## **Sets**

- Read pages 14 through 17 (section 1.1)
- Some key questions to answer:
  - 1. A set is a collection of objects. What terms do we use to refer to those objects?
  - 2. How do we typically denote sets? How do we denote their elements?
  - 3. How do we denote the statement "The element a belongs to the set A"? What about an element not belonging to a set?
  - 4. How do we describe a set consisting of a small number of elements?
  - 5. How do we describe larger sets?
  - 6. Can a set be an element of another set?
  - 7. How many sets are there that have no elements at all?
  - 8. How do we denote the set of elements satisfying a certain property?
  - 9. Describe in words the kind of construction that example 1.2 demonstrates.
  - 10. There are six standard sets of numbers that have a specific notation. Describe them.
  - 11. What is the cardinality of a set?
  - 12. Work out example 1.3 without looking at the solution.
  - 13. Work out example 1.4 without looking at the solution.
  - 14. Food for thought: Can a set be an element of itself?
- Practice problems from section 1.1 (page 29): 1.2, 1.6, 1.7, 1.9