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## MODULE VII: Frequency Response

Frequency response is coined to the examination of the response of a system in steady state to an input to a sinusoidal signal. Bode, Nyquist, Polar Plots are used for frequency domain visualization.

### Table of Contents

MODULE VII: Frequency Response.....	1
7.1 Frequency Domain Characterization of the system.....	1
7.2 Sinusoidal Response.....	2
7.3 Bode Plot.....	3
7.4 Performance Specifications.....	5
7.5 Asymptotic Bode Plot.....	7
7.6 Effect of Gain and Time Constant on Bode Plot.....	10
7.7 Polar Plot.....	11
7.8 Nyquist Plot.....	14
References.....	15

## 7.1 Frequency Domain Characterization of the system

```
%Defining the system
syms s w
sys=1000/(s*(1+0.1*s)*(1+0.001*s));
sys_w=subs(sys,s,1j*w)
```

sys\_w =

$$-\frac{1000i}{w\left(1+\frac{wi}{10}\right)\left(1+\frac{wi}{1000}\right)}$$

```
Magnitude=abs(sys_w)
```

Magnitude =

$$\frac{1000}{\left|1 + \frac{wi}{10}\right| \left|1 + \frac{wi}{1000}\right| |w|}$$

```
Phase=angle(sys_w)
```

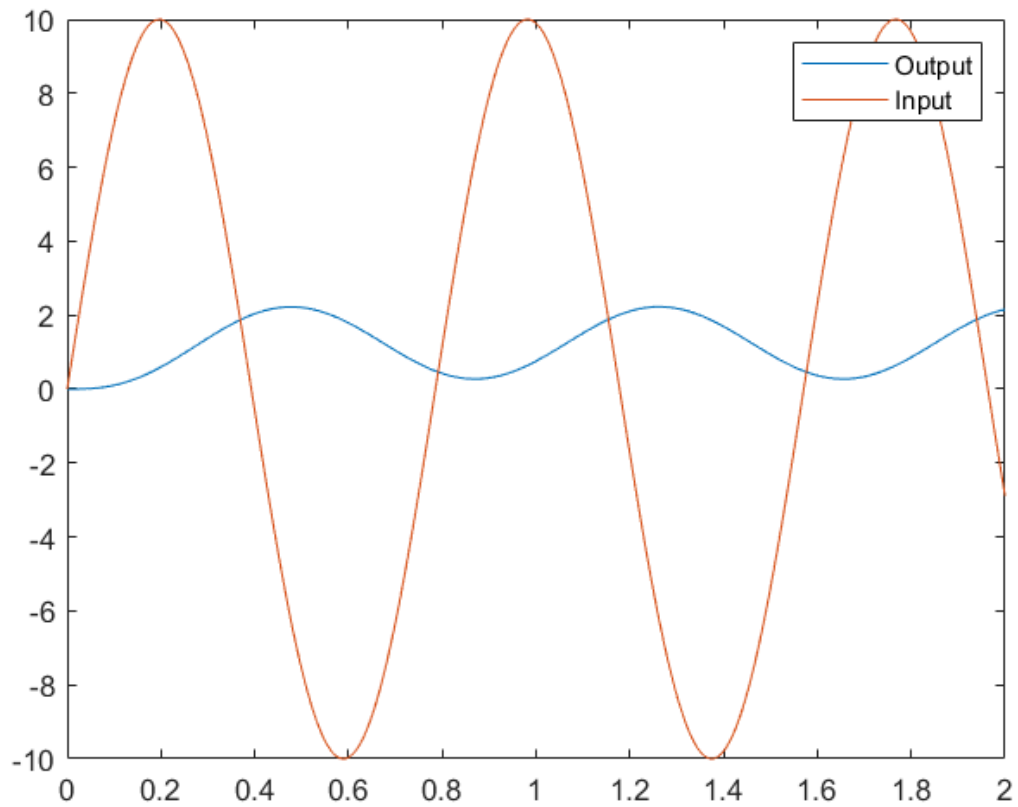
Phase =

$$\text{angle}\left(-\frac{i}{w \left(1 + \frac{wi}{10}\right) \left(1 + \frac{wi}{1000}\right)}\right)$$

