PART-A

1. Write a program to convert numbers into words using Enumerations with constructors, methods and instance variables.(INPUT RANGE-0 TO 99999) EX: 36 THIRTY SIX

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New Project->Java->Java Application

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class lab1 {
    private static final String[] units = {
        "", "ONE", "TWO", "THREE", "FOUR", "FIVE", "SIX", "SEVEN", "EIGHT",
"NINE"
    };
    private static final String[] teens = {
        "TEN", "ELEVEN", "TWELVE", "THIRTEEN", "FOURTEEN",
        "FIFTEEN", "SIXTEEN", "SEVENTEEN", "EIGHTEEN", "NINETEEN"
    private static final String[] tens = {
        "", "", "TWENTY", "THIRTY", "FORTY", "FIFTY", "SIXTY", "SEVENTY",
"EIGHTY", "NINETY"
    };
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the number:");
        int number = sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println(convertToWords(number));
    public static String convertToWords(int number) {
        if (number == 0) {
            return "ZERO";
        if (number < 0 || number > 99999) {
            return "Number out of range";
        String word = "";
        if (number >= 1000) {
```

run:

Enter the number:

2004

TWO THOUSAND FOUR

BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 4 seconds)

2. Find the second maximum and second minimum in a set of numbers using auto boxing and unboxing.

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New Project->Java->Java Application

```
import java.util.*;
class PartA2
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        System.out.println("Enter number of element:");
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        int n =sc.nextInt();
        Integer[] numbers=new Integer[n];
        System.out.println("Enter elements:");
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        numbers[i]=sc.nextInt();
        Arrays.sort(numbers);
        System.out.println("second largest number is :"+ numbers[n-2]);
        System.out.println("second smallest number is :"+ numbers[1]);
    }
}</pre>
```

run:

Enter number of element:

5

Enter elements:

2

98

56

45

1

second largest number is :56

second smallest number is :2

BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 13 seconds)

- 3. Write a menu driven program to create an Arraylist and perform the following operations
- i) Adding elements
- ii) Sorting elements
- iii) Replace an element with another
- iv) Removing an element
- v) Displaying all the elements
- vi) Adding an element between two elements

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New Project->Java->Java Application

```
import java.util.*;
public class PartA3 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        ArrayList<Integer> list = new ArrayList<>();
        while (true) {
            System.out.println("\nMENU");
            System.out.println("1. Add elements");
            System.out.println("2. Sort elements");
            System.out.println("3. Replace an element");
            System.out.println("4. Remove an element");
            System.out.println("5. Display elements");
            System.out.println("6. Add element between two elements");
            System.out.println("7. Exit");
            System.out.print("Enter your choice: ");
            int choice = sc.nextInt();
            switch (choice) {
                case 1:
                    System.out.print("Enter the number of elements to add: ");
                    int n = sc.nextInt();
```

