

# **Big Data Analytics**

## **SOEN 691**

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Winter 2020  
Team ID 12

NBA Playoff Prediction

YING RAO

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PROJECT REPO

[HTTPS://GITHUB.COM/SKIERWING/SOEN691\\_PROJECT\\_ED\\_YR.GIT](https://github.com/SKIERWING/SOEN691_PROJECT_ED_YR.GIT)

# Introduction

- ❑ The goal of the project is to predict if an NBA Team will make it to the playoff or NOT

According to oddsshark.com

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Los Angeles  
Lakers



Milwaukee  
Bucks



Los Angeles  
Clippers



Houston  
Rockets



Toronto  
Raptors



Boston  
Celtics



Miami Heat

Still, bettors and basketball fans are holding out hope the season will return soon as sportsbooks are still offering **NBA** futures for the 2019-20 **championship** and have the Los Angeles Lakers as the **betting** favorite.

...  
Upcoming Events.

## NBA - Championship 2019/20

San Antonio	+6000
Toronto	+1000
Utah	+4000
Washington	+50000

[26 more rows](#) • Mar 18, 2020

# Data preparation and analysis

- ❑ Manually gather data from [basketball-reference.com](https://basketball-reference.com)
  - ❑ Between Seasons 1980-2018
- ❑ Analyzing the data:
  - ❑ Number of teams changed over the years 23, 27, 29 and lately 30
  - ❑ Seasons 1980-1983 12 Teams 1984-2018 16 Teams to playoff
  - ❑ Each team plays different number of minutes in total
  - ❑ Used the Minutes Played field as common denominator for all Classifiers
- ❑ Using Spark framework and the Dataframe Library to generate the dataset

Points_Per_minute	3Points_Per_minute	2Points_Per_minute	FThrow_Per_minute
Rebound_Per_minute	Assists_Per_minute	Steals_Per_minute	Blocks_Per_minute
TurnOvers_Per_minute			
Playoff			

# Machine Learning Libraries

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Small Dataset

1074 records & 9 Classifiers



Decision to use Gaussian Naïve Bayes & SVM supervised learning models



Implemented “scikit-learn” library (Sklearn)



Used K-fold technique for training and testing

```

df = spark.read.csv(filename, header=True, mode="DROPMALFORMED", encoding='utf-8')
df = df.select("id", "year", "team", "3P", "2P", "FT", "TRB", "AST", "STL", "BLK", "TOV", "PTS", "MP", "Playoff")
df = df.withColumn("Points_Per_minute", col("PTS")/col("MP"))
df = df.withColumn("3Points_Per_minute", col("3P")/col("MP"))
df = df.withColumn("2Points_Per_minute", col("2P")/col("MP"))
df = df.withColumn("FThrow_Per_minute", col("FT")/col("MP"))
df = df.withColumn("Rebound_Per_minute", col("TRB")/col("MP"))
df = df.withColumn("Assists_Per_minute", col("AST")/col("MP"))
df = df.withColumn("Steals_Per_minute", col("STL")/col("MP"))
df = df.withColumn("Blocks_Per_minute", col("BLK")/col("MP"))
df = df.withColumn("TurnOvers_Per_minute", col("TOV")/col("MP"))

data_classifiers = df.select("id", "Playoff", "Points_Per_minute", "3Points_Per_minute", "2Points_Per_minute", "FThrow_Per_minute",
"Rebound_Per_minute", "Assists_Per_minute", "Steals_Per_minute", "Blocks_Per_minute", "TurnOvers_Per_minute")

return data_classifiers#.collect()

```

# Technical Workflow

□ Data loading and pre-processing: Spark dataframe

```

data = np.array(ld.collect()).astype(np.float64)
X = data[:,2:]
y = data[:,1]

ns = 5
kf = KFold(n_splits=ns, random_state=None, shuffle=False)
count=0
for train_index, test_index in kf.split(X):
    count+=1
    print("##### K-FOLD Round "+str(count)+" #####")
    X_train, X_test = X[train_index], X[test_index]
    y_train, y_test = y[train_index], y[test_index]

    print("##### Algorithm 1: Support Vector Machines #####")
    run_SVM(X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test)

    print("##### Algorithm 2: Gaussian Naive Bayes #####")
    run_GNB(X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test)

```

# Technical Workflow

- ❑ Split Data using K-fold: `sklearn.model_selection`
- ❑ K-fold is a good cross-validation method that tackles overfitting or underfitting

```
def run_GNB(X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test):
    start_time = time.time()
    gnb = GaussianNB()
    gnb.fit(X_train, y_train)
    print("---Training Time %s seconds ---" % (time.time() - start_time))
    start_time = time.time()
    predictions = gnb.predict(X_test)

def run_SVM(X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test):
    # Training the SVM model using X_train and Y_train
    start_time = time.time()
    svm = SVC(kernel='rbf',C=100,gamma=10)
    svm.fit(X_train, y_train)
    print("---Training Time %s seconds ---" % (time.time() - start_time))
    # Classification of X_test using the SVM model
    start_time = time.time()
    predictions = svm.predict(X_test)
```

# Technical Workflow

- ❑ Data modeling and classification: scikit-learn
- ❑ library: sklearn.naive\_bayes **GaussianNB** and  
sklearn.svm **SVC**

```
# Performance measure
# use the classification report in order to extract the average F1 measure
print(classification_report(y_test, predictions, target_names=target_names))
# displaying the classification performances through the confusion matrix as well.
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, predictions)
print(cm)
```

## Technical Workflow

- Performance evaluation: F1 score, confusion matrix
- library: sklearn.metrics `classification_report` and sklearn.metrics `confusion_matrix`



# Observation

- ❑ Base on our chosen dataset and classifiers
- ❑ Naïve Bayes Classifier was quicker during execution
- ❑ SVM Classifier is better at predicting the Playoff
  - ❑ Average Weighted Precision : [SVM=0.734] > [GNB=0.694]
  - ❑ Average Weighted Recall : [SVM=0.704] > [GNB=0.622]
  - ❑ Average Weighted F1-Score : [SVM=0.698] > [GNB=0.574]
- ❑ Results

# Results

# Conclusion

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- ❑ Given our dataset
  - ❑ Gaussian Naïve Bayes performed the worst
  - ❑ SVM Decent for playoffs prediction [~70%]





# Thank You

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Questions?

# References

- ❑ Google
- ❑ <https://www.basketball-reference.com/leagues/>
- ❑ <https://scikit-learn.org/stable/>
- ❑ <https://muthu.co/understanding-the-classification-report-in-sklearn/>
- ❑ [https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.metrics.precision\\_recall\\_fscore\\_support.html](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.metrics.precision_recall_fscore_support.html)
- ❑ [https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.model\\_selection.KFold.html](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.model_selection.KFold.html)