

SHORT PROGRAMS

Define a class named **NUMBER** consisting of the following:

1. i) **num**: of type short unsigned integer under private visibility label.
- ii) Define a private member function named “**input**” to accept the data member “num”, determine and return 1 if the “num” is palindrome else it return 0.
- iii) Define a public member function named “**display**” which call the member function “input” and display whether the number is palindrome or not.

Write a relevant main function to complete the program.

NOTE:- A positive integer number is a “Palindrome Number” if its reversal is equal to original number.

2. Define a class named **FIBO** consisting of the following members:
 - i) **N**: of type unsigned short integer under the private visibility label.
 - ii) Define a private member function named “**input**” to accept value ‘N’ from the user.
 - iii) Define a public member function named “**display**” which call the member function “input” and display the Fibonacci series up to the ‘N’ terms.

Write a relevant main function to complete the program.

NOTE:- Fibonacci number is an integer in the infinite series 0,1,1,2,3,5,8..... of which the first two terms are 0 and 1 and each succeeding term is the sum of the previous two terms.

3. Define a class named **PRIME** consisting of the following members:-
 - i) **num**:- of type unsigned short integer under private visibility label
 - ii) Define a private member function named **get_no()** to accept a positive number from the user.
 - iii) Define a public member function named **process()** which call the member function **get_no()** ,checks and displays if num is prime or composite number.

Write a relevant main function to complete the program .

NOTE:- a positive intger number is said to be prime if it is only divisible by 1 and itself.

Egs of prime numbers:- 2, 3, 5, 7, 11

Egs of Composite numbers:- 4, 6, 9,

Number 1 is neither prime nor composite.

4. Define a class named **ARMSTRONG** consisting of the following members:
 - i) **num**: of type short unsigned integer under private visibility label.
 - ii) Define a public member function “**get_no**” to read a three digit positive integer no from the user and call the member function “process”
 - iii) Define a private member function “**process**” which checks and display if num is a Armstrong number or not.

Write a relevant main function to complete the program

Note: A three digit positive integer number is a “Armstrong Number “ if sum of cubes of its digits is equal to the given number itself.

Example 153 is a Armstrong number .

$$1*1*1+5*5*5+3*3*3=1+125+27=153$$

5. Define a class named **SERIES** consisting of the following Members:
- N**: of type unsigned short integer under private visibility label. (N indicates number of terms)
 - D**: of type float under private visibility label. (D indicates angle in degree)
 - Define a public member function “**get_data**” to read values for the data members D and N.
 - Define a private member function “**process**” to compute $\sin(x)$ by determining the summation of first “N” terms of the following series for display.

$$\cos(x) = \frac{x}{1!} - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \frac{x^7}{7!} + \frac{x^9}{9!} - \dots + \frac{x^N}{N!} \text{ where } x \text{ is angle in radians.}$$

Write a relevant main function to complete the program.

6. Define a class named **SMALLER** consisting of the following members:-
- d1, d2, d3 of type double under private visibility label
 - Define a private member function named “process” which finds the smaller of d1, d2, and d3 and displays the smallest
 - Define a parametrized constructor function which initialises the private data members.

Write the relevant main function to complete the program.

7. Define a class **BASE** having one private data member num1 and one public data member **num2** both of type float. Define public member functions:

i) **input_data()**- to read data value num1.

ii) **get_num1()**- to return the value of num1.

Extend class **BASE** to another class **DERIVED** using public derivation. Define for class **DERIVED** a private data member sum which is to be calculated by adding num1 and num2 and a public member function:

get_data()- to read num2 and to call input_data() for reading value to add to compute sum.

show_data()-to output num1, num2 and sum.

Write a main() to create object of type **DERIVED** and input and output all data.

8. Define an abstract class named “**BASE1**” which has the following members:
- A** : an integer type variable under private visibility label
 - Define an inline parameterized constructor to initialize data member “A”.
 - Get_A()**: an inline protected member function which returns value of “A”.

Define an abstract class named “**BASE2**” which has the following members:

i) **B**: an integer type variable under private visibility label

ii) Define an inline parameterized constructor to initialize data member “B”.

iii) **Get_B**: an inline public member function which returns value of “B”.

Define a class named “**DERIVED**” which is derived from “**BASE1**” and “**BASE2**” under

public and **protected** mode respectively. It has the following members:

- i) **Z**: an integer type variable under private visibility label.
- ii) **show()**: an inline private member function which displays value of **Z**.
- iii) Define an inline parameterized constructor to initialize data member "**Z**" with product of "**A**" and "**B**", it further calls member function **show()**.

Define an appropriate main function.

9. Define a class named "**TIME**" which has the following members:

- **Hours, Minutes**: of type integer under private visibility label
- Define a **parameterized constructor** to initialize data members "**Hours**" and "**Minutes**".
- **Sum()**: a public member function which accepts two objects as parameter of type "**TIME**". It calculates summation of two time quantities represented by parameters and assigns it to data members of object which has called member function **sum()**.
- **Display()**: a public member function to display data members of object of type "**TIME**".

Define an appropriate **main()** function to display addition of two objects of type "**TIME**".

10. Define a class named **VOLUME** consisting of the following members:

- i) **r,r1,h,v**: of type float under private visibility label.
- ii) Define a **parameterized constructor** to initialize data member "**r**".
- iii) Define a **parameterized constructor** to initialize data members "**r1**" and "**h**".
- iv) **Display()**: to display Volume of sphere ($v=4/3\pi r^3$) and volume of cylinder ($v=\pi r^2 h$)

Write the relevant main function to complete the program.

