## Republic of the Philippines

## CAVITE STATE UNIVERSITY Trece Martires City Campus

## **EVALUATION INSTRUMENT**

Type of Eva	aluator: Student IT Professional Faculty M	emb	er			
Name (Optional): Date Address (Optional):						
Instructions	eckn onse.		( 🗌 )	ı		
	Numerical Rating Equivalent					
	5 - Excellent					
	4 - Very Good					
	3 - Good					
	2 - Fair					
	1 - Poor					
<b>_</b>			1	1		
	INDICATORS	5	4	3	2	1
	nctional Suitability		1	1		
1.	Functional completeness - Degree to which the set of					
	functions covers all the specified tasks and user					
	objectives.					
2.	Functional correctness - Degree to which a product or					
	system provides the correct results with the needed					
	degree of precision.					
3.	<b>Functional appropriateness -</b> Degree to which the functions facilitate the accomplishment of specified tasks and objectives.					
B. Pe	rformance Efficiency		l	l		
	Time behaviour - Degree to which the response and					
' '	processing times and throughput rates of a product or					
	system, when performing its functions, meet					
	requirements.					
2.	Resource utilization - Degree to which the amounts					
	and types of resources used by a product or system,					
	when performing its functions, meet requirements.					
3.	Capacity - Degree to which the maximum limits of a					
	product or system parameter meet requirements.					
C. Co	mpatibility					
	Co-existence - Degree to which a product can perform					
	its required functions efficiently while sharing a common					
	environment and resources with other products, without					
	detrimental impact on any other product.					
2.	Interoperability - Degree to which two or more					
	systems, products or components can exchange					
	information and use the information that has been					
	exchanged.					

D.	Us	ability			
	1.				
	٠.	users can recognize whether a product or system is			
		appropriate for their needs.			
	2	<b>Learnability -</b> Degree to which a product or system can			
	۷.	be used by specified users to achieve specified goals of			
		learning to use the product or system with effectiveness,			
		efficiency, freedom from risk and satisfaction in a			
		specified context of use.			
	3.	•			
	0.	attributes that make it easy to operate and control.			
	4	User error protection- Degree to which a system			
		protects users against making errors.			
	5.	User interface aesthetics - Degree to which a user			
		interface enables pleasing and satisfying interaction for			
		the user.			
	6.	Accessibility - Degree to which a product or system			
		can be used by people with the widest range of			
		characteristics and capabilities to achieve a specified			
		goal in a specified context of use.			
E.	Re	liability			
	1.	Maturity - Degree to which a system, product or			
		component meets needs for reliability under normal			
		operation.			
	2.	<b>3</b> 3			
		component is operational and accessible when required			
		for use.			
	3.	Fault tolerance - Degree to which a system, product or			
		component operates as intended despite the presence			
		of hardware or software faults.			
	4.	<b>Recoverability -</b> Degree to which, in the event of an			
		interruption or a failure, a product or system can recover			
		the data directly affected and re-establish the desired			
	<u> </u>	state of the system.			
г.	<u>5e</u>	Curity			I
	١.	Confidentiality - Degree to which a product or system			
		ensures that data are accessible only to those authorized to have access.			
	2.		+		
	۷.	component prevents unauthorized access to, or			
		modification of, computer programs or data.			
	3	Non-repudiation - Degree to which actions or events	+		
	٥.	can be proven to have taken place so that the events or			
		actions cannot be repudiated later.			
	4.	Accountability - Degree to which the actions of an			
		entity can be traced uniquely to the entity			
	5.	Authenticity - Degree to which the identity of a subject			
		or resource can be proved to be the one claimed.			
G.	Ma	nintainability		 	
	1.	<b>Modularity -</b> Degree to which a system or computer			
		program is composed of discrete components such that			
		a change to one component has minimal impact on			
		other components.	$\perp \perp \downarrow$		
	2.	Reusability - Degree to which an asset can be used in			
		more than one system, or in building other assets.			

	3.	Analysability - Degree of effectiveness and efficiency				
		with which it is possible to assess the impact on a				
		product or system of an intended change to one or more				
		of its parts, or to diagnose a product for deficiencies or				
		causes of failures, or to identify parts to be modified.				
	4.	Modifiability - Degree to which a product or system can				
		be effectively and efficiently modified without introducing				
		defects or degrading existing product quality.				
	5.	Testability - Degree of effectiveness and efficiency with				
		which test criteria can be established for a system,				
		product or component and tests can be performed to				
		determine whether those criteria have been met.				
Н.	Po	ortability				
		Adaptability - Degree to which a product or system can		T		
		effectively and efficiently be adapted for different or				
		evolving hardware, software or other operational or				
		usage environments.				
	2.	Installability - Degree of effectiveness and efficiency				
		with which a product or system can be successfully				
		installed and/or uninstalled in a specified environment.				
	3.	Replaceability - Degree to which a product can replace		1		
	•	another specified software product for the same purpose				
		in the same environment.				
*Adonte	ed fi	rom ISO/IEC 25010	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
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Remark	s/C	Comments/Suggestions:				
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Name and Signature of Respondents