Applied Statistics HW 9

- 1. We will be picking a student at random from the whole Hanover population. We will be looking at their gender, and whether they smoke or not. Imagine the following numbers: 65% chance of the students are female, so there is a 65% chance that a randomly selected student will be female. 25% of our students are females that smoke, so there is a 25% chance that a randomly selected student is female AND smokes. 20% of our students are males that smoke, so there is a 20% chance that a randomly selected student will be male and smoke.
 - a. We can model this situation with a probability model with 4 outcomes, to account for the various combinations of smoking and gender. What are those outcomes?

b. What are the chances, that a randomly selected student is female AND does not smoke?

c. What are the chances, that a randomly selected student is male?

d.	What are the chances, that a randomly selected student is male and does not smoke?
e.	What are the chances, that a randomly selected student does not smoke?
f.	What are the chances, that a randomly selected student is either male or does not smoke, or possibly both?

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4. We roll a 6-sided die that is biased: The sides 1, 2, 3 are all twice as likely as the sides 4, 5, 6. What are the various possible outcomes and their probabilities?

5. We flip twice a coin which has a 90% chance of coming heads. We then count the number of heads. What are the possible outcomes, and how likely is each outcome?