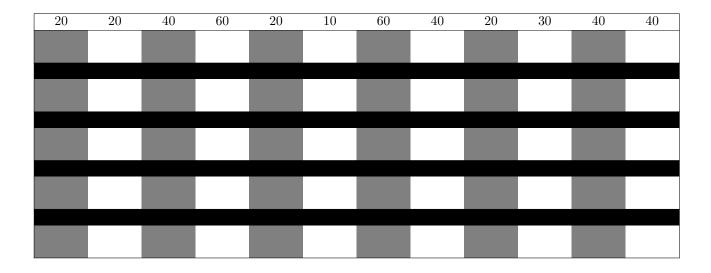
Exam Review

1 Memory Partitioning

The following diagram shows a partition of memory. If three separate requests for memory of 40M, 20M, and 10M are made, determine the spots in memory where the requests will each be placed, and indicate the beginning address of the request based on the following policies:

- 1. First Fit
- 2. Best Fit
- 3. Next Fit
- 4. Worst Fit

The grey blocks represent already filled spaces in memory.



2 Memory Allocation

A 1Mb block of memory is allocated using the buddy method. Show the resulting partitions in the following diagram if they recieve the following memory requests:

$$A = 70K$$

$$B = 35K$$

$$C = 80K$$

$$D = 60K$$

The memory is requested/released as follows:

1. Request A

5. Request D

2. Request B

6. Return B

3. Request C

7. Return D

4. Return A

8. Return C

		Initial					
	A	1	28	2	256	512	Request A
	A	В	64	2	256	512	Request B
	A	В	64	С	128	512	Request C
1	28	В	64	С	128	512	Return A
D	64	В	64	С	128	512	Request D
D	D 64 128				128	512	Return B
	25	56		C 128 512			Return D
		Return C					

3 Paging I

Given the following table, determine which physical address, if any, the following virtual address would correspond.

1103 2325 5544

VPN	Valid Bit	Reference Bit	Modify Bit	PFN
0	1	1	0	4
1	1	1	1	7
2	0	0	0	-
3	1	0	0	2
4	0	0	0	-
5	1	0	1	0

$$1103 = (1*1024) + 79 \qquad 2325 = (2*1024) + 277 \qquad 5544 = (5*1024) + 424$$

$$\implies \text{PFN: 7} \qquad \implies \text{PFN: -} \qquad \implies \text{PFN: 0}$$

$$Address = (7*1024) + 79 \qquad \implies \text{PAGE FAULT} \qquad \text{Address} = (0*1024) + 424$$

$$= 7247 \qquad \qquad = 79$$

4 Paging II

Given the following table, assume there is a page fault at 4. Determine which page will be replaced using the following policies:

- 1. FIFO
- 2. LRU
- 3. Clock
- 4. Optimal (Assume the remaining sequence is 4, 0, 0, 0, 2, 4, 2, 1, 0, 3, 2)

VPN	Time Loaded	Reference Time	R-Bit	M-Bit
2	60	161	0	1
1	130	160	1	0
0	26	162	1	0
3	20	163	1	1

VPN	3	0	2	1		1	2	0	3	4
VPN In Memory	3	3	3	3		3	3	3	3	4
		0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
			2	2		2	2	2	2	2
				1		1	1	1	1	1
Time	20	26	60	130		160	161	162	163	164
VPN	3	0	2	1		1	2	0	3	4
VPN In Memory	3	3	3	3		3	3	3	3	3
		0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
			2	2		2	2	2	2	2
				1		1	1	1	1	4
Time	20	26	60	130		160	161	162	163	164
VPN	3	0	2	1		1	2	0	3	4
VPN VPN In Memory	3	0 3	3	1 3		1 3	3	0 3	3	3
	l	-								
	l	3	3	3		3	3	3	3	3
	l	3	3	3		3	3	3	3	3
	l	3	3	3 0 2		3 0 2	3 0 2	3 0 2	3 0 2	3 0 4*
VPN In Memory	3	3 0	3 0 2	3 0 2 1		3 0 2 1	3 0 2 1	3 0 2 1	3 0 2 1	3 0 4* 1*
VPN In Memory	3	3 0 26	3 0 2	3 0 2 1		3 0 2 1 160	3 0 2 1 161	3 0 2 1	3 0 2 1 163	3 0 4* 1* 164
VPN In Memory Time	3 20	3 0	3 0 2 60	3 0 2 1 130		3 0 2 1 160	3 0 2 1 161	3 0 2 1 162	3 0 2 1 163	3 0 4* 1* 164
VPN In Memory Time VPN	3 20 1	3 0 26	3 0 2 60	3 0 2 1 130		3 0 2 1 160	3 0 2 1 161	3 0 2 1 162	3 0 2 1 163	3 0 4* 1* 164
VPN In Memory Time VPN	3 20 1 3	3 0 26 2 3	3 0 2 60 0 3	3 0 2 1 130 3 3	4	3 0 2 1 160	3 0 2 1 161	3 0 2 1 162	3 0 2 1 163	3 0 4* 1* 164
VPN In Memory Time VPN	20 1 3 0	3 0 26 2 3 0	3 0 2 60 0 3 0	3 0 2 1 130 3 3	 4 4 0	3 0 2 1 160	3 0 2 1 161	3 0 2 1 162	3 0 2 1 163	3 0 4* 1* 164

