

Real Time Face Mask Detection and Social Distance Monitoring

Yashkumar Jain
Department of CMPN
Vivekanand education society
Institute of technology
Mumbai, India
2018.yashkumar.jain@ves.ac.in

Shreyas Kotkar
Department of CMPN
Vivekanand education society
Institute of technology
Mumbai, India
2018.shreyas.kotkar@ves.ac.in

Vikram Virwani
Department of CMPN
Vivekanand education society
Institute of technology
Mumbai, India
2018.vikram.virwani@ves.ac.in

Chirag Kinger
Department of CMPN
Vivekanand education society
Institute of technology
Mumbai, India
2018.chirag.kinger@ves.ac.in

Dr. Sujata Khedkar
Department of CMPN
Vivekanand education society
Institute of technology
Mumbai, India
sujata.khedkar@ves.ac.in

ABSTRACT :- The Objective of our assignment is to hold Social Distance amongst humans and to test Face Mask on face of peoples withinside the time of COVID-19 . This version may be detecting actual time Face masks and Social Distancing which may be very vital on this pandemic situation. Since all of the schools, schools and places of work which are closed now will reopen quickly and they may be wanting a few generations to be secure and healthy.

Index Term :- machine Learning Algorithm, Tensorflow , OpenCV, numpy, sklearn, Argparser, Imutils and YOLOv3.

I. INTRODUCTION

The unfold of COVID-19 Pandemic Disease has created a maximum essential worldwide fitness disaster of the sector that has had a deep effect on humanity and the manner we understand our global and our ordinary lives. In December 2019 the spread of excessive acute breathing syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2), a today's excessive infectious breathing sickness emerged in Wuhan, China and has infected 7,711 human beings and 100 seventy cited deaths in China in advance than coronavirus have become declared as a global pandemic, have become named with the resource of the use of the World Health Organization as COVID-19 (coronavirus sickness 2019). According to the World Health Organization (WHO as of April 16,2021) record the modern outbreak of COVID-19, has infected over 140,121,962 human beings and further than 3,004,963 deaths in more than 200 countries spherical the sector, wearing a mortality of approximately 34%, in comparison with a mortality price of lots much less than 1% from influenza.

A novel coronavirus has led to person-to-person transmission but as a long way as we know, the transmission of the radical coronavirus causing coronavirus sickness 2019 (COVID-19) additionally may be from an asymptomatic carrier with out a covid symptoms. Till now theres no file of any clinically authorised antiviral medicinal drug or vaccines which is probably effective in the direction of COVID-19. It has spread hastily for the duration of the world, bringing massive health, economic, environmental and social disturbing conditions to the entire human population. At the moment, WHO recommends that humans ought to placed on face mask to avoid the risk of virus transmission and moreover recommends that a social distance of at the least 2m be maintained amongst humans to prevent person-to person from sickness. Furthermore, many public provider businesses require customers to use the provider most effective withinside the occasion that they placed on a masks and follow steady social distancing. Therefore, face mask detection and steady social distance monitoring has emerged as a essential laptop imaginative and prescient task to help the global society.

This paper describes a way to prevent the spread of the virus with the resource of the use of monitoring in real time if a person is following stable social distancing and sporting a face masks in public locations. This paper adopts a aggregate of YOLOv3 and tensorflow with switch mastering approach to attain the stability of aid barriers and reputation accuracy in order that it could be used on actual-time video surveillance to screen public locations to locate if individuals carrying face mask and preserving secure social distancing. Our answer uses YOLOv3 fashions to investigate Real-Time Streaming Protocol (RTSP) video streams the usage of OpenCV. We blend the technique of cutting-edge deep mastering and traditional projective geometry strategies which now no longer handiest facilitates to satisfy the actual-time requirements, however additionally continues excessive prediction accuracy. If the man or woman is detected as now no longer following the covid-19 protection pointers, a purple body can be proven so the man or woman the usage of our software can hold social distance from the crowd. It permits automating the answer and enforces the carrying of the masks and follows the pointers of social distancing. This version became created to run on raspberry pi4 and the accuracy acquired became 85%.

