

# Personalized Learning Analytics Assignment

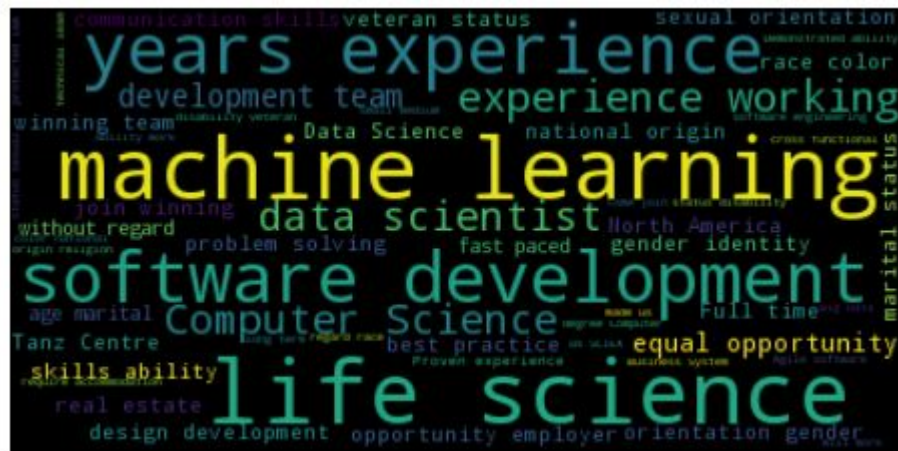
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By Skanda Vaidyanath

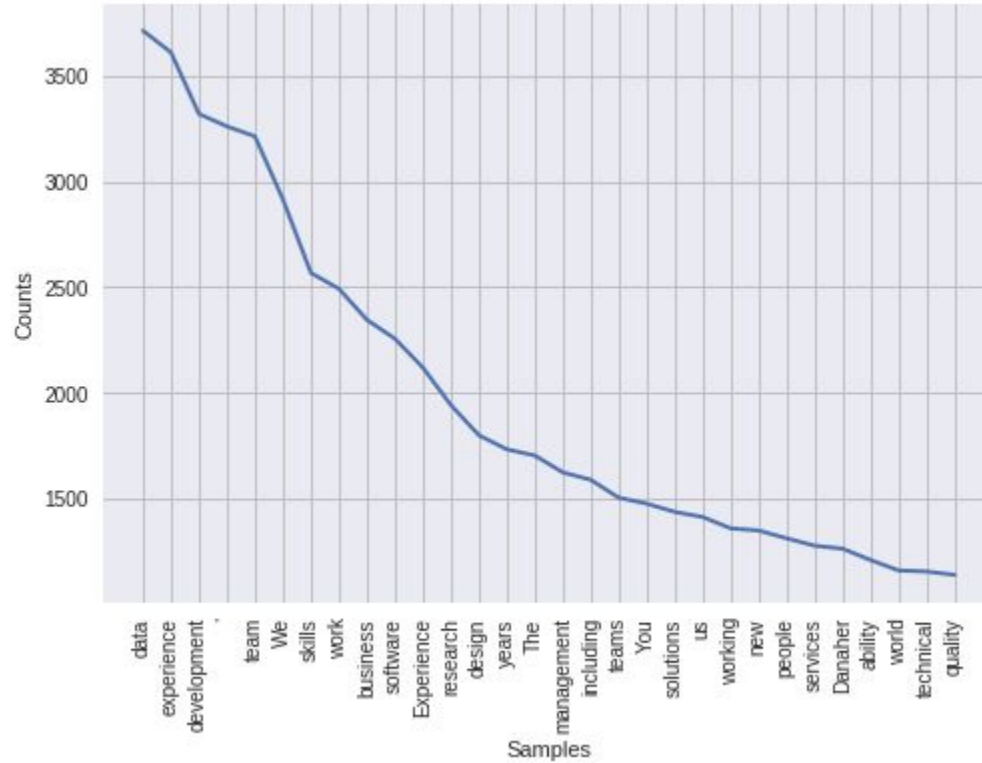
# Roadmap of techniques used

- 1) Exploring the data
- 2) Basic text searches
- 3) High level technical and non-technical features
- 4) Clustering high level features
- 5) Topic Modelling and LDA
- 6) Vector Space Model
- 7) Self Organising Maps
- 8) Text Classifier
- 9) Curriculum for the course 'Data Analytics and AI'