## 7.2 Sinusoidal Response

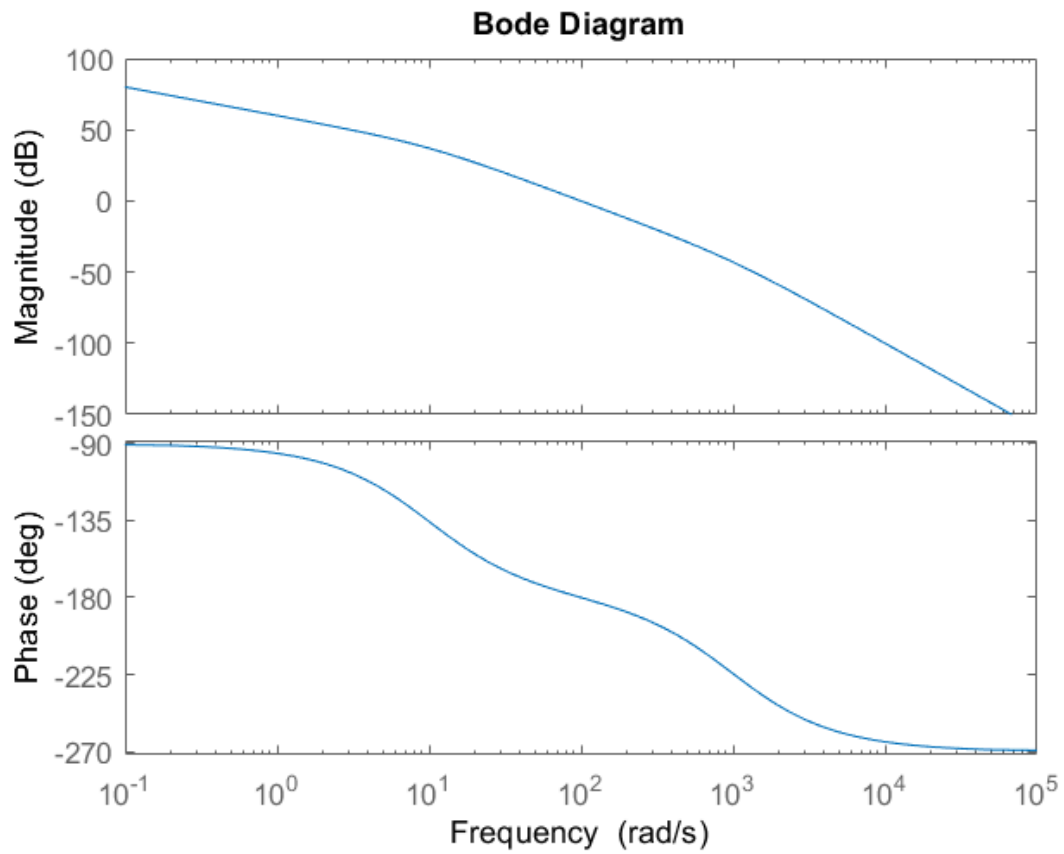
```
s=tf('s');
sys=10/(s*(s+10));
t = 0:0.001:2;
u = 10*sin(8*t);
y = lsim(sys, u, t);
figure
plot(t, y)
hold on
plot(t,u);
legend Output Input
hold off
```

% Define LTI System  
 % Time Vector  
 % Forcing Function  
 % Calculate System Response

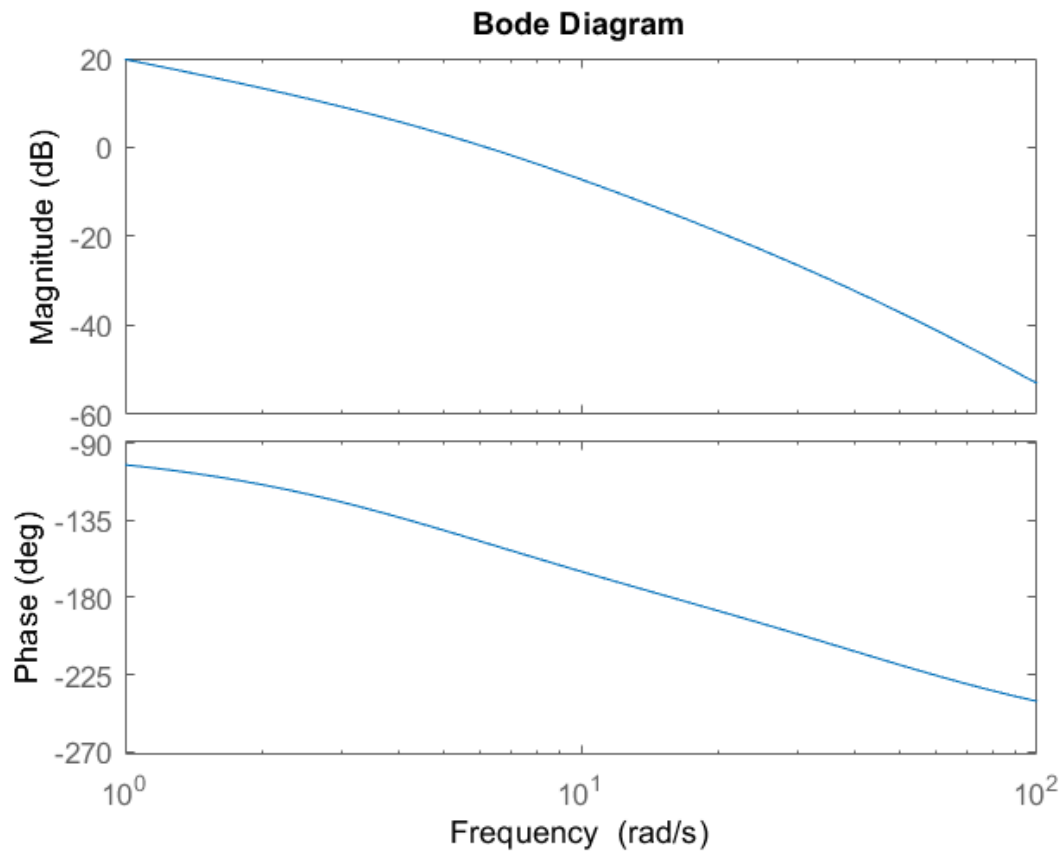


### 7.3 Bode Plot

```
%define the system
s=tf('s');
G1=1000/(s*(1+0.1*s)*(1+0.001*s)); % Define system in s-domian
% Plot Bode using bode command
bode(G1)
```