II. RELATED WORK

A. PROBLEM STATEMENT :-

In the contemporary world, the COVID-19 has taken many lives and until date it's far spreading rapidly. Not most effective vintage humans however younger ones also are getting inflamed through the virus and dropping their lives. There aren't any such structures withinside the marketplace that could assist us stumble on the social distancing or whether or not someone is sporting a mask or not. It is the principle purpose for the unfold of COVID-19. For one of these state of affairs a device or an software desires to be created in particular for public locations like schools, faculties or buying department stores in order that the use of this software will assist the administrator in retaining the social distancing correctly and the chain of unfold of virus may be broken.

B. DATASET DESCRIPTION :-

In this model, we're the usage of a face masks dataset created with the aid of using Prajna Bhandary. This dataset includes 1,376 pics belonging to masks and with out masks 2 classes. Our foremost consciousness is to come across whether or not someone is carrying a masks or not, with out getting near them.



C. SOFTWARE USED :-

Jupyter Notebook :- JupyterLab is a web-primarily based totally interactive improvement environment for Jupyter notebooks, code, and records. JupyterLab is flexible: configure and set up the person interface to guide a huge variety of workflows in records science, medical computing, and system learning.

Python 3.x (3.eight or earlier) :- python 3.x is the modern day python software program used withinside the corporations wherein it is simple to apply and enables us to import the unique construct in libraries.



D. HARDWARE USED :-

GPU(Graphics Processor (NVIDIA) min 2GB) :- GeForce is a brand of snapshots processing units (GPUs) designed by Nvidia. As of the GeForce 30 series, there were seventeen iterations of the design. Most recently, the GeForce era has been brought into Nvidia's line of embedded utility processors, designed for digital handhelds and cell handsets.



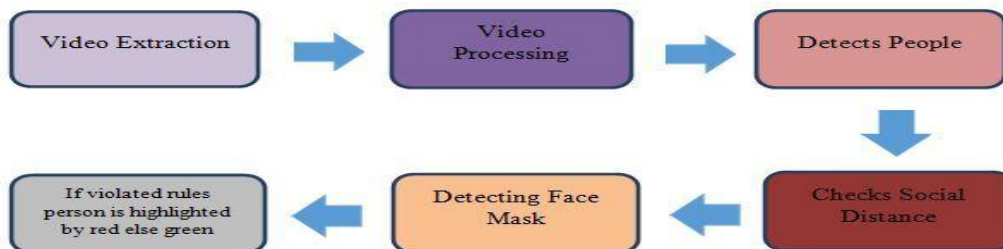
Camera(CCTV/ Webcam/ Mobile Camera) :- The maximum vital hardware of our version is the digital digicam. Customers can use any kind of digital digicam he/she needs a good way to make certain their safety.

Storage Disk SSD(Min 400MB/s Read Speed) :- SSD adoption started in excessive-overall performance era regions and in enthusiasts' PCs, wherein the drives' extraordinarily low get entry to instances and excessive throughput justified the better price. But they have got on the grounds that grow to be a frequent option -- or maybe the default choice -- in lower-price mainstream laptops and PCs.

III. METHODOLOGY

The machine makes use of a switch gaining knowledge of method to overall performance optimization with a deep gaining knowledge of set of rules and a pc imaginative and prescient to routinely reveal humans in public locations with a digital digicam included with a raspberry pi4 and to discover humans with masks or no masks.

We have used the MobileNetV2 structure due to the fact the center version for detection, as MobileNetV2 gives a large fee benefit as compared to the ordinary 2D CNN version. We are loading the MobileNet V2 with pre-skilled ImageNet weights, leaving the community head off and building a logo new FC head, attaching it to the bottom as adverse to the antique head, and freezing the bottom layers of the community.