```
System.out.println("Enter the elements:");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        list.add(sc.nextInt());
    break;
case 2:
    Collections.sort(list);
    System.out.println("Elements sorted.");
case 3:
    System.out.print("Enter the element to replace: ");
    int oldElement = sc.nextInt();
    System.out.print("Enter the new element: ");
    int newElement = sc.nextInt();
    Collections.replaceAll(list, oldElement, newElement);
    System.out.println("Element replaced.");
    break;
case 4:
    System.out.print("Enter the element to remove: ");
    int removeElement = sc.nextInt();
    list.remove(Integer.valueOf(removeElement));
    System.out.println("Element removed.");
    break;
case 5:
    System.out.println("Elements: " + list);
case 6:
    System.out.print("Enter the index to add the element: ");
    int index = sc.nextInt();
    System.out.print("Enter the element to add: ");
    int addElement = sc.nextInt();
    list.add(index, addElement);
    System.out.println("Element added.");
    break;
case 7:
    System.out.println("Exiting program.");
    System.exit(0);
default:
    System.out.println("Invalid choice.");
```

run:

MENU

1. Add elements
2. Sort elements
3. Replace an element
4. Remove an element
5. Display elements
6. Add element between two elements
7. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the number of elements to add: 5
Enter the elements:
7
3
9
2
4
MENU
1. Add elements
2. Sort elements
3. Replace an element
4. Remove an element
5. Display elements

6. Add element between two elements

7. Exit

Enter your choice: 2

Elements sorted.

MENU

- 1. Add elements
- 2. Sort elements
- 3. Replace an element
- 4. Remove an element
- 5. Display elements
- 6. Add element between two elements
- 7. Exit

Enter your choice: 3

Enter the element to replace: 2

Enter the new element: 8

Element replaced.

MENU

- 1. Add elements
- 2. Sort elements
- 3. Replace an element
- 4. Remove an element
- 5. Display elements
- 6. Add element between two elements

7. Exit

Enter your choice: 4

Enter the element to remove: 4

Element removed.

MENU

- 1. Add elements
- 2. Sort elements
- 3. Replace an element
- 4. Remove an element
- 5. Display elements
- 6. Add element between two elements
- 7. Exit

Enter your choice: 5

Elements: [8, 3, 7, 9]

MENU

- 1. Add elements
- 2. Sort elements
- 3. Replace an element
- 4. Remove an element
- 5. Display elements
- 6. Add element between two elements
- 7. Exit

Enter your choice: 6

Enter the index to add the element: 3

Enter the element to add: 10

Element added.

MENU

- 1. Add elements
- 2. Sort elements
- 3. Replace an element
- 4. Remove an element
- 5. Display elements
- 6. Add element between two elements
- 7. Exit

Enter your choice: 5

Elements: [8, 3, 7, 10, 9]

MENU

- 1. Add elements
- 2. Sort elements
- 3. Replace an element
- 4. Remove an element
- 5. Display elements
- 6. Add element between two elements
- 7. Exit

Enter your choice:7

Exiting program.

4. Write a java program to find words with even number of characters in a string, then swap the pair of characters in those words and also toggle the characters in a given string

EX: Good Morning everyone

Output: oGdo vereoyen

gOOD mORNING EVERYONE

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New Project->Java->Java Application

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class PartA4 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
       Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.println("Enter a string:");
       String inputString = scanner.nextLine();
        String modifiedString = modifyString(inputString);
        System.out.println("Modified string:");
        System.out.println(modifiedString);
        String originalWithToggledCase = toggleCase(inputString);
        System.out.println(originalWithToggledCase);
    private static String modifyString(String input) {
        StringBuilder modifiedString = new StringBuilder();
        for (String word : input.split("\\s+")) {
            if (word.length() % 2 == 0) {
                char[] chars = word.toCharArray();
                for (int i = 0; i < chars.length - 1; i += 2) {
                    char temp = chars[i];
                    chars[i] = chars[i + 1];
                    chars[i + 1] = temp;
```

```
    modifiedString.append(new String(chars)).append(" ");

}

return toggleCase(modifiedString.toString());
}

private static String toggleCase(String input) {
    char[] chars = input.toCharArray();
    for (int i = 0; i < chars.length; i++) {
        char c = chars[i];
        if (Character.isUpperCase(c)) {
            chars[i] = Character.toLowerCase(c);
        } else if (Character.isLowerCase(c)) {
            chars[i] = Character.toUpperCase(c);
        }
    }
    return new String(chars);
}
</pre>
```

run:

Enter a string:

Good Moring everyone

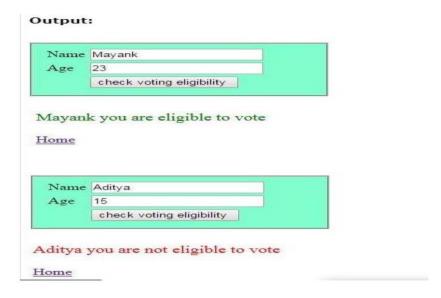
Modified string:

OgDO OmIRGN VEREOYEN

gOOD mORING EVERYONE

BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 16 seconds)

5. Write a Servlet program that accepts the age and name and displays if the user is eligible for voting or not



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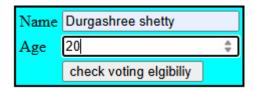
New project ->java web-> web application->name->index.html

Source Package -> right click->sevlet->CheckVoter->package:com->
check add box ->finish

```
<html>
   <head>
      <title>Voting Eligibility Test</title>
      <meta charset="UTF-8">
      <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
      <style>
          table{
              background-color: aqua;
              width: 200px;
              margin-top: 100px;
              margin-left: auto;
              margin-right: auto;
              border: solid 2px;
      </style>
   <body>
      <form method="POST" action="CheckVoter">
          Name
                 <input type="text" name="uname">
              Age
```

