

$$\begin{aligned}
 15 \text{ cont'd} &= 3 \int_0^1 \int_0^{1-u} -4 - 5v \, dv \, du \\
 &= 3 \int_0^1 \left[-4(1-u) - \frac{5}{2}(1-u)^2 \right] du \\
 &= 3 \int_0^1 -4 + 4u^2 - 2.5 - 2.5u^2 + 5u \, du \\
 &= 3 \int_0^1 -2.5 - 1.5u^2 + 5u \, du = 3 \left[-2.5u - 0.5u^3 + 2.5u^2 \right]_0^1 \\
 &= 3(-2.5 - 0.5 + 2.5) = 3(-1) = \boxed{-3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (17) \quad \iint_R x^2 \, dA \quad &9x^2 + 4y^2 = 36 \quad x=2u \quad y=3v \\
 &9(4u^2) + 4(9v^2) = 36 \quad u^2 + v^2 = 1 \quad \frac{\partial x}{\partial u} = 2 \quad \frac{\partial y}{\partial v} = 3 \\
 &\quad \quad \quad u = \pm \sqrt{1-v^2} \quad \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 6 = \text{Jacobian} \\
 &\quad \quad \quad v = \pm 1 \\
 x^2 &= 4u^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_{-1}^1 \int_{-\sqrt{1-v^2}}^{\sqrt{1-v^2}} 24v^2 \, du \, dv \quad u = r \cos \theta \quad v = r \sin \theta$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 24(r \cos \theta)^2 r \, dr \, d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 24r^3 \cos^2 \theta \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$= 24 \int_0^{2\pi} \cos^2 \theta \, d\theta \int_0^1 r^3 \, dr = 6 \int_0^{2\pi} \cos^2 \theta \, d\theta = 3 \left[\theta + \frac{\sin 2\theta}{2} \right]_0^{2\pi}$$

$$= 3(2\pi) = \boxed{6\pi}$$