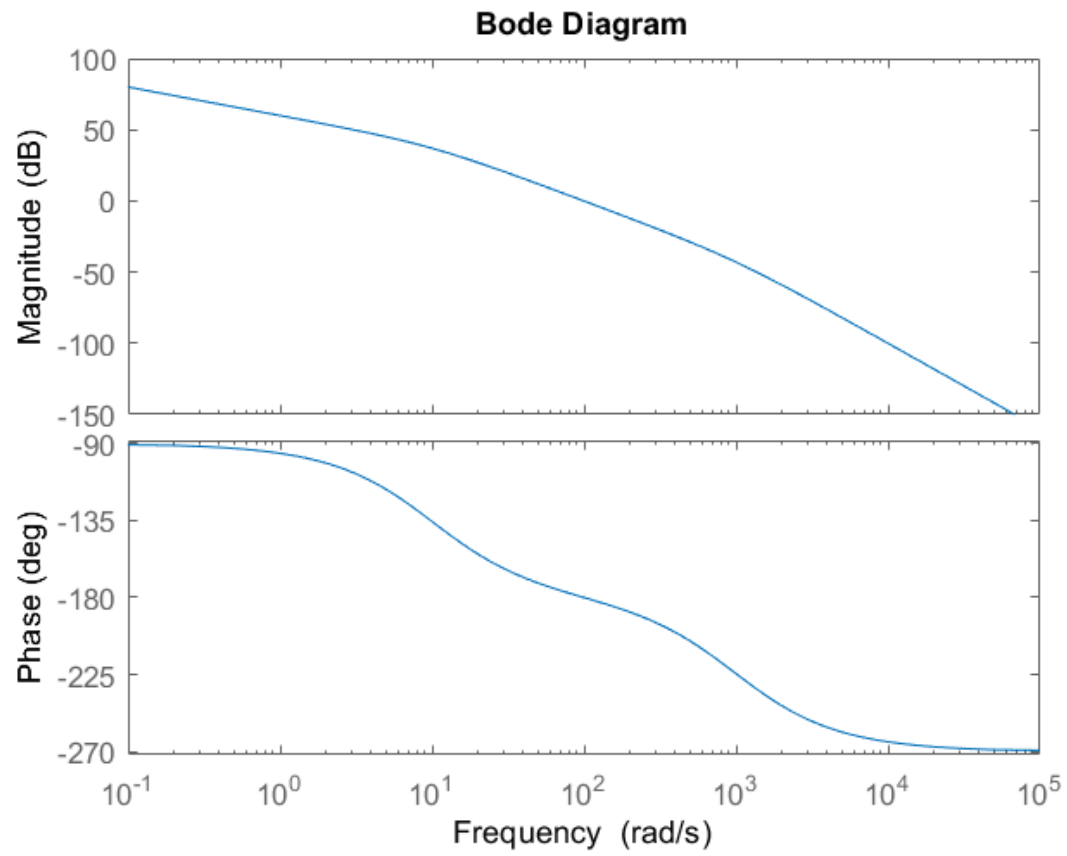
```
%-----  
% Some Other Examples  
%-----  
G=10/(s*(1+0.2*s)*(1+0.02*s));  
%bode(G)  
% To plot bode within certain frequency range  
bode(G,{1,100})
```



