

```
1 pip install voxelmorph
```

```
→ Collecting voxelmorph
```

```
  Downloading voxelmorph-0.2-py3-none-any.whl (54 kB)
```

```
      54.2/54.2 kB 1.5 MB/s eta 0:00:0
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: packaging in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-image in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: h5py in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: scipy in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: nibabel in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Collecting neurite>=0.2 (from voxelmorph)
  Downloading neurite-0.2-py3-none-any.whl (108 kB)
```

```
      108.9/108.9 kB 5.9 MB/s eta 0:00:0
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Collecting pystrum>=0.2 (from neurite>=0.2->voxelmorph)
  Downloading pystrum-0.4.tar.gz (17 kB)
```

```
  Preparing metadata (setup.py) ... done
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: networkx>=2.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: pillow!=7.1.0,!~=7.1.1,!~=8.3.0,>=6.1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: imageio>=2.4.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: tifffile>=2019.7.26 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: PyWavelets>=1.1.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=1.1.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Building wheels for collected packages: pystrum
```

```
  Building wheel for pystrum (setup.py) ... done
```

```
  Created wheel for pystrum: filename=pystrum-0.4-py3-none-any.whl size=19532
```

```
  Stored in directory: /root/.cache/pip/wheels/aa/08/d0/914025beb5a12a855b8aa-
```

```
Successfully built pystrum
```

```
Installing collected packages: pystrum, neurite, voxelmorph
```

```
Successfully installed neurite-0.2 pystrum-0.4 voxelmorph-0.2
```

```
1 !nvidia-smi
```

Fri Dec 15 17:58:58 2023

NVIDIA-SMI 535.104.05			Driver Version: 535.104.05		CUDA Version:	
GPU	Name	Persistence-M	Bus-Id	Disp.A	Volatile U	U
Fan	Temp	Pwr:Usage/Cap		Memory-Usage	GPU-Util	(
0	Tesla V100-SXM2-16GB	Off	00000000:00:04.0	Off		
N/A	35C P0	40W / 300W		15124MiB / 16384MiB		0%

Processes:						
GPU	GI	CI	PID	Type	Process name	(
ID	ID)

```
1 !pip install numba
```

Requirement already satisfied: numba in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: llvmlite<0.42,>=0.41.0dev0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: numpy<1.27,>=1.22 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages

```
1 from numba import cuda
2 device = cuda.get_current_device()
3 device.reset()
```

```
1 !nvidia-smi
```

Fri Dec 15 18:53:41 2023

NVIDIA-SMI 535.104.05			Driver Version: 535.104.05		CUDA Version:	
GPU	Name	Persistence-M	Bus-Id	Disp.A	Volatile U	U
Fan	Temp	Pwr:Usage/Cap		Memory-Usage	GPU-Util	(
0	Tesla V100-SXM2-16GB	Off	00000000:00:04.0	Off		
N/A	44C P0	58W / 300W		2MiB / 16384MiB	100%	

Processes:						
GPU	GI	CI	PID	Type	Process name	(
ID	ID)
No running processes found						

```
1 from google.colab import auth  
2 auth.authenticate_user()
```

```
1 from google.colab import drive  
2 drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call

```
1 import os  
2 import nibabel as nib  
3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
4 import numpy as np  
5 import tensorflow as tf  
6 import voxelmorph as vxm  
7 import neurite as ne
```

```
1 dir_folder = os.path.join('/content/drive', 'My Drive', 'hw4', 'Dataset_HW4')
```

```
1 train_folder = os.path.join(dir_folder,'train')
2 test_folder = os.path.join(dir_folder,'test')

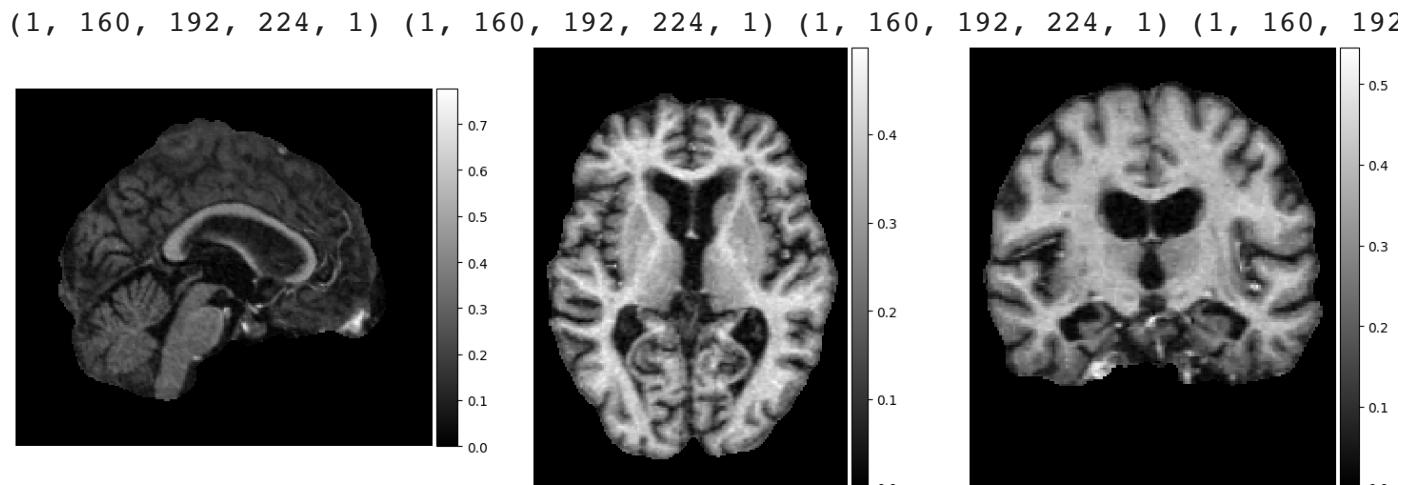
1 def load_img(files_path):
2
3     batch_size = len(files_path)
4     temp_file = nib.load(files_path[0])
5     img_shape = temp_file.shape
6     img_array = np.zeros([batch_size,*img_shape])
7
8     for i,files in enumerate(files_path):
9
10         img = nib.load(files)
11         img_array[i] = img.get_fdata()
12
13     return np.expand_dims(img_array, axis = -1)
```

```
1 def data_generator(dir_folder,batch_size = 32):
2
3     while True:
4
5         files = os.listdir(dir_folder)
6         #print(files)
7         num_files = len(files)
8         idx1 = np.random.randint(0,num_files,size = batch_size)
9         files_1 = [os.path.join(dir_folder,files[i]) for i in idx1]
10        moving_images = load_img(files_1)
11
12        idx2 = np.random.randint(0,num_files,size = batch_size)
13        files_2 = [os.path.join(dir_folder,files[i]) for i in idx2]
14        fixed_images = load_img(files_2)
15
16        inputs = [moving_images,fixed_images]
17
18        img_shape = moving_images.shape[1:]
19        img_shape = img_shape[:-1]
20
21        ndims = len(img_shape)
22        zero_phi = np.zeros([batch_size,*img_shape,ndims])
23        outputs = [fixed_images,zero_phi]
24
25        yield (inputs,outputs)
26
27    # while True:
28
29    #     idx1 = np.random.randint(0,num_files,size = batch_size)
30
31    #     moving_images = load_img(
```

```
1 #compile model
2
3 vol_shape = (160, 192, 224)
4 nb_features = [
5     [16, 32, 32, 32],
6     [32, 32, 32, 32, 32, 16, 16]
7 ]
8 vxm_model = vxm.networks.VxmDense(vol_shape, nb_features, int_steps=0)
9
10 losses = ['mse', vxm.losses.Grad('l2').loss]
11 loss_weights = [1, 0.01]
12
13 v xm_model.compile(optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.legacy.Adam(learning_rate = 1e-05),
14                      loss = losses,
15                      loss_weights = loss_weights)
```

```
1 train_generator = data_generator(train_folder, batch_size = 1)
```

```
1 ip_sample,op_sample = next(train_generator)
2 print(ip_sample[0].shape,ip_sample[1].shape,op_sample[0].shape,op_sample[1].sh
3
4 ## show data across all three axis
5
6 val_volume_2 = ip_sample[0][0,:,:,:,0]
7
8 #print(val_volume_2.shape)
9
10 mid_slices_fixed = [np.take(val_volume_2, vol_shape[d]//2, axis=d) for d in ra
11 mid_slices_fixed[1] = np.rot90(mid_slices_fixed[1], 1)
12 mid_slices_fixed[2] = np.rot90(mid_slices_fixed[2], -1)
13
14 ne.plot.slices(mid_slices_fixed, cmaps=['gray'], do_colorbars=True, grid=[1,3]
```



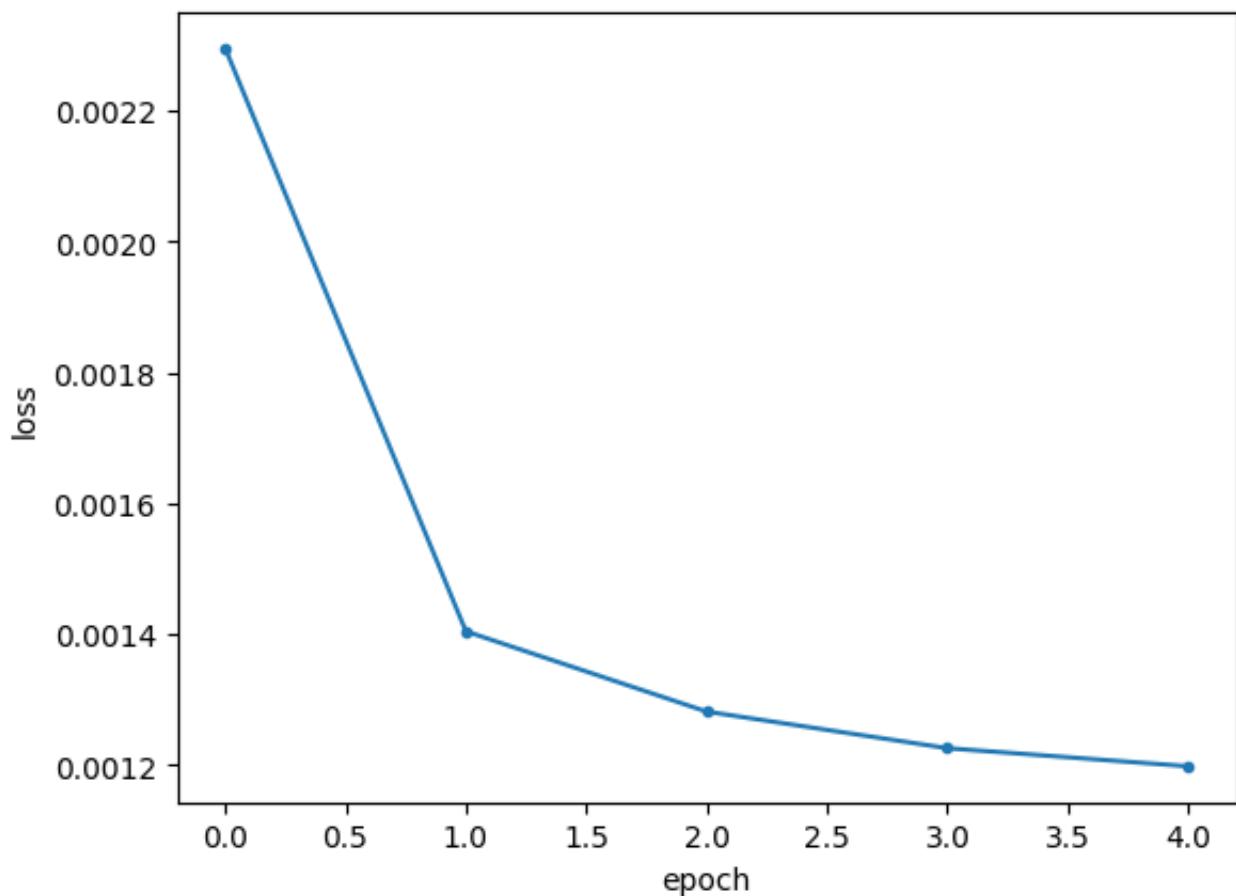
(<Figure size 1500x500 with 6 Axes>,
array([<Axes: >, <Axes: >, <Axes: >], dtype=object))

```
1 # training the model
2 hist = vxm_model.fit(train_generator, epochs = 5, steps_per_epoch = 800, verbose=1)

Epoch 1/5
800/800 - 706s - loss: 0.0023 - vxm_dense_transformer_loss: 0.0021 - vxm_dense
Epoch 2/5
800/800 - 651s - loss: 0.0014 - vxm_dense_transformer_loss: 0.0011 - vxm_dense
Epoch 3/5
800/800 - 651s - loss: 0.0013 - vxm_dense_transformer_loss: 9.4760e-04 - vxm_
Epoch 4/5
800/800 - 651s - loss: 0.0012 - vxm_dense_transformer_loss: 8.9079e-04 - vxm_
Epoch 5/5
800/800 - 651s - loss: 0.0012 - vxm_dense_transformer_loss: 8.5948e-04 - vxm_
```

```
1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
2
3 def plot_history(hist, loss_name='loss'):
4     # Simple function to plot training history.
5     plt.figure()
6     plt.plot(hist.epoch, hist.history[loss_name], '.-')
7     plt.ylabel('loss')
8     plt.xlabel('epoch')
9     plt.show()
```

```
1 plot_history(hist)
```



```
1 def data_generator_test(dir_folder,img_type,batch_size = 32):
2
3     while True:
4
5         files = [file for file in os.listdir(dir_folder) if file[0:3] == img_t
6         #print(files)
7         num_files = len(files)
8         idx1 = np.random.randint(0,num_files,size = batch_size)
9         files_1 = [os.path.join(dir_folder,files[i]) for i in idx1]
10        moving_images = load_img(files_1)
11
12        idx2 = np.random.randint(0,num_files,size = batch_size)
13        files_2 = [os.path.join(dir_folder,files[i]) for i in idx2]
14        fixed_images = load_img(files_2)
15
16        inputs = [moving_images,fixed_images]
17
18        img_shape = moving_images.shape[1:]
19        img_shape = img_shape[:-1]
20
21        ndims = len(img_shape)
22        zero_phi = np.zeros([batch_size,*img_shape,ndims])
23        outputs = [fixed_images,zero_phi]
24
25        yield (inputs,outputs)
26
```

