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**Procedure 2** Generate Pattern database using BFS.

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1: Initialize a pattern database as dict( )
2: Initialize matrix  $X \leftarrow [1,0,-1,0]$  and  $Y \leftarrow [0,1,0,-1]$ 
3: Set num_of_patterns  $\leftarrow i$  for  $i$  in initial pattern if  $i$  is not equal to zero
4: Set QUEUE  $\leftarrow$  deque([(initial pattern, 0)])
5: Initialize the string of initial pattern as the list of the pattern database  $\leftarrow 0$ 
6: while QUEUE:
7:     Set current state, current move  $\leftarrow$  QUEUE.popleft( )
8:     For num_of_pattern  $\in$  num_of_patterns :
9:         Initialize num_move_tile  $\leftarrow$  current state of pattern number as index
10:        Put  $i, j \leftarrow$  num_move_tile // 4, num_move_tile % 4
11:        For  $x, y \in \text{zip}(X, Y)$  :
12:            Initialize  $r, p \leftarrow i + x, j + y$ 
13:            Initialize new state  $\leftarrow$  np.array(np.array(current state).reshape(4, 4))
14:            If  $0 \leq r < 4$  and  $0 \leq p < 4$  and new state[ $r, p$ ] == 0:
15:                Set new state[ $i, j$ ], new state[ $r, p$ ]  $\leftarrow$  new state[ $r, p$ ], new state[ $i, j$ ]
16:                Put new state = new state.flatten( ).tolist( )
17:                If new state  $\notin$  pattern database :
18:                    QUEUE.append((new state, current move + 1))
19:                    Set pattern database[str(new state)] = current move + 1
20: Return pattern database
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