Tasks

- ▶ Tasks are the application of a module to perform a specific unit of work.
- □ **file**: A directory should exist
- yum: A package should be installed
- **service**: A service should be running
- template: Render a configuration file from a template
- □ **get_url**: Fetch an archive file from a URL
- **git**: Clone a source code repository

Example Tasks in a Play

tasks:

name: httpd package is present yum:

name: httpd

state: latest

- name: latest index.html file is present

copy:

src: files/index.html

dest: /var/www/html/

- name: restart httpd

service:

name: httpd

state: restarted

Playbook Example

- name: install and start apache hosts: webserver **Host Selector** become: yes **Privilege Escalation** vars: **Human-Meaningful Naming Play Variables** http_port: 80 tasks: - name: httpd package is present yum: name: httpd Task state: latest

Executing Playbooks

- Run playbookansible-playbook playbook.yml
- ▶ If you want to start executing your playbook at a particular task, you can do so with the --start-at-task option:
 - ansible-playbook playbook.yml --start-at-task="install packages"
- Playbooks can also be executed interactively with --step ansible-playbook playbook.yml --step

This will cause ansible to stop on each task, and ask if it should execute that task. Say you had a task called "configure ssh", the playbook run will stop and ask:

Perform task: configure ssh (y/n/c):

Answering "y" will execute the task, answering "n" will skip the task, and answering "c" will continue executing all the remaining tasks without asking.

Without specifying
Ansible's **name** module,
Ansible will give humanreadable names to each
command

```
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```

- hosts: all tasks:
 - yum:name=ntpstate=installed
- service:name=ntpdstate=startedenabled=yes

```
[root@ip-172-31-21-214 DevOps]# ansible-playbook 1.yml
TASK [Gathering Facts]
ok: [13.127.202.133]
TASK [Ensure NTP (for time synchronization) is installed.] ********************
changed: [13.127.202.133]
changed: [13.127.202.133]
13.127.202.133
              : ok=3 changed=2
                          unreachable=0 failed=0
[root@ip-172-31-21-214 DevOps]# vim 1.yml
[root@ip-172-31-21-214 DevOps]# ansible-playbook 1.yml
TASK [Gathering Facts]
ok: [13.127.202.133]
TASK [Ensure NTP (for time synchronization) is installed.] ********************
ok: [13.127.202.133]
ok: [13.127.202.133]
13.127.202.133 : ok=3
                    changed=0
                           unreachable=0
                                    failed=0
```

Loops

▶ Loops can do one task on multiple things, such as create a lot of users, install a lot of packages, or repeat a polling step until a certain result is reached.

```
yum:name: "{{ item }}"state: latestwith_items:httpd
```

- smtp

5.yml

- samba

```
- name: Playbook with multiple items
 hosts: all
 tasks:
 - name: Install required packages
  yum:
   name={{ item }}
   state=installed
  with_items:
  - httpd
  - ntp
```

6.yml

```
- name: Playbook with multiple items
hosts: all
tasks:

    name: 'Install required packages'

  name={{ item }}
  state=installed
  with items:
  - httpd
  - samba
   - targetcli
 name: "Start required services"
 service:
  name={{ item }}
  state=started
  with items:
  - httpd
  - ntpd
  - target
```

```
[root@ip-172-31-29-57 DevOps]# ansible-playbook 5.yml
TASK [Gathering Facts]
           ***************
ok: [13.127.244.80]
changed: [13.127.244.80] => (item=[u'httpd', u'ntp', u'samba', u'targetcli'])
changed: [13.127.244.80] => (item=httpd)
changed: [13.127.244.80] => (item=ntpd)
changed: [13.127.244.80] => (item=smb)
ok: [13.127.244.80] => (item=target)
13.127.244.80
             : ok=3
                  changed=2
                        unreachable=0
                                 failed=0
```