1. Call by value mechanism will make changes on a copy of the argument provided in the function meaning that changes to a parameter of function main will not affect this argument. When call by value is used, parameters are stored in entirely different location (different address) in memory because they were copied. This causes changes made inside functions to not take place in the main function. On the other hand, the call by reference mechanism copies the address of an argument into a parameter which means that the changes made in individual functions will effect parameters in the main function. When call by reference is used, the exact same address is used for the parameters and the address which means when one value is modified, the other will be modified as well.

	call by value
function	VASIABLE
	/ Address
	because variable is passed in
	his acometer and assument will
	be different values at different addresses
	call by refirence
	variable
function	\ \ \ \dd\(\sist\)
•	<u> </u>
	because address is passed in, the value of the
	variable is the same for both
	the parameter and the argument

2. 0	iterations:	£ 5, 16, 5	2, 4,14,11}	
	iteration:	{ 2, 16, 5	; , u , ıu, ıı }	
			5,16,14,11}	
	3 iterations:	} 2 , u , 9	5,11,14,16	
			•	
3. int to	u Array[5]			
V971622	N971622	V971622	N971622	V991622
	3128		3136 V	3140
] the Array [3]	
			res (inr = 46	
Vqq	ress incremen	.ts by 4 a	fter each inc	lex
M	icwold vagases	of the Arra	y[2] is 313	l
	7 0.0		, , ,	