

(15)

$$\int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^2 \int_0^{r^2} r \, dz \, dr \, d\theta$$

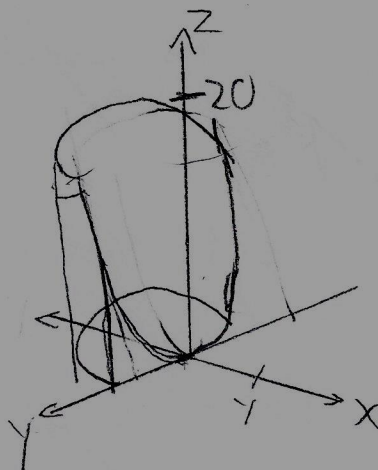
$$= \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} d\theta \int_0^2 r^3 \, dr$$

$$\pi \left[\frac{1}{4} 2^4 \right] = 4\pi$$

$$z \in [0, r^2] = [0, x^2 + y^2]$$

$$r \in [0, 2]$$

$$\theta \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$$



(17)

$$\iiint_E \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \, dV$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = r^2 \quad \sqrt{r^2} = r$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 16$$

$$r^2 = 16$$

$$r = 4$$

$$z \in [-5, 4]$$

$$\theta \in [0, 2\pi]$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^4 \int_{-5}^4 r^2 \, dz \, dr \, d\theta =$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} d\theta \int_0^4 r^2 \, dr \int_{-5}^4 dz = 18\pi \left(\frac{1}{3} 4^3 \right)$$

$$= 6\pi (64) = \boxed{384\pi}$$