1. Doubly linked list

Code: .cpp file

```
roblem1
      ⊡// Sooji Kim
      ⊡#include <iostream>
        #include <cassert>
       #include "doublyLinkedList.h"
        using namespace std;
        // constructor

    doublyLinkedList::doublyLinkedList() {

            head = nullptr;
            tail = nullptr;
            len = 0;
        // destructor
        doublyLinkedList::~doublyLinkedList() {}
      mint doublyLinkedList::front() const {
            assert(head != nullptr);
            return head->info;
      pint doublyLinkedList::back() const {
            assert(tail != nullptr);
            return tail->info;
      mint doublyLinkedList::getLength() const {
            return len;
      pbool doublyLinkedList::search(int searchItem) const {
            nodeType* curr = head;
            while (curr->next != nullptr) {
                if (curr->info == searchItem) {
                    return true;
                curr = curr->next;
            return false;
```

```
49
       // adds node with given info to the end of the list
    □ void doublyLinkedList::append(int addItem) {
           nodeType* newNode;
52
           newNode = new nodeType;
           newNode->info = addItem;
           newNode->next = nullptr;
           newNode->prev = nullptr;
           newNode->next = nullptr;
57
           if (head == nullptr) {
               newNode->prev = nullptr;
               head = newNode;
60
               tail = newNode;
62
           else {
               tail->next = newNode;
               newNode->prev = tail;
               tail = newNode;
67
       // adds node with given info to the start of the list
71
     □void doublyLinkedList::prepend(int addItem) {
72
           nodeType* newNode;
73
           newNode = new nodeType;
           newNode->info = addItem;
           newNode->next = nullptr;
           newNode->prev = nullptr;
77
           newNode->next = nullptr;
           if (head == nullptr) {
79
80
               newNode->prev = nullptr;
               head = newNode;
81
               tail = newNode;
82
83
           else {
               newNode->next = head;
85
               head->prev = newNode;
86
               head = newNode;
87
88
89
```

```
// insert node with given info after the given node
       ⊡void doublyLinkedList::insertAfter(int insertItem, nodeType* currNode) {
            if (search(currNode->info)) {
                nodeType* curr;
 94
                nodeType* trailCurr;
                nodeType* newNode;
                bool found;
                newNode = new nodeType;
                newNode->info = insertItem;
                newNode->next = nullptr;
                newNode->prev = nullptr;
                // case 1: list empty
                if (head == nullptr) {
                    head = newNode;
                    tail = newNode;
107
                // case 2: insert after tail
                else if (currNode == tail) {
                    tail->next = newNode;
                    newNode->prev = tail;
110
                    tail = newNode;
111
112
                else {
                    nodeType* next = currNode->next;
114
                    newNode->next = next;
115
                    newNode->prev = currNode;
116
117
                    currNode->next = newNode;
118
                    next->prev = newNode;
119
                len += 1;
120
121
122
```

```
// delete node with given info
124
      □void doublyLinkedList::deleteNode(nodeType* curr) {
125
            if (search(curr->info)) {
126
127
                nodeType* next = curr->next;
                nodeType* prev = curr->prev;
128
                if (next != nullptr) {
129
       ĖΙ
                    next->prev = prev;
130
131
      ፅ
                if (prev != nullptr) {
132
133
                     prev->next = next;
134
                if (curr == head) {
      ᆸ
135
136
                    head = next;
137
      딘
                if (curr == tail) {
138
                    tail = prev;
139
140
                len -= 1;
141
142
143
144
        // prints the linkedlist
145
146
      □void doublyLinkedList::print() const {
            nodeType* curr = head;
147
            while (curr != nullptr) {
     148
                cout << curr->info;
149
                curr = curr->next;
150
151
152
153
        // prints the linkedlist in reverse
154
      □void doublyLinkedList::printR() const {
155
            nodeType* curr = tail;
156
            while (curr->prev != nullptr) {
157
      白;
                cout << curr->info;
158
159
                curr = curr->prev;
160
161
```

## .h file:

```
roblem1
       ⊟// Sooji Kim
        // CS5008 HW5
        // 6 March 2024
       □struct nodeType {
            int info;
            nodeType* next;
            nodeType* prev;
       |};
 10
       ⊟class doublyLinkedList
 11
 12
 13
        public:
            // constructor
            doublyLinkedList();
            // destructor
 17
            ~doublyLinkedList();
            // return info of first element
            int front() const;
 20
 21
            int back() const;
 22
            // return if node with given info exists
 23
            bool search(int searchItem) const;
            // adds node with given info to the end of the list
 25
            void append(int addItem);
 26
            // adds node with given info to start of the list
 27
            void prepend(int addItem);
            // insert node with given info after the given node
 29
            void insertAfter(int insertItem, nodeType* currNode);
 30
            // delete given node from the list
            void deleteNode(nodeType* curr);
 32
            // prints the list
 33
            void print() const;
            // prints the linkedlist in reverse
            void printR() const;
            // gets the length of the list
 37
            int getLength() const;
        private:
            nodeType* head;
            nodeType* tail;
 42
            int len;
        };
```

## Main.cpp

```
cpp + 🗙 doublyLinkedList.cpp
                             doublyLinkedList.h
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                                           (Global Scope)
       □#include "doublyLinkedList.h"
        #include <iostream>
        using namespace std;
       ⊟int main() {
             doublyLinkedList myList;
             // add an element
             for (int i = 1; i <= 5; i++) {
                 myList.append(i);
10
11
             // print the list
12
             cout << "My linked list: " << endl;</pre>
13
             myList.print();
             cout << endl;</pre>
15
             // remove an element
16
             nodeType* myHead = myList.front();
17
             myList.deleteNode(myHead);
             cout << "My linked list after removing the head: " << endl;</pre>
19
             myList.print();
20
             cout << endl;</pre>
21
             // seach for an elemnent
22
             cout << "Is 1 in my linked list? " << endl;</pre>
23
             cout << myList.search(1) << endl;</pre>
24
25
             cout << "Is 2 in my linked list? " << endl;</pre>
26
             cout << myList.search(2) << endl;</pre>
             return 0;
27
28
```

## Output:

```
Microsoft Visual Studio Debug Console

My linked list:
12345

My linked list after removing the head:
2345

Is 1 in my linked list?

0

Is 2 in my linked list?
1
```