graph MWM

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdio>
#include <algorithm>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
typedef long long s64;
const int INF = 2147483647;
const int MaxN = 400;
const int MaxM = 79800;
template <class T>
inline void tension(T &a, const T &b)
{
      if (b < a)
             a = b;
template <class T>
inline void relax(T &a, const T &b)
      if (b > a)
             a = b;
template <class T>
inline int size(const T &a)
      return (int)a.size();
}
inline int getint()
{
       char c;
       int res = c - '0';
       while (c = getchar(), '0' <= c && c <= '9')</pre>
             res = res * 10 + c - '0';
      return res;
}
const int MaxNX = MaxN + MaxN;
struct edge
      int v, u, w;
```

```
edge(){}
       edge(const int &_v, const int &_u, const int &_w)
               : v(_v), u(_u), w(_w){}
};
int n, m;
edge mat[MaxNX + 1][MaxNX + 1];
int n_matches;
s64 tot_weight;
int mate[MaxNX + 1];
int lab[MaxNX + 1];
int q_n, q[MaxN];
int fa[MaxNX + 1], col[MaxNX + 1];
int slackv[MaxNX + 1];
int n_x;
int bel[MaxNX + 1], blofrom[MaxNX + 1][MaxN + 1];
vector<int> bloch[MaxNX + 1];
inline int e_delta(const edge &e) // does not work inside blossoms
{
       return lab[e.v] + lab[e.u] - mat[e.v][e.u].w * 2;
}
inline void update_slackv(int v, int x)
       if (!slackv[x] || e_delta(mat[v][x]) < e_delta(mat[slackv[x]][x]))</pre>
               slackv[x] = v;
inline void calc_slackv(int x)
{
       slackv[x] = 0;
       for (int v = 1; v <= n; v++)</pre>
               if (mat[v][x].w > 0 && bel[v] != x && col[bel[v]] == 0)
                      update_slackv(v, x);
}
inline void q_push(int x)
       if (x \le n)
              q[q_n++] = x;
       else
       {
               for (int i = 0; i < size(bloch[x]); i++)</pre>
                      q_push(bloch[x][i]);
       }
}
inline void set_mate(int xv, int xu)
       mate[xv] = mat[xv][xu].u;
       if (xv > n)
               edge e = mat[xv][xu];
               int xr = blofrom[xv][e.v];
               int pr = find(bloch[xv].begin(), bloch[xv].end(), xr) - bloch[xv].begin();
               if (pr % 2 == 1)
               {
                      reverse(bloch[xv].begin() + 1, bloch[xv].end());
```

```
pr = size(bloch[xv]) - pr;
               for (int i = 0; i < pr; i++)</pre>
                      set_mate(bloch[xv][i], bloch[xv][i ^ 1]);
               set_mate(xr, xu);
               rotate(bloch[xv].begin(), bloch[xv].begin() + pr, bloch[xv].end());
       }
}
inline void set_bel(int x, int b)
       bel[x] = b;
       if (x > n)
               for (int i = 0; i < size(bloch[x]); i++)</pre>
                      set_bel(bloch[x][i], b);
       }
}
inline void augment(int xv, int xu)
       while (true)
               int xnu = bel[mate[xv]];
               set_mate(xv, xu);
               if (!xnu)
                      return;
               set_mate(xnu, bel[fa[xnu]]);
               xv = bel[fa[xnu]], xu = xnu;
       }
}
inline int get_lca(int xv, int xu)
       static bool book[MaxNX + 1];
       for (int x = 1; x <= n_x; x++)</pre>
               book[x] = false;
       while (xv || xu)
               if (xv)
               {
                      if (book[xv])
                              return xv;
                      book[xv] = true;
                      xv = bel[mate[xv]];
                      if (xv)
                              xv = bel[fa[xv]];
               swap(xv, xu);
       }
       return 0;
}
inline void add_blossom(int xv, int xa, int xu)
{
       int b = n + 1;
       while (b <= n_x && bel[b])</pre>
               b++;
       if (b > n_x)
```

```
n_x++;
       lab[b] = 0;
       col[b] = 0;
       mate[b] = mate[xa];
       bloch[b].clear();
       bloch[b].push_back(xa);
       for (int x = xv; x != xa; x = bel[fa[bel[mate[x]]]])
               bloch[b].push_back(x), bloch[b].push_back(bel[mate[x]]), q_push(bel[mate[x]]);
       reverse(bloch[b].begin() + 1, bloch[b].end());
       for (int x = xu; x != xa; x = bel[fa[bel[mate[x]]]])
               bloch[b].push_back(x), bloch[b].push_back(bel[mate[x]]), q_push(bel[mate[x]]);
       set_bel(b, b);
       for (int x = 1; x <= n_x; x++)</pre>
               mat[b][x].w = mat[x][b].w = 0;
               blofrom[b][x] = 0;
       for (int i = 0; i < size(bloch[b]); i++)</pre>
               int xs = bloch[b][i];
               for (int x = 1; x <= n_x; x++)</pre>
                      if (mat[b][x].w == 0 \mid \mid e_delta(mat[xs][x]) < e_delta(mat[b][x]))
                              mat[b][x] = mat[xs][x], mat[x][b] = mat[x][xs];
               for (int x = 1; x <= n_x; x++)</pre>
                      if (blofrom[xs][x])
                              blofrom[b][x] = xs;
       }
       calc_slackv(b);
}
inline void expand_blossom1(int b) // lab[b] == 1
{
       for (int i = 0; i < size(bloch[b]); i++)</pre>
               set_bel(bloch[b][i], bloch[b][i]);
       int xr = blofrom[b] [mat[b] [fa[b]].v];
       int pr = find(bloch[b].begin(), bloch[b].end(), xr) - bloch[b].begin();
       if (pr % 2 == 1)
               reverse(bloch[b].begin() + 1, bloch[b].end());
               pr = size(bloch[b]) - pr;
       }
       for (int i = 0; i < pr; i += 2)</pre>
               int xs = bloch[b][i], xns = bloch[b][i + 1];
               fa[xs] = mat[xns][xs].v;
               col[xs] = 1, col[xns] = 0;
               slackv[xs] = 0, calc_slackv(xns);
               q_push(xns);
       }
       col[xr] = 1;
       fa[xr] = fa[b];
       for (int i = pr + 1; i < size(bloch[b]); i++)</pre>
       {
```

```
int xs = bloch[b][i];
               col[xs] = -1;
               calc_slackv(xs);
       }
       bel[b] = 0;
}
inline void expand_blossom_final(int b) // at the final stage
{
       for (int i = 0; i < size(bloch[b]); i++)</pre>
               if (bloch[b][i] > n && lab[bloch[b][i]] == 0)
                      expand_blossom_final(bloch[b][i]);
               else
                      set_bel(bloch[b][i], bloch[b][i]);
       bel[b] = 0;
}
inline bool on_found_edge(const edge &e)
{
       int xv = bel[e.v], xu = bel[e.u];
       if (col[xu] == -1)
               int nv = bel[mate[xu]];
               fa[xu] = e.v;
               col[xu] = 1, col[nv] = 0;
               slackv[xu] = slackv[nv] = 0;
               q_push(nv);
       }
       else if (col[xu] == 0)
               int xa = get_lca(xv, xu);
               if (!xa)
               {
                      augment(xv, xu), augment(xu, xv);
                      for (int b = n + 1; b \le n_x; b++)
                              if (bel[b] == b && lab[b] == 0)
                                     expand_blossom_final(b);
                      return true;
              }
               else
                      add_blossom(xv, xa, xu);
       }
       return false;
}
bool match()
       for (int x = 1; x <= n_x; x++)</pre>
               col[x] = -1, slackv[x] = 0;
       for (int x = 1; x <= n_x; x++)</pre>
               if (bel[x] == x && !mate[x])
                      fa[x] = 0, col[x] = 0, slackv[x] = 0, q_push(x);
       if (q_n == 0)
              return false;
```

```
while (true)
       for (int i = 0; i < q_n; i++)</pre>
       {
               int v = q[i];
               for (int u = 1; u <= n; u++)</pre>
                      if (mat[v][u].w > 0 && bel[v] != bel[u])
                              int d = e_delta(mat[v][u]);
                              if (d == 0)
                              {
                                      if (on_found_edge(mat[v][u]))
                                              return true;
                              else if (col[bel[u]] == -1 || col[bel[u]] == 0)
                                      update_slackv(v, bel[u]);
                      }
       }
       int d = INF;
       for (int v = 1; v <= n; v++)</pre>
               if (col[bel[v]] == 0)
                      tension(d, lab[v]);
       for (int b = n + 1; b \le n_x; b++)
               if (bel[b] == b && col[b] == 1)
                      tension(d, lab[b] / 2);
       for (int x = 1; x <= n_x; x++)</pre>
               if (bel[x] == x && slackv[x])
               {
                      if (col[x] == -1)
                              tension(d, e_delta(mat[slackv[x]][x]));
                      else if (col[x] == 0)
                              tension(d, e_delta(mat[slackv[x]][x]) / 2);
               }
       for (int v = 1; v <= n; v++)</pre>
               if (col[bel[v]] == 0)
                      lab[v] -= d;
               else if (col[bel[v]] == 1)
                      lab[v] += d;
       for (int b = n + 1; b <= n_x; b++)</pre>
               if (bel[b] == b)
               {
                       if (col[bel[b]] == 0)
                              lab[b] += d * 2;
                       else if (col[bel[b]] == 1)
                              lab[b] -= d * 2;
               }
       q_n = 0;
       for (int v = 1; v <= n; v++)</pre>
               if (lab[v] == 0) // all unmatched vertices' labels are zero! cheers!
                      return false;
       for (int x = 1; x <= n_x; x++)</pre>
               if (bel[x] == x \&\& slackv[x] \&\& bel[slackv[x]] != x \&\&
                    e_delta(mat[slackv[x]][x]) == 0)
               {
```