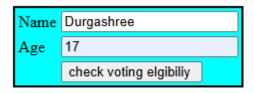
CheckVoter

```
package com;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
public class CheckVoter extends HttpServlet {
    protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
response)
            throws ServletException, IOException {
        response.setContentType("text/html");
        PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
        String name = request.getParameter("uname");
        int age = Integer.parseInt(request.getParameter("age"));
        out.println("<html><body>");
        if (age >= 18) {
            out.println("<h4 style='color: green'>" + name + ", you are
eligible to vote.</h4>");
        } else {
            out.println("<h4 style='color: red'>" + name + ", you are not
eligible to vote.</h4>");
        out.println("<a href='index.html'>Home</a>");
        out.println("</body></html>");
```



Durgashree shetty, you are eligible to vote.

Home



Durgashree , you are not eligible to vote.

Home

6. Write a JSP program to print first 10 Fibonacci and 10 prime numbers.

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New project ->java web-> web application->name->index.html Web pages->right click->new->jsp->new or any name. ->finish.

```
c=a+b;
       out.println(c+"    ");
       b=c;
   %>
    <h4>Prime Numbers :</h4>
    <%
    int pn=2,count=1;
    boolean isprime;
    while(count<=10){</pre>
        isprime=true;
        for(i=2;i<pn/2;i++){</pre>
            if(pn%i==0){
                 isprime=false;
                break;
        if(isprime){
            out.println(pn+"   ");
            count++;
      pn++;
   %>
</body>
```

```
Fibonacci Series:

0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34 55 89

Prime Numbers:

2 3 4 5 7 11 13 17 19 23
```

7. Write a JSP Program to design a shopping cart to add items, remove item and to display items from the cart using Sessions

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New project ->java web-> web application ->index.html
Web page->new->jsp->index.jsp->addItem.jsp->removeItem.jsp

Index.jsp

```
<%@page contentType="text/html" pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
<%
    java.util.HashMap<String, Integer> cart = (java.util.HashMap<String,</pre>
Integer>) session.getAttribute("cart");
    if(cart == null) {
        cart = new java.util.HashMap<String, Integer>();
        session.setAttribute("cart", cart);
%>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Shopping Cart</title>
    <style>
        table {
            width: 50%;
            border-collapse: collapse;
            margin-top: 20px;
        th, td {
            border: 1px solid black;
            padding: 8px;
            text-align: left;
        th {
            background-color: #f2f2f2;
    </style>
</head>
<body>
<h2>Add Item to Cart</h2>
```

```
<form action="addItem.jsp" method="post">
   <label>Item Name:</label>
   <input type="text" name="item" required>
   <input type="submit" value="Add to Cart">
</form>
<h2>Shopping Cart</h2>
Item
      Quantity
      Action
   <%
      for(String item : cart.keySet()) {
   %>
   <<td><<td>%= cart.get(item) %>
      <a href="removeItem.jsp?item=<%= item %>">Remove</a>
   <%
   %>
</body>
</html>
```

addItem.jsp

```
<%@page contentType="text/html" pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>

String item = request.getParameter("item");
    java.util.HashMap<String, Integer> cart = (java.util.HashMap<String,
Integer>) session.getAttribute("cart");

if(cart.containsKey(item)) {
    cart.put(item, cart.get(item) + 1);
    } else {
    cart.put(item, 1);
    }

response.sendRedirect("index.jsp");

%>
```

removeltem.jsp

OUTPUT:

Add Item to Cart

Item Name: Add to Cart

Shopping Cart

Item	Quantity	Action
phone	2	Remove
hp	2	Remove

8. Write a java Servlet program to Download a file and display it on the screen(A link has to be provided in HTML, when the link is clicked corresponding file has to be displayed on screen).

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New Project ->java web->web application -> index.html
Source Package ->right click->new->servlet->download.java

Index.html

Download.java

```
package file;
import java.io.*;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.*;
@WebServlet("/download")
public class Download extends HttpServlet {
    public void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
response)
            throws ServletException, IOException {
        PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
        String textFileName = "newfile.txt";
        String textFilePath = "C:\\Users\\durga\\Desktop\\Hello.txt";
        response.setContentType("text/plain");
        response.setHeader("Content-Disposition", "attachment; filename=\"" +
textFileName + "\"");
        FileInputStream inputStream = new FileInputStream(textFilePath);
        int in;
```

```
while ((in = inputStream.read()) != -1) {
      out.write(in);
}
inputStream.close();
out.close();
}
```

File Display

Download and Display File.

Download