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COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES, IBOGUN  
FACULTY OF ENGINEERING  
DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER ENGINEERING  
2020/2021 HARMATTAN SEMESTER EXAMINATION

COURSE CODE: CPE 505

COURSE TITLE: DATA COMMUNICATION & NETWORKING

TIME ALLOWED: 2 Hours

COURSE UNIT: 2

INSTRUCTION: Answer Question One any Other THREE (3)

Question One

- (a) What do you understand by Data communication? 1½ mrks
- (b) List four (4) fundamental characteristics used in measuring the effectiveness of a data communication system 2 mrks
- (c) With the aid of well annotated diagrams, describe the three (3) modes of data flow in data communication 3 mrks
- (d) Define the following terms: (i) Throughput (ii) Latency (iii) Topology 3 mrks
- (e) What is a Network? List three (3) Network Criteria 4 mrks
- (f) List and briefly describe three (3) elements of a Protocol 4½ mrks
- (g) With only a diagram, describe the Ring Topology with six workstations 2 mrks

Question Two

- (a) i. Briefly describe the two classes of data transmission media 2 mrks
- ii. With the aid of a table, describe the various categories of coaxial cables under the following headings: *Category, Impedance and Application* 2 mrks
- (b) i. Distinguish among the following propagation methods, with respect to their frequencies of propagation: Ground propagation, Sky propagation and Line-of-Sight propagation. Use appropriate diagrams as well. 3 mrks
- ii. List three (3) differences between Radiowaves and Microwaves 3 mrks

Question Three

- (a) i. Distinguish between Analog and Digital data 2 mrks
- ii. Give clear sketches of a sinusoidal signal with a peak value of 5 V and frequency of 6 Hz in both time and frequency domains 3 mrks
- (b) i. What do you understand by the Bandwidth of a composite signal? 1 mrk
- ii. If a periodic signal is decomposed into five sine waves with frequencies of 100, 300, 500, 700, and 900 Hz, what is its bandwidth? Draw the spectrum, assuming all components have a maximum amplitude of 10 V. 4 mrks

Question Four

- (a) i. List three (3) causes of signal impairment during transmission 1½ mrks
- ii. With the aid of a diagram, describe how an original signal gets attenuated and also gets amplified (on passing through an amplifier) as it moves through a transmission medium 3½ mrks
- (b) i. Why do you think engineers use the decibel to measure the changes in the power of a signal? 1 mrk
- ii. The loss in a cable is usually defined in decibels per kilometer (dB/km). If the signal at the beginning of a cable with -0.3 dB/km has a power of 2 mW, what is the power of the signal at 5 km? 4 mrk

Question Five

- (a) i. Increasing the levels of a signal increases the probability of an error occurring during the transmission of that signal. Briefly discuss why? 2 mrks
- ii. Distinguish between the Nyquist and Shannon theorems with regards to the capacity of a transmitted signal 3 mrks
- (b) i. Distinguish between Propagation Time and Transmission Time of a signal 2 mrks

ii. What are (A) propagation time and (B) transmission time for a 2.5-kbyte message if the bandwidth of the network is 1 Gbps; assuming that the distance between the transmitter and the receiver is 12,000 km and the speed of light is  $2.4 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ .

3 mrks

**Question Six**

- (a) i. What do you understand by the Open System Interconnection (OSI) model?
- ii. List, in the correct order the seven layers of the OSI model
- (b) i. Briefly describe, in one sentence each any three (3) of the listed layers in (a)ii
- ii. List four (4) levels of addresses used on an Internet employing the TCP/IP protocols

1½ mrks

3½ mrks

3 mrks

2 mrks