```
if (on_found_edge(mat[slackv[x]][x]))
                                       return true;
                       }
               for (int b = n + 1; b <= n_x; b++)</pre>
                       if (bel[b] == b && col[b] == 1 && lab[b] == 0)
                               expand_blossom1(b);
       }
       return false;
}
void calc_max_weight_match()
       for (int v = 1; v <= n; v++)</pre>
               mate[v] = 0;
       n_x = n;
       n_{matches} = 0;
       tot_weight = 0;
       bel[0] = 0;
       for (int v = 1; v <= n; v++)</pre>
               bel[v] = v, bloch[v].clear();
       for (int v = 1; v <= n; v++)</pre>
               for (int u = 1; u <= n; u++)</pre>
                       blofrom[v][u] = v == u ? v : 0;
       int w_max = 0;
       for (int v = 1; v <= n; v++)</pre>
               for (int u = 1; u <= n; u++)</pre>
                       relax(w_max, mat[v][u].w);
       for (int v = 1; v <= n; v++)</pre>
               lab[v] = w_max;
       while (match())
               n_matches++;
       for (int v = 1; v <= n; v++)</pre>
               if (mate[v] && mate[v] < v)</pre>
                       tot_weight += mat[v][mate[v]].w;
}
int main()
       n = getint(), m = getint();
       for (int v = 1; v <= n; v++)</pre>
               for (int u = 1; u <= n; u++)</pre>
                       mat[v][u] = edge(v, u, 0);
       for (int i = 0; i < m; i++)</pre>
               int v = getint(), u = getint();
               mat[v][u].w = mat[u][v].w = w;
        }
        calc_max_weight_match();
       printf("%lld\n", tot_weight);
       for (int v = 1; v <= n; v++)</pre>
```

```
printf("%d ", mate[v]);
printf("\n");
return 0;
}
```

4 Geometry

4.1 Closet Point Pair

```
const int Max=100005;
struct Point
{
    double x, y;
};
Point p[Max], *px[Max], *py[Max];
inline int Cmp_x(Point *a, Point *b)
{
    return a->x < b->x;
}
inline int Cmp_y(Point *a, Point *b)
    return a->y < b->y;
}
inline double Dis(Point *a, Point *b)
    return sqrt((a->x - b->x) * (a->x - b->x) + (a->y - b->y) * (a->y - b->y));
double Close(int 1, int r)
    if (1 + 1 == r)
       return Dis(px[1], px[r]);
    else if (1 + 2 == r)
       return min(min(Dis(px[1], px[1 + 1]), Dis(px[1 + 1], px[r])), Dis(
               px[1], px[r]));
    int mid = (1 + r) / 2;
    double ans = min(Close(1, mid), Close(mid + 1, r));
    int i, j, cnt;
    for (i = 1, cnt = 0; i <= r; i++)</pre>
        if (px[i] \rightarrow x \ge px[mid] \rightarrow x - ans && px[i] \rightarrow x \le px[mid] \rightarrow x + ans)
           py[cnt++] = px[i];
    sort(py, py + cnt, Cmp_y);
    for (i = 0; i < cnt; i++)</pre>
       for (j = i + 1; j < cnt; j++)</pre>
        {
           if (py[j]->y - py[i]->y >= ans)
               break;
           ans = min(ans, Dis(py[i], py[j]));
       }
    return ans;
}
```

4.2 Geometry Lweb

```
const double pi = acos(-1.0);
inline int sgn(double x) {
   if(x < -eps) return -1;</pre>
   return x > eps;
}
struct Vector {
   double x, y;
   inline void read() {
       scanf("%lf%lf", &x, &y);
   Vector(double _x = 0, double _y = 0) {
       x = x;
       y = _y;
   }
   Vector operator +(Vector a) const {
       return Vector(x + a.x, y + a.y);
   Vector operator +=(Vector a) {
       return *this = *this + a;
   Vector operator -(Vector a) const {
       return Vector(x - a.x, y - a.y);
   Vector operator -=(Vector a) {
       return *this = *this - a;
   }
   Vector operator *(double p) const {
       return Vector(x * p, y * p);
   }
   Vector operator *=(double p) {
       return *this = *this * p;
   }
   Vector normal() {
       return Vector(x / len(), y / len());
   bool operator <(const Vector a) const {</pre>
       if(x == a.x) return y < a.y;</pre>
       return x < a.x;</pre>
   }
   bool operator ==(const Vector a) const {
       return sgn(x - a.x) == 0 \&\& sgn(y - a.y) == 0;
   }
   double len() const {
       return sqrt(x * x + y * y);
   double angle() const {
       return atan2(y, x);
};
inline double cross(Vector a, Vector b) {
   return a.x * b.y - a.y * b.x;
}
inline double scalar(Vector a, Vector b) {
```

```
return a.x * b.x + a.y * b.y;
inline double dist(Vector A, Vector B) {
   return sqrt(1.0 * (A.x - B.x) * (A.x - B.x) + (A.y - B.y) * (A.y - B.y));
inline bool parallel(Vector a, Vector b, Vector c, Vector d) {
   return sgn(cross(b - a, d - c)) == 0;
Vector Rotate(Vector A, double rad) {
   return Vector(A.x * cos(rad) - A.y * sin(rad), A.x * sin(rad) + A.y * cos(rad));
Vector GetLineProjection(Vector P, Vector A, Vector B) {
   //Projection of point P on line AB
   Vector v = B - A;
   Vector v1 = P - A;
   double t = scalar(v, v1) / scalar(v, v);
   return A + v * t;
}
Vector GetLineSymmetry(Vector P, Vector A, Vector B) {
   //Symmetry point of P according to line AB
   double dis = DistoLine(A, B, P) * 2;
   if(sgn(dis) == 0) return P;
   Vector v = Rotate(B - A, pi / 2).normal();
   if(sgn(scalar(P - A, v)) > 0) v = v * -1;
   return P + (v * dis);
inline bool between(Vector a, Vector b, Vector c) {
   //a is between bc
   return sgn(a.x - min(b.x, c.x)) >= 0 && sgn(a.x - max(b.x, c.x)) <= 0 && sgn(a.y - min(b.y, c.x))
        c.y)) >= 0 &&
          sgn(a.y - max(b.y, c.y)) \le 0;
}
//Distance of C to segment AB
inline double DistoSegment(Vector A, Vector B, Vector C) {
   if(dist(A, B) < eps) return dist(B, C);</pre>
   if(scalar(B - A, C - A) < -eps) return dist(A, C);</pre>
   if(scalar(A - B, C - B) < -eps) return dist(B, C);</pre>
   return fabs(cross(B - A, C - A) / dist(A, B));
//Distance of C to line AB
inline double DistoLine(Vector A, Vector B, Vector C) {
   return fabs(cross(B - A, C - A) / dist(A, B));
inline int segmentsegment(Vector a, Vector b, Vector c, Vector d) {
   //-1 No intersection point
   //O Parallel && No intersection point
   //1 Parallel && Inf intersection point
   //2 Parallel && Intersect at end point
   //3 Intersect at end point
   //4 Strictly intersect
   double d1 = cross(a - c, a - d), d2 = cross(b - c, b - d), d3 = cross(c - a, c - b), d4 =
        cross(d - a, d - b);
   if(sgn(d1 * d2) < 0 && sgn(d3 * d4) < 0) return 4;</pre>
```

```
if(sgn(d1) == 0 \&\& sgn(d2) == 0 \&\& sgn(d3) == 0 \&\& sgn(d4) == 0) {
       if(a == c && !between(d, a, b)) return 2;
       if(a == d && !between(c, a, b)) return 2;
       if(b == c && !between(d, a, b)) return 2;
       if(b == d && !between(c, a, b)) return 2;
       if(between(c, a, b) || between(d, a, b)) return 1;
       if(between(a, c, d) || between(b, c, d)) return 1;
       return 0;
   if(sgn(d1) == 0 && between(a, c, d)) return 3;
   if(sgn(d2) == 0 && between(b, c, d)) return 3;
   if(sgn(d3) == 0 && between(c, a, b)) return 3;
   if(sgn(d4) == 0 && between(d, a, b)) return 3;
   return -1;
inline bool in(Vector t, Vector *po, int n) {
   int cnt = 0;
   for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {</pre>
       int a = i, b = (i + 1) \% n;
       if(sgn(po[a].y - po[b].y) < 0) swap(a, b);
       int x = sgn(cross(po[a] - t, po[b] - t));
       if(!x) {
           if(between(t, po[a], po[b])) return 1;
       } else if(x < 0 && sgn(po[a].y - t.y) >= 0 && sgn(t.y - po[b].y) > 0) ++cnt;
   }
   return cnt & 1;
inline int get_convex(Vector *p, Vector *convex, int n) {
   sort(p, p + n);
   int cnt = 0;
   for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {</pre>
       while(cnt >= 2 && sgn(cross(convex[cnt - 1] - p[i], convex[cnt - 2] - p[i])) <= 0) --cnt;</pre>
       convex[cnt++] = p[i];
   }
   int half = cnt;
   for(int i = n - 2; i >= 0; --i) {
       while(cnt - half >= 1 && sgn(cross(convex[cnt - 1] - p[i], convex[cnt - 2] - p[i])) <= 0)</pre>
       convex[cnt++] = p[i];
   }
   return cnt - 1;
}
inline double PolygonArea(Vector *p, int n) {
   double area = 0;
   for(int i = 1; i < n - 1; i++) area += cross(p[i] - p[0], p[i + 1] - p[0]);
   return area / 2;
}
double CircleCircleArea(double r1, double r2, double s) {
   //Circle area intersection
   //r1 r2: radius
   //s: Circle center distance
   if(r1 + r2 < s)
       return 0;
   else if(r2 - r1 >= s)
```

