



## Welcome to this session: Responsive Web Design

**The session will start shortly...**

Questions? Drop them in the chat.  
We'll have dedicated moderators  
answering questions.



# Safeguarding & Welfare

We are committed to all our students and staff feeling safe and happy; we want to make sure there is always someone you can turn to if you are worried about anything.

If you are feeling upset or unsafe, are worried about a friend, student or family member, or you feel like something isn't right, speak to our safeguarding team:



Ian Wyles  
Designated Safeguarding  
Lead



Simone Botes



Rafiq Manan



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Safeguarding Lead:  
Ian Wyles

[safeguarding@hyperiondev.com](mailto:safeguarding@hyperiondev.com)

# Skills Bootcamp Cloud Web Development

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- The use of disrespectful language is prohibited in the questions, this is a supportive, learning environment for all - please engage accordingly. **(Fundamental British Values: Mutual Respect and Tolerance)**
- No question is daft or silly - **ask them!**
- There are **Q&A sessions** midway and at the end of the session, should you wish to ask any follow-up questions. Moderators are going to be answering questions as the session progresses as well.
- If you have any questions outside of this lecture, or that are not answered during this lecture, please do submit these for upcoming Academic Sessions. You can submit these questions here: **Questions**

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- For all **non-academic questions**, please submit a query:  
**[www.hyperiondev.com/support](https://www.hyperiondev.com/support)**
- **Report a safeguarding incident:** **[www.hyperiondev.com/safeguardreporting](https://www.hyperiondev.com/safeguardreporting)**
- We would love your feedback on lectures: Feedback on Lectures



# Which of the following are semantic HTML elements? (Select all that apply)

- A. `<header>`
- B. `<div>`
- C. `<article>`
- D. `<span>`



**When adding a border to an HTML `<table>`, it is a good practice to make use of the border attribute.**

- A. True
- B. False

## Learning Outcomes

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- Utilize Visual Studio Code for web development tasks.
- Integrate CSS with HTML effectively to style web pages.
- Apply CSS properties for sizing, positioning, and styling elements to create a visually appealing landing page.



# Lecture Overview

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- Introduction to Responsive web design
- Responsive Units
- Flexible Design layouts



# WHAT IS RESPONSIVE WEB DESIGN?

- ❖ Responsive design is a method of creating a web application that is able to adapt to different screen resolutions while maintaining interactivity.
- ❖ Responsive design approach combines the following components:
  - Flexible design layouts
  - Responsive images and units
  - Media queries

# THE VIEWPORT

- ❖ The viewport is the screen size where the web page is in view.
- ❖ CSS has both absolute and relative units of measuring the viewport dimensions.
- ❖ Relative units or dynamic values depend on the screen's size and resolution or the root element's font sizes.

# THE VIEWPORT

- ❖ Common relative/responsive units are:
  - **em:** relative unit based on the font size of the parent element
  - **rem:** relative unit based on the font size of the root element
  - **vh; vw:** percent of the viewport's height or width
  - **%:** percentage of the parent element

# Media queries

- ❖ Different media types are:
  - **All:** default, which matches all devices
  - **Print:** used with printers
  - **Screen:** fits devices with a screen
  - **Speech:** fits devices with text-to-speech functionality

# Media queries

- ❖ Media screen query allows the web page to respond to different screen sizes by applying specific styles based on the screen's viewport dimensions.
- ❖ It helps the page automatically adjust its layout to match the size of the device being used.

