

## Exp. No. 21

Write a LEX specification file to take input C program from a .c file and count the number of characters, number of lines & number of words.

### Input Source Program: (sample.c)

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int number1, number2, sum;
    printf("Enter two integers: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &number1, &number2);
    sum = number1 + number2;
    printf("%d + %d = %d", number1, number2, sum);
    return 0;
}
```

### Program: (count\_lines.l)

```
%{
int nchar, nword, nline;
}%
%%
\n { nline++; nchar++; }
[^ \t\n]+ { nword++; nchar += yyleng; }
. { nchar++; }
%%
int yywrap(void) {
return 1;
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
yyin = fopen(argv[1], "r");
yylex();
printf("Number of characters = %d\n", nchar);
printf("Number of words = %d\n", nword);
printf("Number of lines = %d\n", nline);
fclose(yyin);
}
```

### Output:

G:\lex>flex count\_line.l

G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c

```
G:\lex>a.exe sample.c
Number of characters = 233
Number of words = 33
Number of lines = 10
```

```
G:\lex>
```

## **Exp. No. 22**

Write a LEX program to print all the constants in the given C source program file.

### **Input Source Program: (sample.c)**

```
#define P 314
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{

    int a,b,c = 30;
    printf("hello");
}
```

### **Program: (countconstants.l)**

```
digit [0-9]
%{
int cons=0;
%}
%%
{digit}+ { cons++; printf("%s is a constant\n", yytext); }
.|\\n { }
%%
int yywrap(void) {
return 1; }
int main(void)
{
FILE *f;
char file[10];
printf("Enter File Name : ");
scanf("%s",file);
f = fopen(file,"r");
yyin = f;
yylex();
printf("Number of Constants : %d\n", cons);
fclose(yyin);
```

```
}
```

### Output:

```
G:\lex>flex countconstants.l
```

```
G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c
```

```
G:\lex>a.exe
```

```
Enter File Name : sample.c
```

```
314 is a constant
```

```
30 is a constant
```

```
Number of Constants : 2
```

```
G:\lex>
```

### Exp. No. 23

Write a LEX program to count the number of Macros defined and header files included in the C program.

#### Input Source Program: (sample.c)

```
#define PI 3.14
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{

    int a,b,c = 30;
    printf("hello");
}
```

#### Program: (count\_macro.l)

```
%{
int nmacro, nheader;
}%
%%
^#define { nmacro++; }
^#include { nheader++; }
.\n { }
%%
int yywrap(void) {
return 1;
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
```

```

yyin = fopen(argv[1], "r");
yylex();
printf("Number of macros defined = %d\n", nmacro);
printf("Number of header files included = %d\n", nheader);
fclose(yyin);
}

```

### Output:

G:\lex>flex count\_macro.l

G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c

G:\lex>a.exe sample.c

Number of macros defined = 1

Number of header files included = 2

G:\lex>

### Exp. No. 24

Write a LEX program to print all HTML tags in the input file.

#### Input Source Program: (sample.html)

```

<html>
<body>
<h1>My First Heading</h1>
<p>My first paragraph.</p>
</body>
</html>

```

#### Program: (html.l)

```

%{
int tags;
%}
%%
"<"[^>]*> { tags++; printf("%s \n", yytext); }
.\n { }

```

```

%%
int yywrap(void) {
return 1; }
int main(void)
{
FILE *f;
char file[10];
printf("Enter File Name : ");
scanf("%s",file);
f = fopen(file,"r");
yyin = f;
yylex();
printf("\n Number of html tags: %d",tags);
fclose(yyin);
}

```

### Output:

G:\lex>flex html.l

G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c

G:\lex>a.exe

Enter File Name : sample.html

<html>

<body>

<h1>

</h1>

<p>

</p>

</body>

</html>

Number of html tags: 8

G:\lex>

### Exp. No. 25

Write a LEX program which adds line numbers to the given C program file and display the same in the standard output.

**Input Source Program: (sample.c)**

```
#define PI 3.14
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
void main()
{

int a,b,c = 30;

printf("hello");
}
```

**Program: (addlinenos.l)**

```
%{
int yylineno;
}%
%%
^(.*)\n printf("%4d\t%s", ++yylineno, yytext);
%%
int yywrap(void) {
return 1;
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
yyin = fopen(argv[1], "r");
yylex();
fclose(yyin);
}
```

**Output:**

G:\lex>flex addlinenos.l

G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c

G:\lex>a.exe sample.c