```
return pi * r1 * r1;
   else if(r1 - r2 >= s)
       return pi * r2 * r2;
   double q1 = acos((r1 * r1 + s * s - r2 * r2) / (2 * r1 * s));
   double q2 = acos((r2 * r2 + s * s - r1 * r1) / (2 * r2 * s));
   return (r1 * r1 * q1 + r2 * r2 * q2 - r1 * s * sin(q1));
}
typedef Vector Point;
struct Circle {
   Point c;
   double r;
   Circle(Point c = Point(0, 0), double r = 0): c(c), r(r) {}
   Point point(double a) {
       return Point(c.x + r * cos(a), c.y + r * sin(a));
   }
};
struct Line {
   Point p;
   Vector v;
   Line(Point p = Point(0, 0), Vector v = Vector(0, 1)): p(p), v(v) {}
   Point point(double t) {
       return Point(p + v * t);
   }
};
int getLineCircleIntersection(Line L, Circle C, double &t1, double &t2, vector<Point> &sol) {
   double a = L.v.x;
   double b = L.p.x - C.c.x;
   double c = L.v.y;
   double d = L.p.y - C.c.y;
   double e = a * a + c * c;
   double f = 2 * (a * b + c * d);
   double g = b * b + d * d - C.r * C.r;
   double delta = f * f - 4 * e * g;
   if(sgn(delta) < 0) return 0;</pre>
   if(sgn(delta) == 0) {
       t1 = t2 = -f / (2 * e);
       sol.push_back(L.point(t1));
       return 1;
   } else {
       t1 = (-f - sqrt(delta)) / (2 * e);
       t2 = (-f + sqrt(delta)) / (2 * e);
       sol.push_back(L.point(t1));
       sol.push_back(L.point(t2));
       return 2;
   }
double angle(Vector v) {
   return atan2(v.y, v.x);
double Length(Vector v) {
   return sqrt(scalar(v, v));
int getCircleCircleIntersection(Circle C1, Circle C2, vector<Point> &sol) {
   double d = Length(C1.c - C2.c);
   if(sgn(d) == 0) {
```

```
if(sgn(C1.r - C2.r) == 0) return -1; // coincidence
       else return 0; // contains
   }
   if(sgn(C1.r + C2.r - d) < 0) return 0; // away from</pre>
   if(sgn(fabs(C1.r - C2.r) - d) > 0) return 0; // contains
   double a = angle(C2.c - C1.c);
   double da = acos((C1.r * C1.r + d * d - C2.r * C2.r) / (2 * C1.r * d));
   Point p1 = C1.point(a - da);
   Point p2 = C1.point(a + da);
   sol.push_back(p1);
   if(p1 == p2) return 1; // tangent
   else {
       sol.push_back(p2);
       return 2;
   }
}
int getTangents(Point p, Circle C, vector <Point> &sol) {
   //Tangent for p to C
   Vector u = C.c - p;
   double dist = Length(u);
   if(sgn(dist - C.r) < 0) return 0;</pre>
   else if(sgn(dist - C.r) == 0) {
       sol.push_back(Rotate(u, pi / 2));
       return 1;
   } else {
       double ang = asin(C.r / dist);
       sol.push_back(Rotate(u, -ang));
       sol.push_back(Rotate(u, +ang));
       return 2;
   }
}
bool flag = 0;
int getTangents(Circle A, Circle B, Point *a, Point *b) {
   //Common tangent for A {\tt B}
   int cnt = 0;
   if(A.r < B.r) {</pre>
       flag = 1;
       swap(A, B);
       swap(a, b);
   }
   double d = Length(A.c - B.c);
   double rdiff = A.r - B.r;
   double rsum = A.r + B.r;
   if(sgn(d - rdiff) < 0) return 0; // contains</pre>
   double base = angle(B.c - A.c);
   if(sgn(d) == 0 && sgn(rdiff) == 0) return -1; // coincidence
                                // tangent inside
   if(sgn(d - rdiff) == 0) {
       a[cnt] = A.point(base);
       b[cnt] = B.point(base);
       cnt++;
       return 1;
   }
   double ang = acos(rdiff / d);
   a[cnt] = A.point(base + ang);
   b[cnt] = B.point(base + ang);
   cnt++;
```

```
a[cnt] = A.point(base - ang);
   b[cnt] = B.point(base - ang);
   cnt++;
   if(sgn(d - rsum) == 0) { // tagent outside
       a[cnt] = A.point(base);
       b[cnt] = B.point(base + pi);
       cnt++;
   } else if(sgn(d - rsum) > 0) { // away from
       double ang_in = acos(rsum / d);
       a[cnt] = A.point(base + ang_in);
       b[cnt] = B.point(base + ang_in + pi);
       cnt++;
       a[cnt] = A.point(base - ang_in);
       b[cnt] = B.point(base - ang_in + pi);
       cnt++;
   }
   return cnt;
}
```

4.3 Geometry Hezhu

```
Point GetLineIntersection(Point p, Vector v, Point q, Vector w) {
 Vector u = p - q;
 double t = Cross(w, u) / Cross(v, w);
 return p + v * t;
Point GetLineProjection(Point P, Point A, Point B) {
 Vector v = B - A;
 return A + v * (Dot(v, P - A) / Dot(v, v));
double DistanceToLine(Point P, Point A, Point B) {
 Vector v1 = B - A, v2 = P - A;
 return fabs(Cross(v1, v2)) / Length(v1);
bool OnSegment(Point p, Point a1, Point a2) {
 return dcmp(Cross(a1 - p, a2 - p)) == 0 && dcmp(Dot(a1 - p, a2 - p)) < 0;
void getLineGeneralEquation(const Point &p1, const Point &p2, double &a,
            double &b, double &c) {
 a = p2.y - p1.y;
 b = p1.x - p2.x;
 c = -a * p1.x - b * p1.y;
double DistanceToSegment(Point p, Point a, Point b) {
 if (a == b) return Length(p - a);
 Vector v1 = b - a, v2 = p - a, v3 = p - b;
 if (dcmp(Dot(v1, v2)) < 0)</pre>
   return Length(v2);
 else if (dcmp(Dot(v1, v3)) > 0)
   return Length(v3);
 else
   return fabs(Cross(v1, v2)) / Length(v1);
double dis_pair_seg(Point p1, Point p2, Point p3, Point p4) {
   min(DistanceToSegment(p1, p3, p4), DistanceToSegment(p2, p3, p4)),
   min(DistanceToSegment(p3, p1, p2), DistanceToSegment(p4, p1, p2)));
```

```
bool SegmentIntersection(Point a1, Point a2, Point b1, Point b2) {
 double c1 = Cross(a2 - a1, b1 - a1), c2 = Cross(a2 - a1, b2 - a1),
      c3 = Cross(b2 - b1, a1 - b1), c4 = Cross(b2 - b1, a2 - b1);
 return dcmp(c1) * dcmp(c2) < 0 && dcmp(c3) * dcmp(c4) < 0;
}
struct Line {
 Point P;
 Vector v;
 double ang;
 Line() {}
 Line(Point P, Vector v) : P(P), v(v) { ang = atan2(v.y, v.x); }
 Point point(double a) { return p + (v * a); }
 bool operator<(const Line &L) const { return ang < L.ang; }</pre>
bool OnLeft(const Line &L, const Point &p) { return Cross(L.v, p - L.P) > 0; }
vector<Point> HalfplaneIntersection(vector<Line> L) {
 int n = L.size();
 sort(L.begin(), L.end());
 int first, last;
 vector<Point> p(n);
 vector<Line> q(n);
 vector<Point> ans;
 q[first = last = 0] = L[0];
 for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {</pre>
   while (first < last && !OnLeft(L[i], p[last - 1])) last--;</pre>
   while (first < last && !OnLeft(L[i], p[first])) first++;</pre>
   q[++last] = L[i];
   if (fabs(Cross(q[last].v, q[last - 1].v)) < eps) {</pre>
     last--;
     if (OnLeft(q[last], L[i].P)) q[last] = L[i];
   }
   if (first < last)</pre>
     p[last - 1] = GetLineIntersection(q[last - 1], q[last]);
 while (first < last && !OnLeft(q[first], p[last - 1])) last--;</pre>
 if (last - first <= 1) return ans;</pre>
 p[last] = GetLineIntersection(q[last], q[first]);
 for (int i = first; i <= last; i++) ans.push_back(p[i]);</pre>
 return ans;
Point PolyGravity(Point *p, int n) {
 Point tmp, g = Point(0, 0);
 double sumArea = 0, area;
 for (int i = 2; i < n; ++i) {</pre>
   area = Cross(p[i - 1] - p[0], p[i] - p[0]);
   sumArea += area;
   tmp.x = p[0].x + p[i - 1].x + p[i].x;
   tmp.y = p[0].y + p[i - 1].y + p[i].y;
   g.x += tmp.x * area;
   g.y += tmp.y * area;
 g.x /= (sumArea * 3.0);
 g.y /= (sumArea * 3.0);
 return g;
vector<Point> ConvexHull(vector<Point> &p) {
 sort(p.begin(), p.end());
 p.erase(unique(p.begin(), p.end()), p.end());
```

```
int n = p.size();
 int m = 0;
 vector<Point> ch(n + 1);
 for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
   while (m > 1 \&\& Cross(ch[m - 1] - ch[m - 2], p[i] - ch[m - 2]) \le 0)
   ch[m++] = p[i];
 }
 int k = m;
 for (int i = n - 2; i >= 0; i--) {
   while (m > k \&\& Cross(ch[m - 1] - ch[m - 2], p[i] - ch[m - 2]) \le 0)
   ch[m++] = p[i];
 if (n > 1) m--;
 ch.resize(m);
 return ch;
}
int isPointInPolygon(Point p, Polygon poly) {
 int wn = 0;
 int n = poly.size();
 for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
   if (OnSegment(p, poly[i], poly[(i + 1) % n])) return -1;
   int k = dcmp(Cross(poly[(i + 1) % n] - poly[i], p - poly[i]));
   int d1 = dcmp(poly[i].y - p.y);
   int d2 = dcmp(poly[(i + 1) \% n].y - p.y);
   if (k > 0 && d1 <= 0 && d2 > 0) wn++;
   if (k < 0 && d2 <= 0 && d1 > 0) wn--;
 if (wn != 0) return 1;
 return 0;
}
int diameter2(vector<Point> &points) {
 vector<Point> p = ConvexHull(points);
 int n = p.size();
 if (n == 1) return 0;
 if (n == 2) return Dist2(p[0], p[1]);
 p.push_back(p[0]);
 int ans = 0;
 for (int u = 0, v = 1; u < n; u++) {
   for (;;) {
     int diff = Cross(p[u + 1] - p[u], p[v + 1] - p[v]);
     if (diff <= 0) {</pre>
       ans = \max(ans, Dist2(p[u], p[v]));
       if (diff == 0) ans = \max(ans, Dist2(p[u], p[v + 1]));
       break;
     }
     v = (v + 1) \% n;
   }
 }
 return ans;
double RC_Distance(Point *ch1, Point *ch2, int n, int m) {
 int q = 0, p = 0;
 REP(i, n) if (ch1[i].y - ch1[p].y < -eps) p = i;
 REP(i, m) if (ch2[i].y - ch2[q].y > eps) q = i;
 ch1[n] = ch1[0];
 ch2[m] = ch2[0];
 double tmp, ans = 1e100;
```