Let's take a  
break



# Flexible design layouts

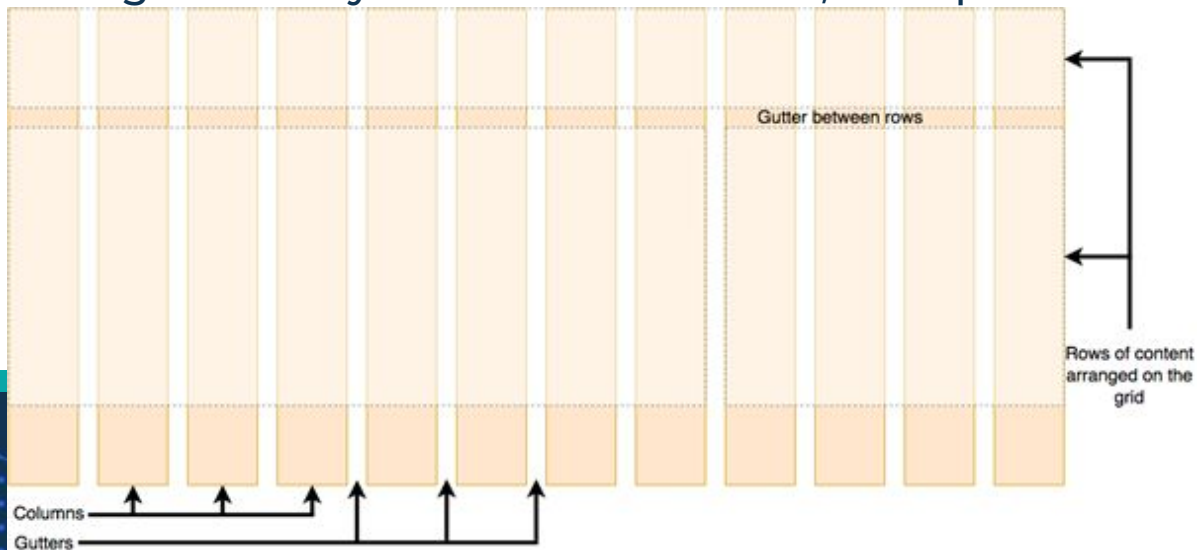
- ❖ With a flexible design, the widths of page elements will be proportional to the width of the screen or browser window.
- ❖ Flexible design ensures that the layout remains consistent.



# Flexible design layouts

## ❖ Grid Layout:

- A CSS grid is like a table that is designed to make it easier to position elements on a web page
- The grid usually contains 12 columns, as depicted below:

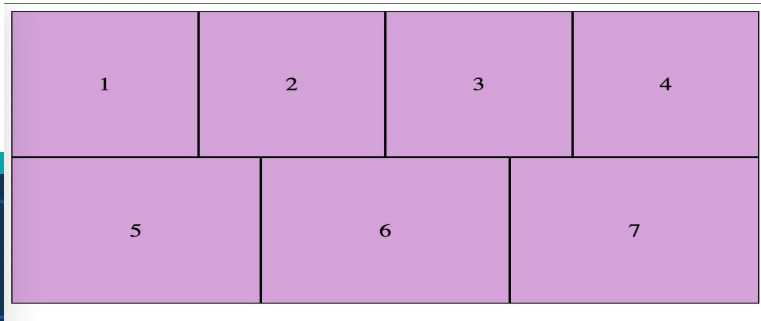


# Flexible design layouts

## ❖ Flexbox layout

- Flexbox is a CSS module designed to more efficiently position multiple elements, even when the size of the contents inside the container is unknown.
- Items in a flex container expand or shrink to the available space.

## ❖ Flexbox container layout:



# Responsive images

- ❖ Responsive images follow the same concept as a fluid layout, using a dynamic unit to control the width or height
- ❖ One way to create a responsive image is by setting the `img` width property to a percentage value
- ❖ The percentage unit approximates a single percentage of the viewport's width or height and ensures the image remains in proportion to the screen.

# Responsive images

- ❖ Examples include the following:

```
img {  
  max-width: 100%;  
  height: auto;  
}
```

```
img {  
  width: 100%;  
  height: auto;  
}
```



# Why is it important to create responsive HTML pages?

- A. Ensures compatibility with different devices (desktops, tablets, smartphones)
- B. Increases printing costs
- C. Improves loading times
- D. Reduces user engagement



# Pixels are a responsive unit.

- A. True
- B. False

# Questions and Answers





# Thank you for attending



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