```
1 # showing the visualization result for the given trained model. Task 2 for the
2
3 num_pairs = 5
4 test_generator = data_generator_test(test_folder,'img',batch_size = 1)
5
6 for i in range(num_pairs):
7
8     inputs,outputs = next(test_generator)
9     val_pred = vxm_model.predict(inputs)
10    val_volume_1 = inputs[0][0,:,:,:,0]
11    val_volume_2 = inputs[1][0,:,:,:,0]
12    moved_pred = val_pred[0][0,:,:,:,0]
13    print('1st moving image')
14    mid_slices_moving = [np.take(val_volume_1, vol_shape[d]//2, axis=d) for d
15    mid_slices_moving[1] = np.rot90(mid_slices_moving[1], 1)
16    mid_slices_moving[2] = np.rot90(mid_slices_moving[2], -1)
```

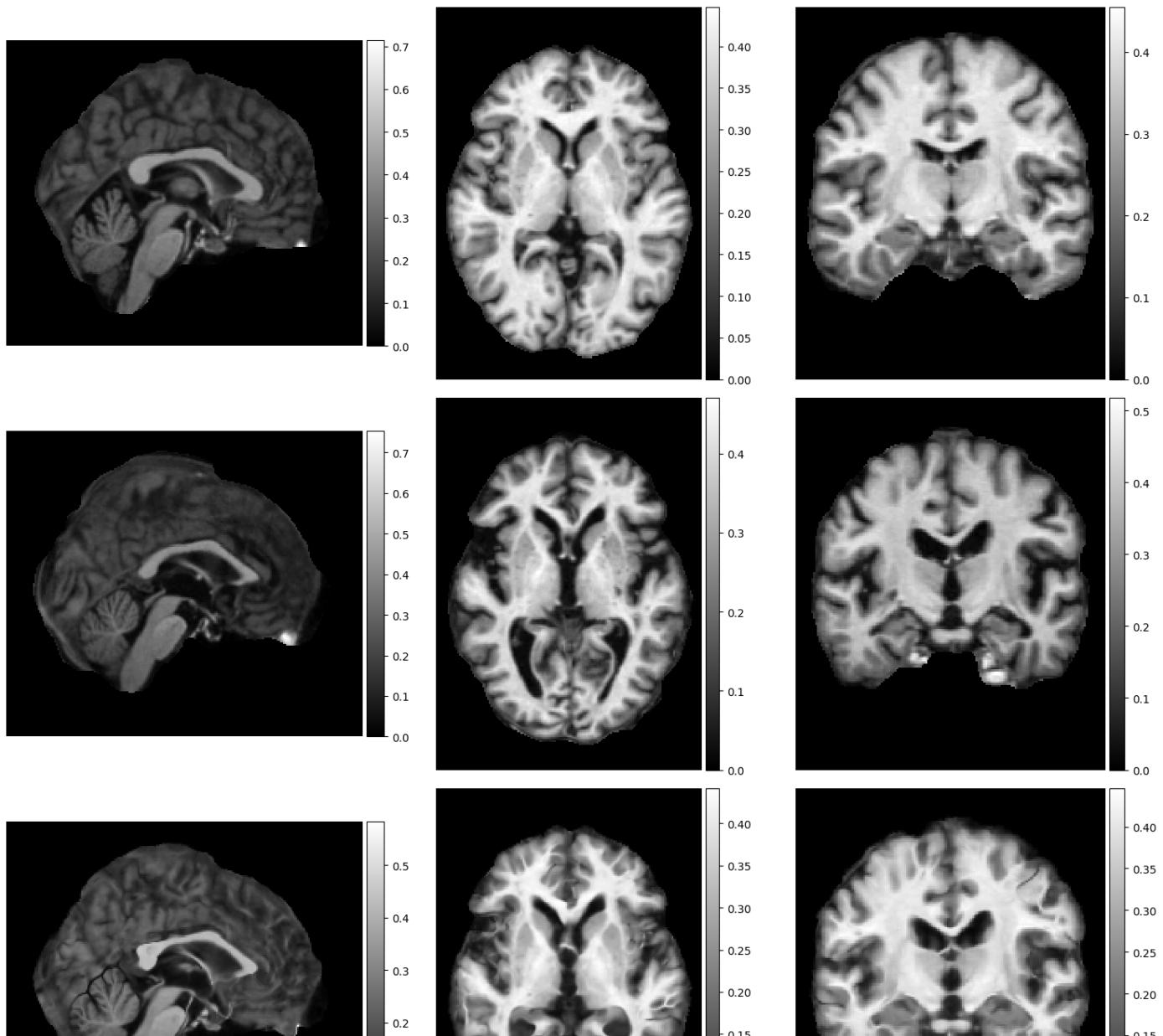
```
17     print('2nd fixed image')
18     mid_slices_fixed = [np.take(val_volume_2, vol_shape[d]//2, axis=d) for d in range(3)]
19     mid_slices_fixed[1] = np.rot90(mid_slices_fixed[1], 1)
20     mid_slices_fixed[2] = np.rot90(mid_slices_fixed[2], -1)
21     print('3rd predicted image')
22     mid_slices_pred = [np.take(moved_pred, vol_shape[d]//2, axis=d) for d in range(3)]
23     mid_slices_pred[1] = np.rot90(mid_slices_pred[1], 1)
24     mid_slices_pred[2] = np.rot90(mid_slices_pred[2], -1)
25     ne.plot.slices(mid_slices_moving + mid_slices_fixed + mid_slices_pred, cmap='gray')
26
```

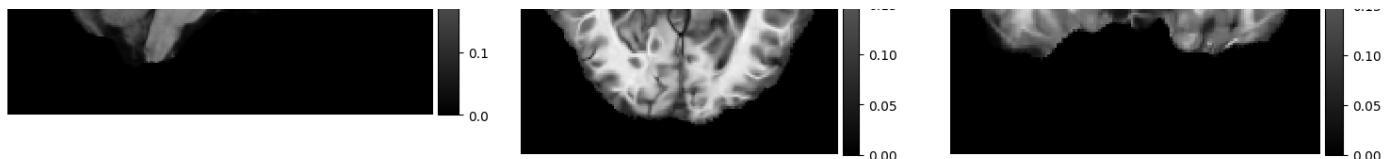
1/1 [=====] - 0s 328ms/step

1st moving image

2nd fixed image

3rd predicted image



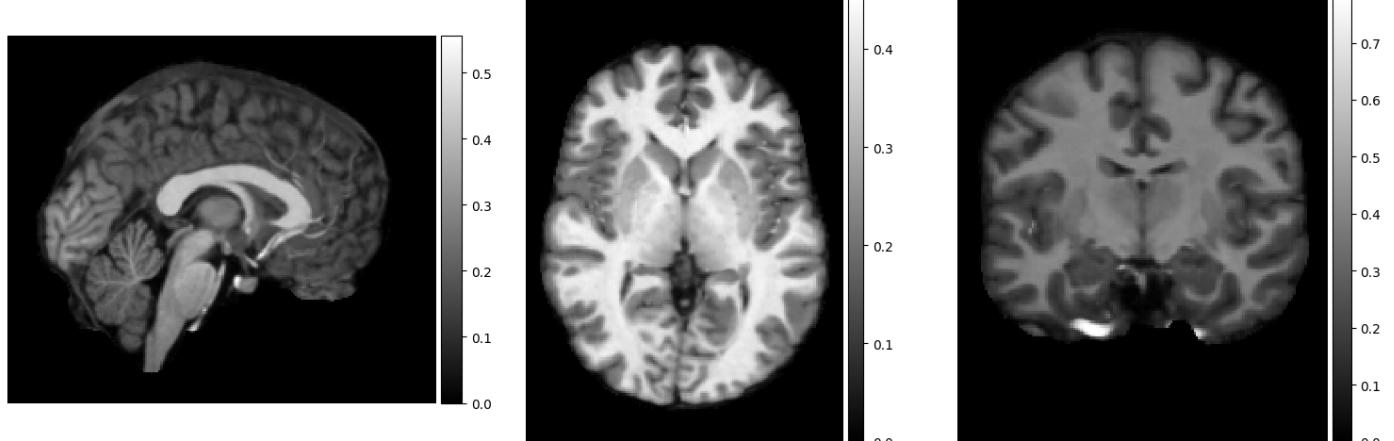
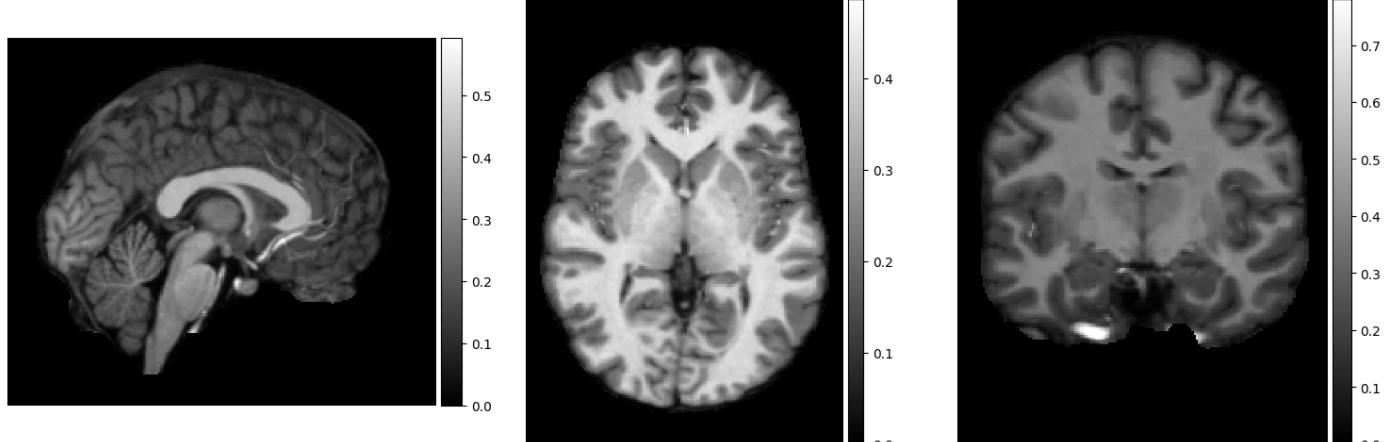
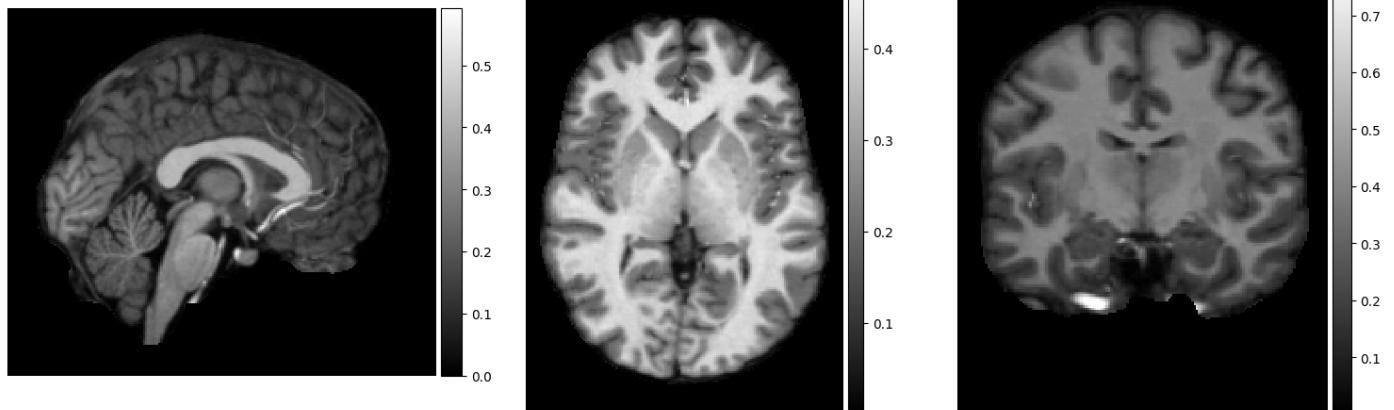


1/1 [=====] - 0s 310ms/step

1st moving image

2nd fixed image

3rd predicted image

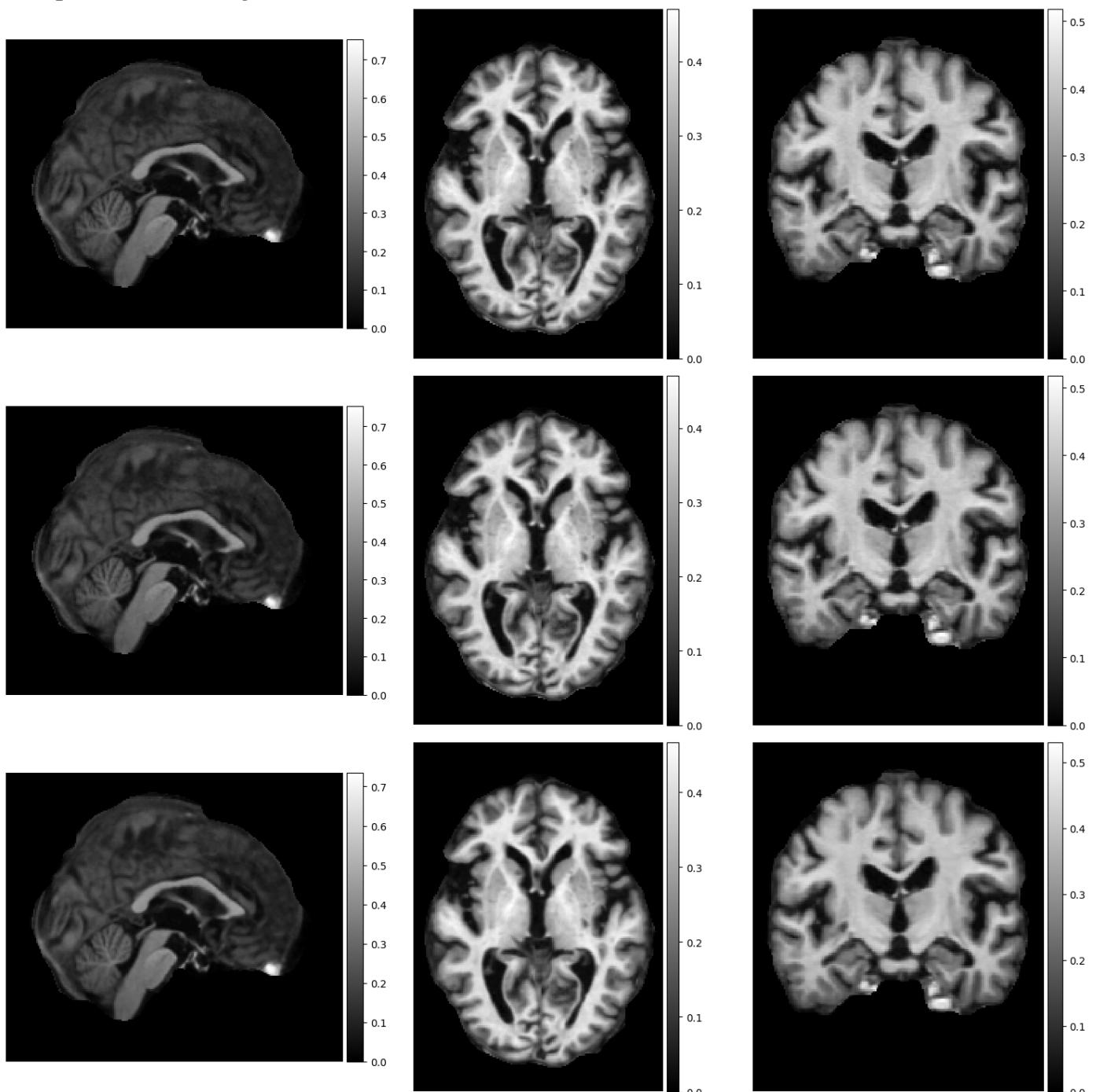


1/1 [=====] - 0s 302ms/step

1st moving image

2nd fixed image

3rd predicted image

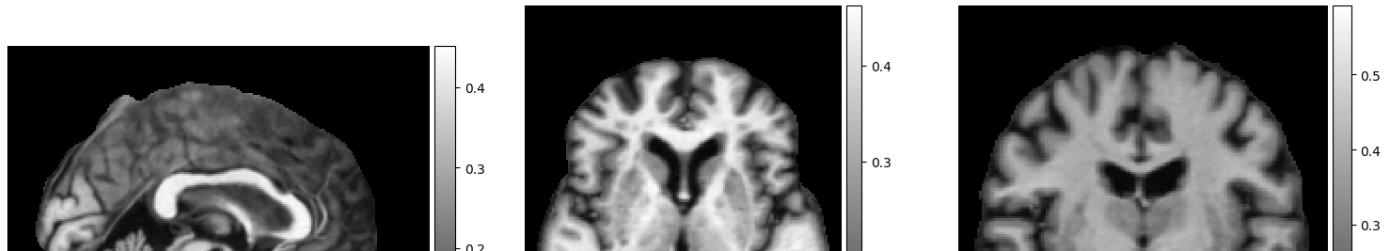


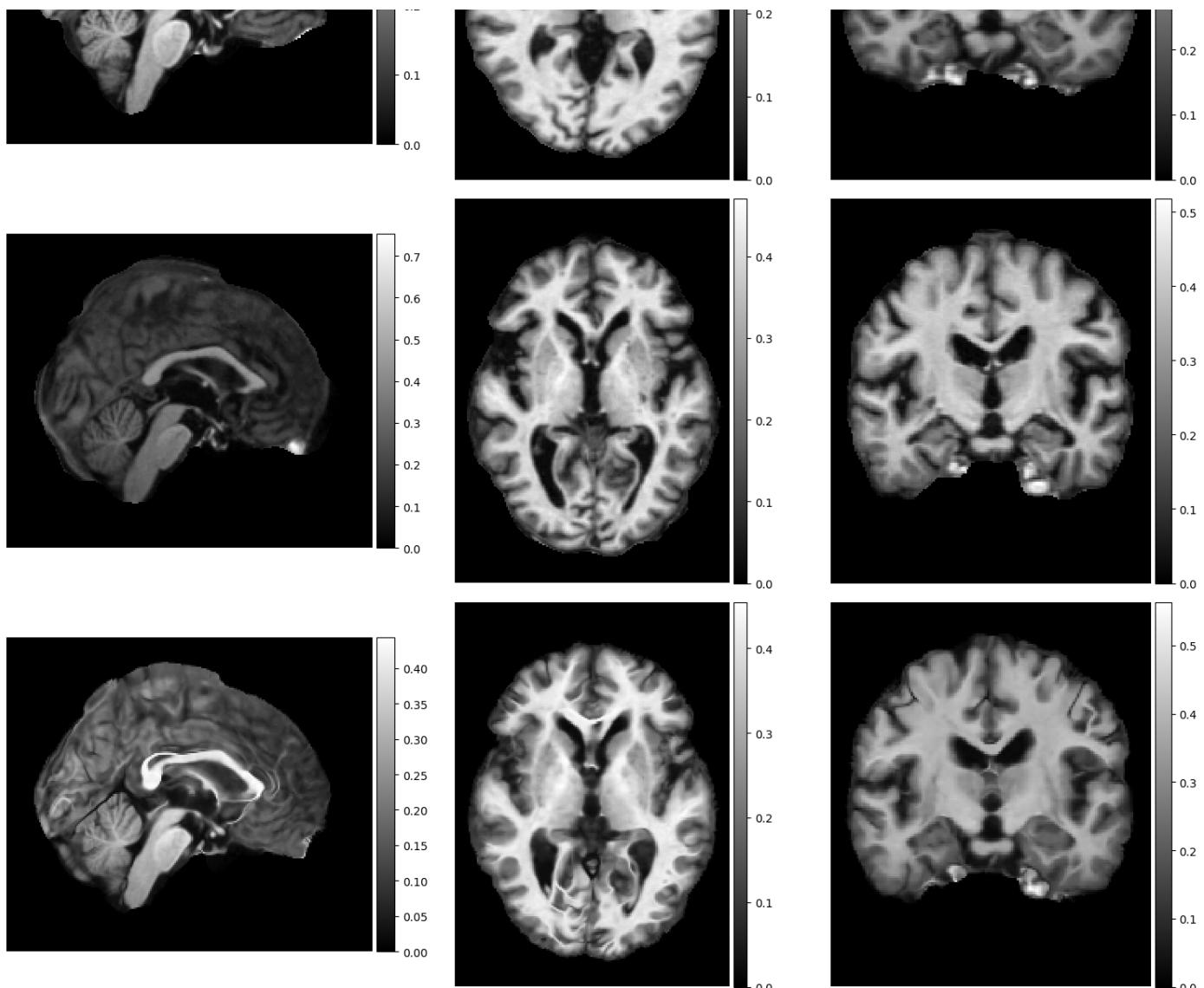
1/1 [=====] - 0s 314ms/step

1st moving image

2nd fixed image

3rd predicted image



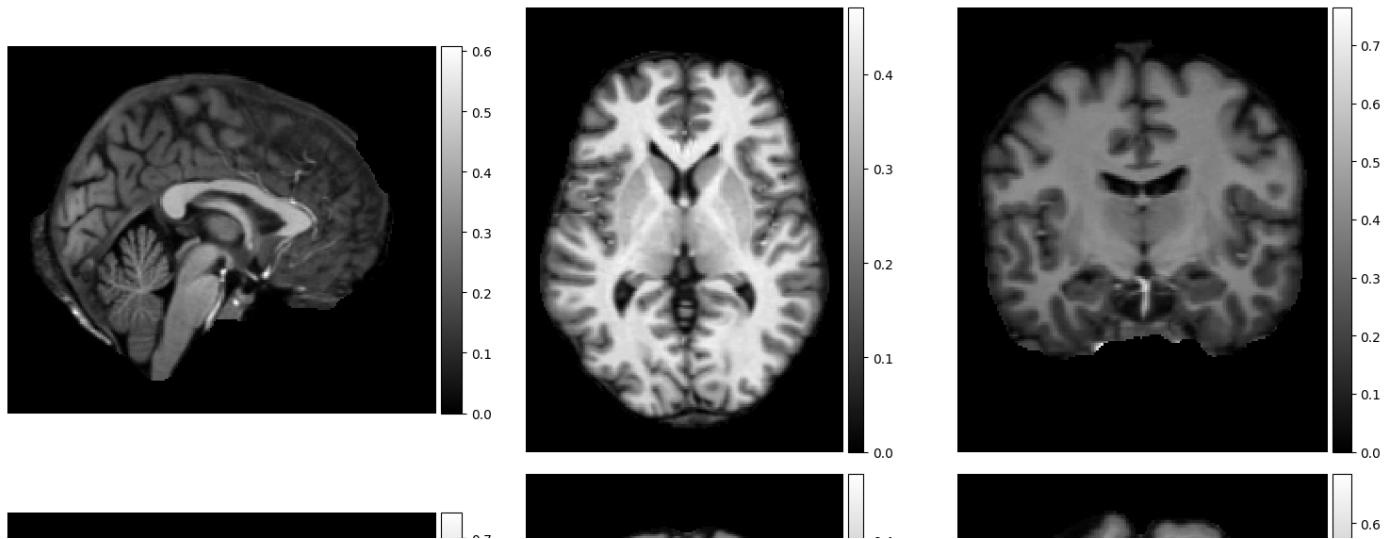


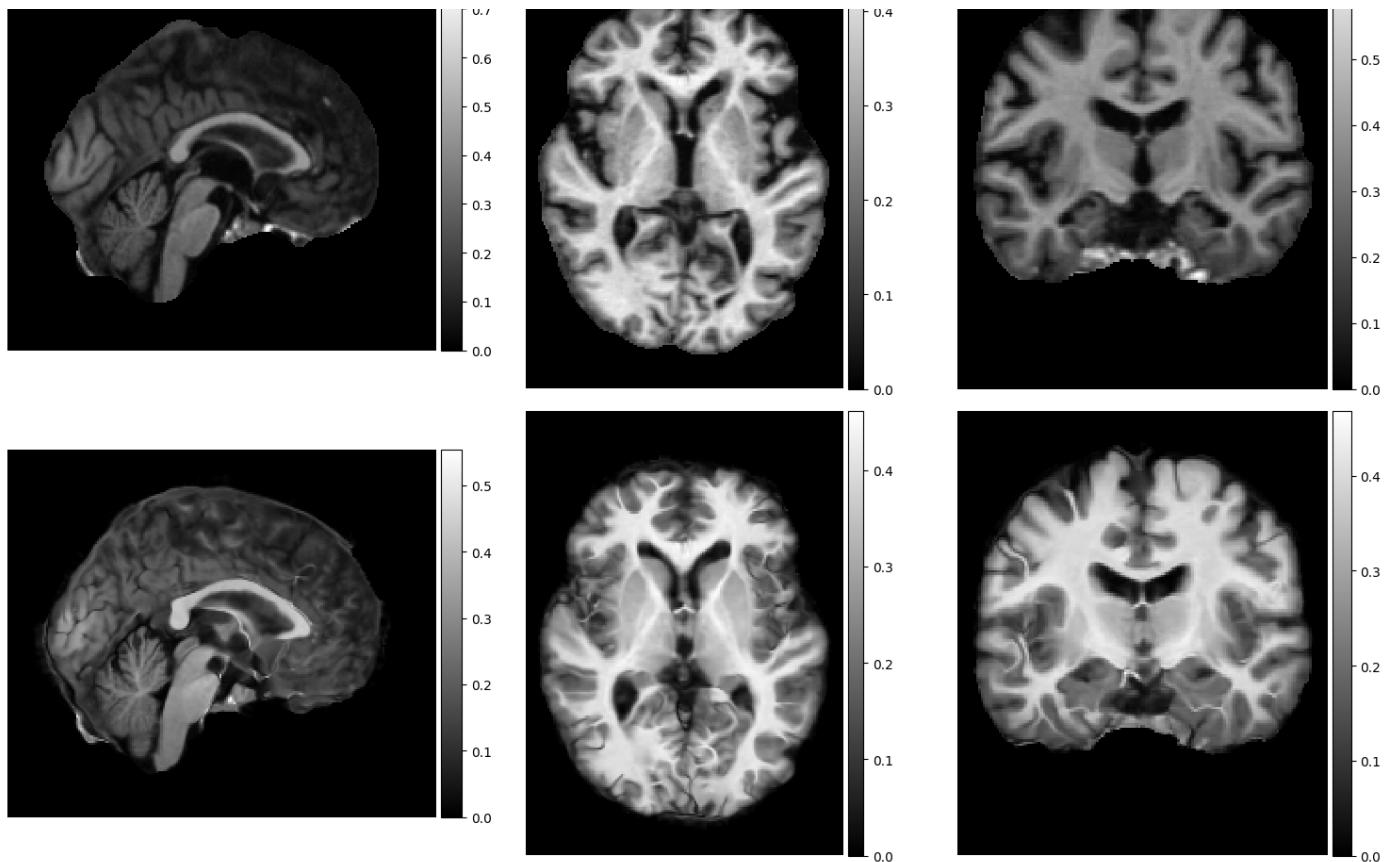
1/1 [=====] - 0s 302ms/step

1st moving image

2nd fixed image

3rd predicted image






