## Midterm 1 study guide

- Make sure you can do all the practice problems listed in the notes from chapter 11 (series).
- Definitions and Theorems you need to know to state and use:
  - 1. Sequences, limit of a sequence.
  - 2. How to find the limit of a recursively defined sequence, if such a limit exists.
  - 3. Behavior of the geometric sequence.
  - 4. Limit laws for sequences and the squeeze theorem for sequences.
  - 5. If a sequence converges absolutely to 0, then it converges normally to 0 as well.
  - 6. A monotone increasing sequence converges.
  - 7. Series, the sequence of partial sums, definition of series convergence.
  - 8. Basic divergence test.
  - 9. The geometric series.
  - 10. Telescoping series.
  - 11. A positive terms series converges if and only if it is bounded.
  - 12. The integral test.
  - 13. p-series test.
  - 14. Comparison test. Limit comparison test.
  - 15. Absolute convergence implies convergence
  - 16. Conditional convergence.
  - 17. Alternating series test.
  - 18. Alternating series error estimate (p. 578)
  - 19. Ratio test. Root test.
  - 20. Power series.
  - 21. Deriving new series from existing ones via substitutions.
  - 22. Deriving new series from existing ones derivatives and integrals.
  - 23. Taylor series.
  - 24. Theorem 2 on page 599.
  - 25. Power series expressions for sin, cos, exp, ln(1+x), arctangent.
- Theorems you need to be able to prove:
  - 1. Basic divergence test
  - 2. A positive terms series converges if and only if it is bounded
  - 3. p-series test

- 4. A series that converges absolutely also converges normally
- 5. (Idea of the) proof of the ratio test
- Extra practice problems, from the "Chapter Review Exercises" on page 609:
  - 1. 3, 8, 9, 10, 17, 18, 19
  - 2. 29, 30, 33, 34, 37, 40
  - 3. 44, 45, 46, 54
  - 4. 63, 66, 67, 69, 70, 75, 76, 81, 82, 85
  - 5. 93, 95, 96, 97, 103, 105