```
REP(i, n) {
   while ((tmp = Cross(ch1[p + 1] - ch1[p], ch2[q + 1] - ch1[p]) -
           Cross(ch1[p + 1] - ch1[p], ch2[q] - ch1[p])) > eps)
     q = (q + 1) \% m;
   if (tmp < -eps)</pre>
     ans = min(ans, DistanceToSegment(ch2[q], ch1[p], ch1[p + 1]));
     ans =
       min(ans, dis_pair_seg(ch1[p], ch1[p + 1], ch2[q], ch2[q + 1]));
   p = (p + 1) \% n;
 }
 return ans;
}
double RC_Triangle(Point *res, int n) {
 if (n < 3) return 0;</pre>
 double ans = 0, tmp;
 res[n] = res[0];
 int j, k;
 REP(i, n) {
   j = (i + 1) \% n;
   k = (j + 1) \% n;
   while ((j != k) && (k != i)) {
     while (Cross(res[j] - res[i], res[k + 1] - res[i]) >
          Cross(res[j] - res[i], res[k] - res[i]))
       k = (k + 1) \% n;
     tmp = Cross(res[j] - res[i], res[k] - res[i]);
     if (tmp > ans) ans = tmp;
     j = (j + 1) \% n;
 }
 return ans;
}
double fermat_point(Point *pt, int n, Point &ptres) {
 Point u, v;
 double step = 0.0, curlen, explen, minlen;
 int i, j, k, idx;
 bool flag;
 u.x = u.y = v.x = v.y = 0.0;
 REP(i, n) {
   step += fabs(pt[i].x) + fabs(pt[i].y);
   u.x += pt[i].x;
   u.y += pt[i].y;
 }
 u.x /= n;
 u.y /= n;
 flag = 0;
 while (step > eps) {
   for (k = 0; k < 10; step /= 2, ++k)
     for (i = -1; i <= 1; ++i)</pre>
       for (j = -1; j \le 1; ++j) {
         v.x = u.x + step * i;
         v.y = u.y + step * j;
         curlen = explen = 0.0;
         REP(idx, n) {
           curlen += dist(u, pt[idx]);
           explen += dist(v, pt[idx]);
         if (curlen > explen) {
          u = v;
```

```
minlen = explen;
          flag = 1;
        }
       }
 }
 ptres = u;
 return flag ? minlen : curlen;
bool cmpy(const int &a, const int &b) { return point[a].y < point[b].y; }</pre>
double Closest_Pair(int left, int right) {
 double d = INF;
 if (left == right) return d;
 if (left + 1 == right) return dis(left, right);
 int mid = (left + right) >> 1;
 double d1 = Closest_Pair(left, mid);
 double d2 = Closest_Pair(mid + 1, right);
 d = min(d1, d2);
 int i, j, k = 0;
 for (i = left; i <= right; i++) {</pre>
   if (fabs(point[mid].x - point[i].x) <= d) tmpt[k++] = i;</pre>
 sort(tmpt, tmpt + k, cmpy);
 for (i = 0; i < k; i++) {</pre>
   for (j = i + 1; j < k && point[tmpt[j]].y - point[tmpt[i]].y < d; j++) {</pre>
     double d3 = dis(tmpt[i], tmpt[j]);
     if (d > d3) d = d3;
 }
 return d;
int getLineCircleIntersection(Line L, Circle C, double &t1, double &t2, vector<Point> &sol) {
 double a = L.v.x, b = L.p.x - C.c.x, c = L.v.y, d = L.p.y - C.c.y;
 double e = a * a + c * c, f = 2 * (a * b + c * d),
      g = b * b + d * d - C.r * C.r;
 double delta = f * f - 4 * e * g;
 if (dcmp(delta) < 0) return 0;</pre>
 if (dcmp(delta) == 0) {
   t1 = t2 = -f / (2 * e);
   sol.push_back(L.point(t1));
   return 1;
 t1 = (-f - sqrt(delta)) / (2 * e);
 sol.push_back(L.point(t1));
 t2 = (-f + sqrt(delta)) / (2 * e);
 sol.push_back(L.point(t2));
 return 2;
}
int getCircleCircleIntersection(Circle C1, Circle C2, vector<Point> &sol) {
 double d = Length(C1.c - C2.c);
 if (dcmp(d) == 0) {
   if (dcmp(C1.r - C2.r) == 0) return -1;
   return 0;
 if (dcmp(C1.r + C2.r - d) < 0) return 0;
 if (dcmp(fabs(C1.r - C2.r) - d) > 0) return 0;
 double a = angle(C2.c - C1.c);
 double da = acos((C1.r * C1.r + d * d - C2.r * C2.r) / (2 * C1.r * d));
 Point p1 = C1.point(a - da), p2 = C1.point(a + da);
 sol.push_back(p1);
```

```
if (p1 == p2) return 1;
 sol.push_back(p2);
 return 2;
}
int getTangents(Point p, Circle C, Vector *v) {
 Vector u = C.c - p;
 double dist = Length(u);
 if (dist < C.r)</pre>
   return 0;
 else if (dcmp(dist - C.r) == 0) {
   v[0] = Rotate(u, PI / 2);
   return 1;
 } else {
   double ang = asin(C.r / dist);
   v[0] = Rotate(u, -ang);
   v[1] = Rotate(u, +ang);
   return 2;
 }
}
int getTangents(Circle A, Circle B, Point *a, Point *b) {
 int cnt = 0;
 if (A.r < B.r) swap(A, B), swap(a, b);
 int d2 =
   (A.c.x - B.c.x) * (A.c.x - B.c.x) + (A.c.y - B.c.y) * (A.c.y - B.c.y);
 int rdiff = A.r - B.r;
 int rsum = A.r + B.r;
 if (d2 < rdiff * rdiff) return 0;</pre>
 double base = atan2(B.c.y - A.c.y, B.c.x - A.c.x);
 if (d2 == 0 && A.r == B.r) return -1;
 if (d2 == rdiff * rdiff) {
   a[cnt] = A.point(base);
   b[cnt] = B.point(base);
   cnt++;
   return 1;
 double ang = acos((A.r - B.r) / sqrt(d2));
 a[cnt] = A.point(base + ang);
 b[cnt] = B.point(base + ang);
 cnt++;
 a[cnt] = A.point(base - ang);
 b[cnt] = B.point(base - ang);
 cnt++;
 if (d2 == rsum * rsum) {
   a[cnt] = A.point(base);
   b[cnt] = B.point(PI + base);
   cnt++;
 } else if (d2 > rsum * rsum) {
   double ang = acos((A.r + B.r) / sqrt(d2));
   a[cnt] = A.point(base + ang);
   b[cnt] = B.point(PI + base + ang);
   cnt++;
   a[cnt] = A.point(base - ang);
   b[cnt] = B.point(PI + base - ang);
   cnt++;
 }
 return cnt;
Circle CircumscribedCircle(Point p1, Point p2, Point p3) {
 double Bx = p2.x - p1.x, By = p2.y - p1.y;
```

```
double Cx = p3.x - p1.x, Cy = p3.y - p1.y;
 double D = 2 * (Bx * Cy - By * Cx);
 double cx = (Cy * (Bx * Bx + By * By) - By * (Cx * Cx + Cy * Cy)) / D + p1.x;
 double cy = (Bx * (Cx * Cx + Cy * Cy) - Cx * (Bx * Bx + By * By)) / D + p1.y;
 Point p = Point(cx, cy);
 return Circle(p, Length(p1 - p));
}
Circle InscribedCircle(Point p1, Point p2, Point p3) {
 double a = Length(p2 - p3);
 double b = Length(p3 - p1);
 double c = Length(p1 - p2);
 Point p = (p1 * a + p2 * b + p3 * c) / (a + b + c);
 return Circle(p, DistanceToLine(p, p1, p2));
}
vector<Point> CircleThroughPointTangentToLineGivenRadius(Point p, Line L, double r) {
 vector<Point> ans;
 double t1, t2;
 getLineCircleIntersection(L.move(-r), Circle(p, r), t1, t2, ans);
 getLineCircleIntersection(L.move(r), Circle(p, r), t1, t2, ans);
}
vector<Point> CircleTangentToLinesGivenRadius(Line a, Line b, double r) {
 vector<Point> ans:
 Line L1 = a.move(-r), L2 = a.move(r);
 Line L3 = b.move(-r), L4 = b.move(r);
 ans.push_back(GetLineIntersection(L1, L3));
 ans.push_back(GetLineIntersection(L1, L4));
 ans.push_back(GetLineIntersection(L2, L3));
 ans.push_back(GetLineIntersection(L2, L4));
 return ans;
}
vector<Point> CircleTangentToTwoDisjointCirclesWithRadius(Circle c1, Circle c2, double r) {
 vector<Point> ans;
 Vector v = c2.c - c1.c;
 double dist = Length(v);
 int d = dcmp(dist - c1.r - c2.r - r * 2);
 if (d > 0) return ans;
 getCircleCircleIntersection(Circle(c1.c, c1.r + r), Circle(c2.c, c2.r + r), ans);
 return ans;
int getSegCircleIntersection(Line L, Circle C, Point *sol) {
 Vector nor = normal(L.v);
 Line pl = Line(C.c, nor);
 Point ip = GetIntersection(pl, L);
 double dis = Length(ip - C.c);
 if (dcmp(dis - C.r) > 0) return 0;
 Point dxy = vecunit(L.v) * sqrt(sqr(C.r) - sqr(dis));
 int ret = 0;
 sol[ret] = ip + dxy;
 if (OnSegment(sol[ret], L.p, L.point(1))) ret++;
 sol[ret] = ip - dxy;
 if (OnSegment(sol[ret], L.p, L.point(1))) ret++;
 return ret;
double SegCircleArea(Circle C, Point a, Point b) {
 double a1 = angle(a - C.c);
 double a2 = angle(b - C.c);
 double da = fabs(a1 - a2);
 if (da > PI) da = PI * 2.0 - da;
```