```
1 import os,shutil

1 vxm_model.save_weights('model_mse_hw4_weights.h5')

1 #restarting with the notebook. Loading the weights of the NN.
2 weight_path = os.path.join(dir_folder,'model_mse_hw4_weights.h5')
3 vxm_model.load_weights(weight_path)

1 # to get both img and segments , data generator
2 def data_generator_test_seg(dir_folder,img_type,batch_size = 1):
3
4     files = [file for file in os.listdir(dir_folder) if file[0:3] == img_type]
5     segs = ['seg'+file[3:] for file in files]
6
7     while True:
8
9         #return files,segs
10
11        #print(files)
12        num_files = len(files)
13        idx1 = np.random.randint(0,num_files,size = batch_size)
14        files_1 = [os.path.join(dir_folder,files[i]) for i in idx1]
15        segs_1 = [os.path.join(dir_folder,segs[i]) for i in idx1]
16
17        #print(len(files_1))
18        #print(len(segs_1))
19
20        moving_images = load_img(files_1)
21        moving_images_seg = load_img(segs_1)
22
23        idx2 = np.random.randint(0,num_files,size = batch_size)
24        files_2 = [os.path.join(dir_folder,files[i]) for i in idx2]
25        segs_2 = [os.path.join(dir_folder,segs[i]) for i in idx2]
26
27        fixed_images = load_img(files_2)
28        fixed_images_seg = load_img(segs_2)
29        # print(len(files_1))
30        # print(len(segs_1))
31
32        inputs = [moving_images,fixed_images]
33
34        img_shape = moving_images.shape[1:]
```

```
35     img_shape = img_shape[:-1]
36
37     ndims = len(img_shape)
38     zero_phi = np.zeros([batch_size,*img_shape,ndims])
39     outputs = [fixed_images,zero_phi]
40
41     both_segs = [moving_images_seg,fixed_images_seg]
42
43     return inputs,outputs,both_segs
44
```

```
1 in_sample , out_sample, sample_seg = data_generator_test_seg(test_folder,'img'
```

```
1
1
```

```
1 seg_sample[0].shape
```

```
(1, 160, 192, 224, 1)
```

```
1 from pystrum.pytools.plot import jitter
2 import matplotlib
3
4 [ccmap, scrambled_cmap] = jitter(255, nargout=2)
5 scrambled_cmap[0, :] = np.array([0, 0, 0, 1])
6 ccmap = matplotlib.colors.ListedColormap(scrambled_cmap)
```

```
1 # showing the visualization result for the given trained model. Task 2 for the
2
3 num_pairs = 5
4 test_generator = data_generator_test_seg(test_folder,'img',batch_size = 1)
5
6 for i in range(num_pairs):
7
8     inputs,outputs,segs = data_generator_test_seg(test_folder,'img',batch_size
9     val_pred = vxm_model.predict(inputs)
10    moved_pred = val_pred[0][0,:,:,:,0]
11    pred_warp = val_pred[1]
12
13
14    warp_model = vxm.networks.Transform(vol_shape,interp_method = 'nearest')
15    warped_seg = warp_model.predict([segs[0],pred_warp])
```

```
16     print('warped segmentation')
17
18     print('1st moving image')
19     mid_slices_moving = [np.take(segs[0].squeeze(), vol_shape[d]//1.8, axis=d)
20     mid_slices_moving[1] = np.rot90(mid_slices_moving[1], 1)
21     mid_slices_moving[2] = np.rot90(mid_slices_moving[2], -1)
22     print('2nd fixed image')
23     mid_slices_fixed = [np.take(segs[1].squeeze(), vol_shape[d]//1.8, axis=d)
24     mid_slices_fixed[1] = np.rot90(mid_slices_fixed[1], 1)
25     mid_slices_fixed[2] = np.rot90(mid_slices_fixed[2], -1)
26     print('3rd predicted image')
27     mid_slices_pred = [np.take(warped_seg.squeeze(), vol_shape[d]//1.8, axis=d)
28     mid_slices_pred[1] = np.rot90(mid_slices_pred[1], 1)
29     mid_slices_pred[2] = np.rot90(mid_slices_pred[2], -1)
30     slices = mid_slices_moving + mid_slices_fixed + mid_slices_pred
31     for si, slc in enumerate(slices):
32         slices[si][0] = 255
33     ne.plot.slices(slices, cmaps = [ccmap], grid=[3,3]);
34
35     flow = val_pred[1][0, :, :, :, :, :]
36     flow_sd = np.std(flow)
37     v_args = dict(cmap = 'RdBu', vmin = -flow_sd, vmax = +flow_sd)
38     m_axs = plt.subplots(3, 3, figsize = (20, 10))
39     for i, (ax1, ax2, ax3) in enumerate(m_axs):
40         ax1.imshow(np.mean(flow[:, :, :, i], 0), **v_args)
41         ax1.set_title('xyz'[i] +' flow')
42         ax2.imshow(np.rot90(np.mean(flow[:, :, :, i], 1),1), **v_args)
43         ax3.imshow(np.rot90(np.mean(flow[:, :, :, i], 2),-1), **v_args)
44
```

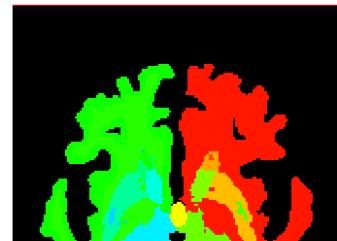
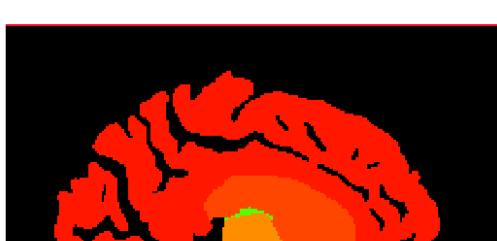
```
1
1
1
1
1/1 [=====] - 0s 132ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 241ms/step
```

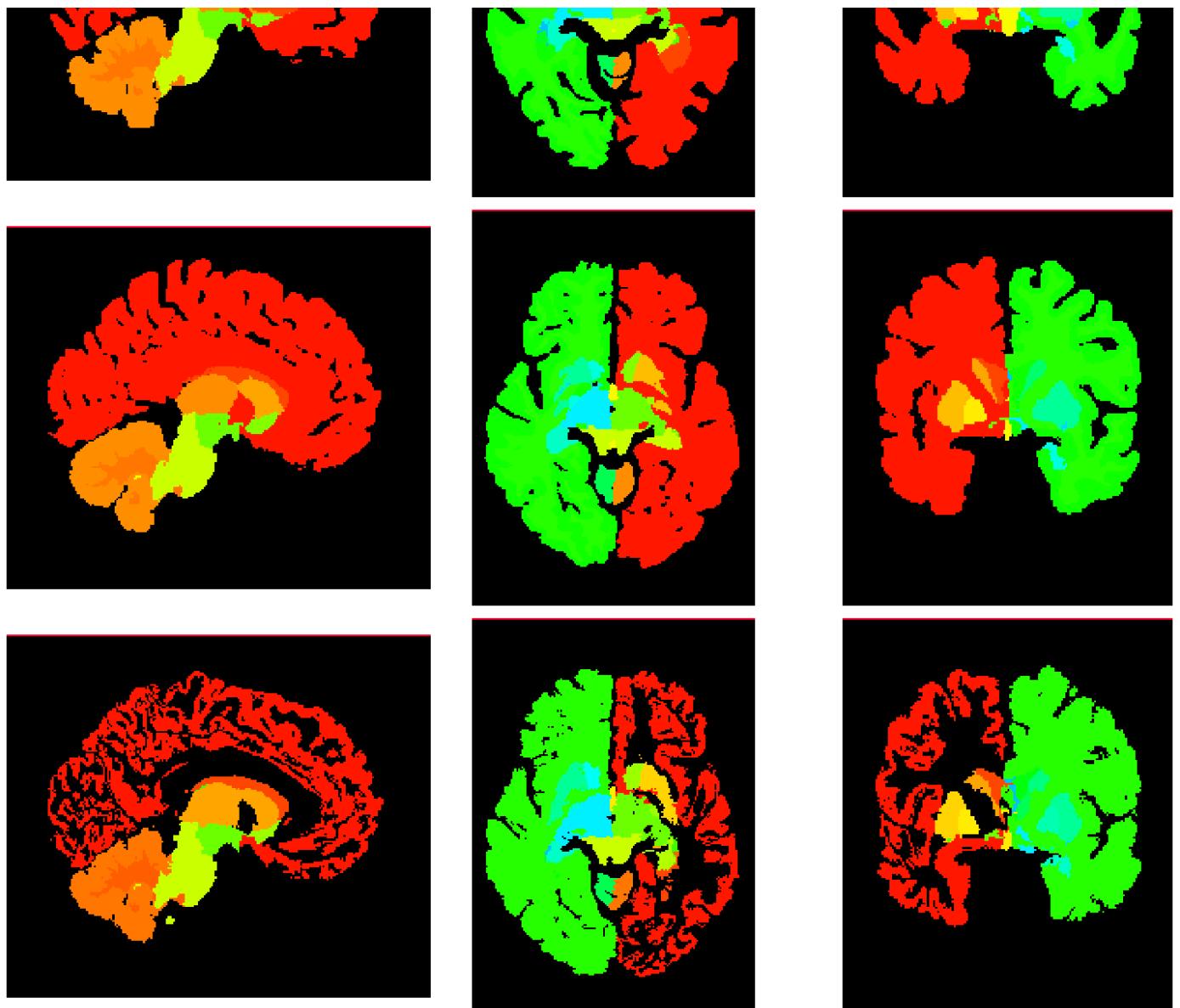
warped segmentation

1st moving image

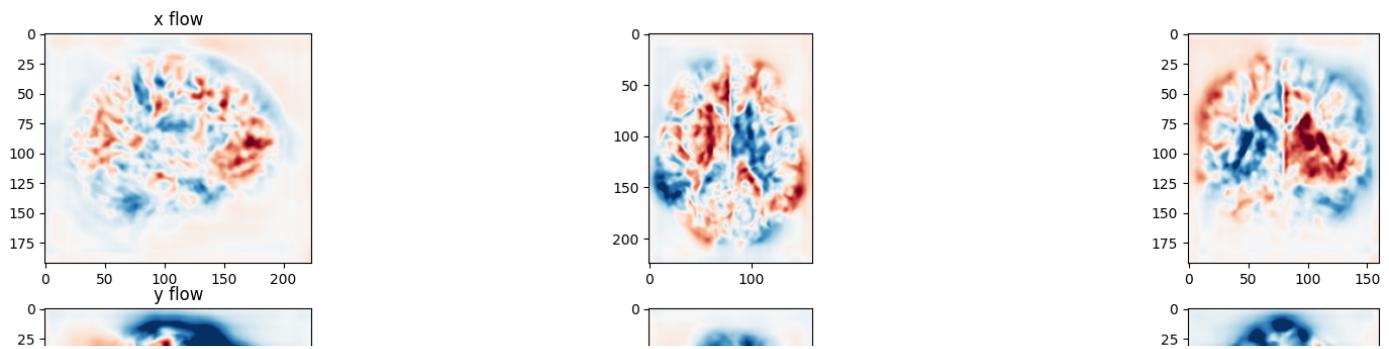
2nd fixed image

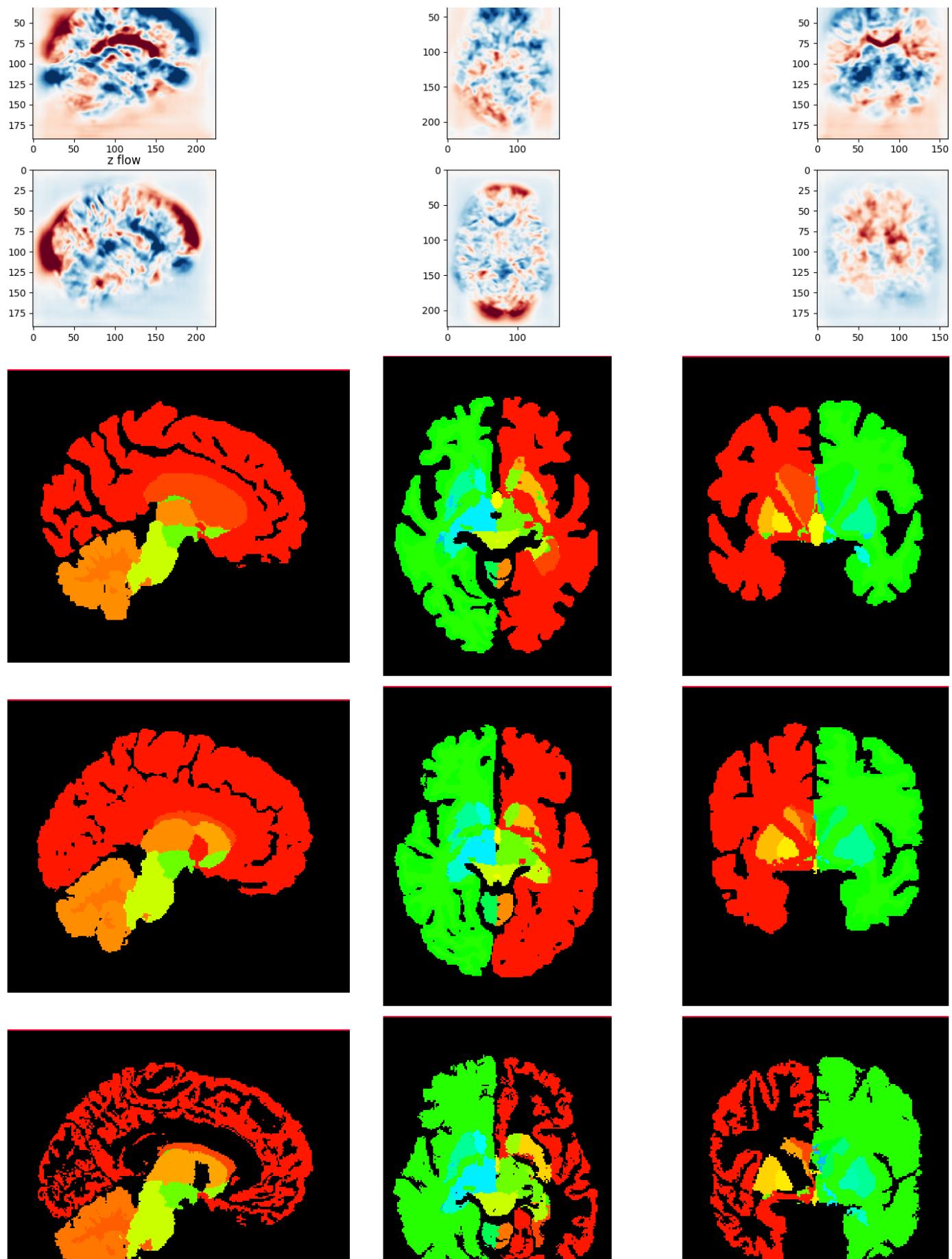
3rd predicted image

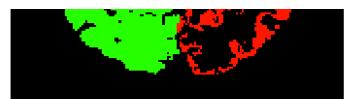