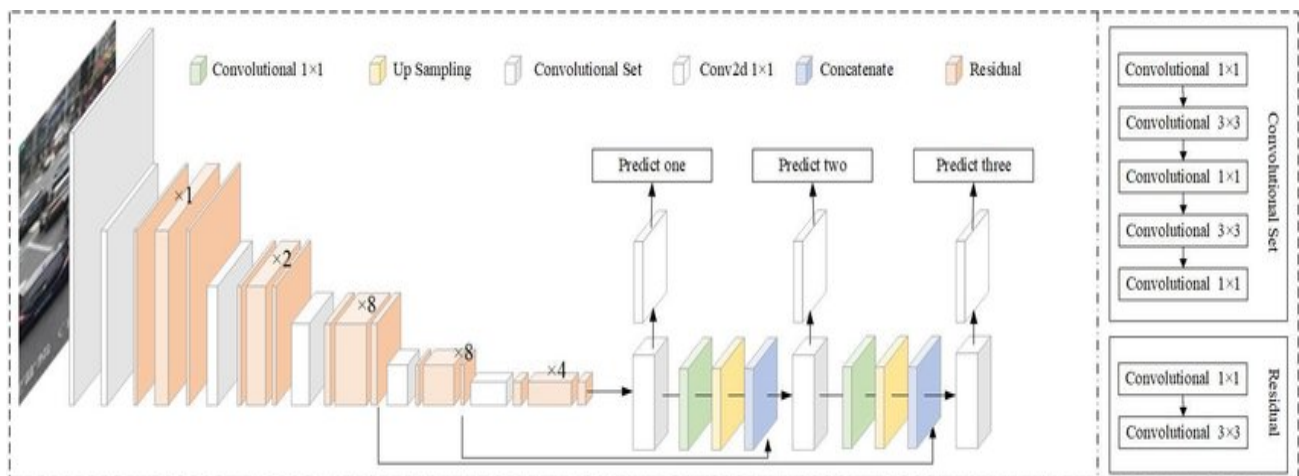
Real-time character detection is accomplished with the assist of Single Shot item Detection (SSD). A bounding field may be displayed round all and sundry detected. We after that calculate distance among all of the humans detected in video. If the gap among humans is much less than 2 meters, a pink bounding field is proven round them, indicating that they now no longer keep a social distance. We used custom face crop datasets of approximately 1400 photographs annotated in masks and no masks created with the aid of using prajna bhandari.

The end result of the SSD version extracts someone masks and presents a bounding field. The machine video displays units' public locations constantly and whilst someone without a mask is detected his or her face is captured and an alert is dispatched to the government with face photo and on the equal time the gap among people is measured in actual time. Deploying our version to part gadgets for automated tracking of public locations ought to lessen the weight of bodily tracking, that is why we pick to apply this structure.

For calculating the social distance the maximum critical component turned into to calculate the gap among human beings. For calculating the gap we used the YOLOv3 module. The YOLOv3 set of rules generates bounding bins because the anticipated detection outputs. Every anticipated field is related to a self belief score. In the primary stage, all of the bins underneath the self belief threshold parameter are neglected for in addition processing.

The relaxation of the bins goes through non-most suppression which gets rid of redundant overlapping bounding bins. Non-most suppression is managed with the aid of using a parameter nmsThreshold. You can try and extrade those values and spot how the variety of output anticipated bins changes.

Next, the default values for the enter width (in Width) and height (inpHeight) for the community's enter photo are set. We set every of them to 416, in order that we will examine our runs to the Darknet's C code given with the aid of using YOLOv3's authors. You also can extrade each of them to 320 to get quicker outcomes or to 608 to get extra correct outcomes.



IV. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

The gadget is a deep getting to know answer that makes use of OpenCV and TensorFlow, to teach the version. We integrate the deep getting to know YOLOv3 module with the SSD framework for a quick and green deep getting to know answer for actual-time human detection in video streams and use a triangular similarity method to degree distance among individuals detected by means of digital digicam in actual time in public locations and accommodates custom designed facts series to remedy a face masks detection version with variance withinside the kinds of face mask worn by means of the general public in actual time by a switch of getting to know to a pre-skilled SSD face detector. This version integrate's social distance detection and face masks detection.