# Stage 1 : Exploring the data



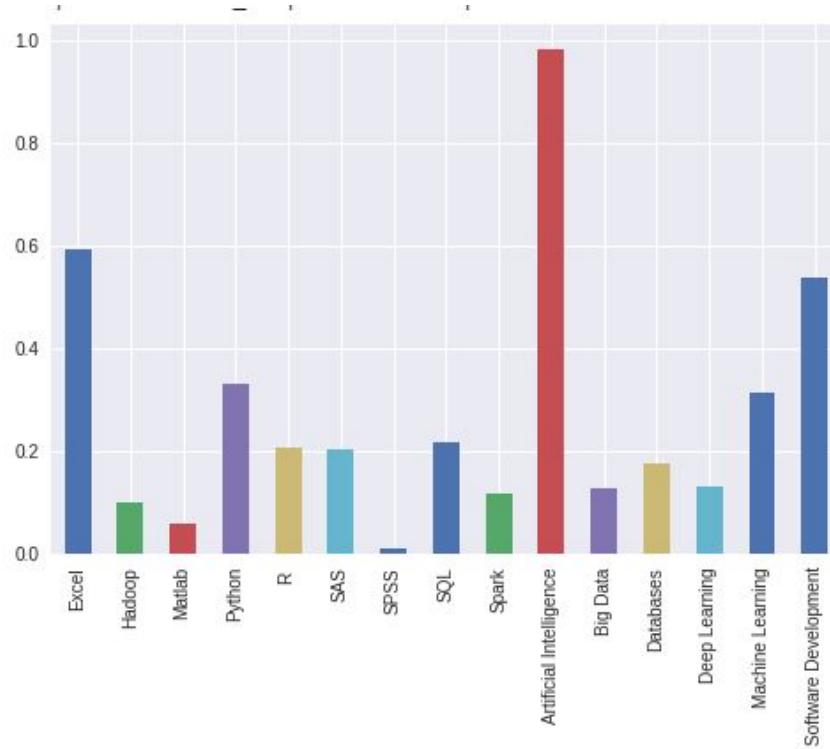
# Stage 1



# Stage 1

This stage just tells us about the data we are using and the different words that are a part of the Job Description column of the data. We observe some keywords such as 'Machine Learning', 'Software development', etc.

## Stage 2 : Basic text searches



## Stage 2

Gives us an idea of what the important skills are from the job postings. Shows that AI is a key skill which is a requirement of nearly all job postings while SPSS is not a very sought after skill. Comparisons between Python and R, SPSS and SAS etc. can also be made.

## Stage 3 : High level technical and non-technical features

count		feature
<b>21496</b>	141	they face our leadership
<b>2354</b>	141	are leaders in some
<b>12074</b>	141	leaders in some of
<b>11246</b>	141	knowledge for life our
<b>11928</b>	141	leader come join our

