



## Welcome to this session: Task Walkthrough - Control Structures - For and While

**The session will start shortly...**

Questions? Drop them in the chat.  
We'll have dedicated moderators  
answering questions.



# Safeguarding & Welfare

We are committed to all our students and staff feeling safe and happy; we want to make sure there is always someone you can turn to if you are worried about anything.

If you are feeling upset or unsafe, are worried about a friend, student or family member, or you feel like something isn't right, speak to our safeguarding team:



Ian Wyles  
Designated Safeguarding  
Lead



Simone Botes



Rafiq Manan



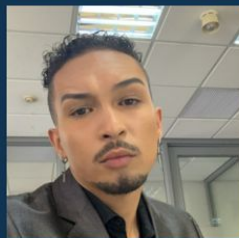
Charlotte Witcher



Nurhaan Snyman



Ronald Munodawafa



Tevin Pitts

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Safeguarding Lead:  
Ian Wyles

[safeguarding@hyperiondev.com](mailto:safeguarding@hyperiondev.com)

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- The use of disrespectful language is prohibited in the questions, this is a supportive, learning environment for all - please engage accordingly. **(Fundamental British Values: Mutual Respect and Tolerance)**
- No question is daft or silly - **ask them!**
- There are **Q&A sessions** midway and at the end of the session, should you wish to ask any follow-up questions. Moderators are going to be answering questions as the session progresses as well.
- If you have any questions outside of this lecture, or that are not answered during this lecture, please do submit these for upcoming Academic Sessions. You can submit these questions here: **Questions**

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- For all **non-academic questions**, please submit a query:  
**[www.hyperiondev.com/support](https://www.hyperiondev.com/support)**
- **Report a safeguarding incident:** **[www.hyperiondev.com/safeguardreporting](https://www.hyperiondev.com/safeguardreporting)**
- We would love your feedback on lectures: Feedback on Lectures
- If you are hearing impaired, please kindly use your computer's function through Google chrome to enable captions.

## Learning Outcomes

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- ❖ **Capture user input** using HTML forms and JavaScript to manipulate data.
- ❖ **Use a for loop** to iterate through a number and modify its digits.
- ❖ **Use a while loop** to analyze strings and determine if they meet specific conditions, such as being a palindrome.
- ❖ **Apply string and number manipulation techniques** in JavaScript to create dynamic programs.
- ❖ **Write and link external JavaScript files** to HTML for dynamic interaction.

# Lecture Overview

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- Presentation of the Task
- For Loops
- While Loops
- Task Walkthrough



## Loops Task

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Imagine you're trying to solve a mystery by reading clues in reverse order or flipping through a secret code. Today, we're going to become code detectives by manipulating numbers and words using JavaScript loops! 🔍 

1	2
3	4

 In this task, you'll dive into how for loops and while loops can help us reverse the digits of a number and even reverse the letters in a word. By the end of this session, you'll be swapping, flipping, and reversing like a pro!

- ❖ Write a program that asks the user to input a number with at least three digits or a word of any length.
  - ❖ Output both the original and reversed number.
  - ❖ Ensure that you are doing input validation.





# What does a for loop do in JavaScript?

- A. Repeats a block of code a set number of times.
- B. Runs code until a condition becomes false.
- C. Only runs code once.
- D. Compares two values.

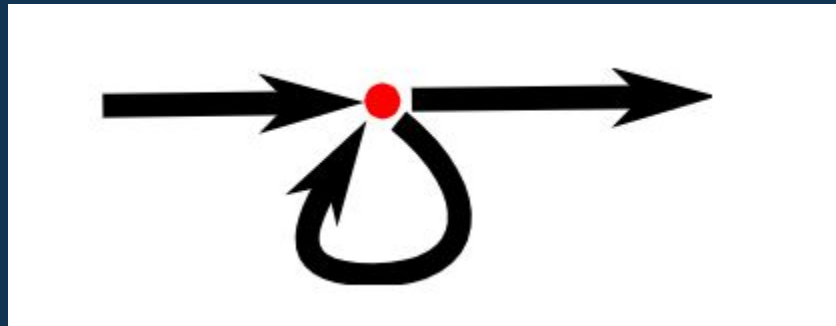


# How do you collect user input in JavaScript using a pop-up box?

- A. `alert()`
- B. `console.log()`
- C. `prompt()`
- D. `if()`

# Loops

- ❖ **Looping** control flow allows us to go back to some point in the program where we were before and **repeat** it.



