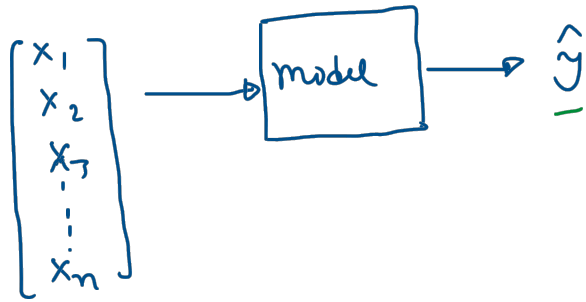


# Feature Engineering

Feature? → Problem and data specific  
The input variables of your model.



## Churn Prediction (Bank)

i/p variables : {  
Salary  
Credit Score  
Bank balance  
# products  
Credit Card User or not  
favourite color

NLP : Sentiment analysis  
(+ve / -ve)

The direction and the cinematography of the movie is really good. → (+ve)

## Feature Engineering

1) Feature pre-processing  $\rightarrow$  preprocessing the i/p variables so that it can be used in the model.

2) Feature Extraction  $\rightarrow$  i/p variables  $\rightarrow$  features.

$$\phi(x) \rightarrow x^*$$

$$\underline{f^*} : \underline{\mathbb{R}^{n \times d}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbb{R}}$$

i/p                      o/p

$\underline{d} \rightarrow$  dimension

$\underline{d' < d}$   
 $\downarrow$   
dimensionality reduction

$$\hat{y} = f^*(x)$$

$$\underline{\phi : \mathbb{R}^{n \times d} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{n \times d'}}$$

$$\hat{y}' = \hat{f}(\phi(x))$$

$\nearrow$  model  
 $\rightarrow$  visualization  
 $\searrow$  improve the performance

3) Feature Selection :

## Feature Preprocessing

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 &\rightarrow x_1^* \\ x_2 &\rightarrow x_2^* \\ &\vdots \\ x_n &\rightarrow x_n^* \end{aligned}$$

