

Super Class: **Pause Menu**

Sub Class: **Main and options menu**

Virtual Function: **public virtual void Resume()**

Choose a dynamically bound method. What method gets called now?

The variable dynamicMenu is declared with a static type of PauseMenuBase, but it's instantiated with a dynamic type of Pausemenu, which is a subclass of PauseMenuBase.

Change the dynamic type. What method gets called now?

If we change the dynamic type to a subclass that overrides the Resume() method, the overridden version of the method in the subclass will be called. Let's change the dynamic type to another subclass CustomPauseMenu that overrides the Resume() method

/4

Pick a statically bound method. Which one would be called in each of the two previous cases?

Let's choose the Pause() method as the statically bound method. In both of the previous cases, since the Pause() method is not overridden in any subclass, the statically bound method will always be the one defined in the Pausemenu class.

Show me an example of reuse in your code where you violate copyright law.

How does it violate copyright?

I learnt most of my design or assets from web where it states for educational reasons only and we may use it for our personal or while learning things, and because they are free, I Assume we can download and use them in our game As they mention in their terms.

/4

What did you have to do to integrate it with the code you wrote? What are the legal implications if you market your code with the re-used portion? Use fair use argue that you can use this anyway.

4. One big or two small, well-chosen patterns.

Small Patterns = {Singleton, Private Class Data}

Which patterns did you choose?

- 1. Singleton: Singleton Pattern: This pattern ensures that there's only one instance of a class throughout the application's lifecycle. In the code, the Pausemenu class is designed as a singleton to ensure there's only one instance of the pause menu system in the game.**
- 2. Command Pattern: The Command pattern encodes requests as objects, allowing clients to be customized via queues, requests, and actions. It encourages loose coupling by enabling instructions to be executed without explicitly linking the invoker and recipient. In the given code, the ICommand interface offers a single Execute() function, whereas concrete command classes (ResumeCommand and PauseCommand) contain activities such as resuming and halting the game. This approach allows for simpler extension and increases flexibility in handling game actions..**

Why did you choose each pattern? (Justify your use of it).

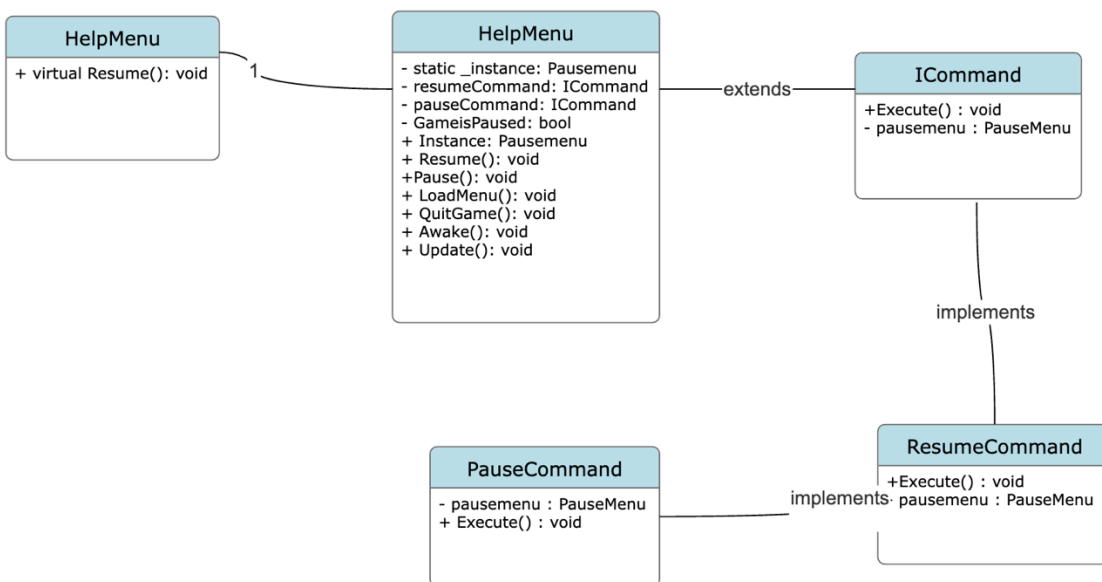
1. **Singleton Pattern:**

- **Justification:** Chosen to ensure there's only one instance of the pause menu system, preventing conflicts and ensuring consistent management of the game's pause state and UI elements.

2. **Command Pattern:**

- **Justification:** Chosen to encapsulate the resume and pause actions as separate command objects, promoting decoupling between the invoker and the receiver, thus enabling flexibility and extensibility in managing game actions.

Draw the class diagram for your pattern(s).



Would something else have worked as well or better than this pattern? When would be a bad time to use this pattern?

For the Singleton pattern:

- **Alternatives:** Dependency injection or service locators may provide similar functionality without the constraints of a Singleton.
- **Bad Time to Use:** Avoid when dependency injection or global state management via service locators is preferred, or when it leads to tight coupling and global state issues.

For the Command pattern:

- **Alternatives:** Direct method calls or callbacks may suffice for simple scenarios, while the Strategy pattern might be more suitable for dynamic strategy selection.
- **Bad Time to Use:** Avoid when commands are simple and don't require separate objects, or when the overhead of creating command objects outweighs the benefits.