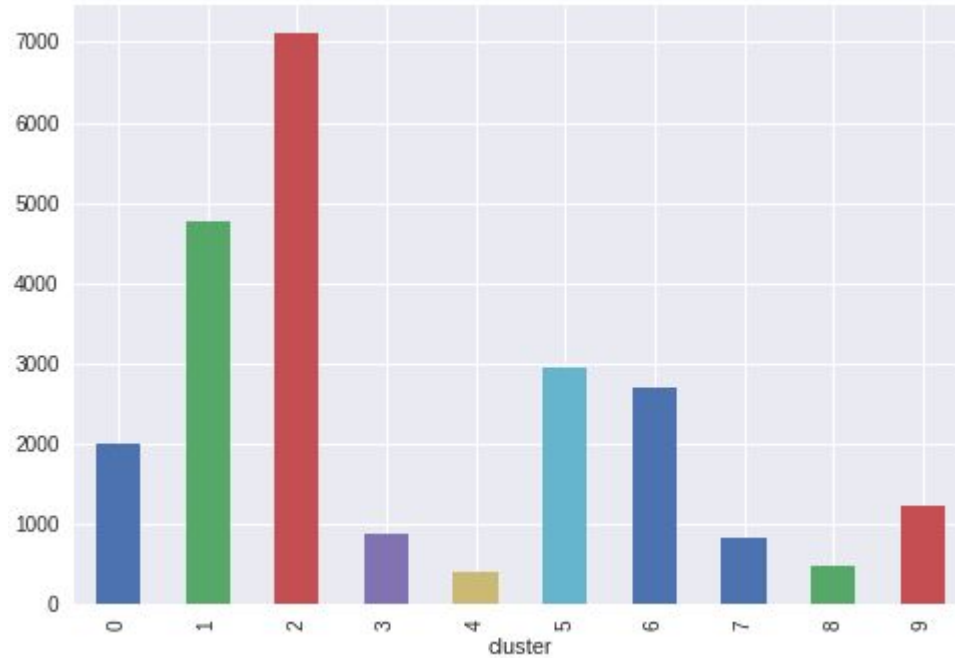
count		feature
<b>9555</b>	286	degree in computer science
<b>16163</b>	164	experience in designing and
<b>16947</b>	141	for science knowledge for
<b>1928</b>	141	answers for science knowledge
<b>9573</b>	141	deliver answers for science



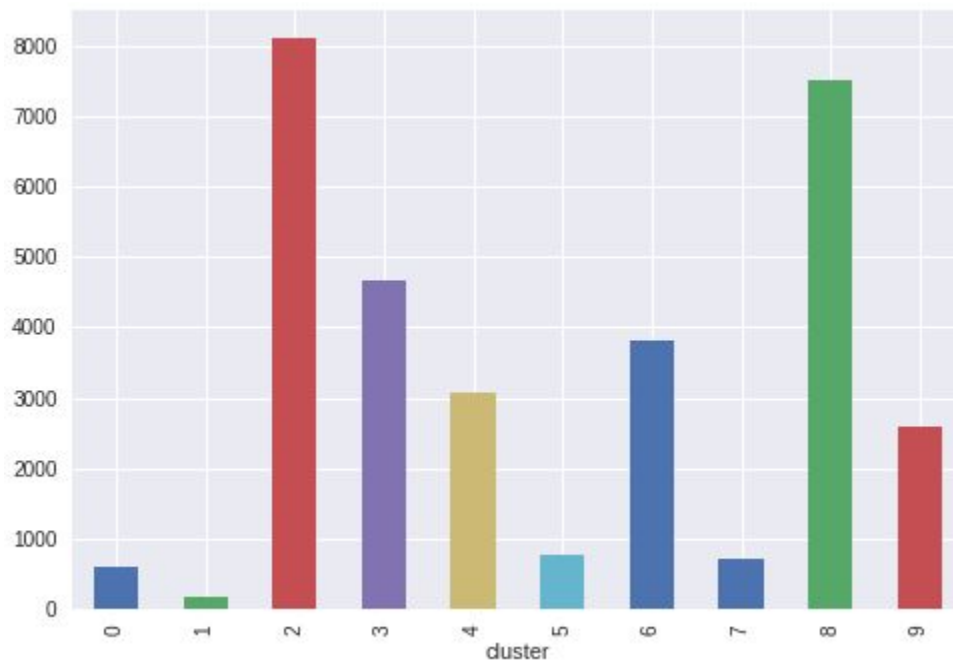
## Stage 3

The image on the left in the previous slide shows some high level non-technical features while the image on the right shows some high level technical features.

## Stage 4 : Clustering high level features



## Stage 4



# Stage 4

The figure on slide 10 gives cluster densities of non-technical features.

The figure on slide 11 gives cluster densities of technical features.

There are ten clusters of each. The description of each cluster is given in the following slides.