```
1  
1  
1/1 [=====] - 0s 135ms/step  
1/1 [=====] - 0s 224ms/step  
warped segmentation  
1st moving image  
2nd fixed image  
3rd predicted image
```







1

1

1/1 [=====] - 0s 134ms/step

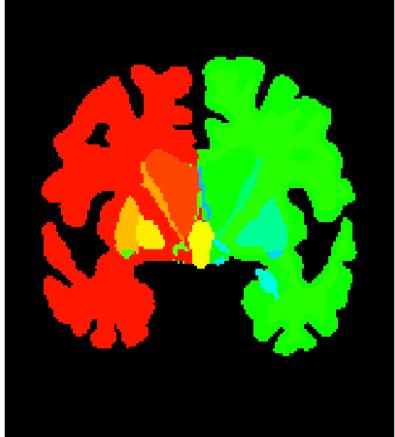
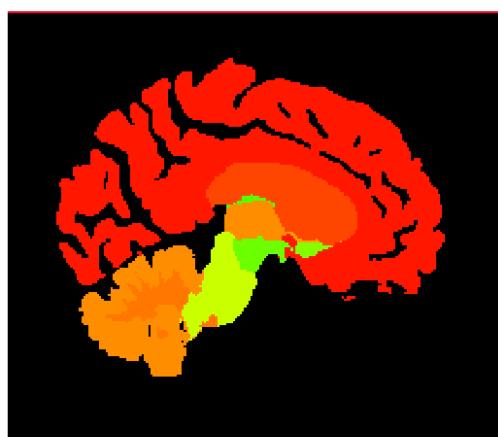
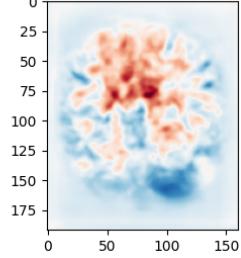
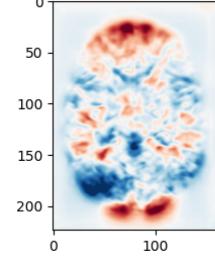
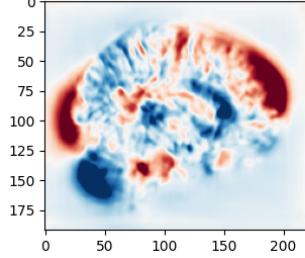
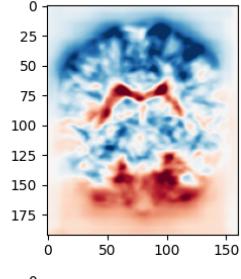
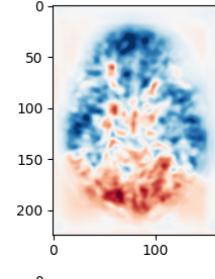
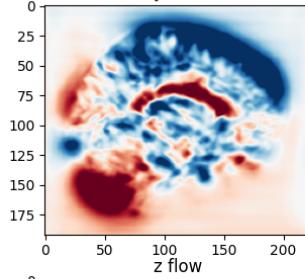
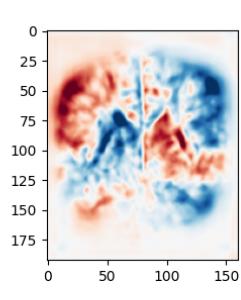
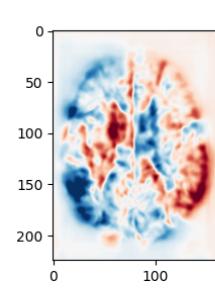
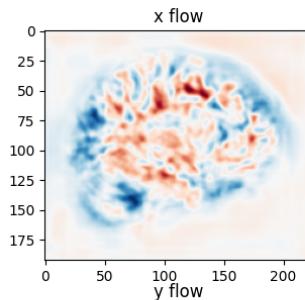
1/1 [=====] - 0s 225ms/step

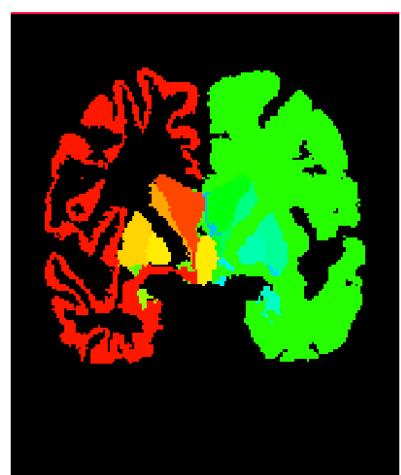
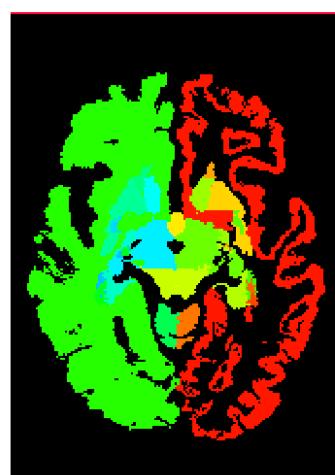
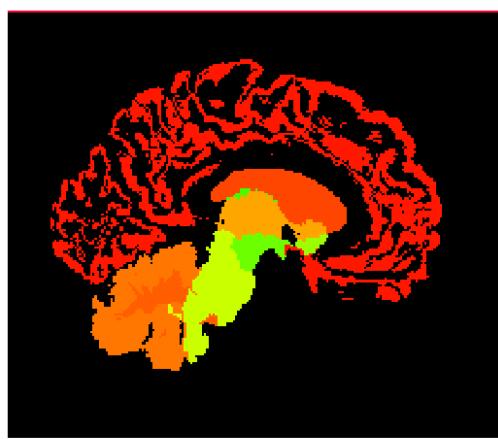
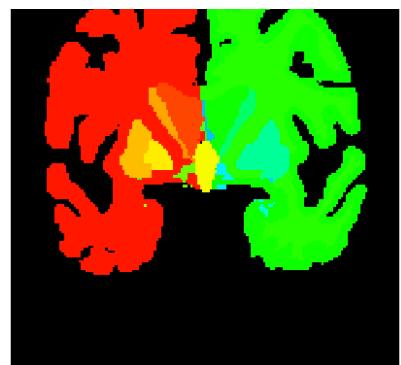
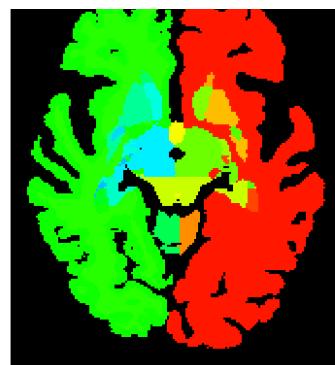
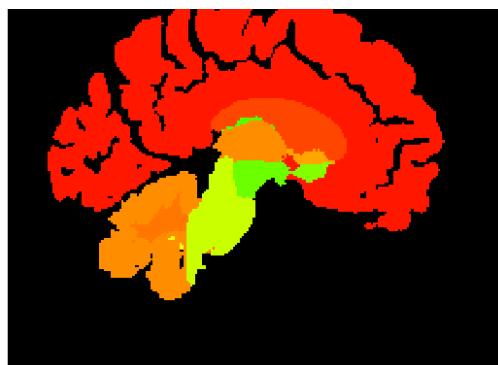
warped segmentation

1st moving image

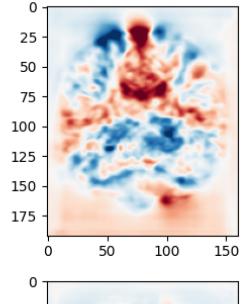
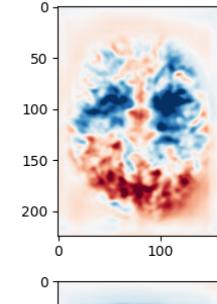
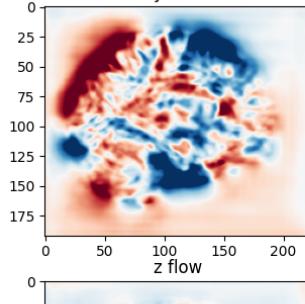
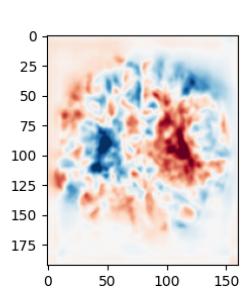
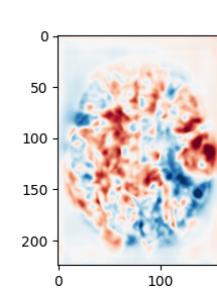
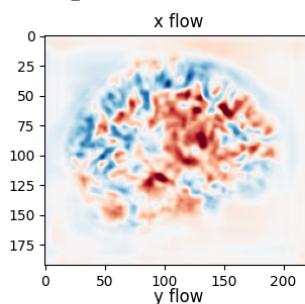
2nd fixed image

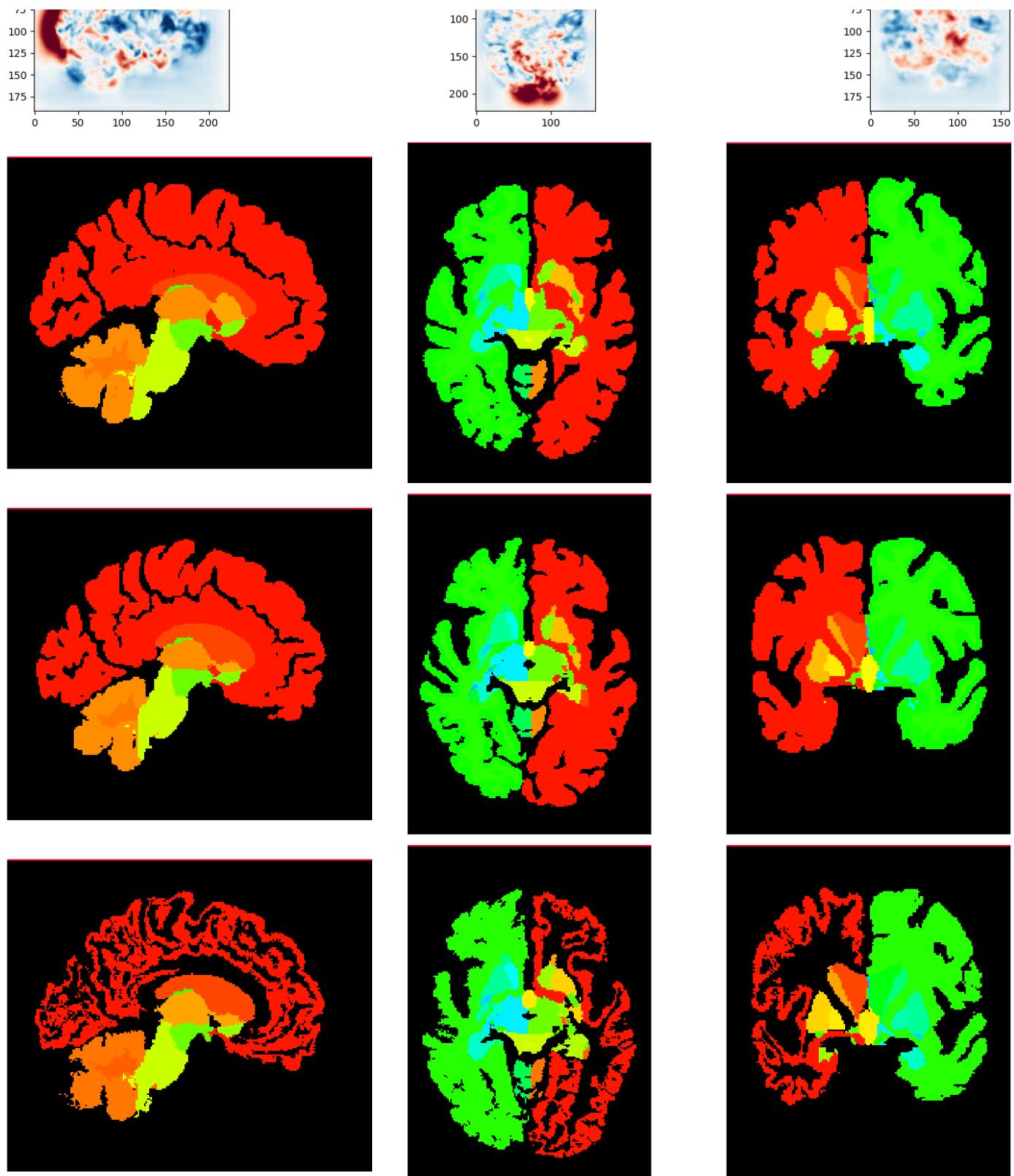
3rd predicted image





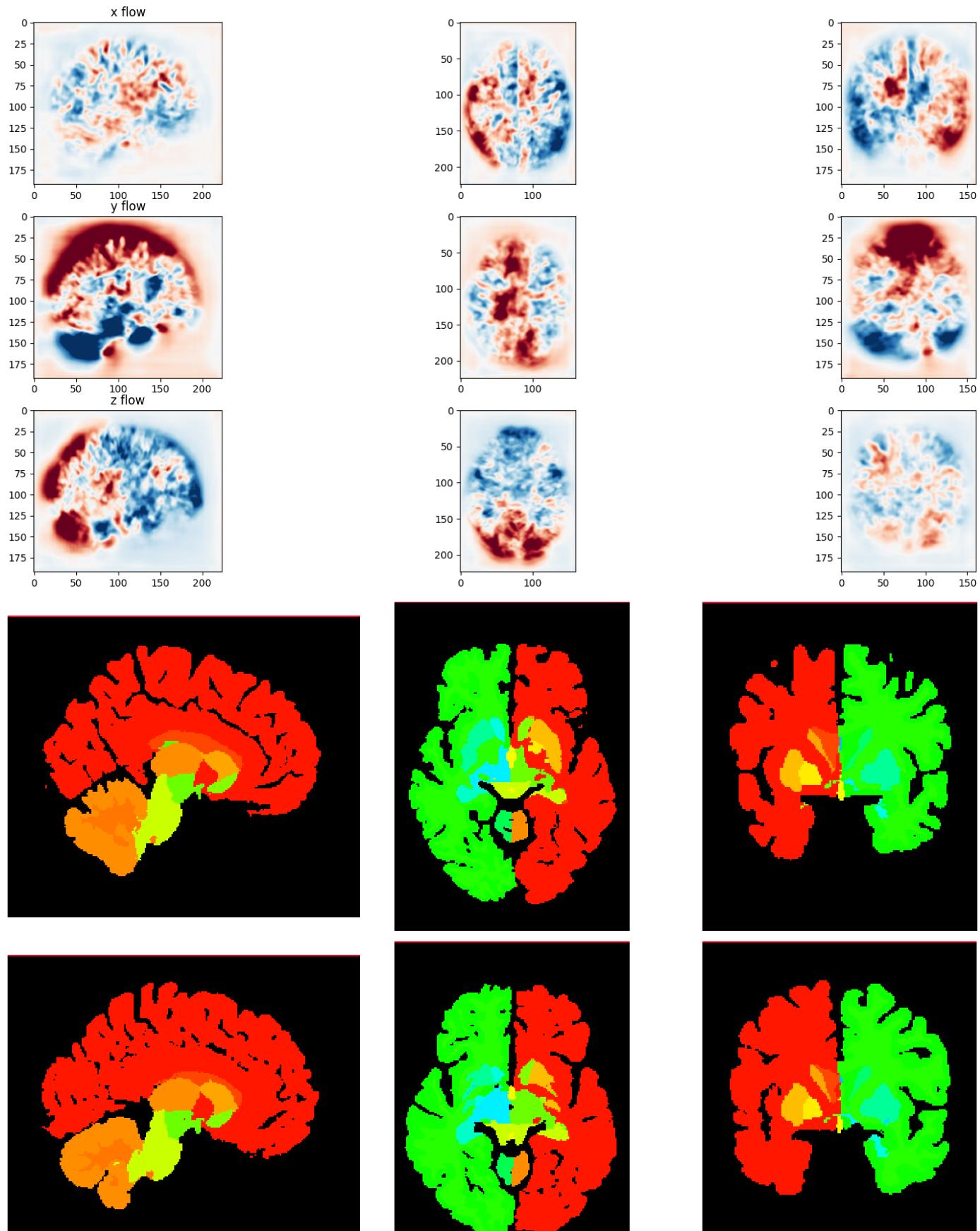
```
1  
1  
1/1 [=====] - 0s 133ms/step  
1/1 [=====] - 0s 233ms/step  
warped segmentation  
1st moving image  
2nd fixed image  
3rd predicted image
```

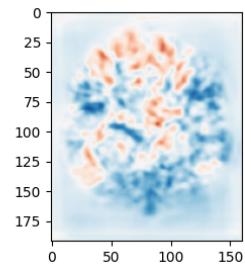
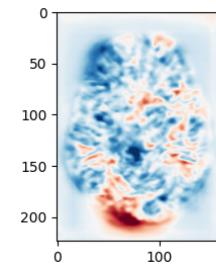
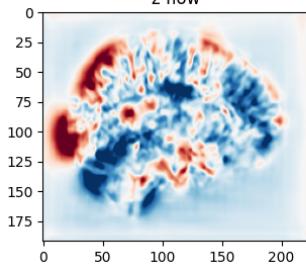
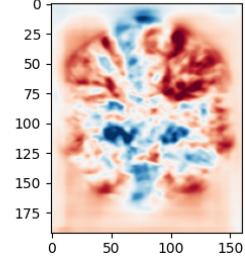
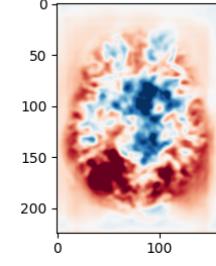
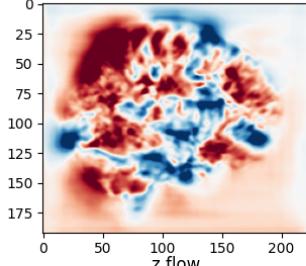
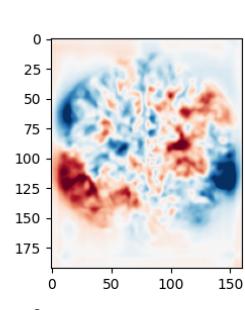
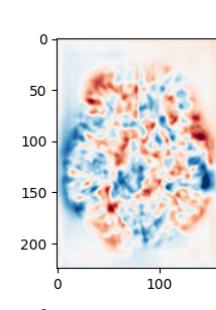
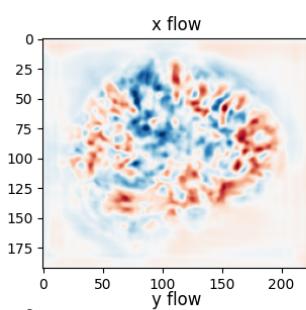
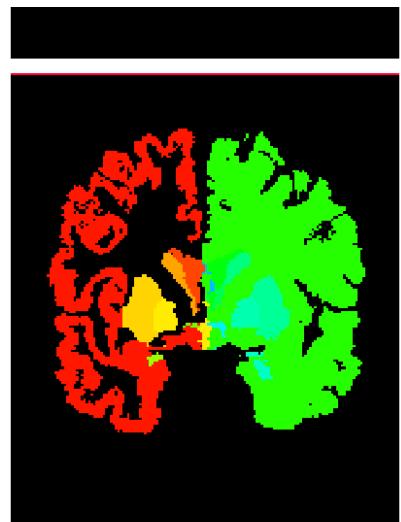
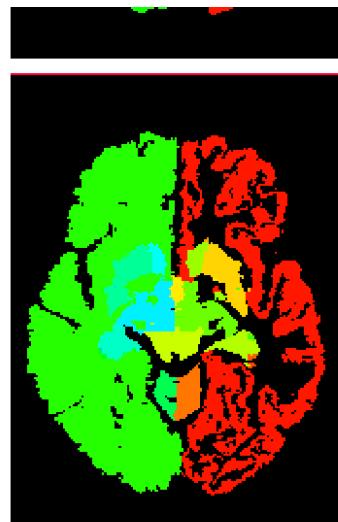
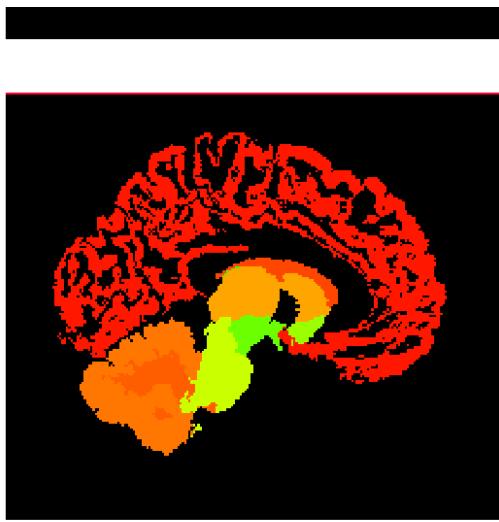




```
1  
1  
1/1 [=====] - 0s 130ms/step  
1/1 [=====] - 0s 223ms/step  
warped segmentation  
1st moving image
```

2nd fixed image
3rd predicted image






```
1 def dice_coef(segmentation1, segmentation2):
2
3     unique_labels1 = np.unique(segmentation1)
4     unique_labels2 = np.unique(segmentation2)
5
6     # Exclude background label (usually 0) from calculations
7     unique_labels1 = unique_labels1[unique_labels1 != 0]
8     unique_labels2 = unique_labels2[unique_labels2 != 0]
9
10    dice_scores = []
11
12    for label1 in unique_labels1:
13        # Create binary masks for each pair of labels
14        mask1 = (segmentation1 == label1).astype(int)
15        mask2 = (segmentation2 == label1).astype(int)
16
17        # Calculate Dice coefficient for the pair
18        intersection = np.sum(mask1 * mask2)
19        total_voxels = np.sum(mask1) + np.sum(mask2)
20        dice_coefficient = 2.0 * intersection / total_voxels if total_voxels
21
22        dice_scores.append(dice_coefficient)
23
24    # Calculate average Dice score
25    average_dice_score = np.mean(dice_scores) if len(dice_scores) > 0 else 0.0
26
27    return average_dice_score
```

```
1 from scipy.spatial.distance import directed_hausdorff
2
3 def hausdorff_distance_fast(segmentation1, segmentation2):
4
5     unique_labels1 = np.unique(segmentation1)
6     # Exclude background label (usually 0) from calculations
7     unique_labels1 = unique_labels1[unique_labels1 != 0]
8
9     all_distances = []
10
11    for label1 in unique_labels1:
12
13        # Create binary masks for each pair of labels
14        mask1 = (segmentation1 == label1).astype(int)
15        mask2 = (segmentation2 == label1).astype(int)
16
17        # Find the directed Hausdorff distance for each pair
18        distance1 = directed_hausdorff(mask1, mask2)[0]
19        distance2 = directed_hausdorff(mask2, mask1)[0]
20
21        # Take the maximum distance for the pair
22        max_distance = max(distance1, distance2)
23        all_distances.append(max_distance)
24
25    # Calculate the overall Hausdorff distance
26    hausdorff_distance = np.mean(all_distances) if len(all_distances) > 0 else
27
28    return hausdorff_distance
29
```

 Generate

Using ...

a slider using jupyter widgets



 Close

```
1 num_pairs = 10
2 dice_score = []
3 hausdroff_distance = []
4 for i in range(num_pairs):
5
6    inputs,outputs,segs = data_generator_test_seg(test_folder,'img',batch_size
7    val_pred = vxm_model.predict(inputs)
8    moved_pred = val_pred[0][0,:,:,:,0]
9    pred_warp  = val_pred[1]
10
11
```

```
12 warp_model = vxm.networks.Transform(vol_shape, interp_method = 'nearest')
13 warped_seg = warp_model.predict([segs[0],pred_warp])
14
15 dice_score.append(dice_coef(segs[1].squeeze(),warped_seg.squeeze())))
16 print(dice_score[i])
17 #hausdroff_distance.append(hausdorff_distance_fast(segs[1].squeeze(),warped_seg))
18 #print(hausdroff_distance[i])
19
20 dice_score = np.array(dice_score)
21 mean_dice_score = np.mean(dice_score)
22 #hausdroff_distance = np.array(hausdroff_distance)
23 #mean_hausdroff_distance = np.mean(hausdroff_distance)
24
25 print(f'The mean dice score is {mean_dice_score}')
26 #print(f'The mean hausdroff distance is {mean_hausdroff_distance}')
```

```
1
1
1/1 [=====] - 0s 133ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 251ms/step
0.7504003748490484
1
1
1/1 [=====] - 0s 134ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 233ms/step
0.7706752502161418
1
1
1/1 [=====] - 0s 142ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 260ms/step
0.7922613666186606
1
1
1/1 [=====] - 0s 140ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 226ms/step
0.6354750623428762
1
1
1/1 [=====] - 0s 132ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 223ms/step
0.7473721509572837
1
1
1/1 [=====] - 0s 133ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 270ms/step
0.6559308146449379
1
1
```

