Quiz for sequence-model

Wednesday, June 26, 2019 11:29 PM

Week 3 Quiz

Quiz, 8 questions

	Question 1
<u>~</u>	point 1. Question 1 Why does sequence make a large difference when determining semantics of language? Because the order in which words appear dictate their impact on the meaning of the sentence It doesn't Because the order of words doesn't matter Because the order in which words appear dictate their meaning Question 2
	1 point 2. Question 2 How do Recurrent Neural Networks help you understand the impact of sequence on meaning? They don't They look at the whole sentence at a time They shuffle the words evenly They carry meaning from one cell to the next Question 3

1 point

3. Question 3

How does an LSTM help understand meaning when words that qualify each other aren't

<u> </u>	They load all words into a cell state They shuffle the words randomly They don't Values from earlier words can be carried to later ones via a cell state Question 4
<u> </u>	point 4. Question 4 What keras layer type allows LSTMs to look forward and backward in a sentence? Unilateral Bilateral Bothdirection Bidirectional Question 5
<u>~</u>	1 point 5. Question 5 What's the output shape of a bidirectional LSTM layer with 64 units? (128,1) (None, 128) (128,None) (None, 64) Question 6
<u>~</u>	point 6. Question 6 When stacking LSTMs, how do you instruct an LSTM to feed the next one in the sequence? Ensure that return_sequences is set to True only on units that feed to another LSTM Do nothing, TensorFlow handles this automatically Ensure that they have the same number of units Ensure that return_sequences is set to True on all units Question 7

<u>~</u>	point 7. Question 7 If a sentence has 120 tokens in it, and a Conv1D with 128 filters with a Kernal size of 5 is passed over it, what's the output shape? (None, 116, 128) (None, 120, 128) (None, 120, 124) (None, 116, 124) Question 8
	point 8. Question 8 What's the best way to avoid overfitting in NLP datasets? Use LSTMs Use GRUs Use Conv1D None of the above