JAVASCRIPT

ARRAYS

▸ Variables

▸ Operators

▸ Data types

▸ Types conversion

▸ Loops

   ▸ continue, break

▸ Conditional operators

▸ Functions

▸ Dry

GENERAL INFORMATION

▸ Object

▸ Keep large amount of data

▸ Single name

▸ index

▸ Any data type

▸ Always unique

INITIALISATION

```javascript
const arr = new Array(1, 2, 3);

const arr1 = [1, 2, 3];

console.log(arr === arr1) // false

arr[1];
arr1[2];
```

METHODS & PROPERTIES

▸ .length

▸ .indexOf()

▸ .includes() // es6

▸ .toString() or String()

▸ .concat()

METHODS

▸ .push() - add element to the end

▸ .pop() - delete last element

▸ .shift() - delete first element

▸ .unshift() - add element to the beginning

▸ .slice() - return part of array

▸ .splice() - return part of array and delete it from original array

▸ .join() - concatenate elements

METHODS

▸ .reverse()

▸ .sort()

▸ .map()

▸ .filter()

▸ .reduce()

▸ .find()

▸ .some()

▸ .every()

▸ .fill()