```
1/1 [=====] - 0s 138ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 229ms/step
0.7712127664471303
1
1
1/1 [=====] - 0s 131ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 226ms/step
0.7431253584921385
1
1
1/1 [=====] - 0s 134ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 252ms/step
0.9948590825822994
1
1
1/1 [=====] - 0s 131ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 222ms/step
0.7618312123709834
The mean dice score is 0.76231434395215
```

```
1 pip install voxelmorph
```

```
→ Collecting voxelmorph
```

```
  Downloading voxelmorph-0.2-py3-none-any.whl (54 kB)
```

```
      54.2/54.2 kB 1.5 MB/s eta 0:00:0
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: packaging in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-image in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: h5py in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: scipy in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: nibabel in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Collecting neurite>=0.2 (from voxelmorph)
```

```
  Downloading neurite-0.2-py3-none-any.whl (108 kB)
```

```
      108.9/108.9 kB 5.9 MB/s eta 0:00:0
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Collecting pystrum>=0.2 (from neurite>=0.2->voxelmorph)
```

```
  Downloading pystrum-0.4.tar.gz (17 kB)
```

```
  Preparing metadata (setup.py) ... done
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: networkx>=2.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: pillow!=7.1.0,!~=7.1.1,!~=8.3.0,>=6.1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: imageio>=2.4.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: tifffile>=2019.7.26 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: PyWavelets>=1.1.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=1.1.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
```

```
Building wheels for collected packages: pystrum
```

```
  Building wheel for pystrum (setup.py) ... done
```

```
  Created wheel for pystrum: filename=pystrum-0.4-py3-none-any.whl size=19532
```

```
  Stored in directory: /root/.cache/pip/wheels/aa/08/d0/914025beb5a12a855b8aa-
```

```
Successfully built pystrum
```

```
Installing collected packages: pystrum, neurite, voxelmorph
```

```
Successfully installed neurite-0.2 pystrum-0.4 voxelmorph-0.2
```

This one is for NCC LOSS

```
1 from numba import cuda  
2 device = cuda.get_current_device()  
3 device.reset()
```

```
1 !nvidia-smi
```

```
Sat Dec 16 03:56:11 2023
```

NVIDIA-SMI 535.104.05			Driver Version: 535.104.05		CUDA Version:	
GPU	Name	Persistence-M	Bus-Id	Disp.A	Volatile U	CUDA Version:
Fan	Temp	Pwr:Usage/Cap		Memory-Usage	GPU-Util	(
0	NVIDIA A100-SXM4-40GB	Off	00000000:00:04.0	Off		
N/A	30C	44W / 400W		5MiB / 40960MiB	0%	0%

Processes:						
GPU	GI	CI	PID	Type	Process name	(
ID	ID)
No running processes found						

```
1 import os  
2 import nibabel as nib  
3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
4 import numpy as np  
5 import tensorflow as tf  
6 import voxelmorph as vxm  
7 import neurite as ne
```

```
1 dir_folder = os.path.join('/content/drive', 'My Drive', 'hw4', 'Dataset_HW4')
```

```
1 train_folder = os.path.join(dir_folder, 'train')  
2 test_folder = os.path.join(dir_folder, 'test')
```

```
1 def load_img(files_path):
2
3     batch_size = len(files_path)
4     temp_file = nib.load(files_path[0])
5     img_shape = temp_file.shape
6     img_array = np.zeros([batch_size,*img_shape])
7
8     for i,files in enumerate(files_path):
9
10         img = nib.load(files)
11         img_array[i] = img.get_fdata()
12
13     return np.expand_dims(img_array, axis = -1)
```

```
1 def data_generator(dir_folder,batch_size = 32):
2
3     while True:
4
5         files = os.listdir(dir_folder)
6         #print(files)
7         num_files = len(files)
8         idx1 = np.random.randint(0,num_files,size = batch_size)
9         files_1 = [os.path.join(dir_folder,files[i]) for i in idx1]
10        moving_images = load_img(files_1)
11
12        idx2 = np.random.randint(0,num_files,size = batch_size)
13        files_2 = [os.path.join(dir_folder,files[i]) for i in idx2]
14        fixed_images = load_img(files_2)
15
16        inputs = [moving_images,fixed_images]
17
18        img_shape = moving_images.shape[1:]
19        img_shape = img_shape[:-1]
20
21        ndims = len(img_shape)
22        zero_phi = np.zeros([batch_size,*img_shape,ndims])
23        outputs = [fixed_images,zero_phi]
24
25        yield (inputs,outputs)
26
27    # while True:
28
29    #     idx1 = np.random.randint(0,num_files,size = batch_size)
30
31    #     moving_images = load_img(
```

```
1 #compile model
2
3 vol_shape = (160, 192, 224)
4 nb_features = [
5     [16, 32, 32, 32],
6     [32, 32, 32, 32, 32, 16, 16]
7 ]
8 vxm_model = vxm.networks.VxmDense(vol_shape, nb_features, int_steps=0)
9 ncc_loss = vxm.tf.losses.NCC(win = 9)
10 losses = [ncc_loss.loss,vxm.losses.Grad('l2').loss]
11 loss_weights = [1,0.01]
12
13 vxm_model.compile(optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.legacy.Adam(learning_rate =
```

1

```
1 train_generator = data_generator(train_folder,batch_size = 1)
```

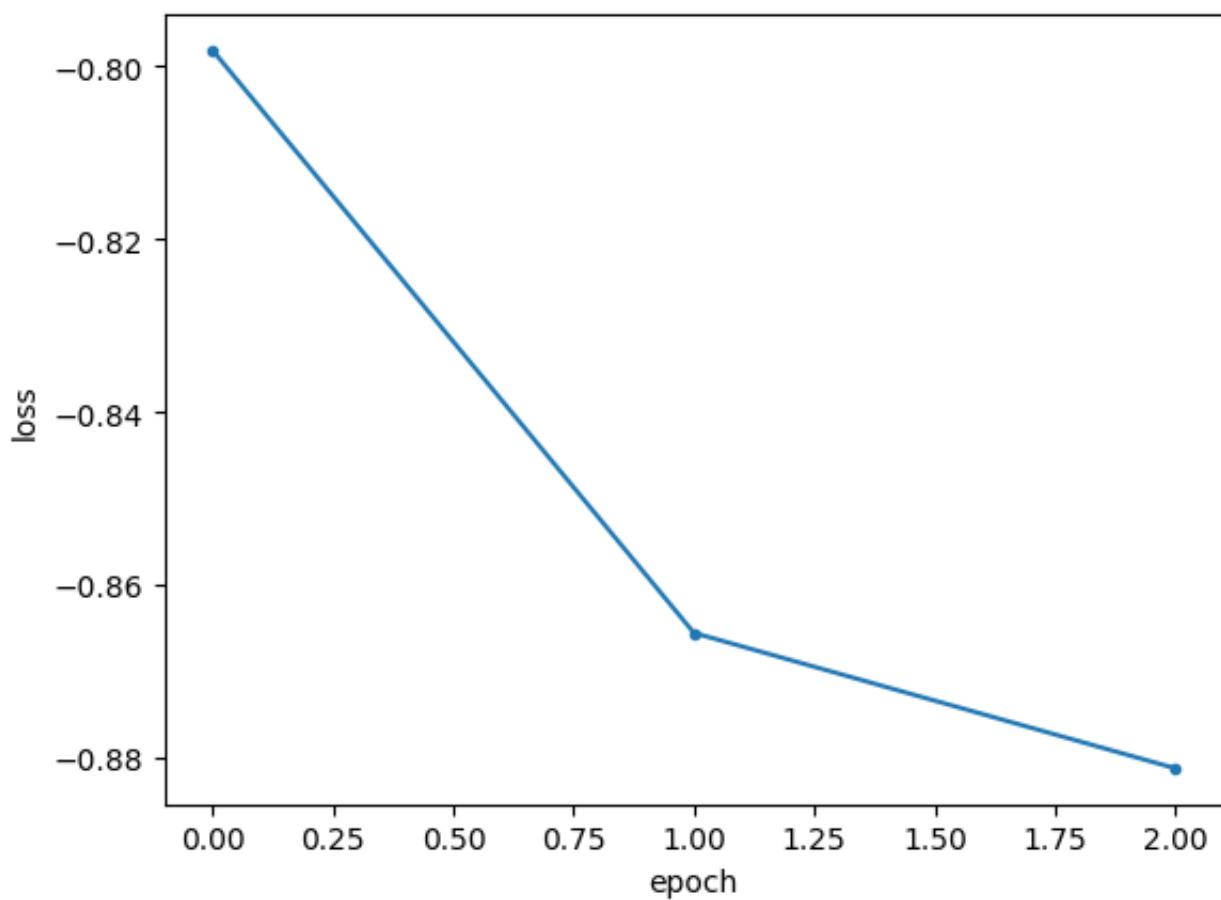
```
1 # training the model
2 hist = v xm _model.fit(train_generator,epochs = 3, steps_per_epoch = 800, verbose=1)
```

```
Epoch 1/3
800/800 - 515s - loss: -7.9815e-01 - v xm _dense_transformer_loss: -7.9920e-01 -
Epoch 2/3
800/800 - 409s - loss: -8.6557e-01 - v xm _dense_transformer_loss: -8.6713e-01 -
Epoch 3/3
800/800 - 409s - loss: -8.8124e-01 - v xm _dense_transformer_loss: -8.8296e-01 -
```

1

```
1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
2
3 def plot_history(hist, loss_name='loss'):
4     # Simple function to plot training history.
5     plt.figure()
6     plt.plot(hist.epoch, hist.history[loss_name], '.-')
7     plt.ylabel('loss')
8     plt.xlabel('epoch')
9     plt.show()
```

```
1 plot_history(hist)
```



```
1 def data_generator_test(dir_folder,img_type,batch_size = 32):
2
3     while True:
4
5         files = [file for file in os.listdir(dir_folder) if file[0:3] == img_t:
6             #print(files)
7             num_files = len(files)
8             idx1 = np.random.randint(0,num_files,size = batch_size)
9             files_1 = [os.path.join(dir_folder,files[i]) for i in idx1]
10            moving_images = load_img(files_1)
11
12            idx2 = np.random.randint(0,num_files,size = batch_size)
13            files_2 = [os.path.join(dir_folder,files[i]) for i in idx2]
14            fixed_images = load_img(files_2)
15
16            inputs = [moving_images,fixed_images]
17
18            img_shape = moving_images.shape[1:]
19            img_shape = img_shape[:-1]
20
21            ndims = len(img_shape)
22            zero_phi = np.zeros([batch_size,*img_shape,ndims])
23            outputs = [fixed_images,zero_phi]
24
25            yield (inputs,outputs)
26
```