5 Processor Scheduling

Example: Determine the processor scheduling times of the following policies:

- 1. First Come First Serve
- 2. Round Robin (q = 1)
- 3. Round Robin (q = 4)

Process Number	Arrival Time	Service Time
1	0	6
2	1	2
3	4	5
4	5	7

Process Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1 Tocess Tvullibel	1		J	4	J	U	1	0	9	10	11	12	10	14	10	10	11	10	19	20
1																				
2																				
3																				
4																				
1																				
2																				
3																				
4																				
1																				
2																				
3																				
4																				

- 1. First Come First Serve
- 2. Round Robin (q = 1)
- 3. Round Robin (q = 4)
- 4. Shortest Process Next
- 5. Shortest Remaining Time
- 6. Highest Response Ratio Next (Response Ratio = $\frac{\text{wait time} + \text{service time}}{\text{service time}})$
- 7. Feedback (q = 1)
- 8. Feedback (q = 2^i)

Process Name	Arrival Time	Service Time
1	0	3
2	1	5
3	3	2
4	9	5
5	12	5

Process Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1																				
2																				
3																				
4																				
5																				
1																				
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5																				

Process Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1																				
2																				
3																				
4																				
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2																				
3																				
4																				
5																				

6 Multiprocessor Scheduling I

Determine the runtimes of the following processes based on the Fixed Priority $(A \to B \to C)$, and Earliest Deadline policies.

Process	Arrival Time	Execution Time	Ending Deadline
A_1	0	10	20
A_2	20	10	40
$egin{array}{c} A_1 \\ A_2 \\ A_3 \\ A_4 \\ A_5 \\ \end{array}$	40	10	60
A_4	60	10	80
A_5	80	10	100
B_1 B_2	0	10	50
B_2	50	10	100
C_1 C_2	0	15	50
C_2	50	15	100

	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
FP	$A_1 + A_1 + B$	$B_1 + B_1 + A$	$A_2 + A_2 + C$	$C_1 + C_1 + A$	$3+A_3+B_2$	$B_2 + A_4$	$A_4 + C$	$C_2 + C_2 + A_5$	$+A_5+$	C_2 .
$\overline{\mathrm{ED}}$	$A_1 \mid A_1 \mid B$	$B_1 + B_1 + A$	$A_2 + A_2 + C$	$C_1 + C_1 + C$	$A_1 \perp A_3 \perp A_3$	$B_2 + B_2$	$A_4 A_4 A_4$	$A_4 + C_2 + C_2$	C_2	$\overline{A_4 \mid A_4 \mid}$

7 Multiprocessor Scheduling II

Display the result of the following periodic tasks under the Earliest Starting Deadline, First Come First Serve, and Earliest Starting Deadline with Unenforced Idle Times policies.

Process	Arrival Time	Execution Time	Starting Deadline
A	10	20	100
В	20	20	20
С	40	20	60
D	50	20	80
E	60	20	70

	$\mid 5 \mid 10 \mid 15 \mid 20 \mid 25 \mid 30 \mid 35 \mid 40 \mid 45 \mid 50 \mid 55 \mid 60 \mid 65 \mid 70 \mid 75 \mid 80 \mid 85 \mid 90 \mid 95 \mid 100 \mid 105 \mid 110 \mid 115 \mid 12$	0 ¦
ESD	A A A A C C C E E E E D D D D	
ESDU		\neg
FCFS		

8 I/O Operations

Perform a FIFO, SSTF, SCAN, and C-SCAN on the following sequence of disk track requests in order to calculate the average seek length:

27, 129, 110, 186, 147, 41, 10, 64, 120

Assume that the disk starts at address 100, and the head is moving in the direction of decreasing track number.

FIFO:	SSTF:		SCAN:		C-SCAN:		
	100		100		100		100
27	73	110	10	64	36	64	36
129	102	120	10	41	23	41	23
110	19	129	9	27	14	27	14
186	76	147	18	10	17	10	17
147	39	186	39	110	100	186	176
41	106	64	122	120	10	147	39
10	31	41	23	129	9	129	18
64	54	27	14	147	18	120	9
120	56	10	17	186	39	110	10
Average:	61.8	Average:	29.1	Average:	29.6	Average:	38