```
return dcmp(Cross(b - C.c, a - C.c)) * da * sqr(C.r) / 2.0;
double PolyCiclrArea(Circle C, Point *p, int n) {
 double ret = 0.0;
 Point sol[2];
 p[n] = p[0];
 REP(i, n) {
   double t1, t2;
   int cnt = getSegCircleIntersection(Line(p[i], p[i + 1] - p[i]), C, sol);
   if (cnt == 0) {
     if (!OnOrInCircle(p[i], C) || !OnOrInCircle(p[i + 1], C))
       ret += SegCircleArea(C, p[i], p[i + 1]);
       ret += Cross(p[i + 1] - C.c, p[i] - C.c) / 2.0;
   }
   if (cnt == 1) {
     if (OnOrInCircle(p[i], C) && !OnOrInCircle(p[i + 1], C))
       ret += Cross(sol[0] - C.c, p[i] - C.c) / 2.0,
         ret += SegCircleArea(C, sol[0], p[i + 1]);
       ret += SegCircleArea(C, p[i], sol[0]),
         ret += Cross(p[i + 1] - C.c, sol[0] - C.c) / 2.0;
   }
   if (cnt == 2) {
     if ((p[i] < p[i + 1]) ^ (sol[0] < sol[1])) swap(sol[0], sol[1]);</pre>
     ret += SegCircleArea(C, p[i], sol[0]);
     ret += Cross(sol[1] - C.c, sol[0] - C.c) / 2.0;
     ret += SegCircleArea(C, sol[1], p[i + 1]);
 }
 return fabs(ret);
}
double area[N];
int n;
struct cp {
 double x, y, r, angle;
 int d;
 cp() {}
 cp(double xx, double yy, double ang = 0, int t = 0) {
   x = xx;
   y = yy;
   angle = ang;
   d = t;
 void get() {
   scanf("%lf%lf%lf", &x, &y, &r);
 }
} cir[N], tp[N * 2];
double dis(cp a, cp b) { return sqrt(sqr(a.x - b.x) + sqr(a.y - b.y)); }
double cross(cp p0, cp p1, cp p2) {
 return (p1.x - p0.x) * (p2.y - p0.y) - (p1.y - p0.y) * (p2.x - p0.x);
bool circmp(const cp &u, const cp &v) { return dcmp(u.r - v.r) < 0; }</pre>
bool cmp(const cp &u, const cp &v) {
 if (dcmp(u.angle - v.angle)) return u.angle < v.angle;</pre>
 return u.d > v.d;
}
double calc(cp cir, cp cp1, cp cp2) {
```

```
double ans = (cp2.angle - cp1.angle) * sqr(cir.r) - cross(cir, cp1, cp2) +
        cross(cp(0, 0), cp1, cp2);
 return ans / 2;
}
void CirUnion(cp cir[], int n) {
 cp cp1, cp2;
 sort(cir, cir + n, circmp);
 for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
   for (int j = i + 1; j < n; ++j)
     if (dcmp(dis(cir[i], cir[j]) + cir[i].r - cir[j].r) <= 0)</pre>
       cir[i].d++;
 for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {</pre>
   int tn = 0, cnt = 0;
   for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
     if (i == j) continue;
     if (CirCrossCir(cir[i], cir[i].r, cir[j], cir[j].r, cp2, cp1) < 2)</pre>
       continue;
     cp1.angle = atan2(cp1.y - cir[i].y, cp1.x - cir[i].x);
     cp2.angle = atan2(cp2.y - cir[i].y, cp2.x - cir[i].x);
     cp1.d = 1;
     tp[tn++] = cp1;
     cp2.d = -1;
     tp[tn++] = cp2;
     if (dcmp(cp1.angle - cp2.angle) > 0) cnt++;
   tp[tn++] = cp(cir[i].x - cir[i].r, cir[i].y, pi, -cnt);
   tp[tn++] = cp(cir[i].x - cir[i].r, cir[i].y, -pi, cnt);
   sort(tp, tp + tn, cmp);
   int p, s = cir[i].d + tp[0].d;
   for (int j = 1; j < tn; ++j) {
     p = s;
     s += tp[j].d;
     area[p] += calc(cir[i], tp[j - 1], tp[j]);
 }
}
void solve() {
 scanf("%d", &n);
 for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) cir[i].get();</pre>
 memset(area, 0, sizeof(area));
 CirUnion(cir, n);
 for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i) { area[i] -= area[i + 1]; }</pre>
 double tot = 0;
 for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) tot += area[i];</pre>
 printf("%f\n", tot);
inline double cross(point o, point a, point b) { return (a - o) * (b - o); }
PDI s[maxN * maxp * 2];
Polygon P[maxN];
double S, ts;
int N;
inline double seg(point o, point a, point b) {
 if (cmp(b.x - a.x) == 0) return (o.y - a.y) / (b.y - a.y);
 return (o.x - a.x) / (b.x - a.x);
double PolygonUnion() {
 int M, c1, c2;
 double s1, s2, ret = 0;
 for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)</pre>
```

```
for (int ii = 0; ii < P[i].n; ii++) {</pre>
     M = 0:
     s[M++] = mp(0.00, 0);
     s[M++] = mp(1.00, 0);
     for (int j = 0; j < N; j++)
       if (i != j)
         for (int jj = 0; jj < P[j].n; jj++) {</pre>
           c1 = cmp(cross(P[i][ii], P[i][ii + 1], P[j][jj]));
           c2 = cmp(cross(P[i][ii], P[i][ii + 1], P[j][jj + 1]));
           if (c1 == 0 && c2 == 0) {
             if (((P[i][ii + 1] - P[i][ii]) ^
                (P[j][jj + 1] - P[j][jj])) > 0 &&
               i > j) {
               s[M++] = mp(
                seg(P[j][jj], P[i][ii], P[i][ii + 1]), 1);
               s[M++] = mp(
                seg(P[j][jj + 1], P[i][ii], P[i][ii + 1]),
             }
           } else {
             s1 = cross(P[j][jj], P[j][jj + 1], P[i][ii]);
             s2 = cross(P[j][jj], P[j][jj + 1], P[i][ii + 1]);
             if (c1 >= 0 \&\& c2 < 0)
               s[M++] = mp(s1 / (s1 - s2), 1);
             else if (c1 < 0 \&\& c2 >= 0)
               s[M++] = mp(s1 / (s1 - s2), -1);
           }
         }
     sort(s, s + M);
     double pre = min(max(s[0].x, 0.0), 1.0), now;
     double sum = 0;
     int cov = s[0].y;
     for (int j = 1; j < M; j++) {
       now = min(max(s[j].x, 0.0), 1.0);
       if (!cov) sum += now - pre;
       cov += s[j].y;
       pre = now;
     ret += P[i][ii] * P[i][ii + 1] * sum;
   }
 return ret / 2;
int main() {
 for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
   P[i].n = 4;
   P[i].input();
   ts = P[i].Area();
   if (cmp(ts < 0)) {</pre>
     reverse(P[i].p, P[i].p + P[i].n);
     P[i][P[i].n] = P[i][0];
     ts = -ts;
   }
   S += ts;
 printf("%.91f\n", S / PolygonUnion());
// count(c / a + 1, c % a, a, b) + c / a + 1
long long count(long long n, long long a, long long b, long long m) {
 if (b == 0) { return n * (a / m); }
```

```
if (a >= m) { return n * (a / m) + count(n, a % m, b, m); }
 if (b >= m) { return (n - 1) * n / 2 * (b / m) + count(n, a, b % m, m); }
 return count((a + b * n) / m, (a + b * n) % m, m, b);
}
bool TriSegIntersection(Point3 P0, Point3 P1, Point3 P2, Point3 A, Point3 B, Point3 &P) {
 Vector3 n = Cross(P1 - P0, P2 - P0);
 if (dcmp(Dot(n, B - A)) == 0) return false;
 double t = Dot(n, PO - A) / Dot(n, B - A);
 if (dcmp(t) < 0 \mid | dcmp(t - 1) > 0) return false;
 P = A + (B - A) * t;
 return PointInTri(P, P0, P1, P2);
}
struct Face {
 int v[3];
 Vector3 normal(Point3 *P) const {
   return Cross(P[v[1]] - P[v[0]], P[v[2]] - P[v[0]]);
 int cansee(Point3 *p, int i) const {
   return Dot(P[i] - P[v[0]], normal(P)) > 0 ? 1 : 0;
 }
};
vector<Face> CH3D(Point3 *P, int n) {
 vector<Face> cur;
 cur.push_back((Face){{0, 1, 2}});
 cur.push_back((Face){{2, 1, 0}});
 for (int i = 3; i < n; ++i) {</pre>
   vector<Face> next;
   for (int j = 0; j < cur.size(); ++j) {</pre>
     Face &f = cur[j];
     int res = f.cansee(P, i);
     if (!res) next.push_back(f);
     for (int k = 0; k < 3; ++k) vis[f.v[k]][f.v[(k + 1) % 3]] = res;
   }
   for (int j = 0; j < cur.size(); ++j)</pre>
     for (int k = 0; k < 3; ++k) {
       int a = cur[j].v[k], b = cur[j].v[(k + 1) % 3];
       if (vis[a][b] != vis[b][a] && vis[a][b])
         next.push_back((Face){{a, b, i}});
     }
   cur = next;
 return cur;
```

4.4 3D Convex

