



# Welcome to the CoGrammar Iteration

The session will start shortly...

Questions? Drop them in the chat. We'll have dedicated moderators answering questions.



## Cyber Security Session Housekeeping

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- The use of disrespectful language is prohibited in the questions, this is a supportive, learning environment for all - please engage accordingly.  
**(Fundamental British Values: Mutual Respect and Tolerance)**
- No question is daft or silly - **ask them!**
- There are **Q&A sessions** midway and at the end of the session, should you wish to ask any follow-up questions. Moderators are going to be answering questions as the session progresses as well.
- If you have any questions outside of this lecture, or that are not answered during this lecture, please do submit these for upcoming Academic Sessions. You can submit these questions here: [Questions](#)

## Cyber Security Session Housekeeping cont.

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- For all **non-academic questions**, please submit a query: [www.hyperiondev.com/support](https://www.hyperiondev.com/support)
- We would love your **feedback** on lectures: [Feedback on Lectures](#)
- Find all the lecture **content** in you [Lecture Backpack](#) on GitHub.

# Safeguarding & Welfare

We are committed to all our students and staff feeling safe and happy; we want to make sure there is always someone you can turn to if you are worried about anything.

If you are feeling upset or unsafe, are worried about a friend, student or family member, or you feel like something isn't right, speak to our safeguarding team:



Ian Wyles  
Designated Safeguarding  
Lead



Simone Botes



Rafiq Manan



Charlotte Witcher



Nurhaan Snyman



Ronald Munodawafa



Tevin Pitts

Scan to report a  
safeguarding concern



or email the Designated  
Safeguarding Lead:  
Ian Wyles

[safeguarding@hyperiondev.com](mailto:safeguarding@hyperiondev.com)

# Learning Objectives & Outcomes

- Define and differentiate between `for` loops and `while` loops in Python.
- Identify scenarios where loops are useful for iterating over data.
- Write code that uses `for` and `while` loops to iterate over sequences.
- Use loop control statements like `break` and `continue` to control the flow of loops.
- Design programs that employ loops to solve practical problems.





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# CoGrammar

## Iteration

October 2024

# Iteration

Can you think of situations in real life where you do something repeatedly?



# Real world scenario: Sorting laundry

- **Example: Sorting Laundry**
  - For Each item in the Basket:
    - Pick up an item
    - Check what type of clothing it is (shirt, pants socks, e.t.c)
    - Place it into the correct pile
  - Repeat the process until there are no items left in the basket.



# Polls

Please have a look at the poll notification and select an option.

What do you think a loop does?

- A. Repeats a set of instructions for each element in a sequence or until a condition is met.
- B. Calls a block of code based on specific user input
- C. Executes code randomly based on the program's state
- D. Stores data temporarily in memory for quick access

# Polls

Please have a look at the poll notification and select an option.

Have you used loops in any programming language before?

- A. Yes
- B. Unsure
- C. No

# Iteration: Definition

- **Iteration** is the process of repeating a set of instructions in code until a condition is met or for a specific number of times.



# Iteration: Importance

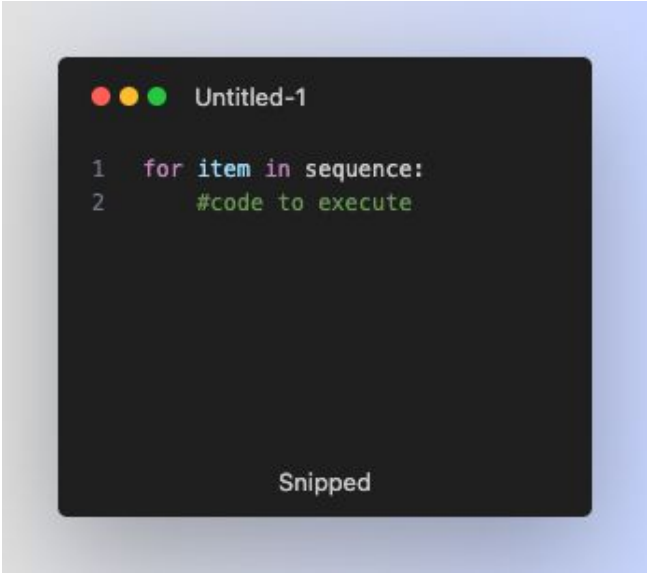
- Loops save time and effort by automating repetitive tasks, making code more efficient and easier to maintain.