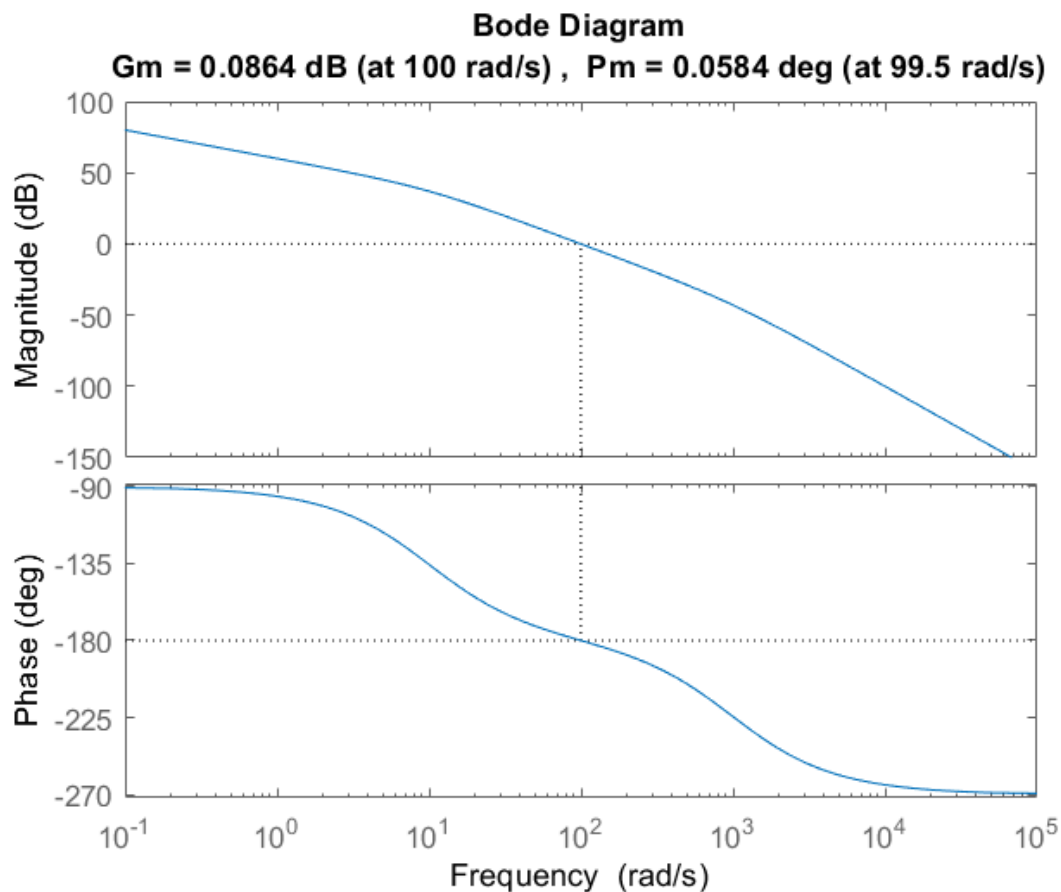
```
% G2=512*(s+3)/(s*(s^2+16*s+256));
% bode(G2)
% G3=(4*s+40)/((s^2+4*s+25)*(s^2+50*s));
% bode(G3)
% G4= 250/(s*(s+50)*(s+5));
% bode(G4)
% G5=(20*s+200)/((s^2+4*s+25)*(s^2+40*s));
% bode(G5)
```

## 7.4 Performance Specifications

```
%define the system
s=tf('s');
G=1000/(s*(1+0.1*s)*(1+0.001*s)); % Define system in s-domian
% Plot Bode using bode command
bode(G)
```



```
% Visual display of G.M., P.M. , G.C.F AND P.C.F.  
margin(G)
```



```
% Getting the numeric Value of G.M., P.M. , G.C.F AND P.C.F.
[gm, pm, wcp, wcg]= margin(G)           % Magnitude in absolute units.
```

```
gm = 1.0100
pm = 0.0584
wcp = 100.0000
wcg = 99.4863
```

## 7.5 Asymptotic Bode Plot

```
%define the system
s=tf('s');
G=(4*s+40)/((s^2+5*s+20)*(s^2+50*s))
```

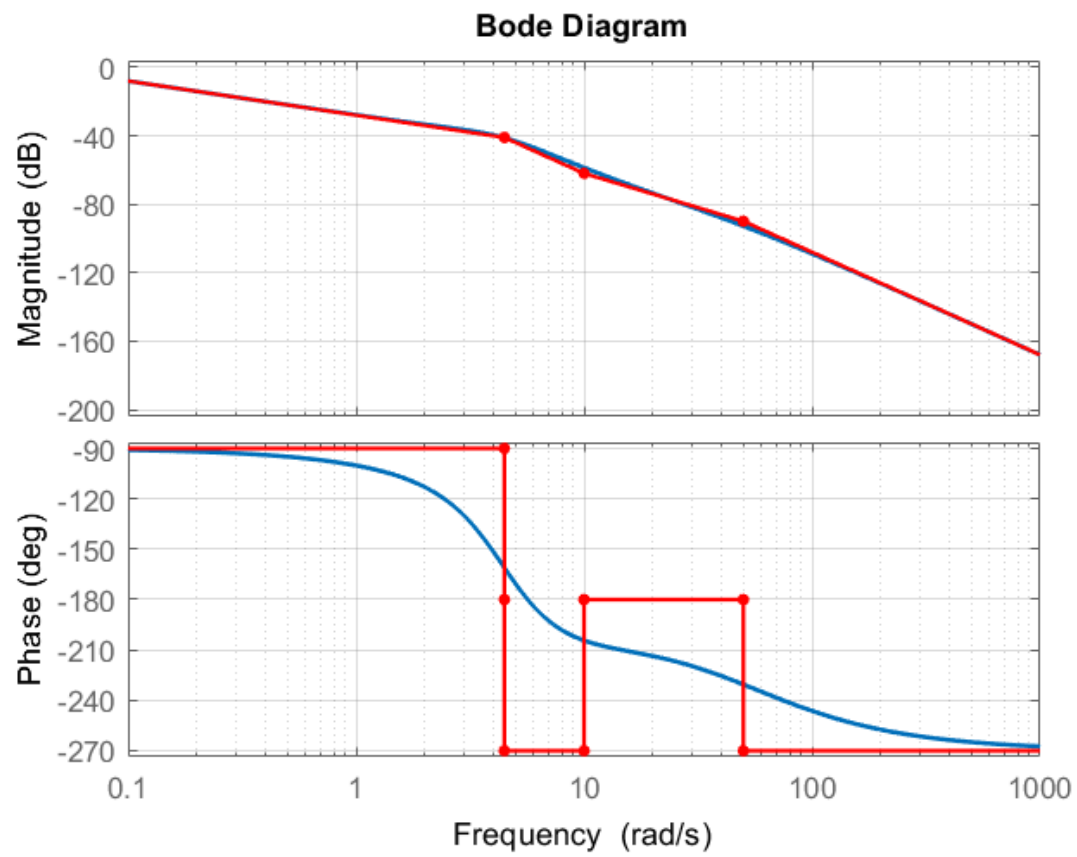
G =

$$\frac{4s + 40}{s^4 + 55s^3 + 270s^2 + 1000s}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

