## Module 3 Assignment

## Program output:

```
Adjacency Matrix
Eigen Min: -5.411264653989054 Max: 10.554587092710952
Zero count: 10

Laplacian Matrix
Eigen Min: -5.974826820616312E-14 Max: 22.541310152105993
Zero count: 11
```

The Adjacency matrix has eigen values that range from  $\sim$  -5.4 to  $\sim$ 10.6. There are 10 eigen values that are 0.

The Laplacian matrix has eigen values ranging from 0 to  $\sim$ 22.5. (The minimum eigen value doesn't appear as 0 because the program has rounding errors.) The Laplacian matrix has 11 eigen values that are 0.

Program (also included as Module3.java):

```
package assignments;
import graph.GraphUtils;
import org.apache.commons.math3.linear.EigenDecomposition;
import org.apache.commons.math3.linear.SparseRealMatrix;
import org.apache.tinkerpop.gremlin.tinkergraph.structure.TinkerGraph;

public class Module3 {
    private final String GRAPH_FILE = "GraphDatabases\\students.graphml";
    private final double zero = 0.000001;

    private TinkerGraph graph;

    public Module3() {
        graph = createGraph();
            getGraphMatrices(graph);
    }

    public TinkerGraph createGraph() {
        TinkerGraph graph = GraphUtils.readGraphML(GRAPH_FILE);
        return graph;
    }

    // This example demonstrates how to obtain 2 of the most commonly used matrices in graph analytics

    public void getGraphMatrices(TinkerGraph g)
    {
```

```
public double getMax(double[] arr){
```

```
return result;
}

public static void main(String[] args)
{
    new Module3();
}
```