

$U_0$  = use average speed of phugoid

$Q = \frac{1}{2} \rho U_0^2$  : use max climb height from FTD

## Dutch Roll

need to create a function with just A/C data in.

$$\begin{bmatrix} \Delta \dot{\beta} \\ \Delta \dot{r} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{Y_\beta}{U_0} & -(1 - \frac{Y_r}{U_0}) \\ N_\beta & N_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \Delta \beta \\ \Delta r \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Y_\beta = \frac{Q S C_{Y\beta}}{m}$$

$$N_\beta = \frac{C_{N\beta} Q S}{L_z}$$

$$I_z = \iiint (x^2 + y^2) \delta m$$

(P100)

$$Y_r = \frac{Q S b C_{Yr}}{2 m U_0}$$

$$N_r = \frac{Q S b^2 C_{Nr}}{2 L_z U_0}$$

$$C_{Yr} = -2 C_{Y\beta_{tail}} \frac{L_v}{b}$$

(P118)

$$-C_{Y\beta_{tail}} = C_{L_{\alpha v}} \eta \frac{S_v}{S}$$

$$C_{Nr} \approx 2 C_{Y\beta_{tail}} \left( \frac{L_v}{b} \right)^2$$

(P120)

$$= -2 \eta_v V_v \left( \frac{L_v}{b} \right) C_{L_{\alpha v}}$$

Wing Span

Distance from CG to vertical tail aerodynamic chord.

$$(P121) \quad C_{Y\beta} = -\eta \frac{S_v}{S} C_{L_{\alpha v}} \left( 1 + \frac{d\sigma}{d\beta} \right)$$

Efficiency factor of the vertical tail

vertical tail area

wing area

Change in sidewash angle with change in sideslip angle

$$C_{Nr} = C_{Nr_{out}} + \eta_v V_v C_{L_{\alpha v}} \left( 1 + \frac{d\sigma}{d\beta} \right)$$

Vertical tail Volume ratio

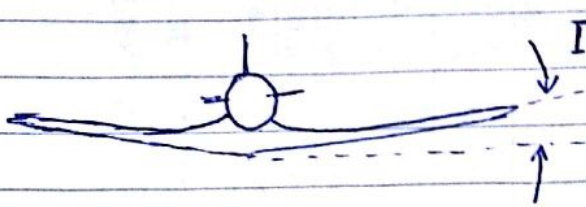
$$(P122) \quad \eta = \frac{Y_v}{b_w/2}$$

$$(P123) \quad C_{D_0} = M \frac{\partial C_D}{\partial M} = \text{can be estimated from } C_D \text{ plot vs Mach No.}$$

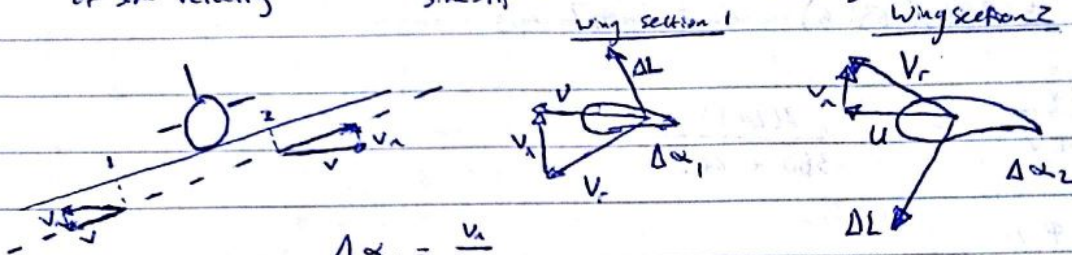
$$C_{L_v} = \frac{M^2}{1-M^2} C_{L_0}$$

# Roll Stability Pg 78

$$\Delta\alpha = \frac{v_n}{u} \rightarrow v_n = v \sin \Gamma$$



$v_n$  = Normal component of side velocity,  $v$  = velocity due to sideslip,  $u$  = Forward velocity,  $V_r$  = Resultant velocity