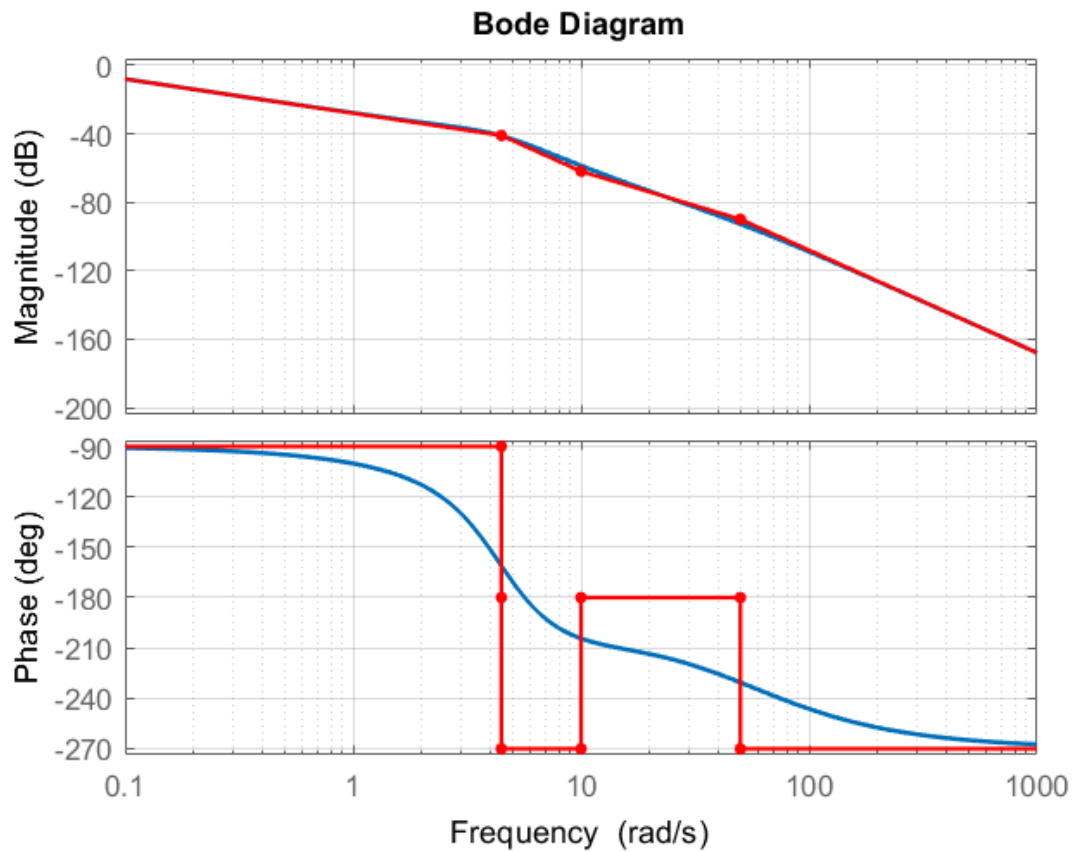
```
%G=1000/(s*(1+0.1*s)*(1+0.001*s)); % Define system in s-domian
% Plot Asymptotic Bode
```

```
asympt_bode(G);
```



```
asympt_bode(G,0.1,1000);
```





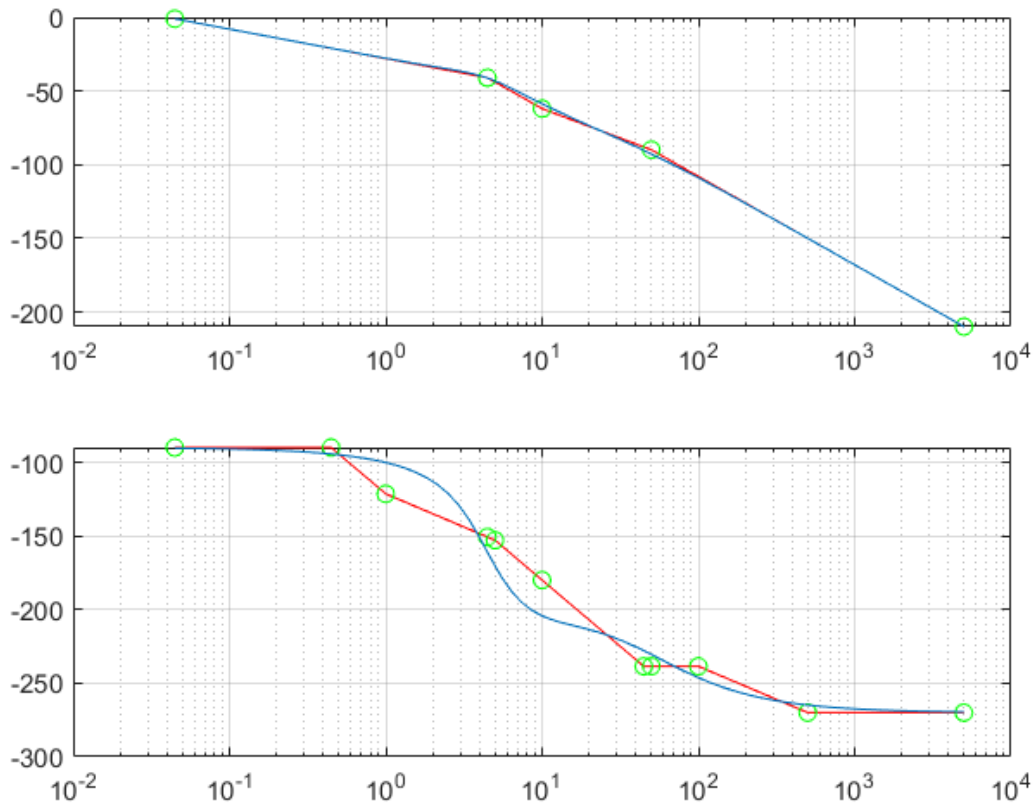
```
%define the system
s=tf('s');
G=(4*s+40)/((s^2+5*s+20)*(s^2+50*s))
```

