## Midterm 3 Study Guide

## Things you need to know how to state/do

- 1. How to draw the graphs of functions, by identifying critical points, inflection points, intervals of monotonicity and concavity, asymptotes.
- 2. Applied Optimization problems involving a physical situation with a function to optimize over a bounded or unbounded interval.
- 3. Describe the formula for Newton's method, the idea behind it, and using it to approximate a solution to an equation.
- 4. Define what it means to say that a function is an antiderivative of another func-
- 5. The indefinite integral. Indefinite integrals for standard functions (powers, trigs).
- 6. Linearity properties of indefinite integrals.
- 7. Partitions, Sample Points, Riemann Sums, definition of Definite Integral
- 8. Geometrical computation of basic integrals, e.g. constant, x.
- 9. Linearity of definite integral.
- 10. Defining  $\int_a^a f(x)dx$  and  $\int_b^a f(x)dx$  when b > a.
  11. Formulas relating to breaking an interval into two pieces (theorem 4 on page 262, and its restatements that we looked at in class).
- 12. Comparison theorem and its consequence (formula 8 on page 263)
- 13. Both forms of the fundamental theorem of calculus, statement and usage.
- 14. The substitution method for both indefinite and definite integrals, and using it to compute integrals.

## Things you need to know how to prove

- 1. The power rule for indefinite integrals.
- 2. Part I of the fundamental theorem of calculus
- 3. Part II of the fundamental theorem of calculus