

16.6 homework

1, 3, 5, 13, 17, 21, 25, 33, 35, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49

① $r(u, v) = \langle u+v, u-2v, 3+u-v \rangle$ $P(4, -5, 1)$ $Q(9, 4, 6)$

$$u+v=4$$

$$u+v=4$$

$$2v-2=4$$

$$u-2v=-5$$

$$u-2v=-5$$

$$v=3$$

$$3+u-v=1$$

$$u-v=-2$$

$$v=v-2$$

$$u=1 \quad v=3$$

P lies on $r(u, v)$ surface

Q

$$u+v=0$$

$$u=-v$$

$$u-2v=4$$

$$3+u-v=6$$

$$u-v=3$$

$$-2v=3 \quad v=-\frac{3}{2} \quad u=\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} + 2\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) = 4$$

$$\frac{9}{2} \neq 4$$

Q doesn't lie on $r(u, v)$ surface

③ $r(u, v) = \langle u+v, 3-v, 1+4u+5v \rangle$

$$x = u+v$$

$$y = 3-v$$

$$z = 1+4u+5v$$

$$u = x+y-3$$

$$v = 3-y$$

$$z = 1+4u+15-5y$$

$$z = 1+4x+4y-12+15-5y$$

$$z = 4+4x-y$$

$$4x-y-z = -4$$

Equation with surface of a plane

$$r(0, 0) = \langle 0, 3, 1 \rangle$$