

Study Questions - Lecture 18

1. During an hour, you measure air temperature T every 10 minutes according the table below. Calculate the following terms:

Minutes	T
10	12.6°C
20	11.2°C
30	11.9°C
40	13.1°C
50	12.0°C
60	11.8°C

- (a) \overline{T} (d) $\overline{T'}$
- (b) T' at 40 min (e) $\overline{T'^2}$
- (c) T'^2 at 20 min (f) $\overline{T'^2}$
2. Simplify the following terms. T is temperature, p is pressure, q is absolute humidity, u , v , w are the longitudinal, lateral and vertical wind components.

- (a) $\overline{\overline{5}}$ (f) $\overline{T'} \times \overline{w}$
- (b) $\overline{8v}$ (g) $\overline{3q'}$
- (c) $\overline{\overline{T'p}}$ (h) $\overline{w' \times \overline{u}}$
- (d) $\overline{\overline{u}}$ (i) $\overline{\overline{T'p}}$
- (e) $\overline{q'}$ (j) \overline{wT}

3. Calculate the following parameters if $\bar{u} = 4 \text{ m s}^{-1}$, $\bar{v} = 0 \text{ m s}^{-1}$, $\bar{w} = 0 \text{ m s}^{-1}$, $\sigma_u = 0.4 \text{ m s}^{-1}$, $\sigma_v = 0.2 \text{ m s}^{-1}$, and $\sigma_w = 0.1 \text{ m s}^{-1}$.

(a) I_u

(d) $\overline{u'^2} + \overline{v'^2} + \overline{w'^2}$

(b) I_w

(e) MKE/m

(c) $\overline{w'^2}$

(f) \bar{e}