```
1 # showing the visualization result for the given trained model. Task 2 for the
2
3 num_pairs = 5
4 test_generator = data_generator_test(test_folder,'img',batch_size = 1)
5
6 for i in range(num_pairs):
7
8     inputs,outputs = next(test_generator)
9     val_pred = vxm_model.predict(inputs)
10    val_volume_1 = inputs[0][0,:,:,:,0]
11    val_volume_2 = inputs[1][0,:,:,:,0]
12    moved_pred = val_pred[0][0,:,:,:,0]
13    print('1st moving image')
14    mid_slices_moving = [np.take(val_volume_1, vol_shape[d]//2, axis=d) for d
15        mid_slices_moving[1] = np.rot90(mid_slices_moving[1], 1)
16        mid_slices_moving[2] = np.rot90(mid_slices_moving[2], -1)
```

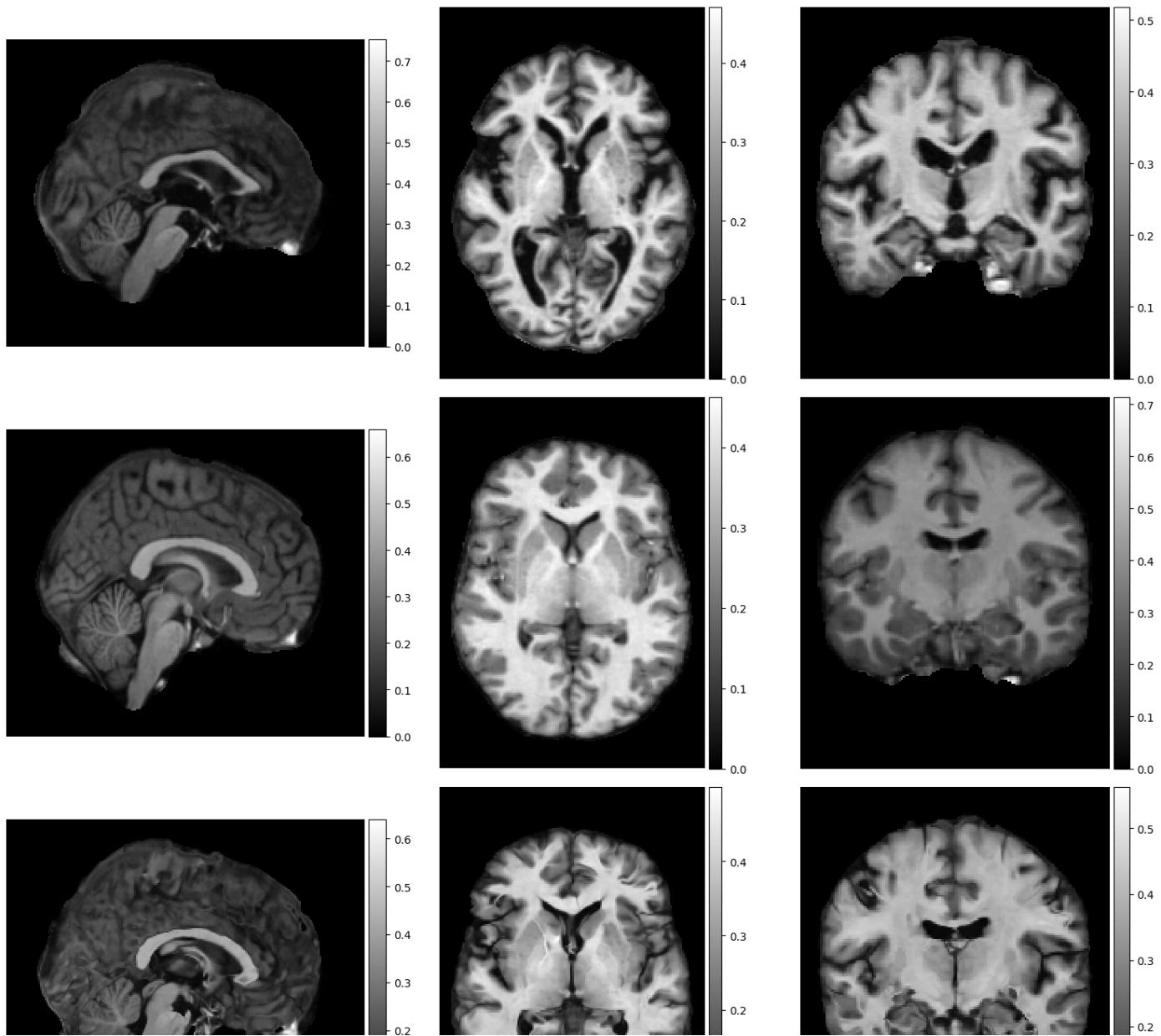
```
17     print('2nd fixed image')
18     mid_slices_fixed = [np.take(val_volume_2, vol_shape[d]//2, axis=d) for d in range(3)]
19     mid_slices_fixed[1] = np.rot90(mid_slices_fixed[1], 1)
20     mid_slices_fixed[2] = np.rot90(mid_slices_fixed[2], -1)
21     print('3rd predicted image')
22     mid_slices_pred = [np.take(moved_pred, vol_shape[d]//2, axis=d) for d in range(3)]
23     mid_slices_pred[1] = np.rot90(mid_slices_pred[1], 1)
24     mid_slices_pred[2] = np.rot90(mid_slices_pred[2], -1)
25     ne.plot.slices(mid_slices_moving + mid_slices_fixed + mid_slices_pred, cmap='gray')
26
```

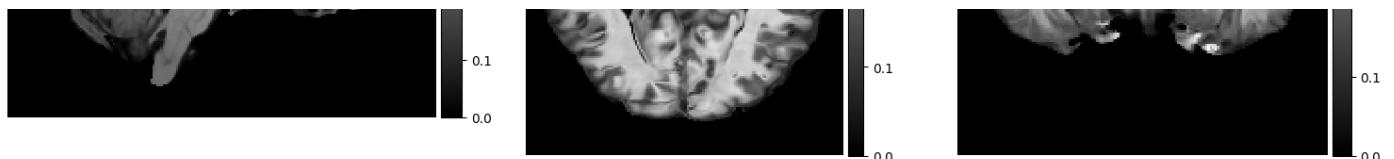
1/1 [=====] - 6s 6s/step

1st moving image

2nd fixed image

3rd predicted image



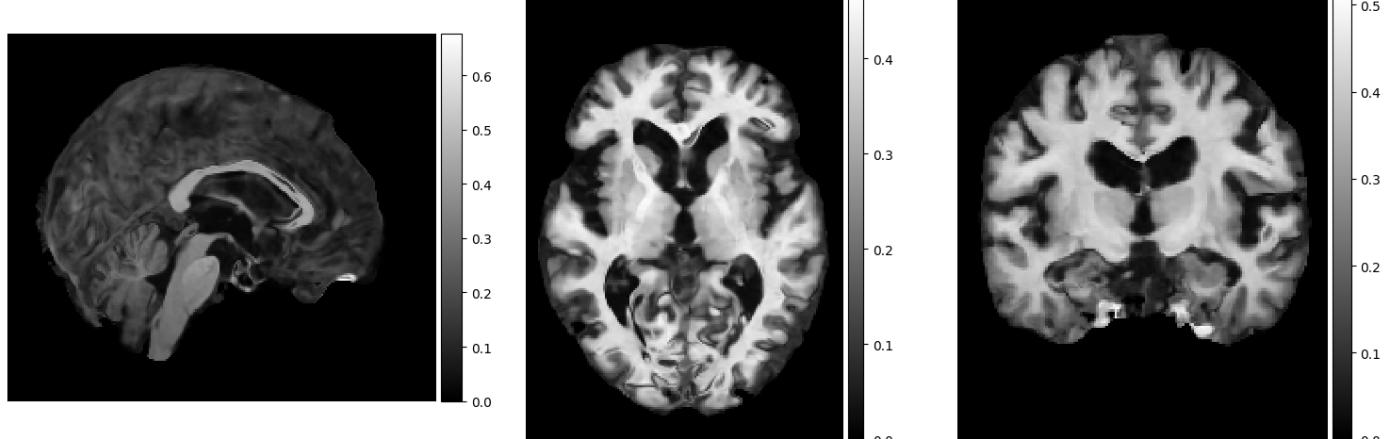
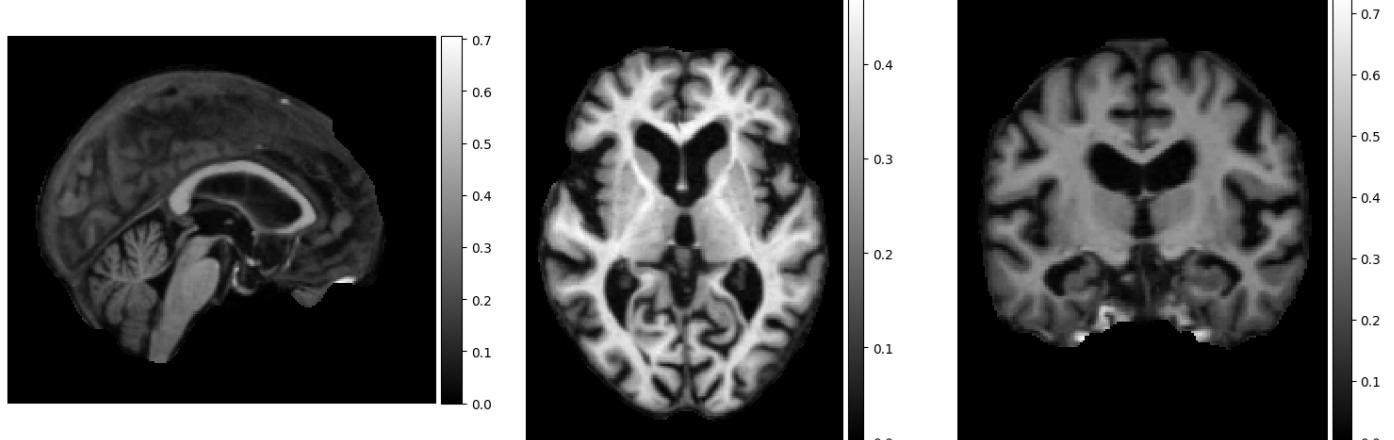
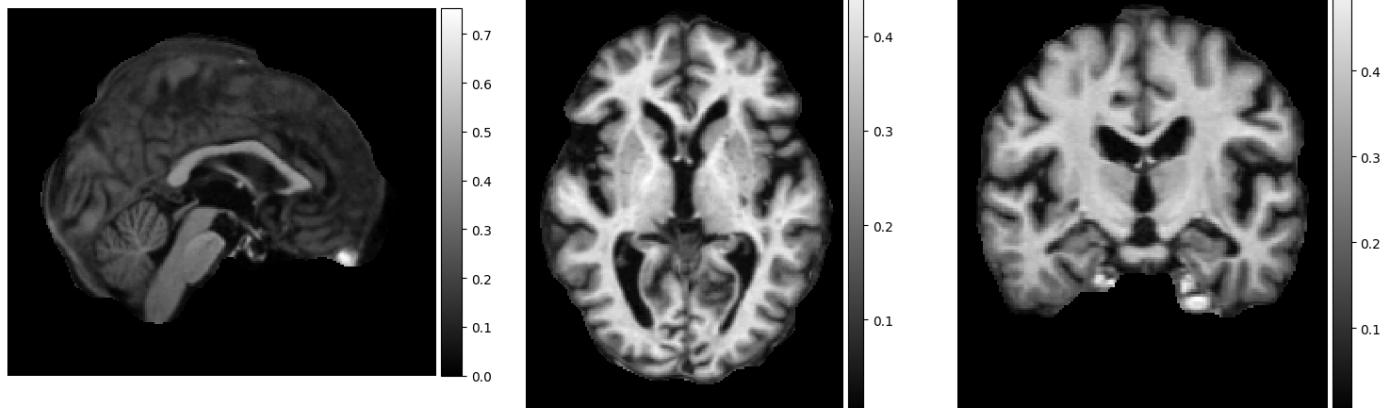


1/1 [=====] - 0s 135ms/step

1st moving image

2nd fixed image

3rd predicted image

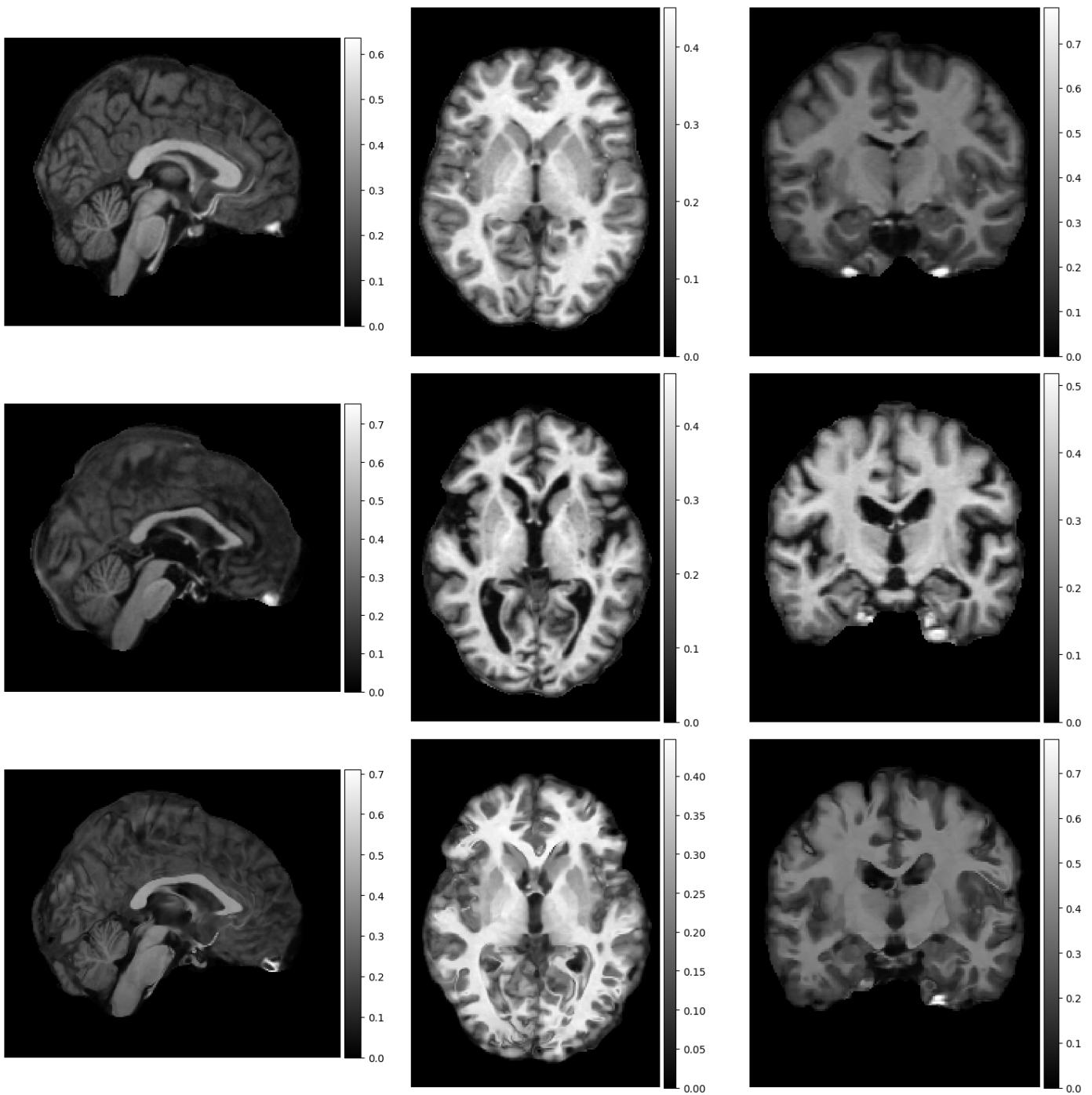


1/1 [=====] - 0s 144ms/step

1st moving image

2nd fixed image

3rd predicted image



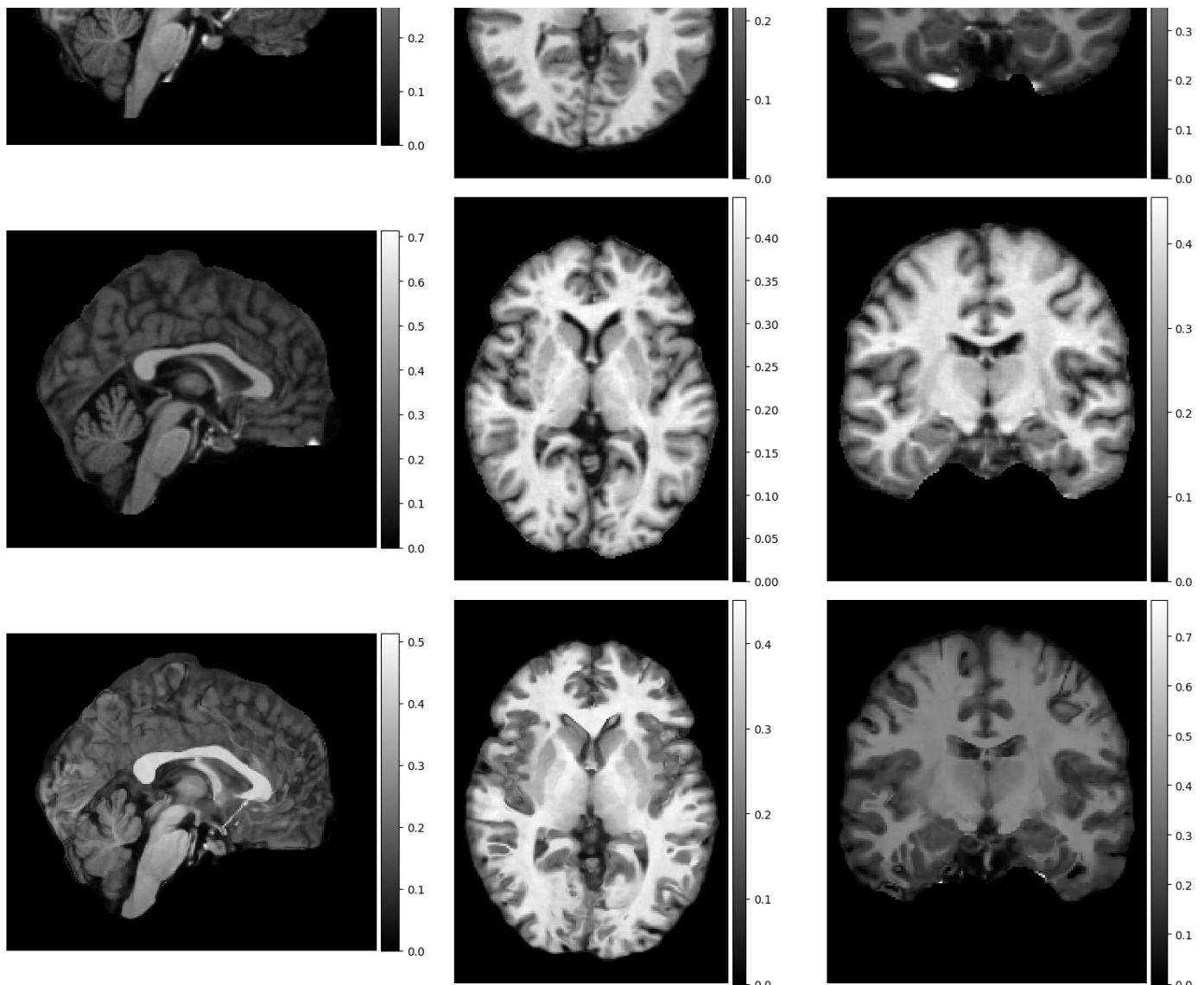
1/1 [=====] - 0s 138ms/step

1st moving image

2nd fixed image

3rd predicted image



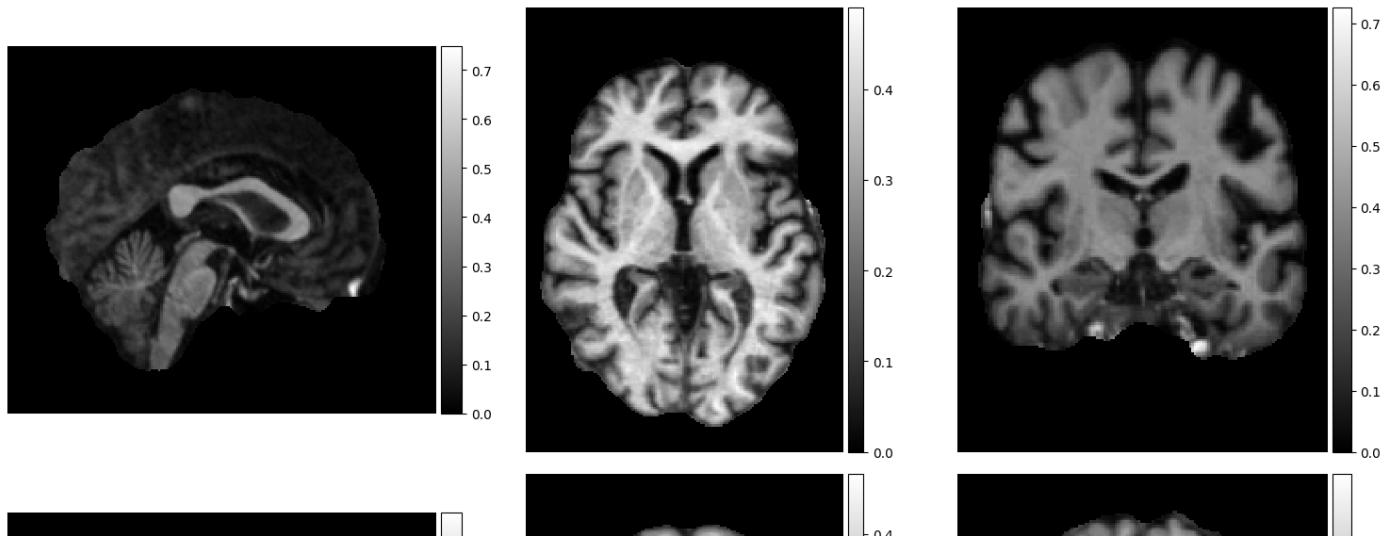


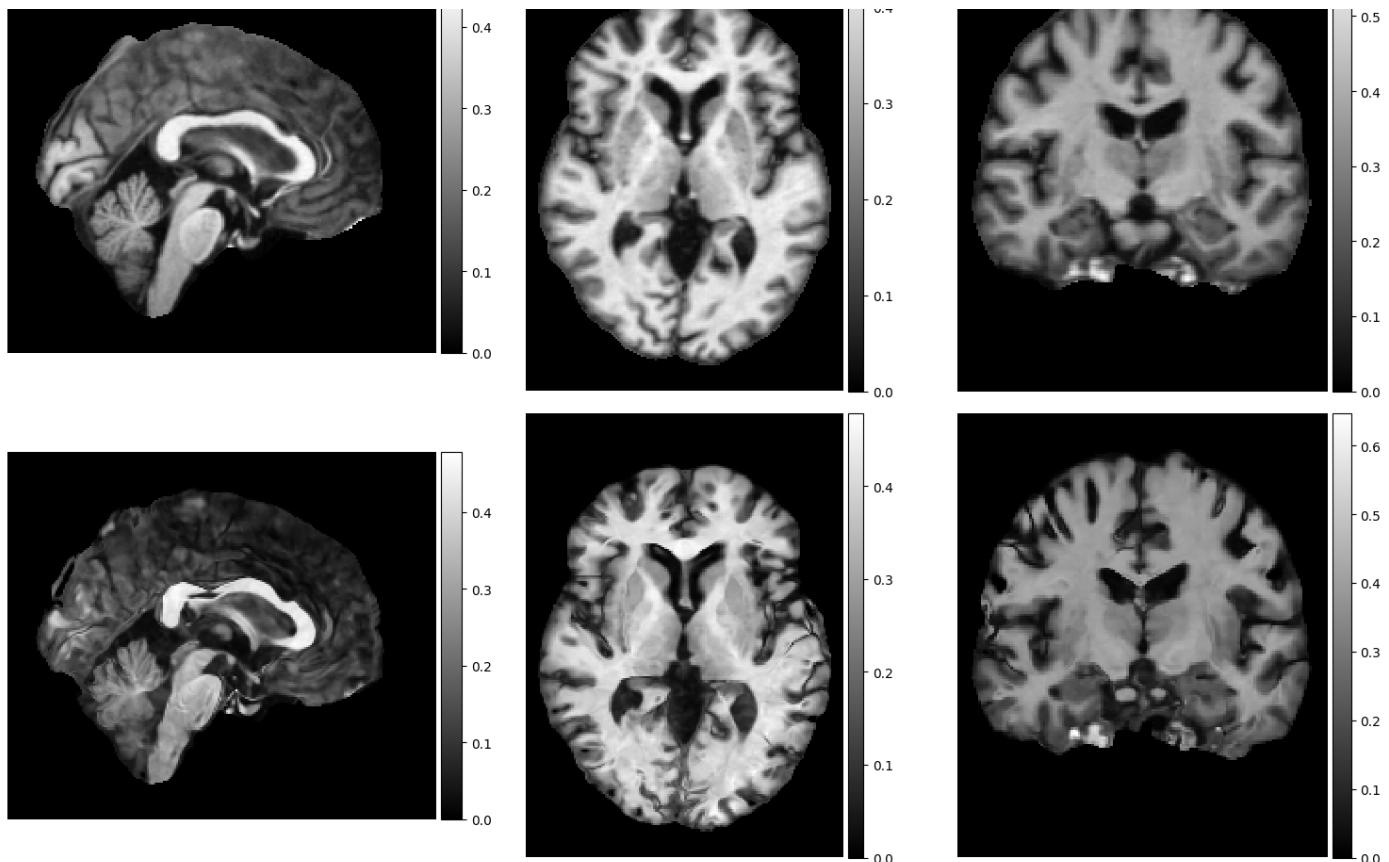
1/1 [=====] - 0s 134ms/step

1st moving image

2nd fixed image

3rd predicted image






```
1 vxm_model.save_weights('model_ncc_hw4_weights.h5')

1 #restarting with the notebook. Loading the weights of the NN.
2 weight_path = os.path.join(dir_folder,'model_ncc_hw4_weights.h5')
3 vxm_model.load_weights(weight_path)

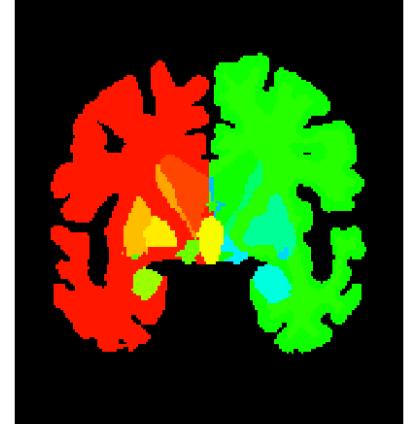
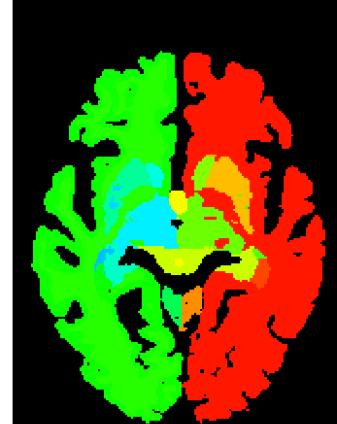
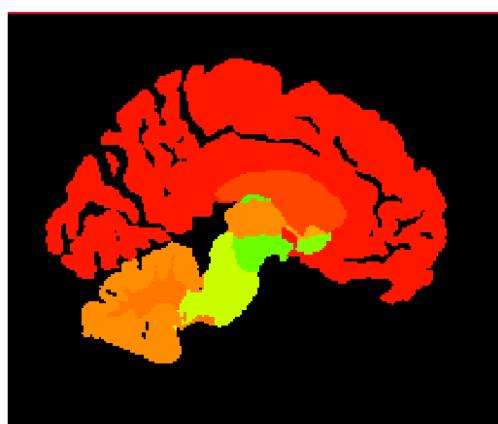
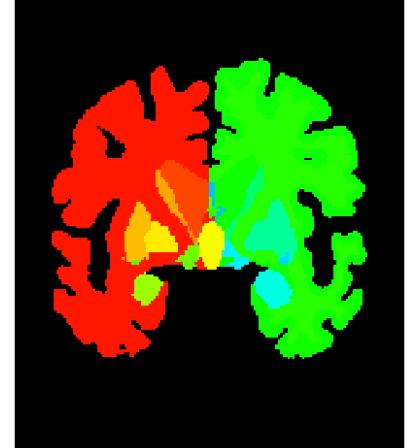
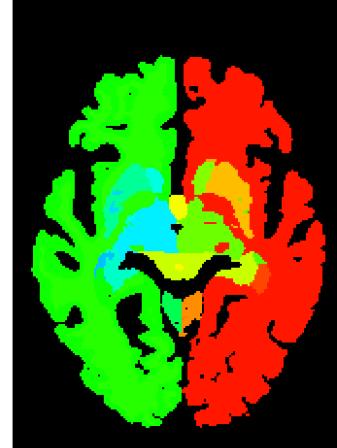
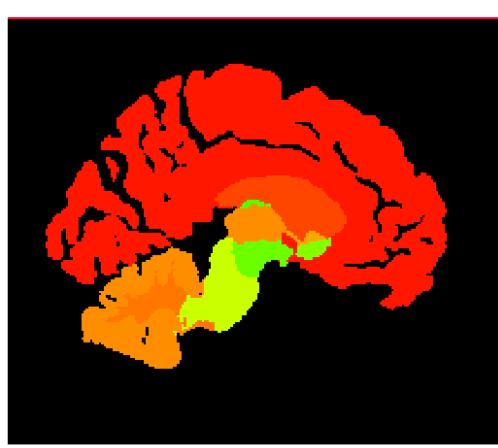
1 # to get both img and segments , data generator
2 def data_generator_test_seg(dir_folder,img_type,batch_size = 1):
3
4     files = [file for file in os.listdir(dir_folder) if file[0:3] == img_type]
5     segs = ['seg'+file[3:] for file in files]
6
7     while True:
8
9         #return files,segs
10
11        #print(files)
12        num_files = len(files)
13        idx1 = np.random.randint(0,num_files,size = batch_size)
14        files_1 = [os.path.join(dir_folder,files[i]) for i in idx1]
15        segs_1 = [os.path.join(dir_folder,segs[i]) for i in idx1]
16
17        #print(len(files_1))
18        #print(len(segs_1))
19
20        moving_images = load_img(files_1)
21        moving_images_seg = load_img(segs_1)
22
23        idx2 = np.random.randint(0,num_files,size = batch_size)
24        files_2 = [os.path.join(dir_folder,files[i]) for i in idx2]
25        segs_2 = [os.path.join(dir_folder,segs[i]) for i in idx2]
26
27        fixed_images = load_img(files_2)
28        fixed_images_seg = load_img(segs_2)
29        # print(len(files_1))
30        # print(len(segs_1))
31
32        inputs = [moving_images,fixed_images]
33
34        img_shape = moving_images.shape[1:]
35        img_shape = img_shape[:-1]
36
37        ndims = len(img_shape)
```

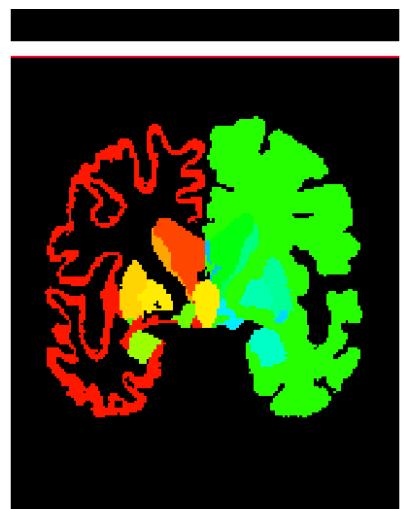
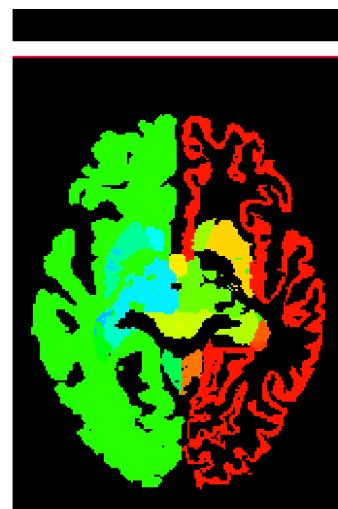
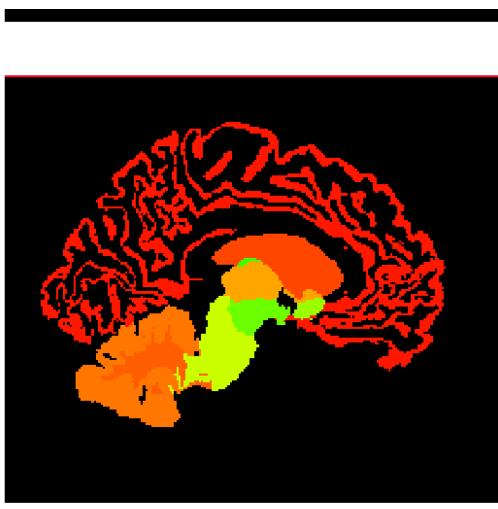
```
38     zero_phi = np.zeros([batch_size,*img_shape,ndims])
39     outputs = [fixed_images,zero_phi]
40
41     both_segs = [moving_images_seg,fixed_images_seg]
42
43     return inputs,outputs,both_segs
44
```