In the proposed gadget, 3 steps are followed, such as:

- 1) Model improvement and training
- 2) Model testing
- 3) Model implementation

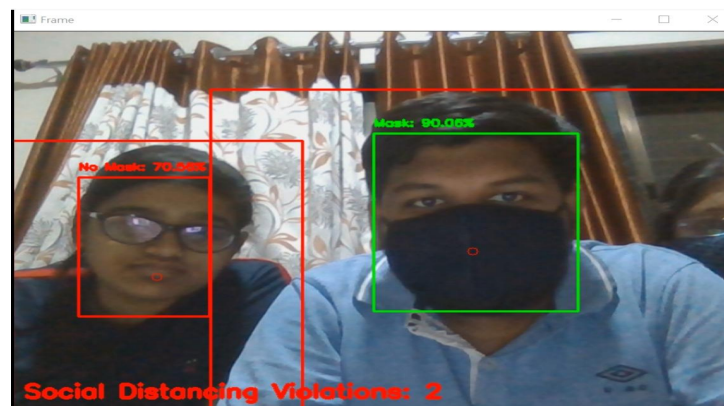
A] Model improvement and training :- Our framework uses the transfer gaining knowledge of method and will fine-track the MobileNetV2 model, that may be a highly inexperienced shape that can be done to facet devices with constrained computing power, at the side of raspberry pi4 to encounter people in real time. We used 80% of our popular custom statistics set to train our model with a single shot detector, which takes handiest one shot to encounter a couple of devices that are determined in an picturegraph the usage of multibox. The custom statistics set is loaded into the challenge list and the set of regulations is knowledgeable at the concept of the labeled images. In pre-processing steps, the picturegraph is resized to 224×224 pixels, converted to numpy array format and the corresponding labels are added to the images withinside the dataset in advance than the usage of our SSD model as input to assemble our custom model with MobileNetV2 due to the fact the backbone and train our model the usage of the TensorFlow Object Detection API. We moreover use the YOLOv3 model for calculating the distance amongst humans. It creates a frame and devices and the usage of ok method it finds the distance the various devices.

B] Model testing :- The gadget operates in an automated way and permits to automatically perform the social distance inspection process. Once the model is knowledgeable with the custom facts set and the pre-knowledgeable weights given, we check the accuracy of the model on the test dataset with the useful resource of the usage of showing the bounding box with the decision of the tag and the self notion score at the top of the box. The proposed model first detects all oldsters withinside the style of cameras and indicates a green bounding box spherical certainly anybody whos a protracted manner from each exceptional after that model conducts a test on the identification of social distances maintained in a public place, if oldsters breaching social distance norms bounding box shadeation changes to red for those oldsters and simultaneously face mask detection is finished with the useful resource of the usage of

showing bounding boxes on the identified oldsters face with mask or non-mask labeled and moreover self notion scores. If the mask isnt visible withinside the faces, and if the social distance isnt preserved, the gadget generates a warning and sends an alert to monitoring authorities with a face image. The gadget detects the social distancing and masks with a precision score of 91.7% .



C] Model implementation :- The machine makes use of raspberry pi4 with a digital digicam to routinely music public areas in real-time to save you the unfold of Covid-19. The skilled version with the custom facts set is set up withinside the raspberry pi4, and the digital digicam is hooked up to it. The digital digicam feeds real-time motion pictures of public locations to the version withinside the raspberry pi4, which constantly and routinely video display units public locations and detects whether or not humans preserve secure social distances and moreover checks whether or not or now no longer or now now no longer those human beings placed on masks. When the detection of a social distance violation thru humans is detected continuously in threshold time, there is probably an pink alert that instructs human beings to maintain social distance.



V. CONCLUSION

In this paper, we construct a version which could stumble on actual time face mask and additionally assist in tracking the social distancing on this pandemic scenario. As noted above we've used many libraries and attempted many algorithms. Modules like YOLOv3 and tensorflow had been a number of the maximum vital libraries of our version. It will assist hold a stable surroundings and make certain people safety by means of robotically tracking public locations to keep away from the unfold of the COVID-19 virus through digital digicam feeds with raspberry pi4 in actual-time.

Thus, this gadget will function in an green way withinside the modern scenario whilst the lockout is eased and facilitates to tune public locations without difficulty in an automatic way. We have addressed intensive the monitoring of social distancing and the identity of face mask that assist to make certain human health.. The answer has the capacity to noticeably lessen violations by means of actual-time interventions, so the proposed gadget could enhance public protection via saving time and assisting to lessen the unfold of coronavirus. This answer may be utilized in locations like schools, colleges, temples, purchasing complexes, metro stations, airports, etc.