# While Loops

- ❖ The screenshot below shows the syntax of **while** loops.

```
while (condition) {  
    // body of loop  
}
```

- ❖ **While** loops are used when you need to repeat your code until a certain **condition is met**.
- ❖ We can use **trace tables** to help us test our loops and evaluate how the computer will run the code, line by line.

# While Loops

```
let laps = 1,  
    finish_line = 5;  
  
// while loop from i = 1 to 5  
while (laps <= finish_line) {  
    console.log(laps);  
    laps += 1;  
}
```

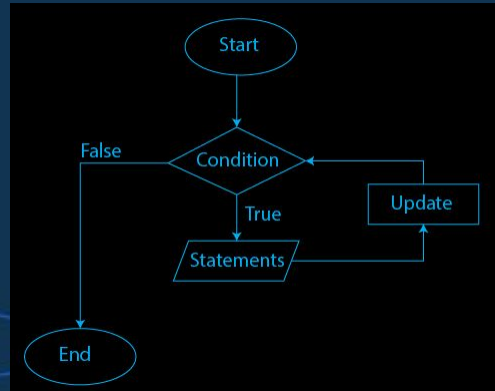
laps	finish_line	laps <= finish_line	Output
1	5	true	Print 1
2	5	true	Print 2
3	5	true	Print 3
4	5	true	Print 4
5	5	true	Print 5
6	5	false	Stop

# For Loops

- ❖ The screenshot below shows the syntax of **for** loops.

```
for (initialExpression; condition; updateExpression) {  
    // for loop body  
}
```

- ❖ **For** loops are used when we need to repeat our code a **set number of times**.



# For Loops

```
const MAX = 5;

// looping from i = 1 to 5
for (let i = 1; i <= MAX; i++) {
  console.log(`Good night`);
}
```

i	MAX	i <= MAX	Action
1	5	true	Print
2	5	true	Print
3	5	true	Print
4	5	true	Print
5	5	true	Print
6	5	false	Stop

# For vs While

- ❖ A **for loop** is usually used when the number of iterations is **known**.
- ❖ The **while loop** is usually used when the number of iterations is **unknown**.



# Break Statement

- ❖ The **break** statement is used to **terminate** the loop immediately when it is encountered.
- ❖ You can run a **break statement** by using the **break** keyword.
- ❖ This works for both **while** and **for** loops.

```
// program to print the value of i
for (let i = 1; i <= 5; i++) {
  // break condition
  if (i == 3) {
    break;
  }
  console.log(i);
}
```

# Continue Statement

- ❖ The **continue** statement is used to **skip** the current iteration of the loop and the control flow of the program goes to the **next iteration**.
- ❖ This works for both **while** and **for** loops.

```
for (let i = 1; i <= 5; i++) {  
  // condition to continue  
  if (i == 3) {  
    continue;  
  }  
  
  console.log(i);  
}
```

```
for (init; condition; update) {  
  // code  
  if (condition to continue) {  
    continue;  
  }  
  // code  
}  
  
-----  
  
while (condition) {  
  // code  
  if (condition to continue) {  
    continue;  
  }  
  // code  
}
```

## Loops Task

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 In this task, you'll dive into how for loops and while loops can help us reverse the digits of a number and even reverse the letters in a word. By the end of this session, you'll be swapping, flipping, and reversing like a pro!

- ❖ Write a program that asks the user to input a number with at least three digits or a word of any length.
  - ❖ Output both the original and reversed number.
  - ❖ Ensure that you are doing input validation.



# What type of loop would be best for reversing a number when you know the number of digits?

- A. for loop
- B. while loop
- C. do...while loop
- D. switch statement



**Which string method helps break a string into an array of characters, useful for reversing a word?**

- A. `split()`
- B. `reverse()`
- C. `join()`
- D. `concat()`

# CoGrammar

## Q & A SECTION

**Please use this time to ask  
any questions relating to the  
topic, should you have any.**

# Thank you for attending



**CoGrammar**



  
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