```
1 from pystrum.pytools.plot import jitter
2 import matplotlib
3
4 [ccmap, scrambled_cmap] = jitter(255, nargout=2)
5 scrambled_cmap[0, :] = np.array([0, 0, 0, 1])
6 ccmap = matplotlib.colors.ListedColormap(scrambled_cmap)
7
8
9 # showing the visualization result for the given trained model. Task 2 for the
10
11 num_pairs = 5
12 test_generator = data_generator_test_seg(test_folder,'img',batch_size = 1)
13
14 for i in range(num_pairs):
15
16     inputs,outputs,segs = data_generator_test_seg(test_folder,'img',batch_size
17     val_pred = vxm_model.predict(inputs)
18     moved_pred = val_pred[0][0,:,:,:,0]
19     pred_warp = val_pred[1]
20
21
22     warp_model = vxm.networks.Transform(vol_shape,interp_method = 'nearest')
23     warped_seg = warp_model.predict([segs[0],pred_warp])
24     print('warped segmentation')
25
26     print('1st moving image')
27     mid_slices_moving = [np.take(segs[0].squeeze(), vol_shape[d]//1.8, axis=d)
28     mid_slices_moving[1] = np.rot90(mid_slices_moving[1], 1)
29     mid_slices_moving[2] = np.rot90(mid_slices_moving[2], -1)
30     print('2nd fixed image')
31     mid_slices_fixed = [np.take(segs[1].squeeze(), vol_shape[d]//1.8, axis=d)
32     mid_slices_fixed[1] = np.rot90(mid_slices_fixed[1], 1)
33     mid_slices_fixed[2] = np.rot90(mid_slices_fixed[2], -1)
34     print('3rd predicted image')
35     mid_slices_pred = [np.take(warped_seg.squeeze(), vol_shape[d]//1.8, axis=d)
36     mid_slices_pred[1] = np.rot90(mid_slices_pred[1], 1)
```

```
29     mid_slices_pred[2] = np.rot90(mid_slices_pred[2], -1)
30     slices = mid_slices_moving + mid_slices_fixed + mid_slices_pred
31     for si, slc in enumerate(slices):
32         slices[si][0] = 255
33     ne.plot.slices(slices, cmaps = [ccmap], grid=[3,3]);
34
35     flow = val_pred[1][0, :, :, :, :, :]
36     flow_sd = np.std(flow)
37     v_args = dict(cmap = 'RdBu', vmin = -flow_sd, vmax = +flow_sd)
38     fig, m_axs = plt.subplots(3, 3, figsize = (20, 10))
39     for i, (ax1, ax2, ax3) in enumerate(m_axs):
40         ax1.imshow(np.mean(flow[:, :, :, i], 0), **v_args)
41         ax1.set_title('xyz'[i] + ' flow')
42         ax2.imshow(np.rot90(np.mean(flow[:, :, :, i], 1), 1), **v_args)
43         ax3.imshow(np.rot90(np.mean(flow[:, :, :, i], 2), -1), **v_args)
44
```