# Types of loops in python: For Loop

- **For loop:**
  - Ideal for iterating over a sequence (like a list, string, or range).
  - Repeats for each element in the sequence.
- **Use Cases:**
  - Iterating through a list of elements.
  - Repeating an operation a set number of times.
  - Accessing elements in a collection.



# Types of loops in python: For Loop

A code editor window titled 'Untitled-1' with a dark background. It contains two lines of Python code: '1 for item in sequence:' and '2 #code to execute'. The code is highlighted with a light blue selection. The window is set against a light blue gradient background.


```
1 for item in sequence:  
2     #code to execute
```

Snipped

# Types of Loops: While Loop

- **While loop:**
  - Repeats as long as a given condition is True.
  - Used when the number of iterations isn't known beforehand.
- **Use cases:**
  - Continuously checking for a condition to be met (e.g., waiting for user input).
  - Creating loops where the number of iterations is not predetermined.

# Types of Loops: While Loop



```
Untitled-1  
  
1  while condition:  
2      #code to execute
```

Snipped

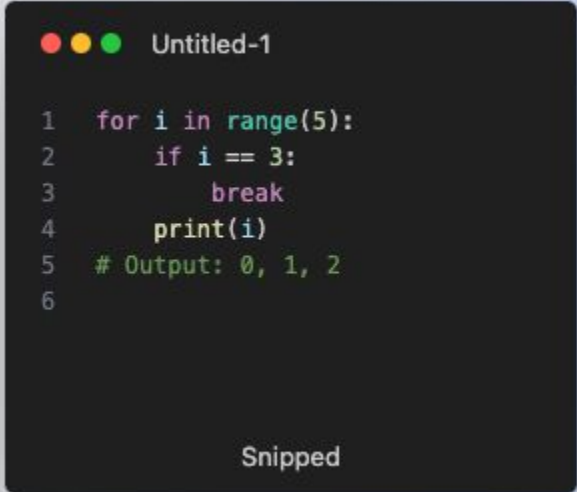
## **Beware of the Ask: Handling Requests for Personal Information**

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Sharing personal information without careful consideration can expose you to identity theft, financial loss, or privacy breaches. It's crucial to be vigilant and recognize when requests for such information are legitimate or potentially harmful. Always verify before you comply—your personal information is your responsibility to safeguard.

# Loop Control Statement: break

- Break Statement:
  - Exits the loop early, stopping further iterations.



```
1 for i in range(5):
2     if i == 3:
3         break
4     print(i)
5 # Output: 0, 1, 2
6
```

Snipped



# Loop Control Statement: continue

- Continue statement
  - Skips the current iteration and moves to the next one.



```
Untitled-1

1  for i in range(5):
2      if i == 3:
3          continue
4      print(i)
5  # Output: 0, 1, 2, 4
6

Snipped
```

# Nested Loops

- Definition: A loop inside another loop
- Use case: For working with multi-dimensional data (e.g. matrices)

Untitled-1

```
1 # Nested Loop Example
2 for i in range(3):
3     for j in range(2):
4         print(f"i: {i}, j: {j}")
5
```

Snipped

# Challenge:

- Write a program to find and print the sum of numbers from 1 to 100 that are divisible by 3.

# Polls

Please have a look at the poll notification and select an option.

Which of the following is a valid way to iterate over a list in python

- A. `for element in myList:`
- B. `while element in myList:`
- C. `repeat element in myList:`

# Polls

Please have a look at the poll notification and select an option.

What is the purpose of the continue statement in a loop?

- A. Exit the loop
- B. Skip the current iteration
- C. Reset the loop



# Summary

- **Loops** automate repetitive tasks and are essential for processing collections or executing code multiple times.
- **For Loops** iterate over a sequence (like lists or ranges) and are ideal when the number of iterations is known.
- **While Loops** continue executing as long as a given condition is true, useful for indefinite repetition.
- **Break** stops loop execution early, while **Continue** skips to the next iteration without completing the current one.
- Effective use of loops simplifies code, reduces redundancy, and enhances readability.

# ***Stay Safe Series:***

Mastering Online Safety One Week at a Time

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While the digital world can be a wonderful place to make education and learning accessible to all, it is unfortunately also a space where harmful threats like online radicalization, extremist propaganda, phishing scams, online blackmail and hackers can flourish.

As a component of this BootCamp the ***Stay Safe Series*** will guide you through essential measures in order to protect yourself & your community from online dangers, whether they target your privacy, personal information or even attempt to manipulate your beliefs.

# Questions and Answers



# Thank you for attending



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