G =

$$\frac{4s + 40}{s^4 + 55s^3 + 270s^2 + 1000s}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

```
%G=1000/(s*(1+0.1*s)*(1+0.001*s)); % Define system in s-domian
% Plot Asymptotic Bode
asyp_bode_1(G);
```



ii =

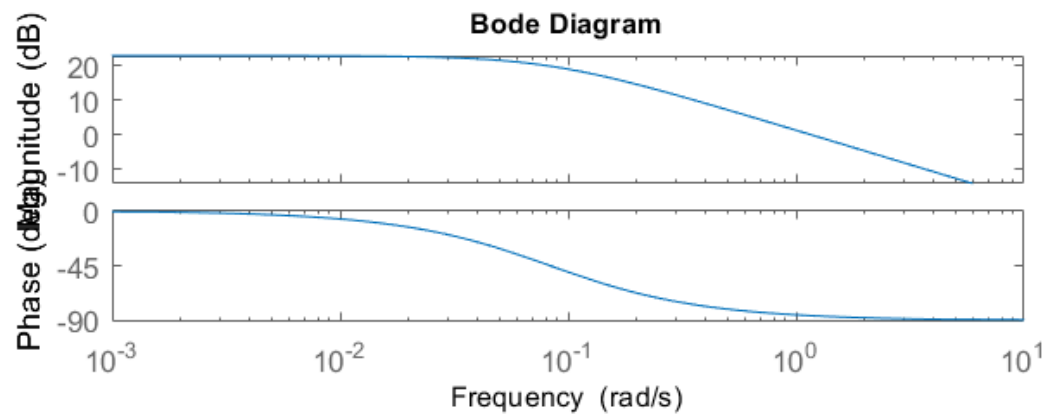
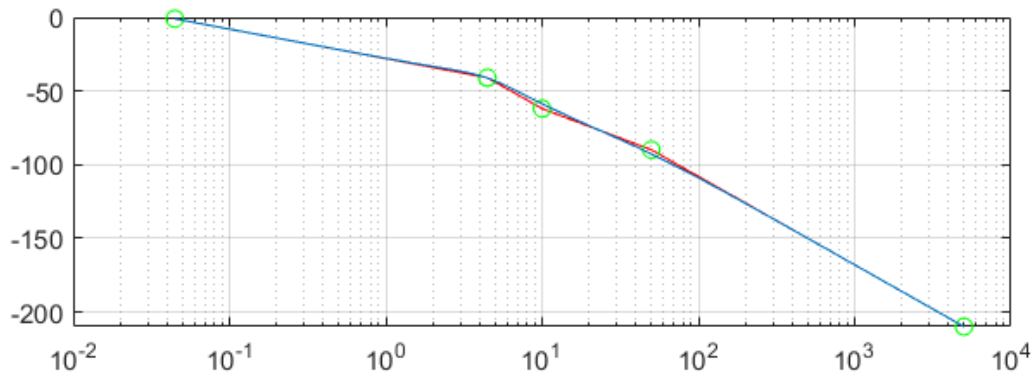
0×1 empty double column vector