# Stage 4

Non-technical features:

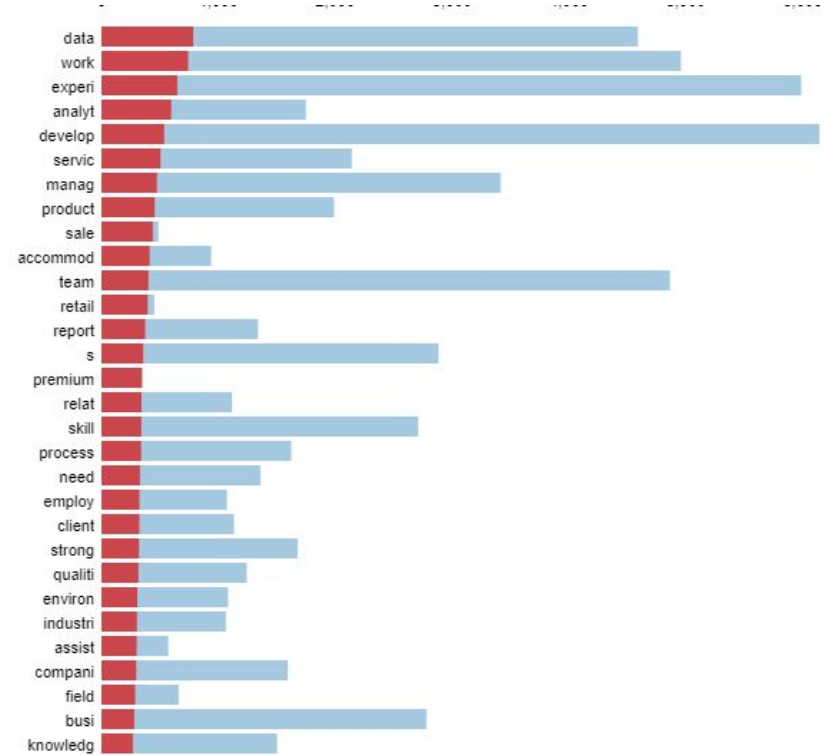
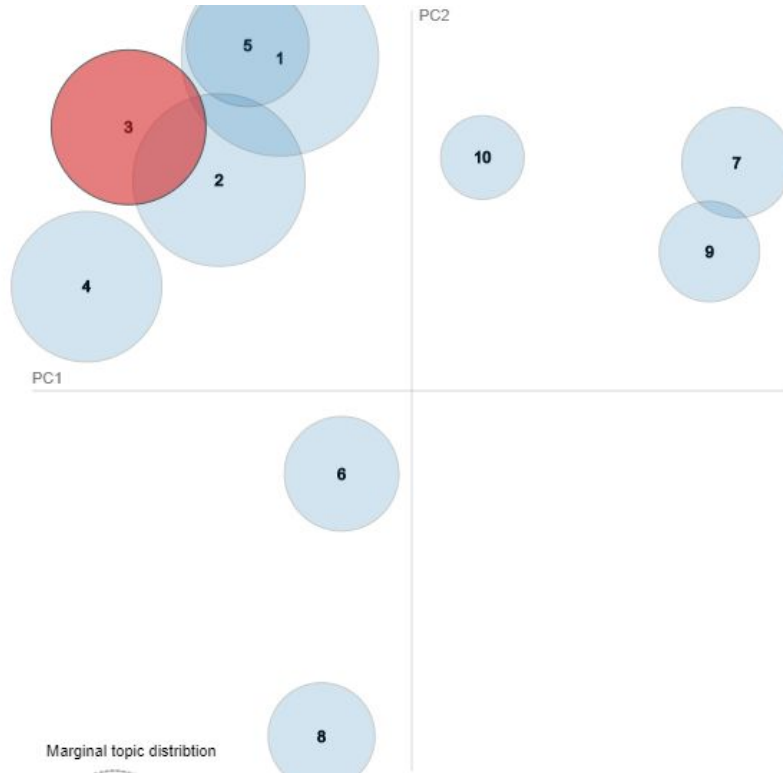
```
nt_cluster_type[0] = 'Communication Skills'  
nt_cluster_type[1] = 'Management'  
nt_cluster_type[2] = 'Expertise'  
nt_cluster_type[3] = 'Leadership'  
nt_cluster_type[4] = 'Demonstration'  
nt_cluster_type[5] = 'Experience'  
nt_cluster_type[6] = 'Knowledge'  
nt_cluster_type[7] = 'Consulting'  
nt_cluster_type[8] = 'Project Management'  
nt_cluster_type[9] = 'Skills'
```