LONG PROGRAMS

- 1 Define a class named **BINARY** consisting of the following members:
 - i) **list**: an array of type short integer of size 30 under private visibility label.
 - ii) **N** : of type short unsigned integer (indicates total number of elements to be accepted in array “list”) under private visibility label.
 - iii) Define a **default constructor** to accept data member “N” and to accept the numbers in the array “list”. It further calls member function “search”.
 - iv) Define a private member function named “**search**” which accepts the number to be searched from the user and determines whether it is present in the “list” using **binary search technique**.

Write a relevant main function to complete the program.

2. Define a class named **BUBBLE** consisting of the following members:
 - i) **list**: an array of type short integer of size 30 under private visibility label.
 - ii) **N** : of type short unsigned integer(indicates total number of elements to be accepted in array “list”)under private visibility label.
 - iii) Define a **default constructor** to accept data member “N” and to accept the numbers in the array “list” .It further calls member function “sort” followed by member function “show”.
 - iv) Define a private member function named “**sort**” which performs sorting of numbers in array “list” using **bubble sort technique**(sort in **ASCENDING** order).
 - v) Define a private member function named “**show**” which displays the content of array.

Write a relevant main function to complete the Program.

3. Define a class named **SELECT** consisting of the following members:
 - i) **list**: an array of type short integer of size 30 under private.
 - ii) **N** :of type short unsigned integer.(indicates total number of elements to be accepted in array “list”) under private .
 - iii) Define a **default constructor** to accept data member “N” and to accept the numbers in the array “list”. It further calls member function “sort” followed by member function “show”.
 - iv) Define a private member function named “**sort**” which performs sorting of numbers in the array “list” using **selection sort technique** (sort in **ASCENDING** order).
 - v) Define a private member function named “**show**” which displays the content of

array.

Write a relevant main function to complete the program.

4. Define a class named **INSERT** consisting of the following members:

- i) **list**: an array of type short integer of size 30 under private visibility label.
- ii) **N** : of type short unsigned integer(indicates total number of elements to be accepted in array “list”) under private visibility label.
- iii) Define a **default constructor** to accept data member “N” and to accept the numbers in the array “list”. It further calls member function “sort” followed by member function “show”.
- iv) Define a private member function named “**sort**” which performs sorting of numbers in the array “list” using **insertion sort** technique (sort in **ASCENDING** order).
- v) Define a private member function named “**show**” which displays the content of array.

Write a relevant main function to complete the program.

5. Define a class named **MERGE** consisting of the following members:

- i) **A,B,C**: 1-D arrays of type short integer of size 50 each under private visibility label.
- ii) **M,N** : of type short unsigned integer (indicates total number of elements in A and B respectively) under private visibility label.
- iii) Define a **default constructor** to accept data members “M” and “N” and to accept the numbers in the arrays A and B (both in **ascending** order). It further calls member function “process”.
- iv) Define a private member function named “**process**” which performs **merging** of all elements in A and B to obtain array C in **ASCENDING** order for display.

Write a relevant main function to complete the program.

6. Define a class named **MATRIX** consisting of the following members:

- i) **M,N,Q**: of type short unsigned integer under private visibility label.
- ii) **A,B,C** : 2-D arrays of size 10x10 each under private visibility label.
- iii) Define a **default constructor** to accept data members M,N and Q (Where MxN is size of A and NxQ is size of B). It also accepts 2-D array A and B. It further calls member function “product”.
- iv) Define a private member function named “**product**” which computes product of two matrix’s A and B and stores in C. It further displays matrix C in tabular form.

Write a relevant main function to complete the program.

7. Write a menu driven program to implement a **singly linked list** in which each node consists of the following data fields:

- i) **M.N,Q**: of type short unsigned integer under private visibility label.
- ii) **roll**- of type unsigned short integer.
- iii) **name**- an array of maximum 30 characters.
- iv) **percent**- of type float

And perform the following operations:

- a) **Creation** of a linear linked list containing “n” nodes.
- b) **Display** the linear linked list in the following format:

ROLL	NAME	PERCENT
1000	SACHIN	89.9
2000	KARUN	75.52
3000	KIERA	65.18

8. Write a menu driven program to implement a **stack** using singly linked list in which each node consists of a single data field of type **character** and performs the following operations:

- i) **push** a node onto the stack
- ii) **pop** the top node from the stack

Displaying data field of all the nodes in the stack horizontally.

9. Write a menu driven program to implement a **queue** using singly linked list in which each node consists of a single data field of type character and performs the following operations:

- i) **Appending** a node into the queue.
- ii) **Deleting** the first node in the queue.

Displaying data field of all the nodes in the queue horizontally.

10. Define a class named **BILL** with the following members:

- i) **item_code**: of type unsigned short integer under private visibility label.
- ii) **item_name**: a character array of size 30 under private visibility label.
- iii) **unit_price,total** : of type float under private visibility label.
- iv) **quantity**: of type unsigned short integer under private visibility label.
- v) Define a member function named “**get data**” to accept data members item_code, item_name, unit_price and quantity. It computes total as quantity * unit_price.
- vi) Define a member function named “**put data**” to display data members item_code, item_name, unit_price, quantity and total.

Write a menu driven main function to

- a) **Create** a binary file named “market.data” containing objects of type BILL.
- b) **Display** all the data members of the objects read from file “market.data” in tabular form.

SAMPLE OUTPUT

ITEM CODE	ITEM NAME	UNIT-PRICE	QUANTITY	TOTAL
1000	PEN	10.00	5	50.00
2000	PENCIL	5.00	3	15.00