```
const int MAXN = 100;
const double EPS = 1e-8;

struct Point
{
    double x,y,z;
    Point(){}
    Point(double xx,double yy,double zz):x(xx),y(yy),z(zz){}

    Point operator -(const Point p1)
    {
```

```
return Point(x-p1.x,y-p1.y,z-p1.z);
      }
      Point operator *(Point p)
            return Point(y*p.z-z*p.y,z*p.x-x*p.z,x*p.y-y*p.x);
      }
      double operator ^(Point p)
            return (x*p.x+y*p.y+z*p.z);
      }
};
struct CH3D
      struct face
            int a,b,c;
            bool ok;
      };
      int n;
      Point P[MAXN];
      int num;
      face F[8*MAXN];
      int g[MAXN] [MAXN];
      double vlen(Point a)
      {
            return sqrt(a.x*a.x+a.y*a.y+a.z*a.z);
      }
      Point cross(const Point &a, const Point &b, const Point &c)
            return Point((b.y-a.y)*(c.z-a.z)-(b.z-a.z)*(c.y-a.y),-((b.x-a.x)*(c.z-a.z)
               -(b.z-a.z)*(c.x-a.x)), (b.x-a.x)*(c.y-a.y)-(b.y-a.y)*(c.x-a.x));
      double area(Point a,Point b,Point c)
                                                                       //*2
      {
            return vlen((b-a)*(c-a));
      }
      double volume(Point a,Point b,Point c,Point d)
                                                                      //*6
            return (b-a)*(c-a)^(d-a);
      double dblcmp(Point &p,face &f)
            Point m=P[f.b]-P[f.a];
            Point n=P[f.c]-P[f.a];
            Point t=p-P[f.a];
            return (m*n)^t;
      }
      void deal(int p,int a,int b)
```

```
{
    int f=g[a][b];
    face add;
    if(F[f].ok)
    {
         if(dblcmp(P[p],F[f])>EPS)
             dfs(p,f);
         else
         {
             add.a=b;
             add.b=a;
             add.c=p;
             add.ok=1;
             g[p][b]=g[a][p]=g[b][a]=num;
             F[num++]=add;
         }
    }
}
void dfs(int p,int now)
    F[now].ok=0;
    deal(p,F[now].b,F[now].a);
    deal(p,F[now].c,F[now].b);
    deal(p,F[now].a,F[now].c);
}
bool same(int s,int t)
    Point &a=P[F[s].a];
    Point &b=P[F[s].b];
    Point &c=P[F[s].c];
    return fabs(volume(a,b,c,P[F[t].a]))<EPS && fabs(volume(a,b,c,P[F[t].b]))<EPS</pre>
        && fabs(volume(a,b,c,P[F[t].c])) < EPS;
}
void solve()
    int i,j,tmp;
    face add;
    bool flag=true;
    num=0;
    if(n<4)
       return;
    for(i=1;i<n;i++)</pre>
        if(vlen(P[0]-P[i])>EPS)
        {
               swap(P[1],P[i]);
               flag=false;
               break;
        }
    }
     if(flag)
        return;
    flag=true;
    for(i=2;i<n;i++)</pre>
    {
         if(vlen((P[0]-P[1])*(P[1]-P[i]))>EPS)
```

```
{
               swap(P[2],P[i]);
               flag=false;
               break;
         }
    }
    if(flag)
        return;
    flag=true;
    for(i=3;i<n;i++)</pre>
    {
          if(fabs((P[0]-P[1])*(P[1]-P[2])^(P[0]-P[i]))>EPS)
                swap(P[3],P[i]);
                flag=false;
                break;
          }
    }
    if(flag)
        return;
    for(i=0;i<4;i++)</pre>
           add.a=(i+1)%4;
           add.b=(i+2)\%4;
           add.c=(i+3)\%4;
           add.ok=true;
           if(dblcmp(P[i],add)>0)
               swap(add.b,add.c);
           g[add.a] [add.b] = g[add.b] [add.c] = g[add.c] [add.a] = num;
           F[num++]=add;
    }
    for(i=4;i<n;i++)</pre>
        for(j=0;j<num;j++)</pre>
             if(F[j].ok && dblcmp(P[i],F[j])>EPS)
                  dfs(i,j);
                  break;
        }
    }
    tmp=num;
    for(i=num=0;i<tmp;i++)</pre>
      if(F[i].ok)
      {
             F[num++]=F[i];
      }
double area()
      double res=0.0;
      if(n==3)
      {
           Point p=cross(P[0],P[1],P[2]);
           res=vlen(p)/2.0;
           return res;
      }
```

}

```
for(int i=0;i<num;i++)</pre>
         res+=area(P[F[i].a],P[F[i].b],P[F[i].c]);
      return res/2.0;
}
double volume()
      double res=0.0;
      Point tmp(0,0,0);
      for(int i=0;i<num;i++)</pre>
         res+=volume(tmp,P[F[i].a],P[F[i].b],P[F[i].c]);
      return fabs(res/6.0);
}
int triangle()
{
      return num;
}
int polygon()
    int i,j,res,flag;
   for(i=res=0;i<num;i++)</pre>
        flag=1;
        for(j=0;j<i;j++)</pre>
         if(same(i,j))
              flag=0;
              break;
         }
        res+=flag;
    }
    return res;
}
Point getcent()
   Point ans(0,0,0),temp=P[F[0].a];
    double v = 0.0,t2;
    for(int i=0;i<num;i++){</pre>
       if(F[i].ok == true){
           Point p1=P[F[i].a],p2=P[F[i].b],p3=P[F[i].c];
           t2 = volume(temp,p1,p2,p3)/6.0;
           if(t2>0){
               ans.x += (p1.x+p2.x+p3.x+temp.x)*t2;
               ans.y += (p1.y+p2.y+p3.y+temp.y)*t2;
               ans.z += (p1.z+p2.z+p3.z+temp.z)*t2;
               v += t2;
           }
       }
    }
    ans.x /= (4*v); ans.y /= (4*v); ans.z /= (4*v);
    return ans;
 }
 double function(Point fuck){
    double min=99999999;
    for(int i=0;i<num;i++){</pre>
       if(F[i].ok==true){
           Point p1=P[F[i].a] , p2=P[F[i].b] , p3=P[F[i].c];
```

5 Math

5.1 EX GCD

```
void gcd(int a, int b, int &d, int &x, int &y) {
   if(!b) {
      d = a;
      x = 1;
      y = 0;
   } else {
      gcd(b, a % b, d, y, x);
      y -= x * (a / b);
   }
}
//ax + by = gcd(a, b)
//when gcd(a, b) = 1, ax = 1 (mod b)
```

5.2 Romberg

```
const int MAX = 18;
double f(double x) {
}
double Romberg (double a, double b) {
#define MAX_N 18
   int i, j, temp2, min;
   double h, R[2][MAX_N], temp4;
   for (i = 0; i < MAX_N; i++) {</pre>
       R[0][i] = 0.0;
       R[1][i] = 0.0;
   }
   h = b - a;
   min = (int)(log(h * 10.0) / log(2.0)); //h should be at most 0.1
   R[0][0] = (f(a) + f(b)) * h * 0.50;
   i = 1;
   temp2 = 1;
```

```
while (i < MAX_N) {</pre>
   i++:
   R[1][0] = 0.0;
   for (j = 1; j \le temp2; j++)
       R[1][0] += f(a + h * ((double)j - 0.50));
   R[1][0] = (R[0][0] + h * R[1][0]) * 0.50;
   temp4 = 4.0;
   for (j = 1; j < i; j++) {
       R[1][j] = R[1][j-1] + (R[1][j-1] - R[0][j-1]) / (temp4 - 1.0);
       temp4 *= 4.0;
   if ((fabs(R[1][i - 1] - R[0][i - 2]) < eps) && (i > min))
       return R[1][i - 1];
   h *= 0.50;
   temp2 *= 2;
   for (j = 0; j < i; j++)
       R[0][j] = R[1][j];
}
return R[1][MAX_N - 1];
```

5.3 Miller Rabin-Pollard rho

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<time.h>
#include<iostream>
#include<algorithm>
using namespace std;
// Miller_Rabin Prime Test
// for number < 2^63
const int S = 20; //test times
//cal (a*b)%c.
// a,b,c <2^63
long long mult_mod(long long a, long long b, long long c) {
  a %= c;
  b %= c;
  long long ret = 0;
  while(b) {
     if(b & 1) {
        ret += a;
        ret %= c;
     }
     a <<= 1;
     if(a >= c)a \%= c;
     b >>= 1;
  }
  return ret;
}
```

```
//cal x^n %c
long long pow_mod(long long x, long long n, long long mod) { //x^n%c
   if(n == 1)return x % mod;
   x \%= mod;
   long long tmp = x;
   long long ret = 1;
   while(n) {
       if(n & 1) ret = mult_mod(ret, tmp, mod);
       tmp = mult_mod(tmp, tmp, mod);
       n >>= 1;
   }
   return ret;
}
//true for composite numbers
bool check(long long a, long long n, long long x, long long t) {
   long long ret = pow_mod(a, x, n);
   long long last = ret;
   for(int i = 1; i <= t; i++) {</pre>
       ret = mult_mod(ret, ret, n);
       if(ret == 1 && last != 1 && last != n - 1) return true;
       last = ret;
   }
   if(ret != 1) return true;
   return false;
}
bool Miller_Rabin(long long n) {
   if(n < 2)return false;</pre>
   if(n == 2)return true;
   if((n & 1) == 0) return false; // even number
   long long x = n - 1;
   long long t = 0;
   while((x & 1) == 0) {
       x >>= 1;
       t++;
   }
   for(int i = 0; i < S; i++) {</pre>
       long long a = rand() \% (n - 1) + 1;
       if(check(a, n, x, t))
          return false; //composite numbers
   }
   return true;
}
//***************
//pollard_rho prime factor decomposition
//***************
long long factor[100]; //decomposition result
int tol; //prime factor count
long long gcd(long long a, long long b) {
   if(a == 0)return 1;
   if(a < 0) return gcd(-a, b);</pre>
   while(b) {
       long long t = a % b;
```

```
a = b;
       b = t;
   }
   return a;
}
long long Pollard_rho(long long x, long long c) {
   long long i = 1, k = 2;
   long long x0 = rand() % x;
   long long y = x0;
   while(1) {
       i++;
       x0 = (mult_mod(x0, x0, x) + c) % x;
       long long d = gcd(y - x0, x);
       if(d != 1 && d != x) return d;
       if(y == x0) return x;
       if(i == k) {
           y = x0;
           k += k;
       }
   }
}
//decomposition n
void findfac(long long n) {
   if(n == 1) return;
   if(Miller_Rabin(n)) {
       factor[tol++] = n;
       return;
   }
   long long p = n;
   while(p >= n)p = Pollard_rho(p, rand() \% (n - 1) + 1);
   findfac(p);
   findfac(n / p);
}
int main() {
   srand(time(NULL));
   long long n;
   while(scanf("%I64d", &n) != EOF) {
       tol = 0;
       findfac(n);
       for(int i = 0; i < tol; i++)printf("%I64d ", factor[i]);</pre>
       printf("\n");
       if(Miller_Rabin(n))printf("Yes\n");
       else printf("No\n");
   }
   return 0;
}
```

