# HTML & CSS Simplified Google Style Guide

#### 1. Indentation

Indent by 2 spaces at a time.

Don't use tabs or mix tabs and spaces for indentation.

```
            Fantastic
            Great
            <lul>
            example {
            color: blue;
            }
```

#### 2. Capitalization

Use only lowercase.

All code has to be lowercase: This applies to HTML element names, attributes, attribute values (unless text/CDATA), CSS selectors, properties, and property values (with the exception of strings).

```
<!-- Not recommended -->
<A HREF="/">Home</A>
<!-- Recommended -->
<img src="google.png" alt="Google">

/* Not recommended */
color: #E5E5E5;
/* Recommended */
color: #e5e5e5;
```

#### 3. HTML General Formatting

Use a new line for every block, list, or table element, and indent every such child element.

Independent of the styling of an element (as CSS allows elements to assume a different role per display property), put every block, list, or table element on a new line.

Also, indent them if they are child elements of a block, list, or table element.

(If you run into issues around whitespace between list items it's acceptable to put all 11 elements in one line. A linter is encouraged to throw a warning instead of an error.)

```
<blook<br/>duote>
<em>Space</em>, the final frontier.
</blockquote>
ul>
Moe
Larry
Curly
<thead>
 Income
 Taxes
$ 5.00
 $ 4.50
```

# 4. CSS Class Naming

Use meaningful or generic class names.

Always use class names that reflect the purpose of the element in question.

```
/* Not recommended: meaningless */
.yee-1901 {}

/* Not recommended: presentational */
.button-green {}
.clear {}

/* Recommended: specific */
.gallery {}
```

```
.login {}
.video {}

/* Recommended: generic */
.aux {}
.alt {}
```

#### 5. CSS Property Name Stops

Use a space after a property name's colon.

Always use a single space between property and value (but no space between property and colon) for consistency reasons.

```
/* Not recommended */
h3 {
font-weight:bold;
}
/* Recommended */
h3 {
font-weight: bold;
}
```

# 6. Declaration Block Separation

Use a space between the last selector and the declaration block.

Always use a single space between the last selector and the opening brace that begins the <u>declaration block</u>.

The opening brace should be on the same line as the last selector in a given rule.

```
/* Not recommended: missing space */
.video{
  margin-top: 1em;
}

/* Not recommended: unnecessary line break */
.video
{
  margin-top: 1em;
}
```

```
/* Recommended */
.video {
 margin-top: 1em;
}
```

## 7. Rule Separation

Separate rules by new lines.

Always put a blank line (two line breaks) between rules.

```
html {
  background: #fff;
}

body {
  margin: auto;
  width: 50%;
}
```

## Reference:

HTML Google style guide:

https://google.github.io/styleguide/htmlcssguide.html