

Sprawozdanie Lab09

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```
import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import cmath

import math

import pylab

from scipy.interpolate import interp1d


from Utilities import Binary, Hamming_SECEDED, Hamming_Dekoder_SECEDED
from Utilities import CLK,info_Signal,Manchester,DekoderManchester,info_Signal


word = Binary('a')

#Test

word = [0,1,0,0,0,0,0,1]

[x,wynik]=Hamming_SECEDED(word)


clk = CLK(100, len(wynik))

t, ttl = info_Signal(0.1, wynik, 100)

manchesterSamples = Manchester(clk, ttl)

manchesterBits = DekoderManchester(clk, ttl, 100)

tzz, manchestersTtl = info_Signal(0.1, manchesterBits, 100)

mb=np.array(manchesterBits)

[a1,a2] = np.array_split(mb, 2)

print('odebrane dane : ',a1,a2)

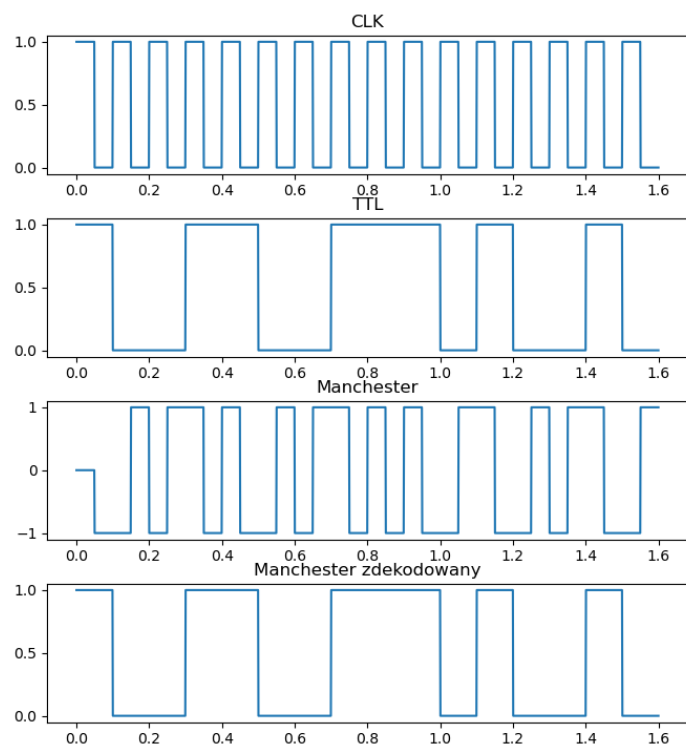
Hamming_Dekoder_SECEDED(word,a1)

Hamming_Dekoder_SECEDED(word,a2)
```

```
plt.figure()
plt.subplot(411)
plt.title('CLK')
plt.plot(t, clk)
plt.subplot(412)
plt.title('TTL')
plt.plot(t, ttl)
plt.subplot(413)
plt.title('Manchester')
plt.plot(t, manchesterSamples)
plt.subplot(414)
plt.title('Manchester zdekodowany')
plt.plot(tzz, manchestersTtl)
plt.show()
```

Figure 1

— □ ×



zoom rect

```

Słowo zapisane binarnie - [0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1]
Hamming74: [1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 0]
odebrane dane : [1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1] [1 1 0 1 0 0 1 0]
wektor danych - 1 0 0 1 1
Hamming - 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1
wektor danych - 1 0 0 1 1
Hamming - 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 1
    
```