VI. FUTURE SCOPE

1) *Coughing and Sneezing Detection*: Chronic coughing and sneezing is one of the key signs and symptoms of COVID-19 contamination as according to WHO suggestions and additionally one of the main routes of ailment unfold to non-inflamed public. Deep mastering primarily based totally technique may be proved reachable right here to detect & restrict the ailment unfold through improving our proposed answer with frame gesture evaluation to recognize if an person is coughing and sneezing in public places whilst breaching facial mask and social distancing tips and based mostly on very last outcomes enforcement businesses can be alerted.

2) *Temperature Screening*: Elevated frame temperature is any other key symptom of COVID-19 infection, at gift situation thermal screening is performed the usage of hand held contactless IR thermometers wherein medical examiner want to are available in near proximity with the man or woman want to be screened which makes the medical examiners susceptible to get inflamed and additionally its nearly not possible to seize temperature for every and each person in public locations, the proposed use-case may be ready with thermal cameras primarily based totally screening to research frame temperature of the peoples in public locations which could upload any other assisting hand to enforcement businesses to address the pandemic effectively

VII. REFERENCE

- [1] P. Viola and M. Jones, "Rapid object detection using a boosted cascade of simple features," in Proceedings of the 2001 IEEE computer society conference on computer vision and pattern recognition. CVPR 2001, vol.1. IEEE, 2001, pp. I–I.
- [2] M. S. Ejaz, M. R. Islam, M. Sifatullah and A. Sarker, "Implementation of Principal Component Analysis on Masked and Non-masked Face Recognition," 2019 1st International Conference on Advances in Science, Engineering and Robotics Technology (ICASERT), 2019, pp. 1–5, doi: 10.1109/ICASERT.2019.8934543.
- [3] R. Girshick, J. Donahue, T. Darrell, and J. Malik, "Rich feature hierarchies for accurate object detection and semantic segmentation," in Proceedings of the IEEE conference on computer vision and pattern recognition, 2014, pp. 580–587.
- [4] S. Ren, K. He, R. Girshick, and J. Sun, "Faster r-cnn: Towards real-time object detection with region proposal networks," in Advances in neural information processing systems, 2015, pp. 91–99.
- [5] W. Liu, D. Anguelov, D. Erhan, C. Szegedy, S. Reed, C.-Y. Fu, and A. C. Berg, "Ssd: Single shot multibox detector," in European conference on computer vision. Springer, 2016, pp. 21–37.
- [6] J. Redmon, S. Divvala, R. Girshick, and A. Farhadi, "You only look once: Unified, real-time object detection," in Proceedings of the IEEE conference on computer vision and pattern recognition, 2016, pp. 779–788.
- [7] R. Girshick, "Fast r-cnn," in Proceedings of the IEEE international conference on computer vision, 2015, pp. 1440–1448.
- [8] M. E. Rusli, S. Yussof, M. Ali and A. A. Abobakr Hassan, "MySD: A Smart Social Distancing Monitoring System," 2020 8th International Conference on Information Technology and Multimedia (ICIMU), 2020, pp. 399–403, doi: 10.1109/ICIMU49871.2020.9243569.
- [9] P. Somaldo, F. A. Ferdiansyah, G. Jati and W. Jatmiko, "Developing Smart COVID-19 Social Distancing Surveillance Drone using YOLO Implemented in Robot Operating System simulation environment," 2020 IEEE 8th R10 Humanitarian Technology Conference (R10-HTC), 2020, pp. 1–6, doi: 10.1109/R10-HTC49770.2020.9357040.
- [10] A. Gad, G. ElBary, M. Alkhedher and M. Ghazal, "Vision-based Approach for Automated Social Distance Violators Detection," 2020 International Conference on Innovation and Intelligence for Informatics, Computing and Technologies (3ICT), 2020, pp. 1–5, doi: 10.1109/3ICT51146.2020.9311969.
- [11] F. A. A. Naqiyuddin, W. Mansor, N. M. Sallehuddin, M. N. S. Mohd Johari, M. A. S. Shazlan and A. N. Bakar, "Wearable Social Distancing Detection System," 2020 IEEE International RF and Microwave Conference (RFM), 2020, pp. 1–4, doi: 10.1109/RFM50841.2020.9344786.