jj =

0×1 empty double column vector

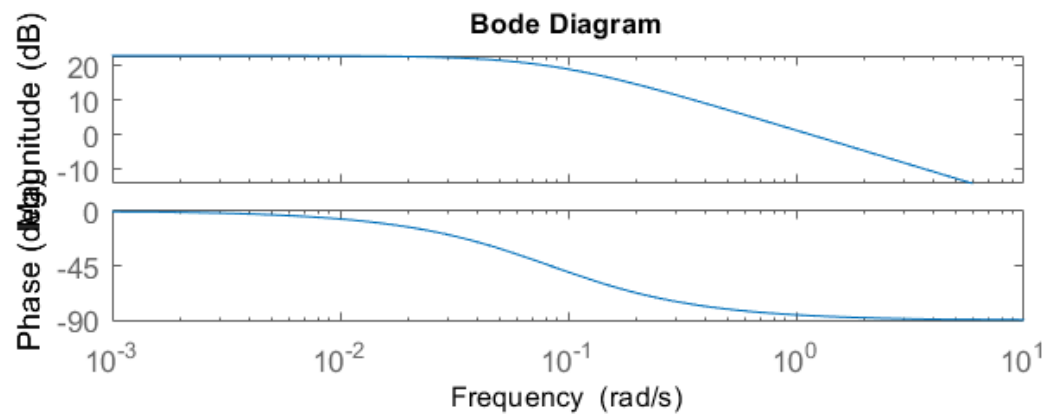
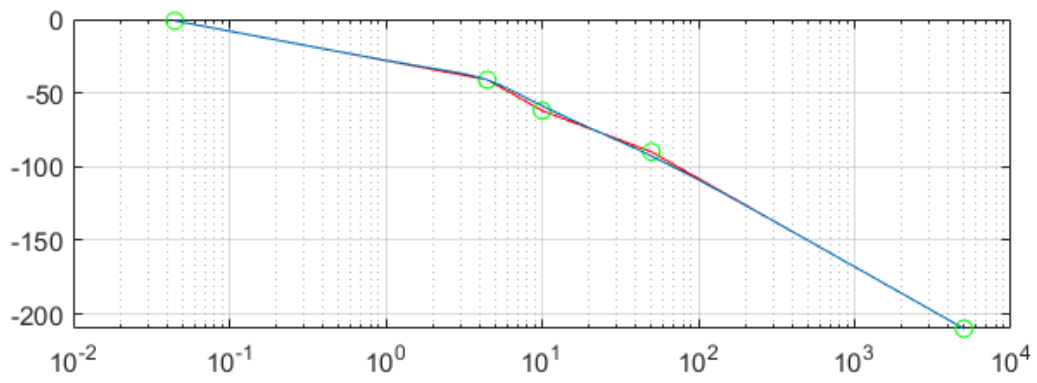
## **7.6 Effect of Gain and Time Constant on Bode Plot**

```
%define the system
s=tf('s');
K=14; % Chnage only in magnitue plot[Increase in Value]
T=12; % Change only in Phase [Cauding a time delay]
G=K/(1+T*s);
bode(G);
hold on
```

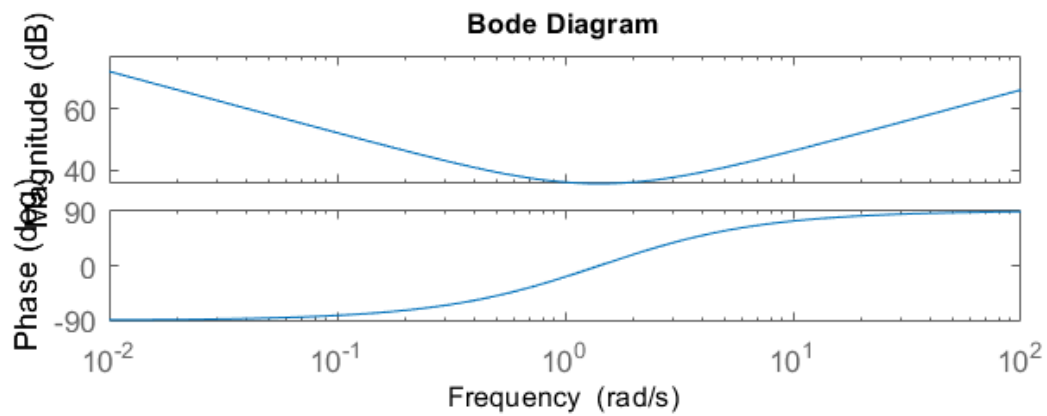
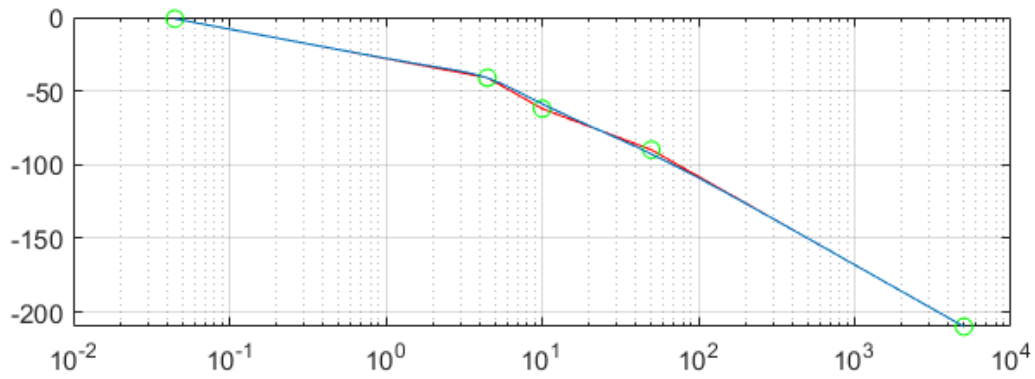