# Stage 4

Technical features:

```
t_cluster_type[0] = 'Spark and Hadoop'  
t_cluster_type[1] = 'Development and Testing'  
t_cluster_type[2] = 'Software and Databases'  
t_cluster_type[3] = 'Data Science'  
t_cluster_type[4] = 'Engineering'  
t_cluster_type[5] = 'Machine Learning and Deep Learning'  
t_cluster_type[6] = 'Design'  
t_cluster_type[7] = 'Experience'  
t_cluster_type[8] = 'Development'  
t_cluster_type[9] = 'Knowledge'
```

## Stage 5 : Topic Modelling and LDA

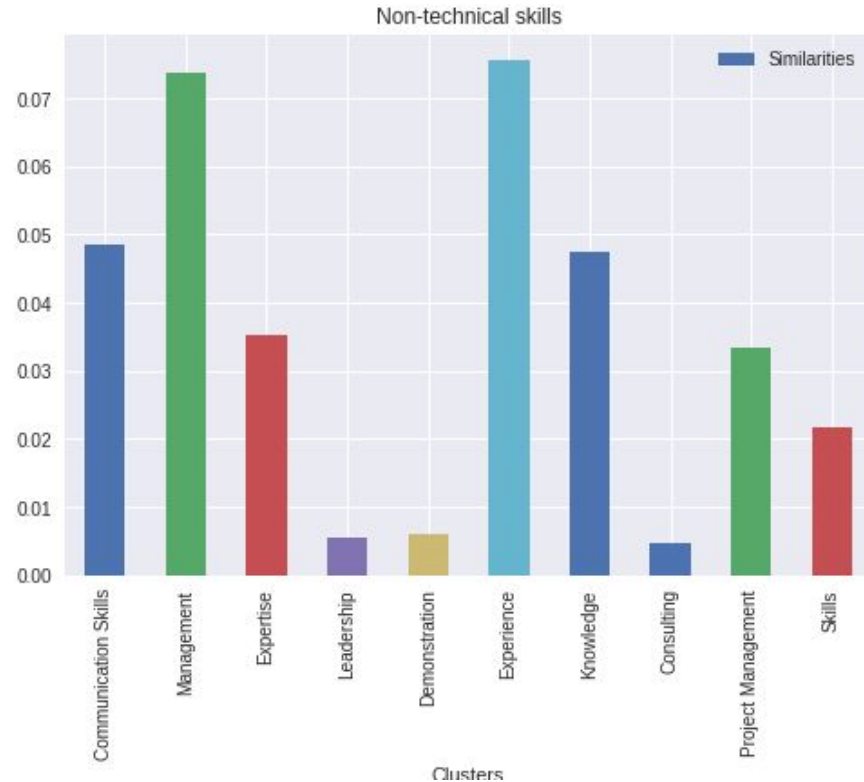


## Stage 5

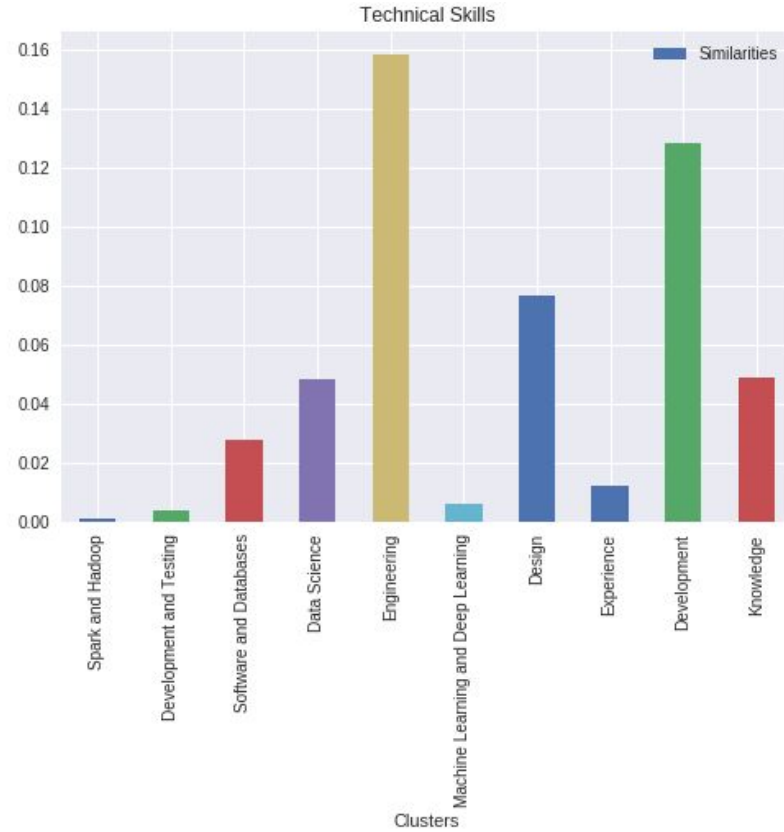
The picture depicts the term distribution for topic number 3 on the right side. On the left side we can see the overall distribution of topics. The animation in the notebook is a great aid for understanding. I have used LDA only for visualisation in this particular assignment. This is mainly because our topic modelling is not very efficient in the sense that it does not spread across all four quadrants (left side of image) and there are many overlaps between topics.



