

INDRAPRASTHA INSTITUTE OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DELHI
ECE 113 BASIC ELECTRONICS
MID-SEMESTER EXAMINATION

Date: July 17, 2021
Time: 10:00 AM to 11:00 AM

Maximum Marks: 50

Notes:

- 1) Attempt any Five.
- 2) Please justify your answer with appropriate mathematical justification. An answer without justification may fetch zero marks.
- 3) Please use notations appropriately. Wrong notations may fetch zero marks
- 4) Maximum Marks 50.

Question:

- Q1. A battery of E volts is supplying a steady current to a series circuit of total resistance R ohms and inductance of L henrys. A part R_1 of the total resistance is suddenly short circuited. Derive
(a) Expression for the current flowing in the battery subsequent to this operation.
(b) If $E = 100$ V; $R = 20$ Ω ; $R_1 = 10$ Ω ; and $L = 2$ H, plot the current/ time curve and determine the current at 0.1 sec and 0.5 sec after short circuit.

[10 marks]

- Q2. (a) What values must R_1 and R_2 have in Figure 1, so that (i) $I_1 = 4$ A and $I_2 = 6$ A and both currents are charging the batteries, (ii) $I_1 = 2$ A discharging and $I_2 = 20$ A charging, (b) Under what condition I_2 will be zero?

[3.5+3.5+3 = 10 Marks]

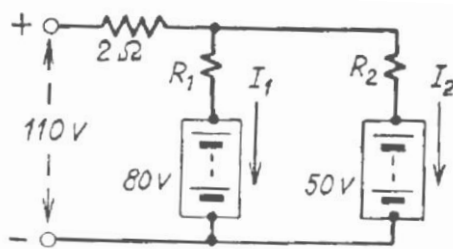


Figure 1

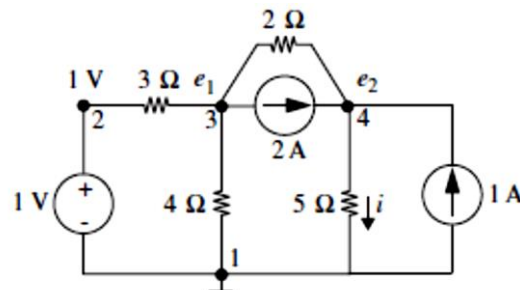


Figure 2

- Q3. (a) Determine the current i through the 5 Ω resistance in Figure 2.
(b) Find the Thévenin resistance of the circuit in Figure 3 across terminals A and A'.

[7+3 Marks]

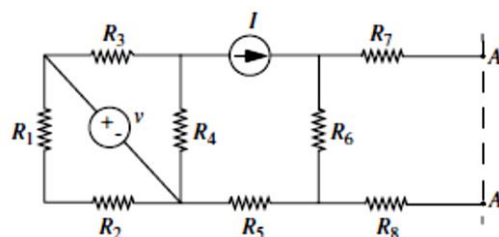


Figure 3

Q4. For the circuit shown below find $v(t)$ for $t > 0$.

[10 Marks]

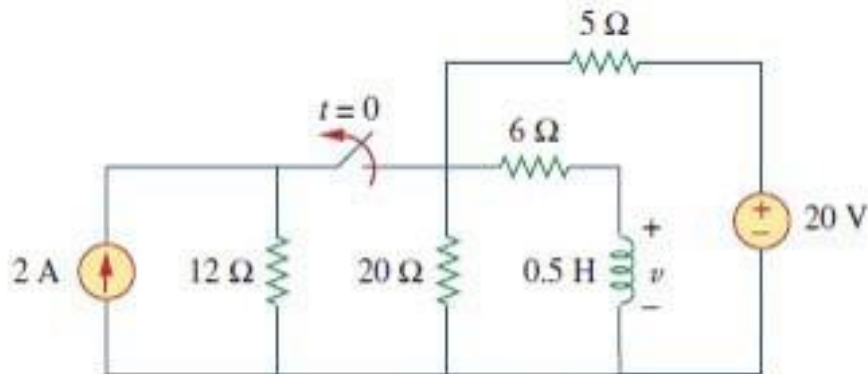


Figure 4

Q5. A student is given an unknown resistive network as illustrated in Figure 5(a). She/he wishes to determine whether the network is linear, and if it is, what its Thévenin equivalent is.

The only equipment available to the student is a voltmeter (assumed ideal), 100 kΩ and 1 MΩ test resistors that can be placed across the terminals during a measurement as in Figure 5(b).

The following data were recorded:

Test Resistor	Voltmeter Reading
Absent	1.5 V
100 k Ω	0.25 V
1 M Ω	1.0 V

What should the student conclude about the network from these results? Support your conclusion with plots of the network $v - I$ characteristics.

[10 Marks]

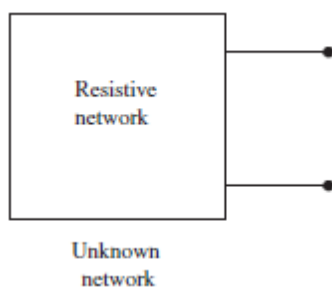


Figure 5(a).

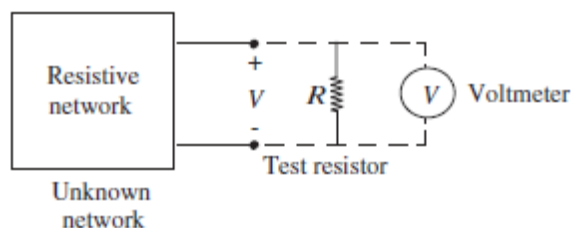


Figure 5(b).

Q 6. In the given Figure 6, switch is closed initially for long time and it is opened at $t=0$.

Find the current through the resistance R_2 , i.e. $I_{R_2}(t)$, for $t > 0$.

{Given that: $R_1=R_2=10\text{ ohm}$, $L=1\text{ mH}$, $C=40\text{ uF}$, and supply voltage, $V=20\text{ V}$ }.

[10 Marks]

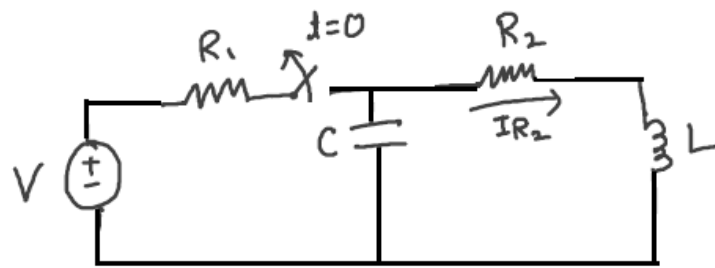


Figure 6