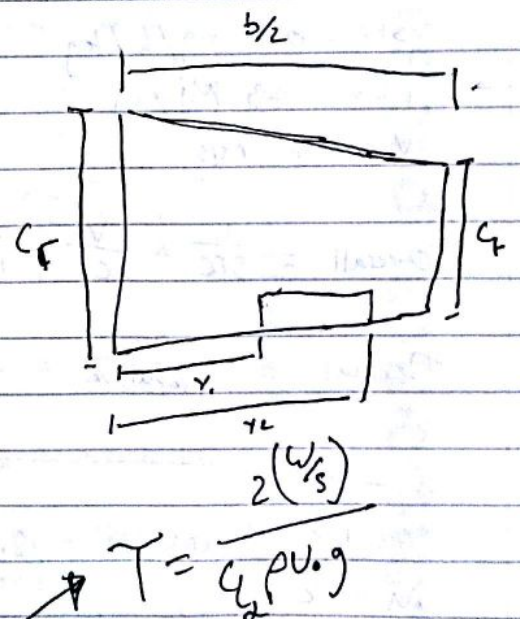
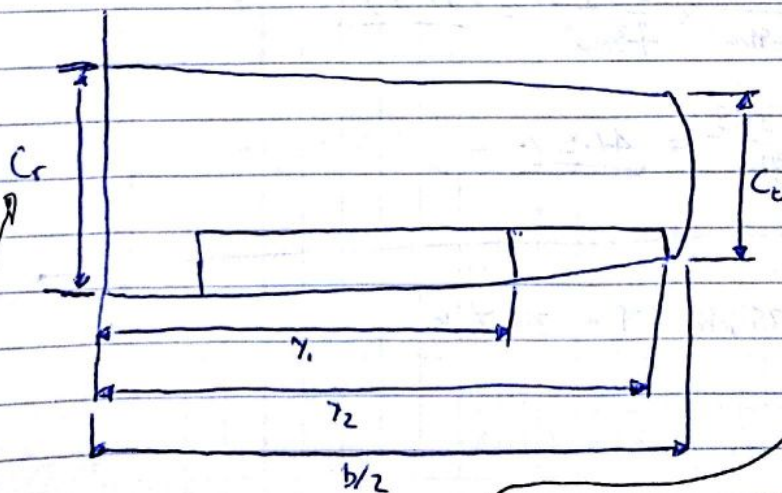


$$\Delta\alpha_1 = \frac{v_n}{u}$$

$$\beta = \frac{v}{u} \text{ but } v_n = v \Gamma \therefore \Delta\alpha_1 = \beta \Gamma, \Delta\alpha_2 = \beta \Gamma$$

$$\therefore \beta = \frac{v}{u}$$

Pg 83.  $C_{L\delta a} = \frac{2 C_{L\alpha} \tau}{S b} \int_{y_1}^{y_2} c_y dy$



$$C_{L\delta a} = \frac{2 C_{L\alpha} \tau c_r}{S b} \left[ \frac{y^2}{2} + \left( \frac{1 - 1}{b/2} \right) \frac{y^3}{3} \right]_{y_1}^{y_2}$$

$$C_{L\delta a} = \frac{2 C_{L\alpha} \tau c_r}{S b} \left[ \left( \frac{y_2^2}{2} + \left( \frac{1 - 1}{b/2} \right) \frac{y_2^3}{3} \right) - \left( \frac{y_1^2}{2} + \left( \frac{1 - 1}{b/2} \right) \frac{y_1^3}{3} \right) \right]$$

$$\tau = \frac{2 \left( \frac{W}{S} \right)}{C_{L\alpha} \rho u \cdot g}$$



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## Phugoid

$$x_u = -(C_{D_u} + 2C_{D_0}) Q S / (v_0 m)$$

$$z_u = -(C_{L_u} + 2C_{L_0}) Q S / (v_0 m)$$

$$\omega_{np} = \sqrt{\frac{-Z_u g}{v_0}}$$

$$\zeta_p = \frac{-x_u}{2\omega_{np}}$$

$$\text{period} = \frac{2\pi}{\omega}$$

$$t_{1/2} = \frac{0.69}{1.71}$$

$$N_{1/2} = 0.110 \frac{\omega_{np}}{1.71}$$

$$\lambda_{1,2} = \underbrace{-\zeta_p \omega_{np}}_{\eta} \pm i \underbrace{\omega_{np} \sqrt{1 - \zeta_p^2}}_{\omega}$$

Short Period

$$x_w = -(C_{D_w} - C_{L_0}) Q S / (v_0 m)$$

$$z_w = -(C_{L_w} + C_{D_0}) Q S / (v_0 m)$$

$$\underline{M_w} = C_{M_z} Q S \bar{c} / (v_0 I_y)$$

$$\underline{M_{\dot{w}}} = C_{M_{\dot{z}}} \frac{\bar{c}}{2v_0} Q S \bar{c} / (v_0 I_y)$$

$$(P_{9125}) \quad C_{M_z} = C_{L_{\alpha w}} \left( \frac{x_{cg}}{\bar{c}} - \frac{x_{ac}}{\bar{c}} \right) + C_{M_{\alpha fus}} - \eta V_H C_{L_{\alpha t}} \left( 1 - \frac{dE}{d\alpha} \right)$$

$$C_{M_{\dot{z}}} = C_{z_{\dot{z}}} \frac{l_t}{\bar{c}}$$

$$\frac{dE}{d\alpha} = \frac{2 C_{L_{\alpha w}}}{\pi A R_w}$$

$$C_{z_{\dot{z}}} = -2 C_{L_{\alpha t}} \eta V_H \frac{dE}{d\alpha}$$

$$V_H = \frac{l_t s_t}{S \bar{c}}$$

$$\underline{M_q} = C_{M_q} \frac{\bar{c}}{2v_0} Q S \bar{c} / I_y$$

$$C_{M_q} = C_{z_q} \frac{l_t}{\bar{c}}$$

$$C_{z_q} = -2 C_{L_{\alpha t}} \eta V_H$$

$$Z_d = V_0 Z_w$$

$$M_d = V_0 M_w \quad \text{Pg 159.}$$

$$M_{i_d} = V_0 M_{i_w}$$

$$\omega_{nsp} = \sqrt{\frac{Z_d M_q}{V_0} - M_d} =$$

$$\zeta_{sp} = \left( M_q + M_{i_d} + \frac{Z_d}{V_0} \right) / [2 \omega_{nsp}]$$