# Stage 6 : Vector Space Model



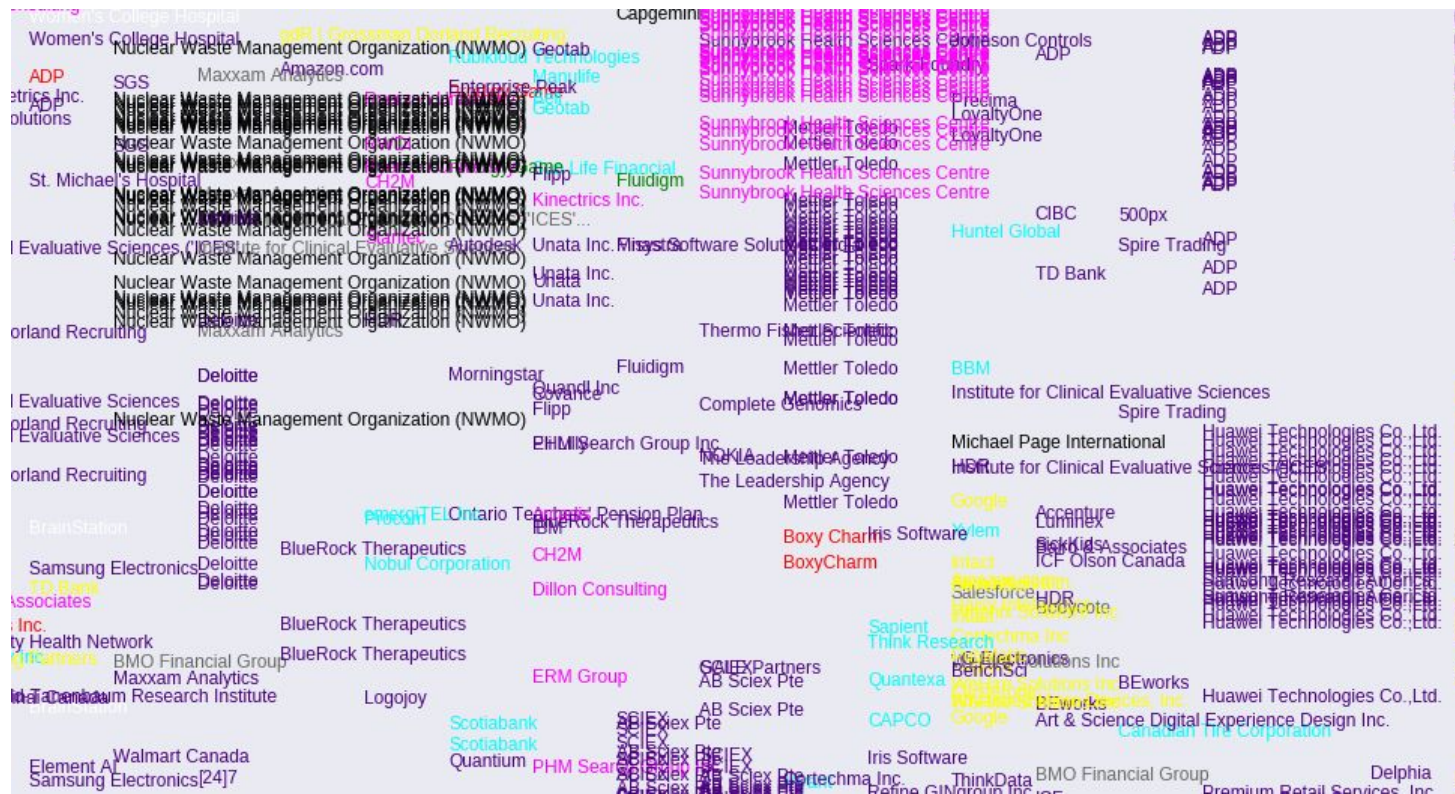
# Stage 6



## Stage 6

The figure in slide 17 shows the similarity with each cluster for document number 500. The figure in slide 18 shows the similarity with each cluster for document number 500. For this particular document, the most important non-technical skills are Management and Experience. Leadership and Consulting are not sought after. Similarly for technical skills, Spark and Hadoop and Machine Learning and Deep Learning are not sought after. Development and Design are important technical factors.

## Stage 7 : Self Organising Maps

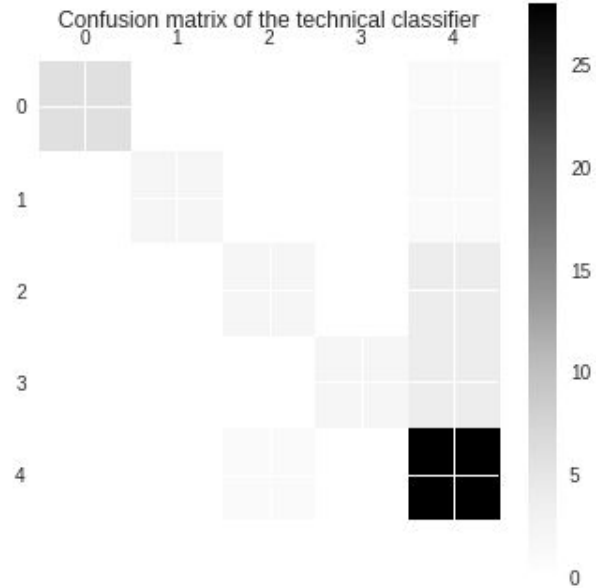


## Stage 7

A section of the self organising map output is shown in the previous slide. From the map, we can make inferences about how similar or different the jobs of