5.4 FWT XOR

```
inline int ck(int x) {
   if(x < 0) x += mod;
   if(x >= mod) x -= mod;
   return x;
}
```

```
int tmp[1 << 16];</pre>
void tf(int a[], int ta[], int n) {
   if(n == 1) {
       ta[0] = a[0];
       return;
   }
   int x = n \gg 1;
   tf(a, ta, x);
   tf(a + x, ta + x, x);
   for(int i = 0; i < x; ++ i) {</pre>
       tmp[i] = ck(ta[i] - ta[x + i]);
       tmp[x + i] = ck(ta[i] + ta[x + i]);
   for(int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) ta[i] = tmp[i];</pre>
}
LL inv2;
void utf(int a[], int ta[], int n) {
   if(n == 1) {
       ta[0] = a[0];
       return;
   }
   int x = n \gg 1;
   for(int i = 0; i < x; ++ i) {</pre>
       tmp[i] = (a[i] + a[i + x]) * inv2 % mod;
       tmp[i + x] = (a[i + x] - a[i] + mod) * inv2 % mod;
   for(int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) a[i] = tmp[i];</pre>
   utf(a, ta, x);
   utf(a + x, ta + x, x);
}
```

5.5 FNT Base 2

```
//1004535809 3
//211812353 3
//10000000025100289 22
//1100000009994241 17
//10000000135659521 3
//mod:prime g:prime root
const int mod = 998244353, g = 3;
int _g[30], _ig[30];
LL invl;
int pow_mod(LL a, int b) {
   LL c = 1;
   while(b) {
       if(b & 1) c = c * a % mod;
       b >>= 1;
       a = a * a \% mod;
   }
   return c;
}
```

```
void init() {
   for(int i = 0; i < 30; ++i) {</pre>
        g[i] = pow_mod(g, (mod - 1) / (1 << i));
        _{ig}[i] = pow_{mod}(_{g}[i], mod - 2);
   }
}
void FNT(int F[], int len, int f) {
   int i, j, k, cnt = 1;
   LL x, y, w = 1, wn;
   for(i = 1, j = len >> 1; i < len - 1; ++i) {</pre>
       if(i < j) swap(F[i], F[j]);</pre>
       k = len >> 1;
       while(j \ge k) j = k, k \ge 1;
        j |= k;
   }
   for(i = 1; i < len; i <<= 1) {</pre>
       wn = f ? _g[cnt++] : _ig[cnt++];
       for(j = 0; j < len; <math>j += i << 1, w = 1) {
           for(k = j; k < j + i; ++k, w = w * wn % mod) {
               x = F[k]; y = w * F[k + i] % mod;
               F[k] = x + y;
               F[k + i] = x - y;
               if(F[k] >= mod) F[k] -= mod;
               if(F[k + i] < 0) F[k + i] += mod;
       }
   }
   if(!f) {
       for(i = 0; i < len; ++i) {</pre>
           F[i] = F[i] * invl % mod;
        }
   }
}
int a[150000], b[150000];
void conv(int ca[], int l1, int cb[], int l2, int c[], int &l) {
   1 = 1; while(1 < 11 + 12) 1 <<= 1;</pre>
   init(); invl = pow_mod(1, mod - 2);
   for(int i = 0; i < 1; ++i) {</pre>
       a[i] = i < 11 ? ca[i] : 0;
       b[i] = i < 12 ? cb[i] : 0;
   }
   FNT(a, 1, 1); FNT(b, 1, 1);
   for(int i = 0; i < 1; ++i) a[i] = (LL)a[i] * b[i] % mod;</pre>
   FNT(a, 1, 0);
   for(int i = 0; i < 1; ++i) c[i] = a[i];</pre>
}
```

5.6 FNT Base 3

```
const int P = 258280327, G = 5, B = 3;
const int N = 531441;
int pow_mod(ll a, int b) {
  int c = 1;
```

```
while(b) {
       if(b & 1) c = c * a % P;
       b >>= 1;
       a = a * a % P;
   }
   return c;
}
int w[2][N], rev[N];
void init() {
   ll t = pow_mod(G, (P - 1) / N);
   w[0][0] = w[1][0] = 1;
   for(int i = 1; i < N; ++ i) {</pre>
       w[0][i] = w[0][i - 1] * t % P;
   for(int i = 1; i < N; ++ i) {</pre>
       w[1][i] = w[0][N - i];
   for(int i = 0; i < N; ++ i) {</pre>
       for(int j = 1; j < N; j *= B) {
           (rev[i] *= B) += i / j % B;
       }
   }
}
void ntt(int *a, int n, int o) {
   int tt = N / n, d = N / B;
   for(int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) {</pre>
       int j = rev[i] / tt;
       if(i < j) swap(a[i], a[j]);</pre>
   for(int i = 1; i < n; i *= B) {</pre>
       for(int j = 0, t = N / (i * B); j < n; j += i * B) {
           for(int k = 0, l = 0; k < i; ++ k, l += t) {
               int x = a[j + k], y = a[j + k + i], z = a[j + k + i + i];
               a[j + k] = (x + (11)y * w[o][1] + (11)z * w[o][1 + 1]) % P;
               a[j + k + i] = (x + (11)y * w[o][1 + d] + (11)z * w[o][(1 + 1 + d + d) % N]) % P;
               a[j + k + i + i] = (x + (11)y * w[o][1 + d + d] + (11)z * w[o][(1 + d + d) * 2 - N])
                   % P;
           }
       }
   }
   if(o == 1) {
       11 inv = pow_mod(n, P - 2);
       for(int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) {</pre>
           a[i] = a[i] * inv % P;
   }
}
int getlen(int n) {
   int r = 1;
   while(r < n) r *= B;
   return r;
}
```

5.7 FNT All

```
const int P = 258280327, G = 5;
struct Number_Theory_Transform {
   #define size 531441
   int N, *W, w[2][size], tmp[size];
   int pow_mod(ll a, int b) {
       int c = 1;
       while(b) {
           if(b & 1) c = c * a % P;
           b >>= 1;
           a = a * a % P;
       }
       return c;
   void prepare(int n) {
       if(N == n) return;
       N = n;
       int x = pow_mod(G, (P - 1) / n);
       int y = pow_mod(x, P - 2);
       w[0][0] = w[1][0] = 1;
       for(int i = 1; i < n; ++ i) {</pre>
           w[0][i] = (11)w[0][i - 1] * x % P;
           w[1][i] = (l1)w[1][i - 1] * y % P;
       }
   }
   void work(int *A, int n) {
       if(n == 1) return;
       int i, j, k = 0, l, x, m, u = W[N / n], w = 1;
       for(x = 2; n % x; ++ x); m = n / x;
       for(i = 0; i < x; ++ i) {</pre>
           for(j = i; j < n; j += x) {
               tmp[k ++] = A[j];
       }
       for(i = 0; i < n; ++ i) A[i] = tmp[i];</pre>
       for(i = 1 = 0; i < x; ++ i, 1 += m) work(A + 1, m);</pre>
       for(i = j = 0; i < n; ++ i) {</pre>
           for(1 = j + x * m - m, k = x, tmp[i] = 0; k; -- k, 1 -= m) {
               tmp[i] = ((11)w * tmp[i] + A[1]) % P;
           }
           w = (11) w * u % P;
           if(++ j == m) j = 0;
       for(int i = 0; i < n; ++ i) A[i] = tmp[i];</pre>
   }
   void DFT(int *A, int n) {
       prepare(n);
       W = w[O];
       work(A, n);
   }
   void IDFT(int *A, int n) {
       prepare(n);
       W = w[1];
       work(A, n);
       for(int i = 0, x = pow_mod(n, P - 2); i < n; ++ i) {
           A[i] = (11)A[i] * x % P;
```

```
}
#undef size
} NTT;
```