## Feature Extraction

$$x_1, x_2, \quad x_1/x_2, \quad (1+x_1x_2)^3$$

$(x_1)$   
Units Sold

$(x_2)$   
price per unit

amount  $(x_1 \cdot x_2)$

RFM : Recency Frequency Monetary

✓

1

1

1

5

5

5

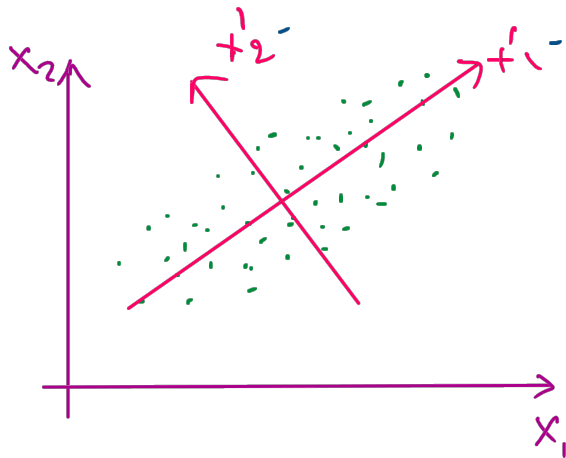
GDP

# population

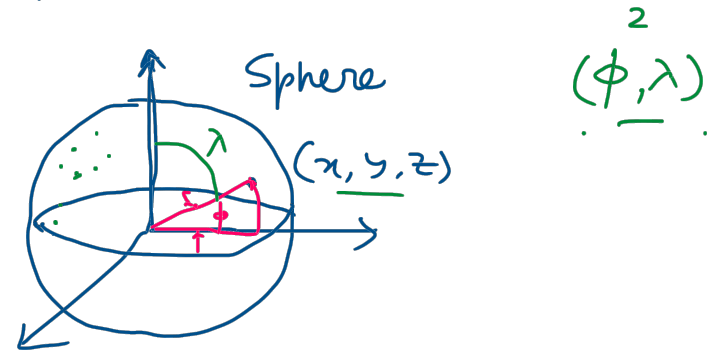
GDP / person ✓

$$111 \rightarrow 555$$

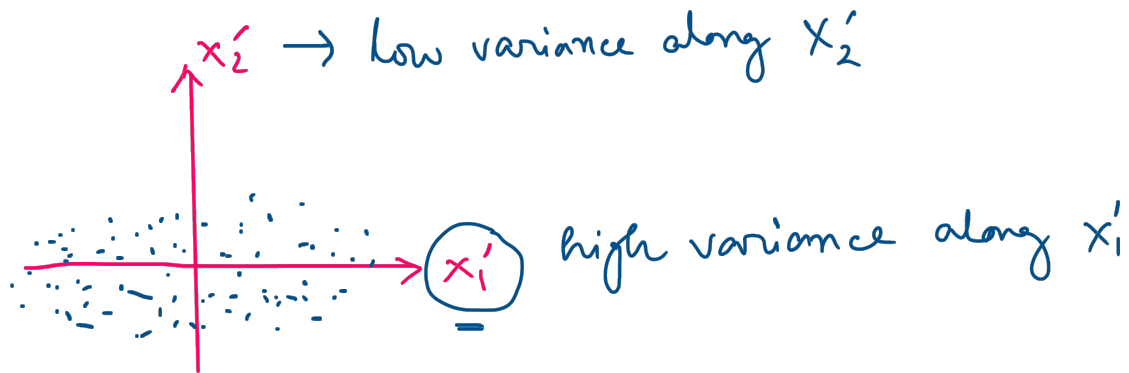
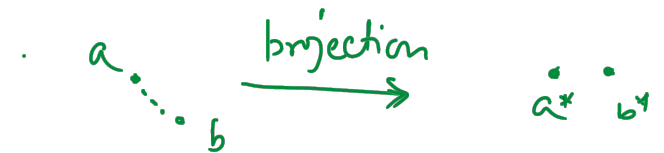
Raw features  $\rightarrow$  feature extraction  $\rightarrow$  preprocessing  $\rightarrow$  Feature Selection



$$\underline{(x_1, x_2)} \xrightarrow{\text{PCA}} (\underline{x'_1}, \underline{x'_2})$$



$$(\phi, \lambda)$$



Feature Selection  $\rightarrow$  Filter Technique : Filter out less important features using some criteria

$\rightarrow$  Wrapper Technique : (set of features)  $\rightarrow$  (subset)  $\downarrow$  model

(RFE)

## Filter Methods:

1) Variance threshold

$f_1$   $\rightarrow$  variance = 0

1  
1  
1  
1  
:  
:  
:  
1

$f_2$   
1  
1  
0  
1  
1  
0  
:  
1

(80% = 1, 20% = 0)

$$\begin{aligned} & p(1-p) \\ &= 0.8 \times 0.2 \\ &= \underline{0.16} \end{aligned}$$

$f_3$   
0.3  
0.5  
1.2  
,  
:  
:

(0.8)

## 2) Univariate F-test

feature (x)

	2
3	3
	4
	5
6	6
	7
	8
9.5	9
	10
	11

$$MSB = \frac{SSB}{df} = \frac{73.5}{2} = 36.75$$

class(y)

A }  
 A }  
 A }  
 B }  
 B }  
 B }  
 C }  
 C }  
 C }  
 C }

Step-1: Compute Group mean. of x

$$\bar{X}_A = \frac{2+3+4}{3} = \underline{3}$$

$$\bar{X}_B = 6, \quad \bar{X}_C = 9.5$$

Step-2: Overall mean

$$\bar{X} = \frac{65}{10} = 6.5$$

Step-3: Between Group Variance

$$\begin{aligned}
 SSB &= 3(\bar{X}_A - \bar{X})^2 + 3(\bar{X}_B - \bar{X})^2 + 4(\bar{X}_C - \bar{X})^2 \\
 &= 3 \cdot 3.5^2 + 3 \cdot (0.5)^2 + 4 \cdot 3^2 \\
 &= 73.5
 \end{aligned}$$

Step-4: Within Group variance:

$$SSW = \sum_j \sum_i (x_{ij} - \bar{x}_j)^2 = 9 \checkmark$$

$$MSW = \frac{SSW}{\text{dof}} = \frac{SSW}{\underbrace{N}_{\text{\#data}} - \underbrace{k}_{\text{\#class}}} = \frac{SSW}{10 - 3} = \frac{9}{7} = 1.28$$

Step-5: F-statistics:

$$F = \frac{MSB}{MSW} = \frac{36.75}{1.28} \approx \underline{28.7}$$