two companies are. For example, we can say Boxy Charm and Iris Software are offering similar jobs while Deloitte and TDB Bank are not.

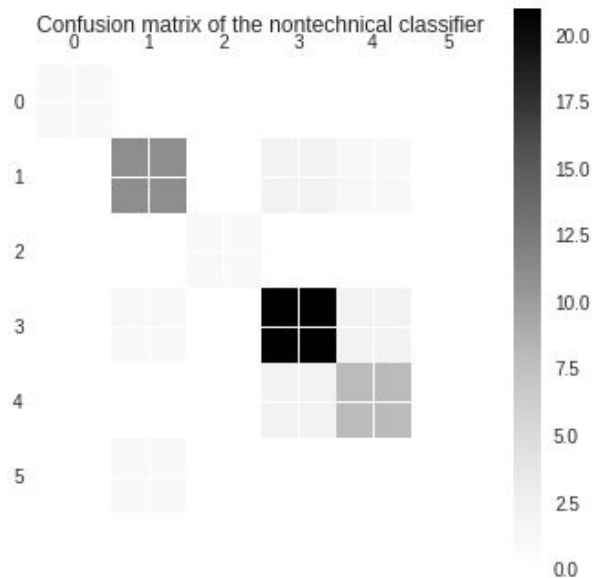
# Stage 8 : Text Classifier

The accuracy of the technical model is 78.43137254901961



# Stage 8

The accuracy of the nontechnical model is 82.35294117647058



## Stage 8

In slide 22, the confusion matrix of the technical text classifier is shown. The accuracy is 78%

In slide 23, the confusion matrix of the non-technical text classifier is shown. The accuracy is 82%

This classifier can be used to classify a new job posting into a technical bucket and a non-technical bucket.



# Stage 9 : Design a curriculum for Data Analytics and AI

The details of this section are given in the Python notebook. Please refer the notebook for extensive details.