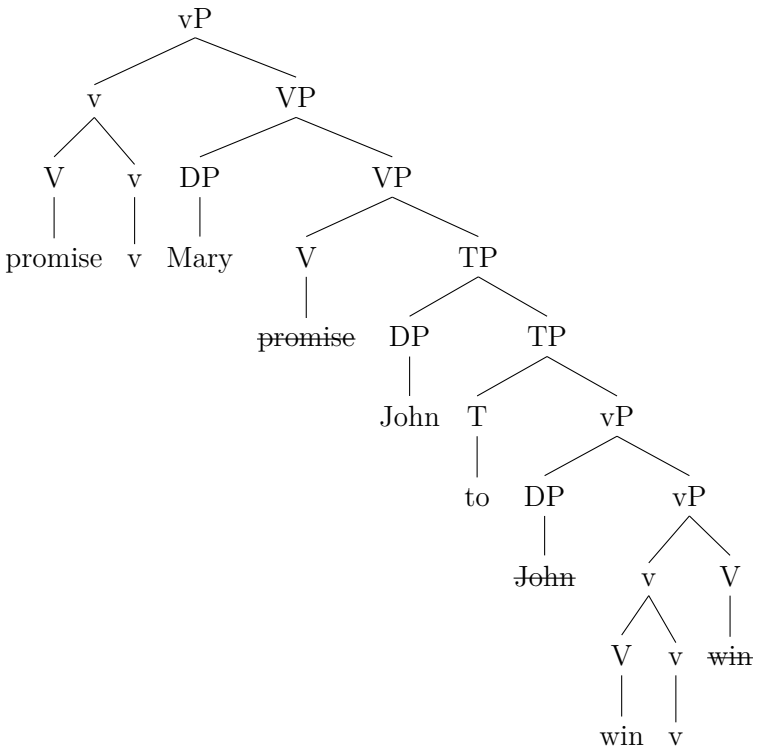

Notice this is not the same kind of **head incorporation** used earlier. The mechanics of the operation are left up to the `strategy`. In this implementation, **select** of a `cPDat[pdat]` category causes the *selectee* to restructure, essentially eliminating the PP shell[ˆstrategyimpl]. Since `stage_25` is still in a "react" state, as a result of the `merge`, it will attempt its final `=D[] probe` on its `constituents` list (as there are no items in the `lexical array`). What happens here depends greatly on implementation details.

The obvious thing to happen is for the probe to work backward through the `constituents` array (as this directly corresponds to hierarchy). In this case, the `probe` will find a match on `Mary` and stop, ultimately crashing the derivation (as there are no more D-category items in the `derivations` remaining inventory of lexical items). This will happen again at the T stage - the T probe will find `Mary` first and stop. T will never find a match for its **select**or feature (an EPP violation) and `John` will never get case. The derivation will assemble a complete tree, but with unvalued features. The interfaces will reject the result.

There are plausible ways to save the derivation, however. One could model a system where