## 7.7 Polar Plot

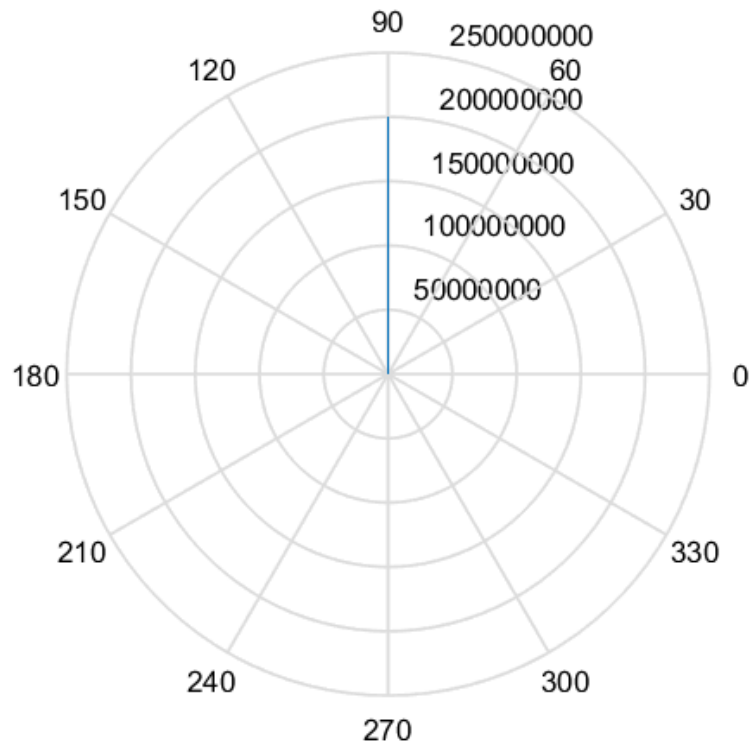
hold off



```
s=tf('s');
G=20/s*(1+s)*(s+2);
bode(G);
```

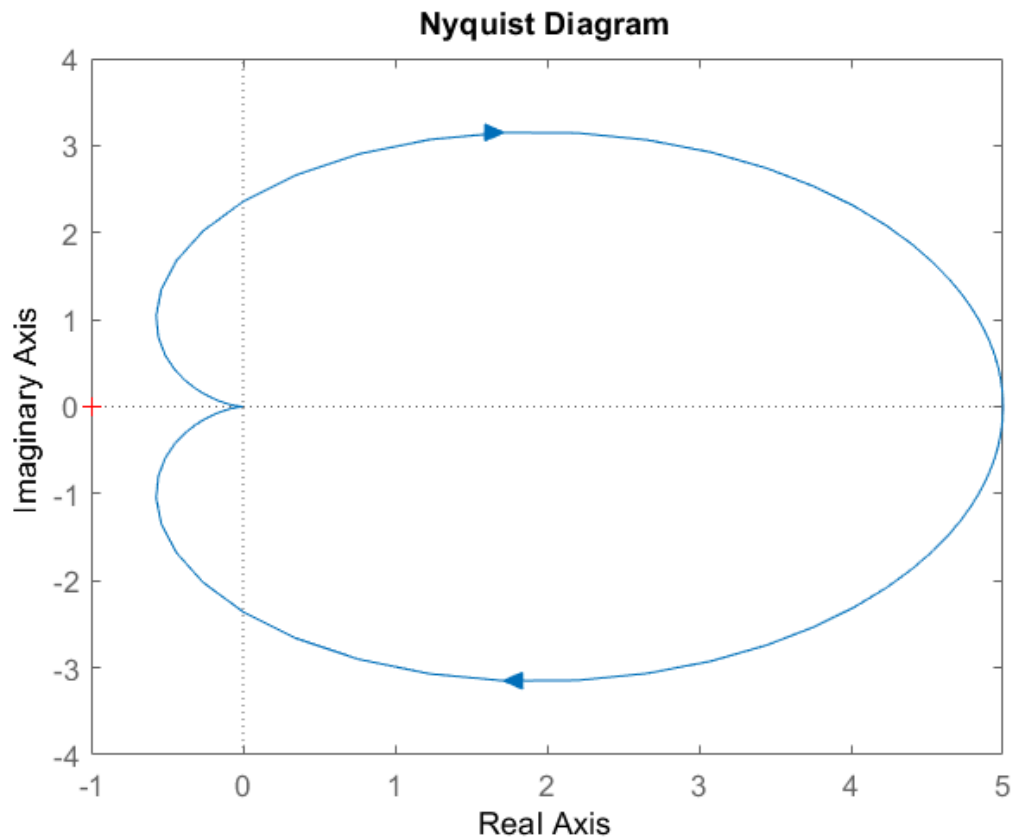


```
w=logspace(-3,7,1000000);
[mag,phase]=bode(G,w);           % Obtaining Magnitude and Phase at w
phase=phase(1,:);
mag=mag(1,:);
figure;
polar(phase*pi/180,mag);
```



## 7.8 Nyquist Plot

```
s=tf('s');
G=90/((s+3)*(s+6));
nyquist(G)
```



## References

1. Mathworks.inc
2. Nise, Norman S. "Control system engineering, John Wiley & Sons." *Inc, New York*(2011).
3. <https://ctms.engin.umich.edu/CTMS/index.php?aux=Home>
4. Bakshi, Uday A., and Varsha U. Bakshi. *Control system engineering*. Technical Publications, 2020.