```
1/1 [=====] - 0s 135ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 336ms/step
warped segmentation
1st moving image
2nd fixed image
3rd predicted image
```





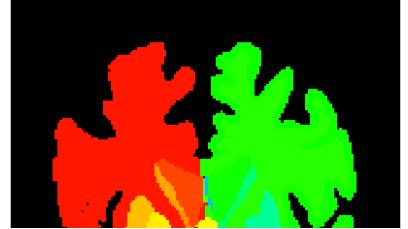
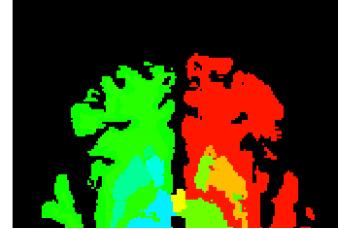
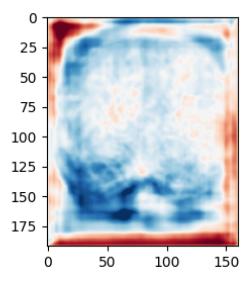
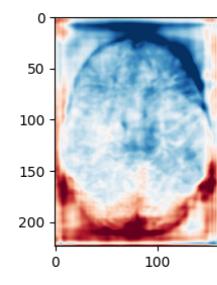
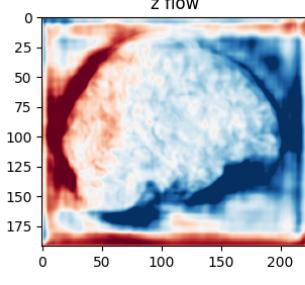
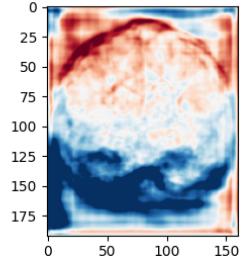
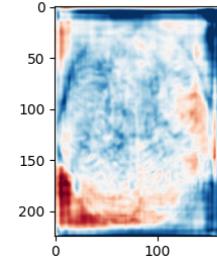
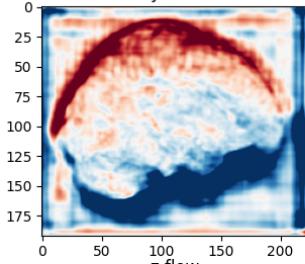
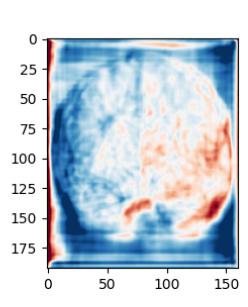
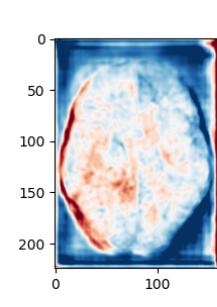
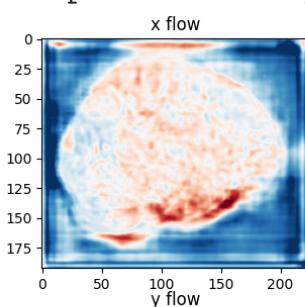
1/1 [=====] - 0s 135ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 230ms/step

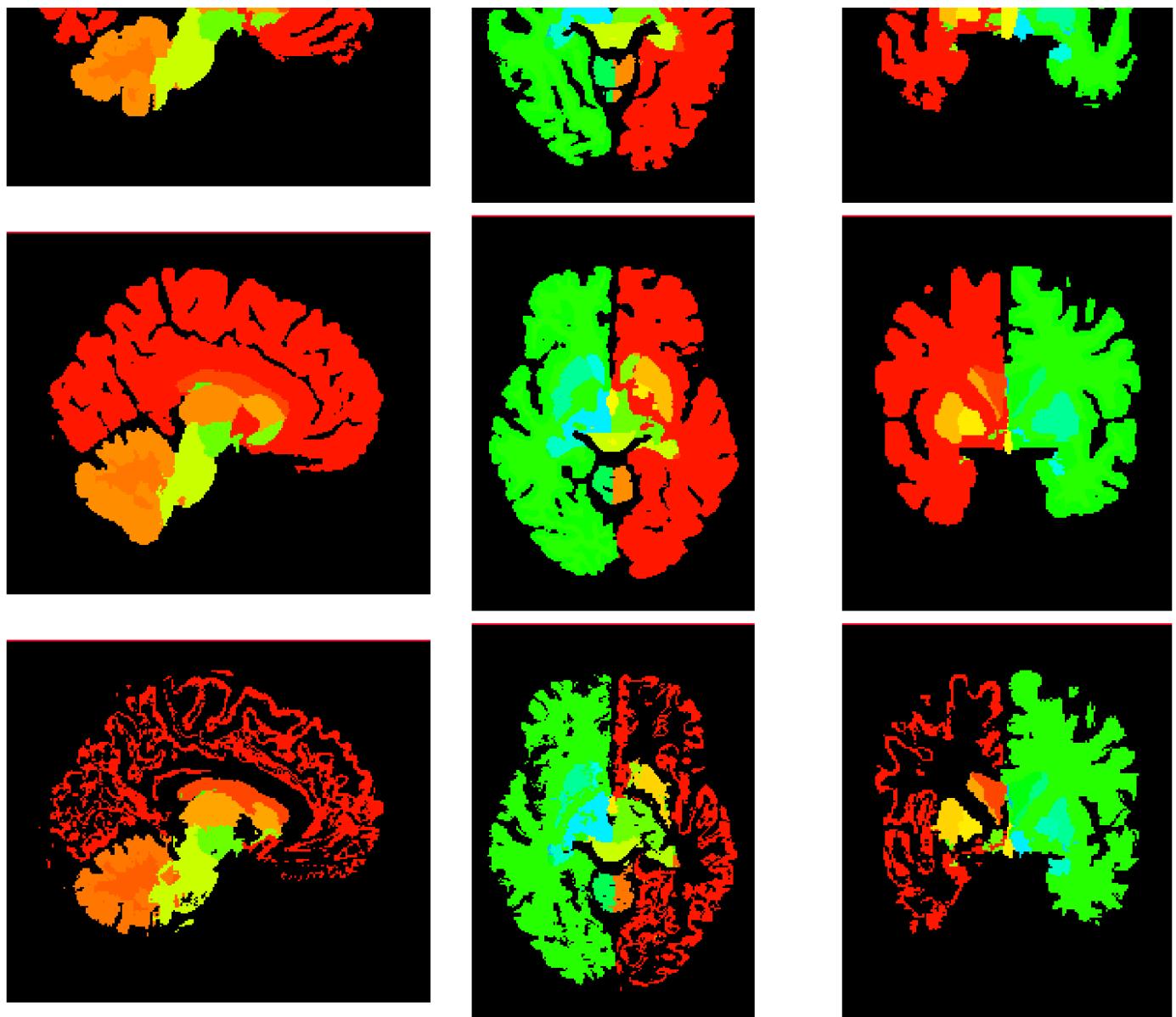
warped segmentation

1st moving image

2nd fixed image

3rd predicted image





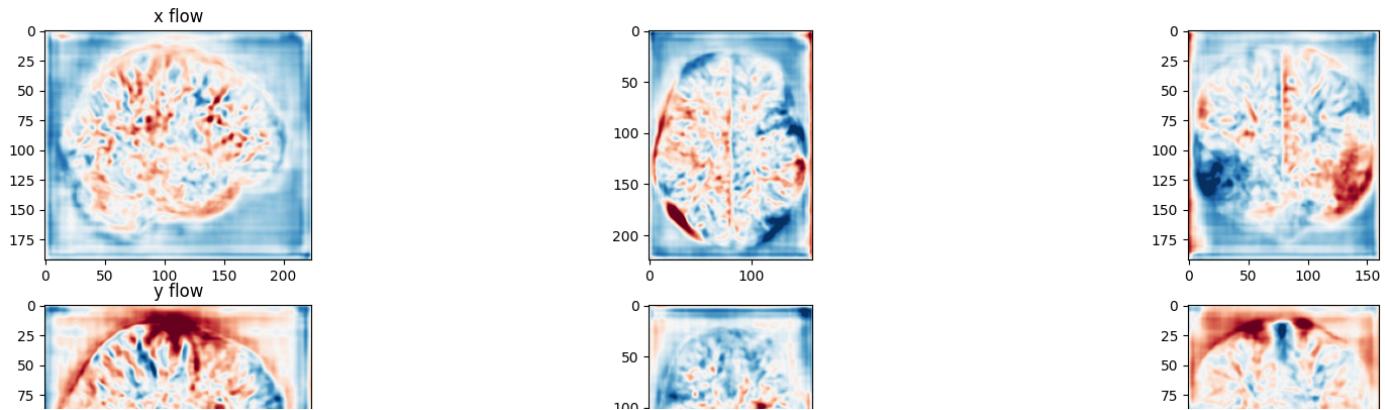
1/1 [=====] - 0s 137ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 275ms/step

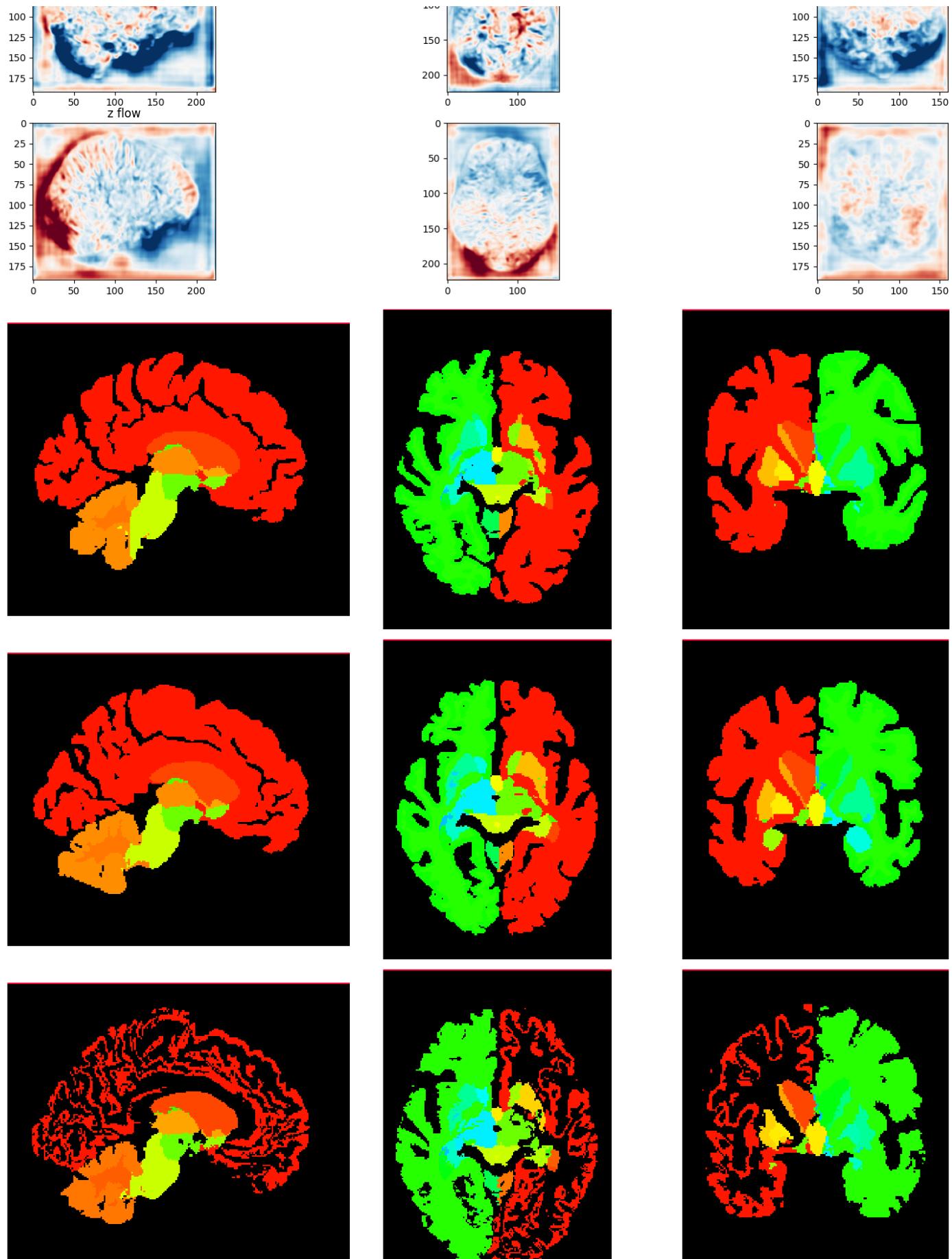
warped segmentation

1st moving image

2nd fixed image

3rd predicted image







1/1 [=====] - 0s 132ms/step

WARNING:tensorflow:5 out of the last 13 calls to <function Model.make_predict_

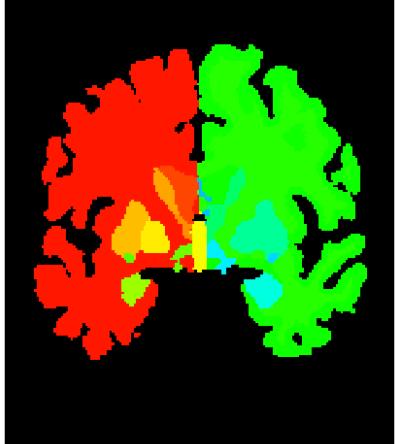
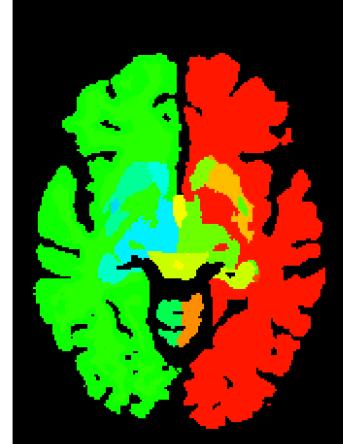
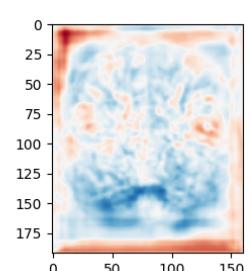
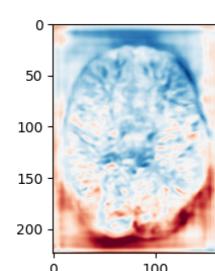
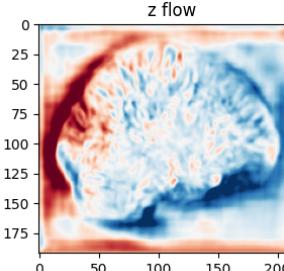
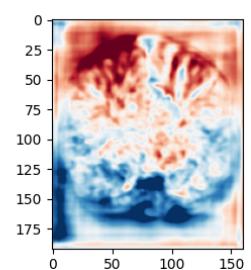
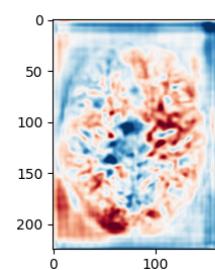
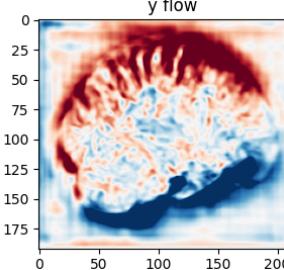
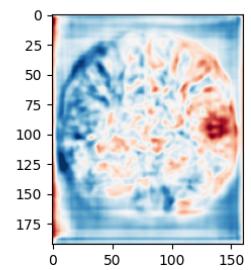
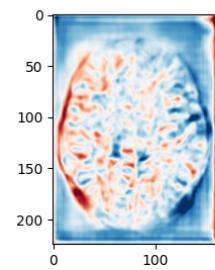
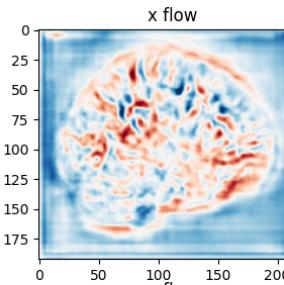
1/1 [=====] - 0s 237ms/step

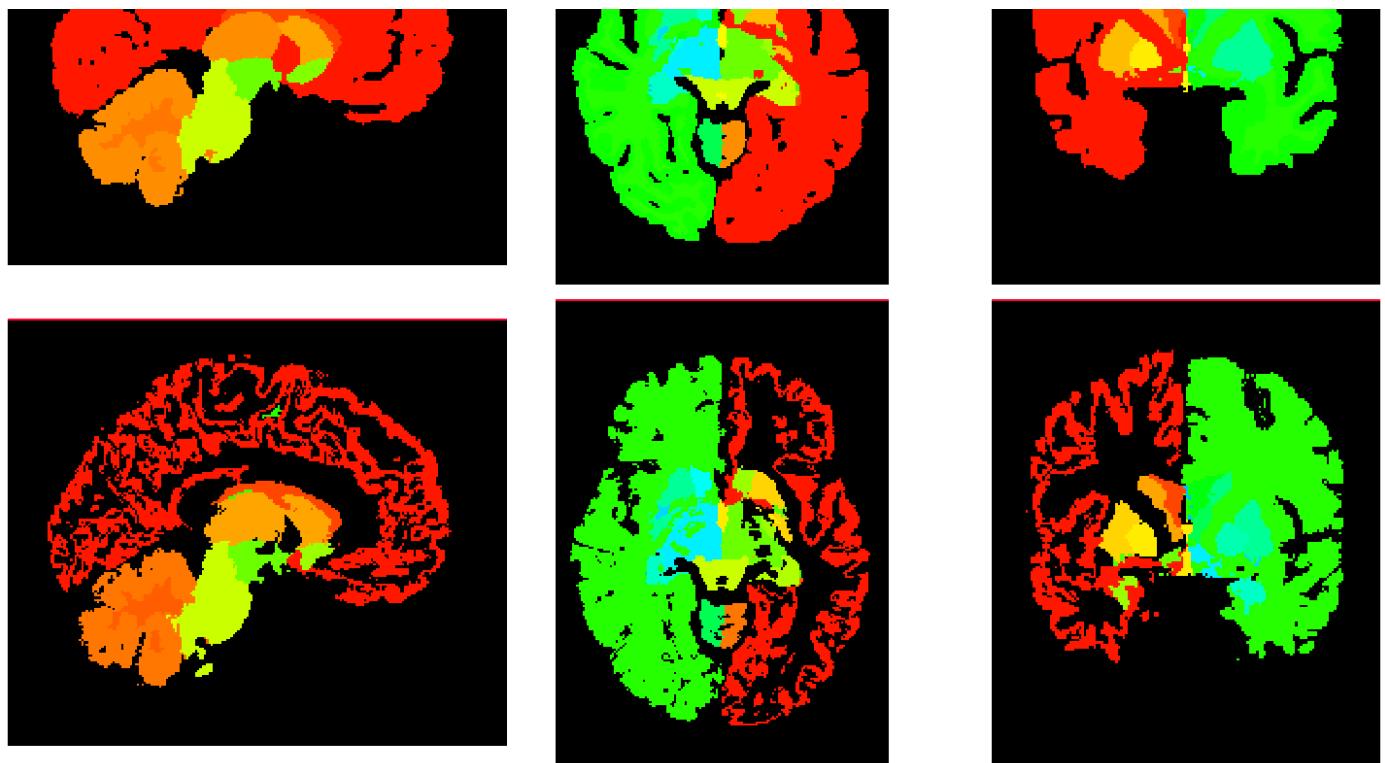
warped segmentation

1st moving image

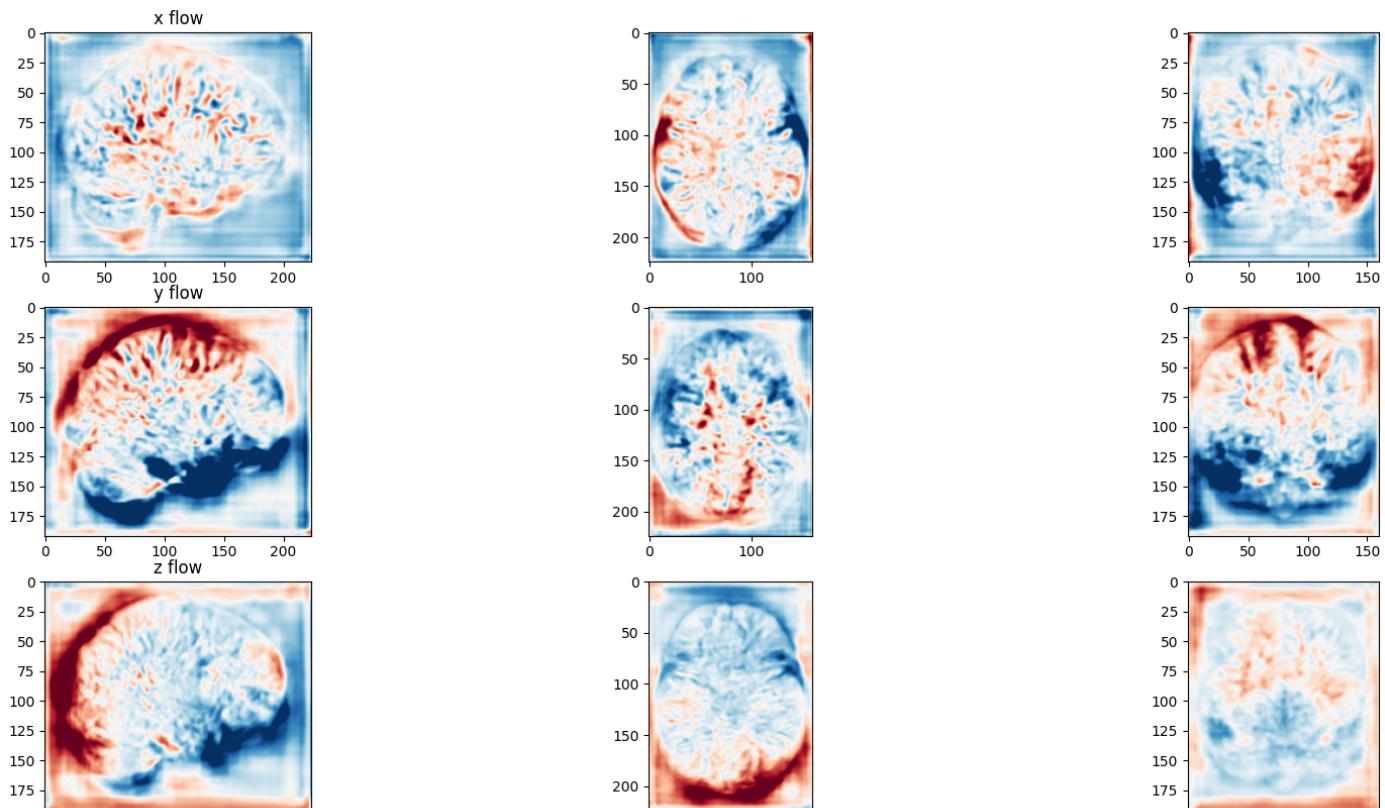
2nd fixed image

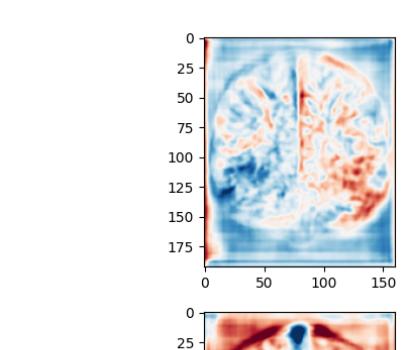
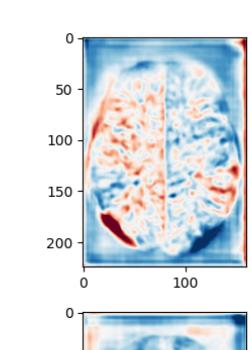
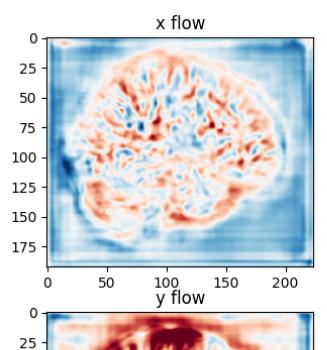
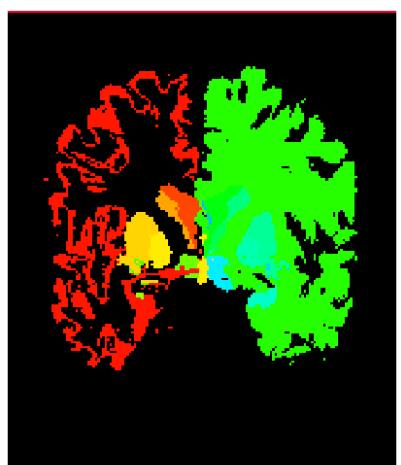
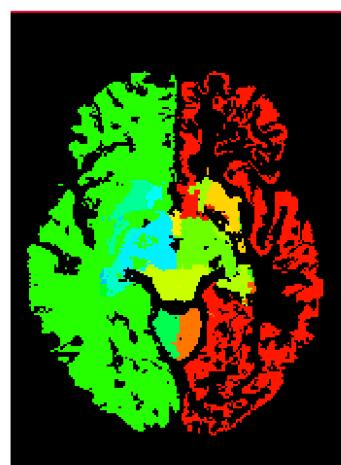
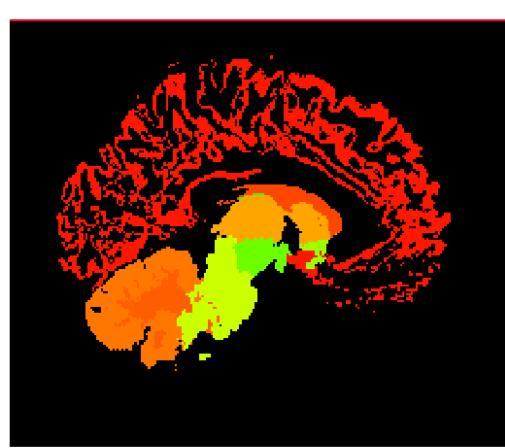
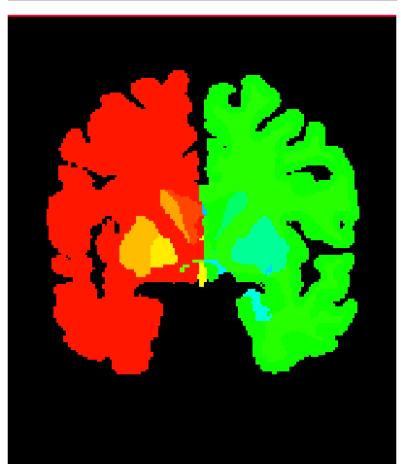
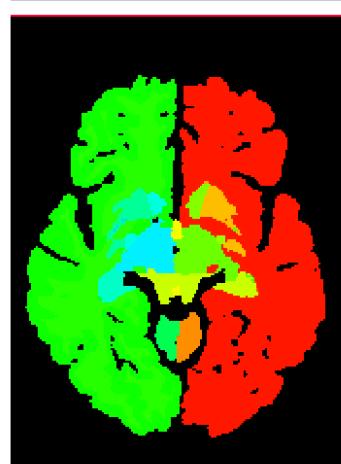
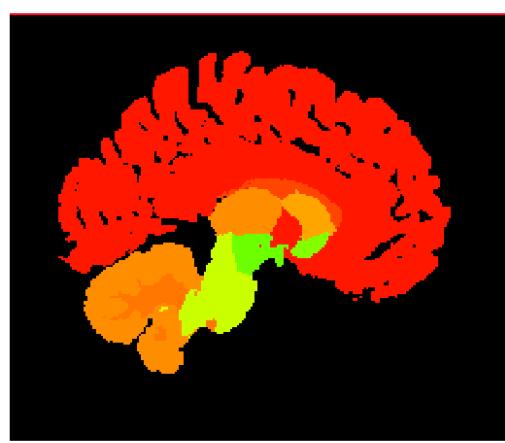
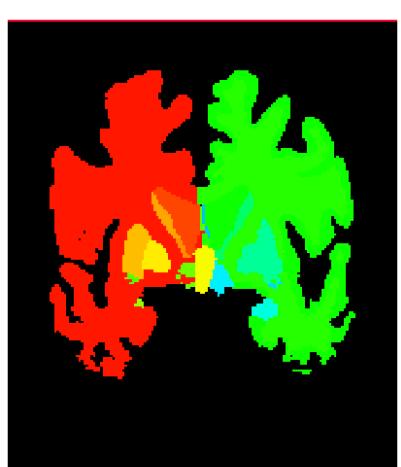
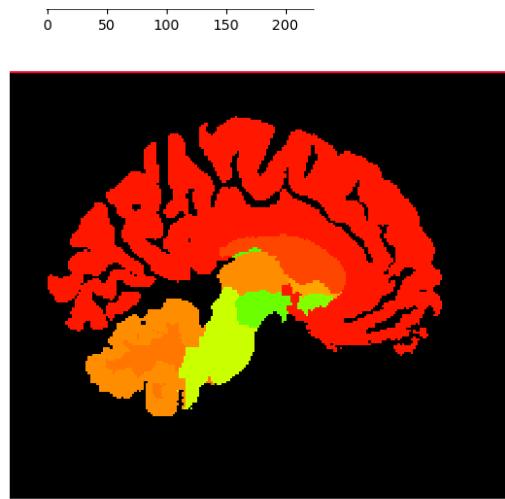
3rd predicted image

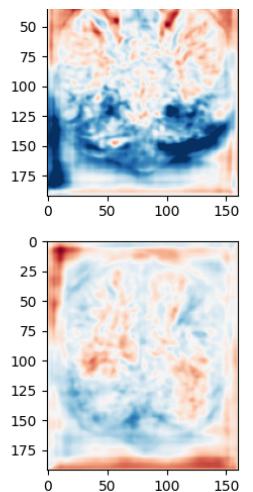
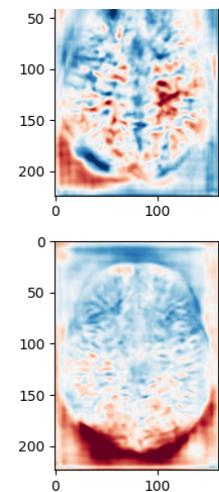
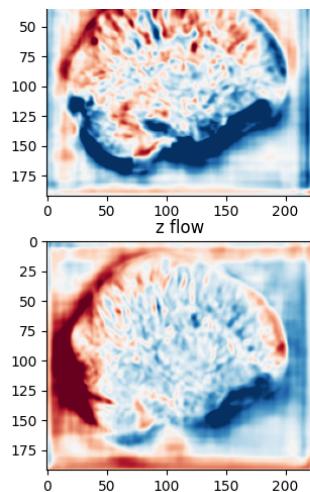




```
1/1 [=====] - 0s 135ms/step
WARNING:tensorflow:6 out of the last 15 calls to <function Model.make_predict_
1/1 [=====] - 0s 245ms/step
warped segmentation
1st moving image
2nd fixed image
3rd predicted image
```








```
1 def dice_coef(segmentation1, segmentation2):
2
3     unique_labels1 = np.unique(segmentation1)
4     unique_labels2 = np.unique(segmentation2)
5
6     # Exclude background label (usually 0) from calculations
7     unique_labels1 = unique_labels1[unique_labels1 != 0]
8     unique_labels2 = unique_labels2[unique_labels2 != 0]
9
10    dice_scores = []
11
12    for label1 in unique_labels1:
13        # Create binary masks for each pair of labels
14        mask1 = (segmentation1 == label1).astype(int)
15        mask2 = (segmentation2 == label1).astype(int)
16
17        # Calculate Dice coefficient for the pair
18        intersection = np.sum(mask1 * mask2)
19        total_voxels = np.sum(mask1) + np.sum(mask2)
20        dice_coefficient = 2.0 * intersection / total_voxels if total_voxels
21
22        dice_scores.append(dice_coefficient)
23
24    # Calculate average Dice score
25    average_dice_score = np.mean(dice_scores) if len(dice_scores) > 0 else 0.0
26
27    return average_dice_score
28
29
30 num_pairs = 10
```

```
2 dice_score = []
3 hausdroff_distance = []
4 for i in range(num_pairs):
5
6     inputs,outputs,segs = data_generator_test_seg(test_folder,'img',batch_size
7     val_pred = vxm_model.predict(inputs)
8     moved_pred = val_pred[0][0,:,:,:,0]
9     pred_warp = val_pred[1]
10
11
12     warp_model = vxm.networks.Transform(vol_shape,interp_method = 'nearest')
13     warped_seg = warp_model.predict([segs[0],pred_warp])
14
15     dice_score.append(dice_coef(segs[1].squeeze(),warped_seg.squeeze()))
16     print(dice_score[i])
17     #hausdroff_distance.append(hausdorff_distance_fast(segs[1].squeeze(),warpe
18     #print(hausdroff_distance[i])
19
20 dice_score = np.array(dice_score)
21 mean_dice_score = np.mean(dice_score)
22 #hausdroff_distance = np.array(hausdroff_distance)
23 #mean_hausdroff_distance = np.mean(hausdroff_distance)
24
25 print(f'The mean dice score is {mean_dice_score}')
26 #print(f'The mean hausdroff distance is {mean_hausdroff_distance}')
```

```
1/1 [=====] - 0s 140ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 231ms/step
0.65775952029042
1/1 [=====] - 0s 137ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 230ms/step
0.7286383673509078
1/1 [=====] - 0s 133ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 257ms/step
0.6214670864289982
1/1 [=====] - 0s 136ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 259ms/step
0.7732751153526977
1/1 [=====] - 0s 134ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 228ms/step
0.667312628331267
1/1 [=====] - 0s 131ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 271ms/step
0.9338102400750758
1/1 [=====] - 0s 138ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 271ms/step
0.9338102400750758
1/1 [=====] - 0s 132ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 226ms/step
0.722431829509364
1/1 [=====] - 0s 136ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 244ms/step
0.7425417922281696
1/1 [=====] - 0s 135ms/step
1/1 [=====] - 0s 249ms/step
0.697536493904502
The mean dice score is 0.7478583313546477
```

1

Double-click (or enter) to edit