```
1  #define PI 3.14
2  #include<stdio.h>
3  #include<conio.h>
4  void main()
5  {
6  int a,b,c = 30;
7  printf("hello");
8  }
```

G:\lex>

### Exp. No. 26

Write a LEX program to count the number of comment lines in a given C program and eliminate them and write into another file.

#### Input Source File: (input.c)

```
#include<stdio.h>

int main()
{

    int a,b,c; /*variable declaration*/
    printf("enter two numbers");
    scanf("%d %d",&a,&b);
    c=a+b;//adding two numbers
    printf("sum is %d",c);
    return 0;
}
```

#### Program: (comment.l)

```
%{
int com=0;
}%
%s COMMENT
%%
"/*" {BEGIN COMMENT;}
<COMMENT>"*/" {BEGIN 0; com++;}
<COMMENT>\n {com++;}
<COMMENT>. {}
\\.* {; com++;}
.|\\n {fprintf(yyout,"%s",yytext);}
%%
void main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
if(argc!=3)
{
printf("usage : a.exe input.c output.c\n");
exit(0);
}
yyin=fopen(argv[1],"r");
yyout=fopen(argv[2],"w");
```

```

yylex();
printf("\n number of comments are = %d\n",com);
}
int yywrap()
{
return 1;
}

```

### **Output:**

G:\lex>flex comment.l

G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c

G:\lex>a.exe input.c  
usage : a.exe input.c output.c

G:\lex>a.exe input.c output.c

number of comments are = 2

G:\lex>

### **Output File: (output.c)**

```

include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
int a,b,c;
printf("enter two numbers");
scanf("%d %d",&a,&b);
c=a+b;
printf("sum is %d",c);
return 0;
}

```

### **Exp. No. 27**

Write a LEX program to identify the capital words from the given input.

### **Program: (capital.l)**



```

%%
[A-Z]+[\t\n ] { printf("%s is a capital word\n",yytext); }
. ;
%%

int main( )
{
    printf("Enter String :\n");
    yylex();
}
int yywrap( )
{
    return 1;
}

```

### Output:

G:\lex>flex capital.l

G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c

G:\lex>a.exe

Enter String :

CAPITAL of INDIA is DELHI

CAPITAL is a capital word

INDIA is a capital word

DELHI

is a capital word

G:\lex>

### Exp. No. 28

Write a LEX Program to check the email address is valid or not.

**Program:** (email\_valid.l)

```

%{
int flag=0;
%}
%%
[a-z . 0-9]+@[a-z]+".com"|" ".in" { flag=1; }

```

```

%%
int main()
{
    yylex();
    if(flag==1)
        printf("Accepted");
    else
        printf("Not Accepted");
}
int yywrap()
{ return 1;
}

```

### Output:

G:\lex>flex email\_valid.l

G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c

G:\lex>a.exe  
sse123@gmail.com

Accepted  
G:\lex>

### Exp. No. 29

Write a LEX Program to convert the substring abc to ABC from the given input string

#### Program: (substring.l)

```

%{
int i;
}%
%%
[a-z A-Z]* { for(i=0;i<=yyleng;i++)
    { if((yytext[i]=='a')&&(yytext[i+1]=='b')&&(yytext[i+2]=='c'))
        { yytext[i]='A';
          yytext[i+1]='B';
          yytext[i+2]='C';
        }
    }
}

```

```

        printf("%s",yytext);
    }

[\t]* return 1;
.* {ECHO;}
\n {printf("%s",yytext);}
%%
int main()
{
    yylex();
}
int yywrap()
{
    return 1;
}

```

### Output:

G:\lex>flex substring.l

G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c

G:\lex>a.exe  
 abcdefghabcijkla  
 ABCdefghABCijkla

G:\lex>

### Exp. No. 30

Implement a LEX program to check whether the mobile number is valid or not.

#### Program: (mobile.l)

```

%%
[1-9][0-9]{9} {printf("\nMobile Number Valid\n");}
.+ {printf("\nMobile Number Invalid\n");}
%%
int main()
{
    printf("\nEnter Mobile Number : ");
}

```

```
        yylex();  
        printf("\n");  
        return 0;  
}  
int yywrap()  
{ }
```

### **Output:**

G:\lex>flex mobile.l

G:\lex>gcc lex.yy.c

G:\lex>a.exe

Enter Mobile Number : 7856453489

Mobile Number Valid

G:\lex>