5.8 FFT Normal

```
const double PI = acos(-1.0);
struct Virt {
   double r, i;
   Virt(double r = 0.0, double i = 0.0) {
       this \rightarrow r = r;
       this->i = i;
   }
   Virt operator + (const Virt &x) {
       return Virt(r + x.r, i + x.i);
   Virt operator - (const Virt &x) {
       return Virt(r - x.r, i - x.i);
   Virt operator * (const Virt &x) {
       return Virt(r * x.r - i * x.i, i * x.r + r * x.i);
};
void Rader(Virt F[], int len) {
   int i, j, k;
   for(i = 1, j = len / 2; i < len - 1; i++) {</pre>
       if(i < j) swap(F[i], F[j]);</pre>
       k = len / 2;
       while(j \ge k) {
           j -= k;
           k >>= 1;
       if(j < k) j += k;
   }
}
void FFT(Virt F[], int len, int on) {
   Rader(F, len);
   for(int h = 2; h <= len; h <<= 1) {</pre>
       Virt wn(cos(-on * 2 * PI / h), sin(-on * 2 * PI / h));
       for(int j = 0; j < len; j += h) {</pre>
           Virt w(1, 0);
           for(int k = j; k < j + h / 2; k++) {
               Virt u = F[k];
               Virt t = w * F[k + h / 2];
               F[k] = u + t;
               F[k + h / 2] = u - t;
               w = w * wn;
           }
       }
```

```
}
if(on == -1)
    for(int i = 0; i < len; i++)
        F[i].r /= len;
}</pre>
```

5.9 FFT

```
#include <algorithm>
#include <cmath>
using namespace std;
const int mod = 1e9 + 7;
const int max0 = 1 << 17;
struct comp
{
       double x, y;
       comp() : x(0), y(0) {}
       comp(const double &_x, const double &_y) : x(_x), y(_y) {}
};
inline comp operator+(const comp &a, const comp &b)
{
       return comp(a.x + b.x, a.y + b.y);
}
inline comp operator-(const comp &a, const comp &b)
{
       return comp(a.x - b.x, a.y - b.y);
}
inline comp operator*(const comp &a, const comp &b)
{
       return comp(a.x * b.x - a.y * b.y, a.x * b.y + a.y * b.x);
}
inline comp conj(const comp &a) { return comp(a.x, -a.y); }
const double PI = acos(-1);
int N, L;
comp w[max0 + 5];
int bitrev[max0 + 5];
void fft(comp *a, const int &n)
{
       for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i)</pre>
              if (i < bitrev[i])</pre>
                      swap(a[i], a[bitrev[i]]);
       for (int i = 2, lyc = n >> 1; i <= n; i <<= 1, lyc >>= 1)
              for (int j = 0; j < n; j += i)
              {
```

```
comp *l = a + j, *r = a + j + (i >> 1), *p = w;
                      for (int k = 0; k < i >> 1; ++k)
                      {
                              comp tmp = *r * *p;
                              *r = *l - tmp, *l = *l + tmp;
                              ++1, ++r, p += lyc;
                      }
               }
}
inline void fft_prepare()
       for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i)</pre>
               bitrev[i] = bitrev[i >> 1] >> 1 | ((i & 1) << (L - 1));
       for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i)</pre>
               w[i] = comp(cos(2 * PI * i / N), sin(2 * PI * i / N));
}
inline vector<int> conv(const vector<int> &x, const vector<int> &y)
       static comp a[max0 + 5], b[max0 + 5];
       static comp dfta[max0 + 5], dftb[max0 + 5], dftc[max0 + 5], dftd[max0 + 5];
       L = 0;
       while ((1 << L) < x.size() + y.size() - 1)</pre>
               ++L;
       N = 1 \ll L;
       fft_prepare();
       for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i)</pre>
               a[i] = b[i] = comp(0, 0);
       for (int i = 0; i < x.size(); ++i)</pre>
               a[i] = comp(x[i] & 32767, x[i] >> 15);
       for (int i = 0; i < y.size(); ++i)</pre>
               b[i] = comp(y[i] & 32767, y[i] >> 15);
       fft(a, N), fft(b, N);
       for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i)</pre>
       ₹
               int j = (N - i) & (N - 1);
               static comp da, db, dc, dd;
               da = (a[i] + conj(a[j])) * comp(0.5, 0);
               db = (a[i] - conj(a[j])) * comp(0, -0.5);
               dc = (b[i] + conj(b[j])) * comp(0.5, 0);
               dd = (b[i] - conj(b[j])) * comp(0, -0.5);
               dfta[j] = da * dc;
               dftb[j] = da * dd;
               dftc[j] = db * dc;
               dftd[j] = db * dd;
       for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i)</pre>
               a[i] = dfta[i] + dftb[i] * comp(0, 1);
       for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i)</pre>
               b[i] = dftc[i] + dftd[i] * comp(0, 1);
       fft(a, N), fft(b, N);
       vector<int> z(x.size() + y.size() - 1);
       for (int i = 0; i < x.size() + y.size() - 1; ++i)</pre>
       {
               int da = (long long)(a[i].x / N + 0.5) \% mod;
               int db = (long long)(a[i].y / N + 0.5) \% mod;
               int dc = (long long)(b[i].x / N + 0.5) \% mod;
               int dd = (long long)(b[i].y / N + 0.5) % mod;
```

```
z[i] = (da + ((long long)(db + dc) << 15) + ((long long)dd << 30)) % mod;
}
return z;
}</pre>
```

6 Others

6.1 Big Number

```
#include<iostream>
#include<string>
#include<iomanip>
#include<algorithm>
using namespace std;
#define MAXN 9999
#define DLEN 4
class BigNum{
private:
  int a[300];//DLEN digs for a position
  int len;
public:
  BigNum(){len = 1;memset(a,0,sizeof(a));}
  BigNum(const int b);
  BigNum(const BigNum & T);
           Bigger(const BigNum &) const;
  BigNum & operator=(const BigNum &);
  BigNum & Add(const BigNum &);
  BigNum & Sub(const BigNum &);
  BigNum operator+(const BigNum &) const;
  BigNum operator-(const BigNum &) const;
  BigNum operator*(const BigNum &) const;
  BigNum operator/(const int &) const;
  void Print();
BigNum::BigNum(const int b)
  int c,d = b;
  len = 0;
  memset(a,0,sizeof(a));
  while(d > MAXN){
     c = d - d / (MAXN + 1) * (MAXN + 1);
     d = d / (MAXN + 1);
     a[len++] = c;
  a[len++] = d;
BigNum::BigNum(const BigNum & T) : len(T.len)
  int i;
  memset(a,0,sizeof(a));
  for(i = 0 ; i < len ; i++)</pre>
     a[i] = T.a[i];
```

```
bool BigNum::Bigger(const BigNum & T) const
  int ln;
  if(len > T.len) return true;
  else if(len == T.len){
     ln = len - 1;
     while(a[ln] == T.a[ln] && ln >= 0) ln--;
     if(ln >= 0 && a[ln] > T.a[ln]) return true;
     else return false;
  }
  else return false;
BigNum & BigNum::operator=(const BigNum & n)
  len = n.len;
  memset(a,0,sizeof(a));
  for(int i = 0 ; i < len ; i++)</pre>
     a[i] = n.a[i];
  return *this;
BigNum & BigNum::Add(const BigNum & T)
  int i,big;
  big = T.len > len ? T.len : len;
  for(i = 0 ; i < big ; i++)</pre>
     a[i] = a[i] + T.a[i];
     if(a[i] > MAXN)
        a[i + 1]++;
        a[i] = a[i] - MAXN - 1;
  if(a[big] != 0) len = big + 1;
  else len = big;
  return *this;
BigNum & BigNum::Sub(const BigNum & T)
  int i,j,big;
  big = T.len > len ? T.len : len;
  for(i = 0 ; i < big ; i++){}
     if(a[i] < T.a[i]){</pre>
        j = i + 1;
        while(a[j] == 0) j++;
        a[j--]--;
        while(j > i) a[j--] += MAXN;
        a[i] = a[i] + MAXN + 1 - T.a[i];
     else a[i] -= T.a[i];
  len = big;
  while(a[len - 1] == 0 && len > 1) len--;
  return *this;
}
```

```
BigNum BigNum::operator+(const BigNum & n) const
{
  BigNum a = *this;
  a.Add(n);
  return a;
BigNum BigNum::operator-(const BigNum & T) const
  BigNum b = *this;
  b.Sub(T);
  return b;
}
BigNum BigNum::operator*(const BigNum & T) const
  BigNum ret;
  int i,j,up;
  int temp,temp1;
  for(i = 0 ; i < len ; i++){</pre>
     up = 0;
     for(j = 0 ; j < T.len ; j++){}
        temp = a[i] * T.a[j] + ret.a[i + j] + up;
        if(temp > MAXN){
           temp1 = temp - temp / (MAXN + 1) * (MAXN + 1);
           up = temp / (MAXN + 1);
           ret.a[i + j] = temp1;
        }
        else {
           up = 0;
           ret.a[i + j] = temp;
        }
     }
     if(up != 0)
        ret.a[i + j] = up;
  }
  ret.len = i + j;
  while(ret.a[ret.len - 1] == 0 && ret.len > 1) ret.len--;
  return ret;
}
BigNum BigNum::operator/(const int & b) const
  BigNum ret;
  int i,down = 0;
  for(i = len - 1; i >= 0; i--){
     ret.a[i] = (a[i] + down * (MAXN + 1)) / b;
     down = a[i] + down * (MAXN + 1) - ret.a[i] * b;
  }
  ret.len = len;
  while(ret.a[ret.len - 1] == 0) ret.len--;
  return ret;
void BigNum::Print()
  int i;
  cout << a[len - 1];</pre>
```

```
for(i = len - 2; i >= 0; i--){
    cout.width(DLEN);
    cout.fill('0');
    cout << a[i];
}
cout << endl;
}</pre>
```

6.2 Long Long Mul

```
long long Mul(long long x, long long y) {
   return (x * y - (long long)(x / (long double)P * y + 1e-3) * P + P) % P;
}
```

6.3 Fast IO

```
inline void R(int &x) {
  char c; bool sign = false;
  for (c = getchar(); c<'0' || c>'9'; c = getchar()) if (c=='-') sign = true;
  for (x = 0; c>='0' && c<='9'; c = getchar()) x = x*10+c-'0';
  sign && (x=-x);
}</pre>
```