

(13) $y = \sqrt{1-x^2}$ $y = \sqrt{4-x^2}$
 $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ $x^2 + y^2 = 4$
 $r=1$ $r=2$

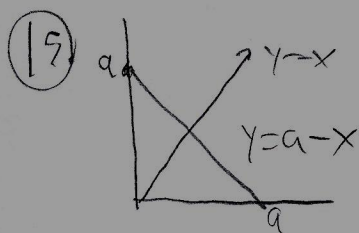
$\theta \in [0, \pi]$ $\rho = kr$

$$m = \int_0^\pi \int_1^2 kr^2 dr d\theta = k \int_0^\pi d\theta \int_1^2 r^2 dr = \pi k \left(\frac{8}{3} - \frac{1}{3} \right) = \frac{7\pi}{3} k$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{1}{m} \int_0^\pi \int_1^2 kr^3 \cos \theta dr d\theta = \frac{k}{m} \int_0^\pi \cos \theta \int_1^2 r^3 dr d\theta = 0 \int_1^2 r^3 dr = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{y} &= \frac{1}{m} \int_0^\pi \int_1^2 kr^3 \sin \theta dr d\theta = \frac{k}{m} \int_0^\pi \sin \theta \int_1^2 r^3 dr d\theta = \frac{2k}{m} \int_1^2 r^3 dr \\ &= \frac{2k}{m} \left[4 - \frac{1}{4} \right] = \frac{k}{m} \left(8 - \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{k}{m} \left(\frac{15}{2} \right) = \frac{3}{7\pi} \left(\frac{15}{2} \right) = \frac{45}{14\pi} \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(0, \frac{45}{14\pi} \right)$$



Since density has symmetry on $y=x$, $\bar{x} = \bar{y}$ as all points on line $y=x$ 'equal' each other,

$$D = \{(x,y) \mid x \in [0,a] \wedge y \in [0, a-x]\}$$

$$\rho = k(x^2 + y^2) \quad \left(\frac{2a}{5}, \frac{2a}{5} \right)$$

$$m = \int_0^a \int_0^{a-x} k(x^2 + y^2) dy dx = k \int_0^a \left[x^2 y + \frac{y^3}{3} \right]_0^{a-x} dx = k \int_0^a \left(x^2(a-x) + \frac{(a-x)^3}{3} \right) dx$$

$$= k \int_0^a \left(\frac{-x^4}{3} + 2ax^2 - a^2x + \frac{a^3}{3} \right) dx = k \left(-\frac{x^4}{12} + \frac{2ax^3}{3} - \frac{a^2x^2}{2} + \frac{a^3x}{3} \right)_0^a$$

$$= k \left(-\frac{a^4}{12} + \frac{2a^4}{3} - \frac{a^4}{2} + \frac{a^4}{3} \right) = \frac{ka^4}{6}$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{1}{m} \int_0^a \int_0^{a-x} kx(x^2 + y^2) dy dx = \frac{k}{m} \int_0^a \left[\frac{x^3 y}{3} + \frac{x y^3}{3} \right]_0^{a-x} dx = \frac{k}{m} \int_0^a \left(\frac{x^3(a-x)}{3} + \frac{x(a-x)^3}{3} \right) dx$$

$$= \frac{k}{m} \int_0^a \left(\frac{-x^4}{12} + \frac{2ax^3}{3} - \frac{a^2x^2}{2} + \frac{a^3x}{3} \right) dx = \frac{k}{m} \left(-\frac{x^5}{60} + \frac{a x^4}{2} - \frac{a^2 x^3}{3} + \frac{a^3 x^2}{6} \right)_0^a = \frac{ka^5}{m} \left(-\frac{1}{60} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} \right) = \frac{2a}{5}$$