$$\lambda_{1,2sp} = - \underbrace{\zeta_{sp} \omega_{nsp}}_{\omega} \pm \underbrace{I \omega_{nsp} \sqrt{1 - \zeta_{sp}^2}}_{\omega}$$

$$\text{Period} = \frac{2\pi}{\omega}$$

$$\epsilon_{1/2} = \frac{0.69}{| \eta |}$$

$\eta$  = No. of cycles to half amplitude

$$N_{1/2} = 0.110 \frac{\omega_{nsp}}{| \eta |}$$

$C_L + C_D$  the point where they cross

Plot  $C_L + C_D$  NO. in Matlab and find the point of intersection

$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{RE No.} \\ \text{Mach} \\ \text{Density} \end{array} \right\}$  need to add into initial data



might not need

Dutch roll equation pg 210

$$\begin{bmatrix} \Delta \dot{\beta} \\ \Delta \dot{r} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{Y_{\beta}}{v_0} & -\left(1 - \frac{Y_r}{v_0}\right) \\ N_{\beta} & N_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \Delta \beta \\ \Delta r \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \frac{Y_{\delta_r}}{v_0} \\ N_{\delta} \end{bmatrix} \Delta \delta_r$$

$$\Delta \delta_r = -k \Delta \psi$$

$$Y_{\delta_r} = \frac{Q S C_{y_{\delta_r}}}{m} \quad N_{\delta_r} = \frac{Q S b C_{n_{\delta_r}}}{I_z}$$

Dutch roll - Characteristic equation

$$\lambda^2 - \left( \frac{Y_{\beta} + v_0 N_r}{v_0} \right) \lambda + \frac{Y_{\beta} N_r - N_{\beta} Y_r + v_0 N_{\beta}}{v_0} = 0$$

$$\omega_{DR} = \sqrt{\frac{Y_{\beta} N_r - N_{\beta} Y_r + v_0 N_{\beta}}{v_0}}$$

$$\zeta_{DR} = -\frac{1}{2\omega_{DR}} \left( \frac{Y_{\beta} + v_0 N_r}{v_0} \right)$$

$$\lambda_{DR}^* = \text{Number} \pm i \text{ number}$$

(Pg 59)

## Sim Calculator equations

$$C_{m_{\alpha}} = -\eta V_H C_{L_{\alpha}} \left(1 - \frac{dE}{d\alpha}\right)$$

$$C_{N_{\beta}} = -k_n k_{RC} \frac{S_{fs} l_f}{S_w b} \quad (\text{Pg 74})$$

$k_n$  = ~~empirical~~ empirical wing-body interference factor that is a function of the fuselage geometry

$k_{RC}$  = empirical correction factor that is a function of the fuselage Reynolds number

$S_{fs}$  = the projected side area of the fuselage

$l_f$  = length of the fuselage

(\* Need Graph from Pg 75 in Nelson!!!)

Need for  $C_{N_{\beta}}$  equations which factors into  $N_{\beta}$  equation

$\delta_a$  = aileron deflection

$\delta_s$  = spoiler deflection

$$T = \frac{d\alpha}{d\delta_a} \Rightarrow T = -\frac{V_0}{\bar{z}_a} \quad \text{or} \quad T = \frac{2(\gamma_s)}{C_{L_a} \rho V_0 g} \quad (\text{Pg 225})$$

$$C_{m_{\alpha}} = \frac{\partial C_m}{\partial \alpha} M \quad \bar{z}_a = -\frac{C_{L_a} Q S}{m}$$

(Pg 122) Empirical factor for  $C_{N_{\delta_a}}$  estimate  $k$ .

(Pg 162) look at table explains stability derivatives.

Roll rate Pg 182.

$$V_H = \frac{L_t S_0}{S \bar{c}} \quad \text{or} \quad V_v = \frac{L_t S_0}{S b}$$

$$E = \frac{2 C_{L_w}}{\pi A R} \quad \text{Down wash term estimate.}$$

$$E = \frac{2 C_{L_{w0}}}{\pi A R}$$

Assume wing is constant  
in reality it is thicker at root and thinner at tip.



$$C_{L2} = \frac{C_{L2}}{1 + \left( \frac{C_{L2}}{\pi A R} \right)}$$

$$C_{L2} = \frac{2\pi}{\text{Rad}} \quad \underline{\underline{\text{Pg 145.}}}$$