



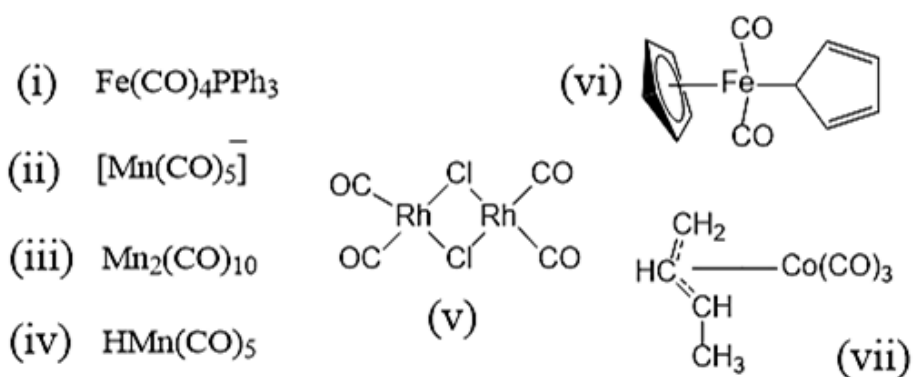
Tutorial/Assignment -3A

1. Between complexes of $[\text{MnBr}_4]^{2-}$ and $[\text{Mn}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$. Which one is more colorful and have higher molar extinction coefficient (ϵ) ?
2. Why do $[\text{Cu}(\text{Phen})_2]^+$ complex exhibit dark orange color and $[\text{Cu}(\text{MeCN})_4]^+$ complex become colorless ?
3. What are oxidation states of metal present in oxyhemoglobin and deoxyhemoglobin? Provide the reasons (invoking ligand field theory) that Oxyhemoglobin is of bright-red color while deoxyhemoglobin is purple blue.
4. Why does the trans complex of $[\text{Cu}(\text{en})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]^{2+}$ have lower molar extinction coefficient (ϵ) ?
5. How will you visually identify the solutions of $[\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$ and $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{2+}$ without recording the spectra ?
6. Explain the origin of color in Prussian blue, $\text{Fe}_4[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]_3$
7. Between complexes of $[\text{CoCl}_4]^{2-}$ (deep blue color) and $[\text{Co}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{2+}$ (pink color) which one will have orbital contribution in their magnetic moment ?
8. Why MnO_4^- , CrO_4^- , and VO_4^{3-} have dark colors? Arrange Ligand to Metal Charge Transfer (LMCT) order in MnO_4^- , CrO_4^- , and VO_4^{3-} .
9. Magnetic moment of $[\text{Fe}(\text{Phen})_2(\text{NCS})_2]$ varies with temperature. Provide the reason for the observation of 4.9 BM magnetic moment at 200 K and 0 BM at 50 K.
10. $\text{K}_2[\text{NiF}_6]$ and $\text{K}_3[\text{CoF}_6]$ are diamagnetic and paramagnetic respectively. In which case μ_{eff} is greater than the $\mu_{\text{spin-only}}$ value and why?

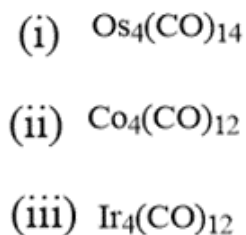


Tutorial/Assignment -3B

11. Calculate the outer shell electrons:



12. Draw the structures of these compounds:

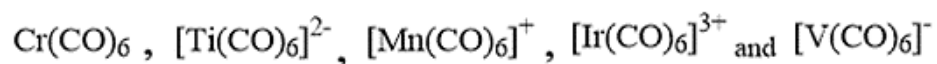


13. $\text{Fe}(\eta^5 - \text{C}_5\text{H}_5)_2$ is more stable than $\text{Ni}(\eta^5 - \text{C}_5\text{H}_5)_2$ or $\text{Co}(\eta^5 - \text{C}_5\text{H}_5)_2$?

14. V-C bond distances in $\text{V}(\text{CO})_6^-$ and $\text{V}(\text{CO})_6$ are 1.93 and 2.0 Å. Provide the reasons for bond length difference.

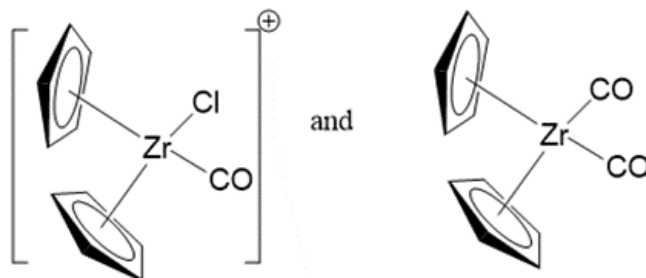
15. Why does $\text{V}(\text{CO})_6$ readily react with sodium (Na) to give $\text{Na}[\text{V}(\text{CO})_6]$?

16. Arrange the following in the decreasing order of back-bonding

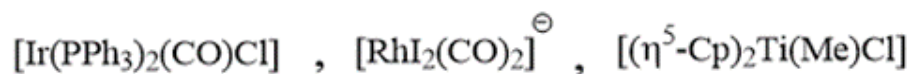




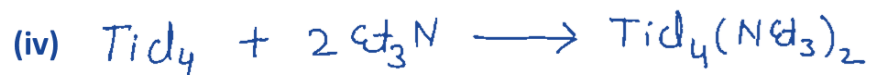
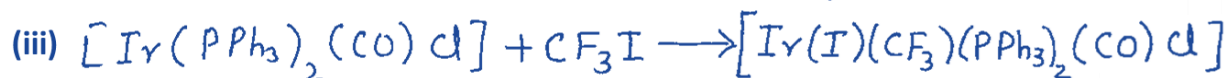
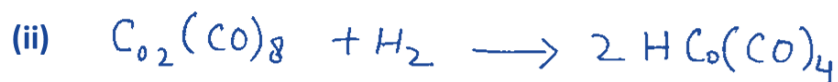
17. Between these two complexes, which one will show a lower carbonyl (CO) stretching frequency?



18. Classify the name of reactions:



19. Among the following complexes which one will not undergo oxidative addition reaction?



20. In hydroformylation reaction, $\text{Co}_2(\text{CO})_8$ is the catalysts. Why does the reaction rate decrease with an increase in partial pressure of CO ?