Modeling Zombies and Infection

Ricky Marske and Steven Rosendahl

A Simple Model

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 - Left with the system

$$\begin{cases} S' = -\beta(t)SI \\ I' = \beta(t)SI - vI \\ R' = vI \end{cases}$$

Adding Complexity

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We will look at each one of these additional features individually

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$$Z(x,t) = \frac{Z_0}{L} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2Z_0}{n\pi} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}x\right) e^{\left(-\left(\frac{n\pi}{L}\right)^2 Dt\right)}$$

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- This behavior can be modeled using NetLogo

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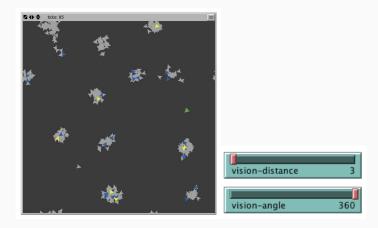
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NetLogo Zombie Model

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Societal Groups



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 - 3. Does not account for carriers of the disease

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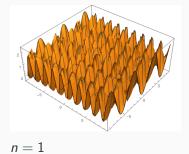
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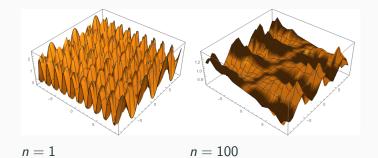
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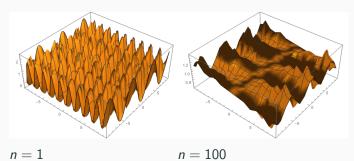
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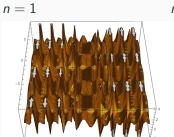
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- This yields the solution

$$u(x,t) = \zeta + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (k_1 \sin t + k_2 \cos t) \sin n\pi x$$

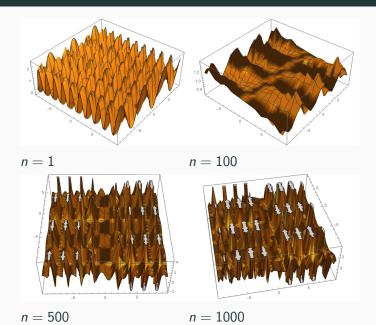








n = 500



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- ullet There is a saddle regardless of ζ
- The system will move towards the saddle no matter what

References